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AUTOMATIC, SELF-NULLING, SPECTRAL SCANNING
ELLIPSOMETER: SOFTWARE FOR THE LSI-II
DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM

R.H. Muller and J.C. Farmer

February 1983

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SOFTWARE FOR THE LSI-II DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM

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March 1983

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AUTOMATIC, SELF-NULLING, SPECTRAL SCANNING ELLIPSOMETER:
SOFTWARE FOR THE LSI-11 DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM

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Abstract

The automatic, magneto-optic ellipsometer reported previously (1) has been given spectral scanning capabilities in the visible-UV, and has been interfaced to an LSI-11/2 for data acquisition.

FORTRAN software is documented for the acquisition of both fixed-wavelength and spectroscopic data from an automatic, self-nulling ellipsometer by a LSI-11 microcomputer. This ellipsometer has resulted from the addition of spectral scanning capabilities over the visible-UV to a previously reported (1) automatic, magneto-optic instrument. Additional programs are presented to aid in the interpretation of the acquired ellipsometry data. Software is categorized as being for either (a) fixed-wavelength data collection; (b) spectroscopic data collection, reduction, and simulation; (c) graphics; or (d) modeling and optimization.

The most basic ellipsometry equations have also been programmed for a Texas Instruments 59 calculator, and are presented because of their proven usefulness, convenience, and popularity.

Table of Contents

Introduction	1
Fixed-wavelength Data Acquisition	3
I. SCAN	4
II. EDR002	4
III. DECOD2	5
IV. TRNSLT	6
V. PLOT01	7
Spectroscopic Data Acquisition	8
I. SEV002	9
II. RECALL	9
III. FIXPCA	10
IV. SHIFT	10
V. CALFC1	10
VI. FCSMTH	12
VII. FCAVG2	12
VIII. DSCONV	12
IX. RISURF	13
X. RISMTH	13
XI. RIGEN1	13
XII. DYERI	14
XIII. MINUS	14
XIV. NORMAL	14
Spectroscopic Simulators	15
I. EMASES	15

II. BRUGM	15
III. CSMSES	15
IV. AISPEC	16
Single Parameter Modeling Routines	16
I. EMAFIT	16
II. CSMFIT	17
Multiple Parameter Optimization Routines	18
I. OHGOGO	18
II. GOGOGO	18
III. WLGOGO	19
IV. AIGOGO	19
Simple Calculations of Delta and Psi	20
I. FLMTST	20
II. EMATST	20
III. CSFIT	20
IV. PSIDEL	20
Acknowledgements	22
References	23
Appendices	24
Directory of Working Disk DY0	25
Example Directory of a Data Storage Disk DY1	27
Demonstration of SCAN	29
Listing of SCAN	30
Demonstration of EDR002	33
Listing of EDR002	35
Directory of Data Storage Disk EDR002	50

Demonstration of DECOD2	51
Listing of DECOD2	52
Demonstration of TRNSLT	56
Listing of TRNSLT	58
Input Data File TRNSLT.DAT	74
Output Data File PLTDAT.DAT	75
Demonstration of PLOT01	76
Listing of PLOT01	78
Directory of Working Disk DY0	82
Directory of Spectral Scanning Programs Disk A	83
Directory of Spectral Scanning Programs Disk B	84
Directory of Spectral Scanning Programs Disk C	85
Directory of Spectral Scanning Programs Disk D	86
Input Data File WLCALC.DAT	87
Input Data File TITLE.DAT	88
Demonstration of SEV002	89
Listing of SEV002	91
Demonstration of RECALL	130
Listing of RECALL	136
Demonstration of FIXPCA	139
Listing of FIXPCA	140
Demonstration of SHIFT	141
Listing of SHIFT	142
Demonstration of CALFC1	143
Listing of CALFC1	146
Demonstration of FCSMTH	160

Listing of FCSMTH	163
Demonstration of FCAVG2	168
Listing of FCAVG2	169
Demonstration of DSCONV	171
Listing of DSCONV	177
Demonstration of RISURF	187
Listing of RISURF	191
Demonstration of RISMTH	196
Listing of RISMTH	197
Demonstration of RIGEN1	198
Listing of RIGEN1	200
Demonstration of DYERI	202
Listing of DYERI	205
Demonstration of MINUS	206
Listing of MINUS	207
Demonstration of NORMAL	208
Listing of NORMAL	209
Demonstration of EMASES	210
Listing of EMASES	211
Demonstration of BRUGMN	216
Listing of BRUGMN	217
Demonstration of CSMSES	222
Listing of CSMSES	223
Demonstration of AISPEC	227
Listing of AISPEC	230
Demonstration of EMAFIT	234

