## UC Davis UC Davis Previously Published Works

### Title

Draft Genome Sequence of Enterobacter sp. Strain UCD-UG\_FMILLET (Phylum Proteobacteria).

Permalink https://escholarship.org/uc/item/0fn6719t

**Journal** Genome announcements, 3(1)

**ISSN** 2169-8287

## **Authors**

Ettinger, Cassandra L Mousa, Walaa M Raizada, Manish N <u>et al.</u>

Publication Date

2015

## DOI

10.1128/genomea.01461-14

Peer reviewed





# Draft Genome Sequence of *Enterobacter* sp. Strain UCD-UG\_FMILLET (Phylum *Proteobacteria*)

### Cassandra L. Ettinger,<sup>a</sup> Walaa M. Mousa,<sup>b,c</sup> Manish N. Raizada,<sup>b</sup> Jonathan A. Eisen<sup>a,d,e</sup>

Genome Center, University of California Davis, Davis, California, USA<sup>a</sup>; Department of Plant Agriculture, University of Guelph, Guelph, Ontario, Canada<sup>b</sup>; Department of Pharmacognosy, School of Pharmacy, Mansoura University, Mansoura, Egypt<sup>c</sup>; Department of Evolution and Ecology, University of California Davis, Davis, California, USA<sup>d</sup>; Department of Medical Microbiology and Immunology, University of California Davis, Davis, California Davis, Davis, California, USA<sup>d</sup>;

# Here, we present the draft genome of *Enterobacter* sp. strain UCD-UG\_FMILLET. This strain is an endophyte isolated from the roots of finger millet, an Afro-Indian cereal crop. The genome contains 4,801,411 bp in 53 scaffolds.

Received 5 December 2014 Accepted 9 December 2014 Published 22 January 2015

Citation Ettinger CL, Mousa WM, Raizada MN, Eisen JA. 2015. Draft genome sequence of *Enterobacter* sp. strain UCD-UG\_FMILLET (phylum *Proteobacteria*). Genome Announc 3(1):e01461-14. doi:10.1128/genomeA.01461-14.

Copyright © 2015 Ettinger et al. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Unported license.

Address correspondence to Jonathan A. Eisen, jaeisen@ucdavis.edu.

**E**nterobacter species are generally known as aerobic Gramnegative rod-shaped bacteria. *Enterobacter* species have been found as plant growth promoting endophytes and as antagonists to fungal plant pathogens (1–3). As part of an ongoing project investigating the antifungal properties of endophytic bacteria, *Enterobacter* sp. strain UCD-UG\_FMILLET was isolated from the roots of the Afro-Indian cereal crop, finger millet (*Eleucine coracana*, imported commercial Indian variety), at the University of Guelph, Canada during August, 2012.

Finger millet seeds were planted under semi-hydroponic conditions in 22.5 liter pales placed in a field (GPS, 43°39'N, 80°25'W Arkell Field Station, Arkell, ON, Canada) during the summer of 2012. Roots were surface sterilized as previously described (4). Tissues were ground in lysogeny broth (LB) liquid medium in a sterilized mortar and pestle, and 50- $\mu$ L suspensions were plated. Colonies were purified by repeated streaking on fresh medium. Genomic DNA was extracted at Guelph using a GenElute Bacterial Genomic DNA kit (NA2110-1KT, Sigma), then ethanol precipitated before shipment to the University of California, Davis, for library preparation, sequencing, and analysis. Illumina pairedend libraries (read length, 250 bp) were made using a Nextera DNA sample preparation kit (Illumina) and were sequenced on an Illumina MiSeq.

A total of 9,534,168 paired-end reads were produced; after quality trimming and error correction, 9,320,558 high-quality reads remained. Sequence processing and assembly were performed using the A5 assembly pipeline (version A5-miseq 20140604) following the workflow described by Dunitz et al. (5, 6). The assembly resulted in 74 contigs contained in 53 scaffolds (minimum, 441 bp; maximum, 838,849 bp;  $N_{50}$ , 236,194 bp). The final assembly contained 4,801,411, had a GC content of 55.76%, and median coverage of 451×. Genome completeness was assessed using Phylosift software (v1.0.1), which searches for 37 highly conserved single copy marker genes, all of which were found in this assembly (7, 8).

