## **UCSF**

## **UC San Francisco Previously Published Works**

## **Title**

Findings From a Sexual and Reproductive Health and Abortion Care Survey of California Nurses

## **Permalink**

https://escholarship.org/uc/item/0723z037

## **Journal**

Journal of Obstetric Gynecologic & Neonatal Nursing, 46(3)

## **ISSN**

0884-2175

## **Authors**

McLemore, Monica Cretti, Elizabeth Eagen-Torkko, Meghan et al.

## **Publication Date**

2017-06-01

## DOI

10.1016/j.jogn.2017.04.087

## **Copyright Information**

This work is made available under the terms of a Creative Commons Attribution License, available at https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/

Peer reviewed







Monica McLemore, RN, MPH, PhD, University of California San Francisco, San Francisco, CA

Elizabeth Cretti, MPH, FNP, San Francisco General Hospital, San Francisco, CA

Meghan Eagen-Torkko, PhD, MN, CNM, ARNP, University of Washington, Bothell, Bothell, WA

Candace Burton, PhD, RN, AFN-BC, AGN-BC, FNAP, University of California, Irvine, Irvine, CA

Amy Levi, PhD, CNM, WHNP-BC, FACNM, FAAN, University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, NM

Molly McCarthy, MPH, College of Public Health, University of Nebraska Medical Center, Omaha, NE

## Keywords

nursing workforce sexual and reproductive health abortion care provision

Poster Presentation

# Findings From a Sexual and Reproductive Health and Abortion Care Survey of California Nurses

#### Objective

To determine the awareness of California nurses about recent legislative changes that expanded the practice of nurses who provide sexual and reproductive health care and abortion care.

#### Design

Valid and reliable paper and online anonymous surveys were used to collect data.

#### Setting

Currently employed, registered nurses in California were eligible to participate.

#### Sample

A random sample from actively licensed nurses based on Board of Registered Nursing rosters was invited to enroll in the study.

#### Methods

Institutional review board approval was obtained, and anonymous surveys and return envelopes were sent to 2,500 nurses. Participants received remuneration.

#### Results

To date, 422 nurses returned surveys with complete data, 47 completed the survey online, and 172 surveys were returned unopened. The total sample with useable data included in this analysis is currently 469 (response rate = 19%). Participants are mostly women (87%), between the ages of 50 and 69 (66%), who were born in California (40%). Only 75% of participants selfidentified as White. The majority of participants reported religious or spiritual affiliation (74%), less than half participate in professional organizations (48%), and most were not aware of the laws (86%-88%). Strikingly, 52% of participants felt competent to provide sexual, reproductive, and/or abortion care, despite the frequency at which they reported working with people of reproductive age.

#### Conclusion/Implications for Nursing Practice

Before initiation of new legislation to expand nursing practice, attention should be given to professional readiness and competence of nurses to provide the care expanded under the law

# Experiences of Women With Unintended Pregnancies in Their Twenties Who Chose Open Adoption

Lynn B. Clutter, PhD, APRN, CNS, CNE, IBCLC, The University of Tulsa, Tulsa, OK

#### Objective

o describe the experiences of women in their twenties regarding open adoption.

#### Design

Naturalistic inquiry with thematic analysis of interviews.

### Setting

Phone interviews.

#### Sample

Fifteen birth mothers who were in their twenties at time of placement.

#### Methods

Interviews were recorded, transcribed, de-identified, and analyzed for qualitative themes.

#### Results

Open adoption placement was a hard initial decision, but ongoing contact was valued. Most felt