Listing of EMAFIT	237
Demonstration of CSMFIT	241
Listing of CSMFIT	244
Programs for Tektronix 4662 Platter	249
Demonstration of AXES and LABMOD	250
Listing of AXES	251
Input Data File AXES.DAT	254
Listing of LABMOD	255
Demonstration of Axes and Labmod (figure)	256
Demonstration of TEK002	257
Listing of TEK002	258
Input Data File RANGES.DAT	262
Example Execution of TEK002 (figure)	263
Listing of TEK003	264
Demonstration of TEK003	266
Input Data File PLTDAT.DAT	267
Example Execution of TEK003 (figure)	268
Directory of Model Optimization Programs Disk DY1	269
Listing of OHGOGO	271
Objective Subroutine Optimized by OHGOGO	274
Input Data File OHGOGO.DAT	275
Listing of GOGOGO	278
Objective Subroutine Optimized by GOGOGO	281
Modified version of FILM02 required by GOGOGO	282
Input Data File GOGOGO.DAT	283
Listing of WLGOGO	287

Objective Subroutine Optimized by WLGOGO	290
Input Data File WLGOGO.DAT	291
Listing of AIGOGO	296
Objective Subroutine Optimized by AIGOGO	299
Input Data File AIGOGO.DAT	300
Listing of FLMTST	303
Demonstration of FLMTST	304
Listing of EMATST	305
Listing of CSFIT	310
Listing of PSIDEL	313
Demonstration of PSIDEL	316
TI-59 Programs	317

Introduction

The automatic, magneto-optic ellipsometer reported previously (1) has been given spectral scanning capabilities in the visible-UV, and has been interfaced to an LSI-11/2 for data acquisition. Computerization allows rapid, efficient treatment of nonlinear responses of the Faraday cells to changes in wavelength; simultaneous recording of wavelength, ψ , and Δ (as well as electrochemical cell potential and current), and "on the spot" interpretation of spectra in terms of physically significant quantities such as adatom coverages and orientations, substrate refractive indices, and deposit micromorphologies. Applications are discussed in "Effect of Organic Adsorbates on the Initial Stage of Electrolytic Metal Deposition: Development and Use of a Spectroscopic Ellipsometer," the Ph.D. thesis of J. C. Farmer. This documentation serves as an appendix to that dissertation (2).

FORTTRAN software (3) was written to make possible acquisition of both fixed-wavelength and spectroscopic data from the automatic, self-nulling ellipsometer by a LSI-11 microcomputer. Additional programs were written to aid in the interpretation of the acquired ellipsometry data. Software is categorized as being for either (a) fixed-wavelength data collection; (b) spectroscopic data collection, reduction, and simulation; (c) graphics; or (d) modeling and optimization. Only main programs are discussed in the text. Both main programs and subroutines are thoroughly documented in the appendices (presented in reference 1) by effective use of comment statements; each listing of software begins with a statement of the software objective. Subroutine listings are

presented in the same appendix as the main program calling the subroutine, unless the subroutine listing has been presented in a preceding appendix.

Fixed-wavelength data are synchronized by the internal line clock of the computer and spectroscopic data are synchronized by the digital encoder of the spectral scanner (see Chapter 2 of dissertation). The file length (blocks) for fixed-wavelength data depends upon the duration of the experiment, whereas spectroscopic data files always require 5 blocks; the number of encoder pulses per spectral scan is always constant (400), even when several scans are averaged. Therefore, one double density floppy disk (974 blocks) can store about 190 spectroscopic data files. Spectroscopic data files can contain either raw data, delta and psi, measured substrate refractive indices, or simulated spectroscopic measurements (delta and psi generated by ellipsometry models). However, all these data are written to and read from floppy disk using the same subroutines (OUTPUT and INPUT).