Automated annotation was completed using the RAST server (9). *Enterobacter* sp. strain UCD-UG\_FMILLET contains 4,533

predicted protein-coding sequences and 112 predicted noncoding RNAs. Previous sequencing of the 16S rRNA gene identified this isolate to be a representative of Enterobacter and a fulllength (1,789 bp) 16S rRNA gene sequence was obtained from the RAST annotation to attempt to more precisely determine the taxonomic identity of this isolate. A phylogenetic tree was constructed using FastTree 2 by aligning this sequence to 16S rRNA gene sequences from 46 Enterobacter isolates from the Ribosomal Database Project (RDP) and an archaea outgroup (http://dx.doi .org/10.6084/m9.figshare.1245106) (10, 11). We were unable to identify the taxonomy of the isolate to the species level, as it did not cluster into a distinct clade with a specific Enterobacter species. The 16S sequence of Enterobacter sp. strain UCD-UG\_FMILLET is greater than 99% identical to the 16S sequences of several Enterobacter species; therefore, we are unable to assign a species name to this isolate.

**Nucleotide sequence accession numbers.** This whole-genome shotgun project has been deposited at DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank under the accession no. JRJC00000000. The version described in this paper is version JRJC01000000. The raw Illumina reads are available at ENA/SRA accession no. PRJEB7722 (ERP008661).

### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Illumina sequencing was performed at the DNA Technologies Core facility in the Genome Center at the University of California, Davis, Davis, California (UCD).

We acknowledge the contributions of multiple people for help in various stages of the project, including John Zhang and David Coil.

W.M.M. was supported by a generous scholarship from the Egyptian Government, with additional grants to M.N.R. from the Grain Farmers of Ontario, OMAFRA, International Development Research Centre (CIF-SRF Program), and DFATD. This research was supported by discretionary funds available to J.A.E.

### REFERENCES

 Taghavi S, van der Lelie D, Hoffman A, Zhang Y-B, Walla MD, Vangronsveld J, Newman L, Monchy S. 2010. Genome sequence of the plant growth promoting endophytic bacterium *Enterobacter* sp. 683. PLOS Genet 6:e1000943. http://dx.doi.org/10.1371/journal.pgen.1000943.

- Chernin L, Ismailov Z, Haran S, Chet I. 1995. Chitinolytic *Enterobacter* agglomerans antagonistic to fungal plant pathogens. Appl Environ 61: 1720–1726.
- Taghavi S, Garafola C, Monchy S, Newman L, Hoffman A, Weyens N, Barac T, Vangronsveld J, van der Lelie D. 2009. Genome survey and characterization of endophytic bacteria exhibiting a beneficial effect on growth and development of poplar trees. Appl Environ Microbiol 75: 748–757. http://dx.doi.org/10.1128/AEM.02239-08.
- Johnston-Monje D, Raizada MN. 2011. Conservation and diversity of seed associated endophytes in *Zea* across boundaries of evolution, ethnography and ecology. PLoS One 6:e20396. http://dx.doi.org/10.1371/ journal.pone.0020396.
- Tritt A, Eisen JA, Facciotti MT, Darling AE. 2012. An integrated pipeline for *de novo* assembly of microbial genomes. PLoS One 7:e42304. http:// dx.doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0042304.
- Dunitz MI, Lang JM, Jospin G, Darling AE, Eisen JA, Coil DA. 2014. Swabs to genomes: a comprehensive workflow. PeerJ Prepr 2:e453v1. http://dx.doi.org/10.7287/peerj.preprints.453v1.
- 7. Darling AE, Jospin G, Lowe E, Matsen FA, Bik HM, Eisen JA. 2014.

PhyloSift: phylogenetic analysis of genomes and metagenomes. PeerJ 2:e243. http://dx.doi.org/10.7717/peerj.243.

- Wu D, Jospin G, Eisen JA. 2013. Systematic identification of gene families for use as "markers" for phylogenetic and phylogeny-driven ecological studies of bacteria and archaea and their major subgroups. PLoS One 8:e77033. http://dx.doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0077033.
- Aziz RK, Bartels D, Best AA, DeJongh M, Disz T, Edwards RA, Formsma K, Gerdes S, Glass EM, Kubal M, Meyer F, Olsen GJ, Olson R, Osterman AL, Overbeek RA, McNeil LK, Paarmann D, Paczian T, Parrello B, Pusch GD, Reich C, Stevens R, Vassieva O, Vonstein V, Wilke A, Zagnitko O. 2008. The RAST server: Rapid Annotations using Subsystems Technology. BMC Genomics 9:75. http://dx.doi.org/10.1186/ 1471-2164-9-75.
- Cole JR, Wang Q, Fish JA, Chai B, McGarrell DM, Sun Y, Brown CT, Porras-Alfaro A, Kuske CR, Tiedje JM. 2014. Ribosomal database project: data and tools for high throughput rRNA analysis. Nucleic Acids Res 42:D633–D642. http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/nar/gkt1244.
- 11. Price MN, Dehal PS, Arkin AP. 2010. FastTree 2—approximately maximum-likelihood trees for large alignments. PLoS One 5:e9490. http://dx.doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0009490.