This strategy allows easy manipulation of spectroscopic data. All files can be retrieved from disk and viewed by the user using a single program, RECALL (discussed subsequently). Furthermore, the user can measure delta and psi over the spectral range of the ellipsometer prior to film formation, and subsequently convert these data into complex refractive indices. These refractive indices can then be read by simulation programs, which generate theoretical spectral scan data files comparable to experimental measurements; theoretical and experimental values of delta and psi can be plotted together using the same graphics

programs so that visual comparisons can be made. Plotting can be done either on the screen of the VT55 graphics terminal or on the Tektronix 4662 digital interactive plotter. One spectroscopic data file can be easily subtracted from another so that very small changes in delta and psi can be easily seen (second order optical effects) since all files are stored and recalled similarly.

Modeling and simulation programs used to interpret ellipsometry data are based upon either (1) the Bruggeman theory, (2) the Maxwell-Garnett theory, (3) the coherent superposition of reflection coefficients, or (4) a uniaxial anisotropic film model. These basic theories were applied to both single and multilayer film models (see Chapters 5, 6, 7, and 8).

The most basic ellipsometry equations have also been programmed for a Texas Instruments 59 calculator, and are presented because of their proven usefulness, convenience, and popularity. These programs exploit the complex arithmetic capabilities of this particular calculator and require all of the memory.

Fixed-wavelength Data Acquisition

The basic data collection programs used during a fixed-wavelength, potentiodynamic experiment are SCAN, EDR002, DECOD2, TRNSLT, and PLOT01, and will be discussed first (see appendix 1). These programs are demonstrated using a typical data storage disk (see appendix 2).

I. SCAN (appendix 3).

This program, which is actually called as a subroutine, reads the 8-channel A/D converter (4) continuously and displays all channel input levels on the VT55 screen (5). SCAN allows the LSI-11 to serve as an 8-channel digital voltmeter. Channel gains can be either 0, 1, 2, or 3 (1X, 2X, 4X, or 8X, respectively). The digital resolution of the A/D converter is limited by a maximum value of 2047 units (ADCU), which corresponds to an input voltage of 1.2445 volts at a gain of 3 (0.000608 volts per ADCU).

II. EDRO02 (appendix 4 through 6).

EDRO02 reads the 8-channel A/D converter at intervals specified by the user and stores the data in unformatted form on floppy disk. The user also specifies the channels to be read and their respective gains. The shortest interval between channel sampling is 1/60 seconds (1 tic); longer intervals allow digital filtering of the data (an interval of 10 tics would result in averaging 10 measurements).

Though EDRO02 is a general data acquisition program and can be used to monitor any analog electrical signal, the following conventions have been adopted and should be used for monitoring the ellipsometer and potentiostat (appendix 5).

Channel Assignments

Identification	Channel	Gain
Polarizer Faraday Cell	0	3
Analyzer Faraday Cell	1	3
Cell Potential	2	3
Cell Current	3	3
Polarizer Manual Adjustment Flag	4	3
Analyzer Manual Adjustment Flag	5	3

III. DECOD2 (appendix 7).

Since EDR002 stores data in unformatted files, one cannot display these numeric data directly on the VT55 screen with the TYPE command. Data must first be read from the unformatted data file by DECOD2 and then displayed on the VT55 screen.

Values of time are not stored in the data files, but are reconstructed for individual data points on the basis of specified channel sampling intervals; this increases the storage efficiency of each floppy disk. Early software (before optimization) was too slow to allow data collection from all 8 channels at the maximum sampling rate without a loss of data. Such losses caused errors in the reconstructed times displayed with data points. EDR002 has been optimized so that 6 channels can now be monitored simultaneously at the maximum sampling rate without any loss of data.

IV. TRNSLT (appendix 8).

TRNSLT converts the unformatted data files to polarizer azimuth, analyzer azimuth, cell potential, cell current, delta, and psi, respectively. These conversions are based upon parameters read by TRNSLT from the data file TRNSLT.DAT (appendix 9); parameters in this file are defined in the "Demonstration of TRNSLT." In the example shown the "incremental manual adjustments of the polarizer and analyzer" are both 10 degrees. During the experiment, if the Faraday cells had been required to exceed their range, the user could have adjusted the Glan-Thompson polarizers by ± 10 degrees to prevent overranging (loss of ellipsometer signal). Inputs to either channel 5 (polarizer) or channel 6 (analyzer) should be set to zero (grounded) during the manual adjustments to alert TRNSLT so that similar corrections can be made in the reduction of data files (conversion of azimuth reading to delta and psi). The open channels will always be read as a value greater than zero, until grounded; the "flag tolerance" is the range of ADCU values which TRNSLT interprets as zero for the two "flag channels." The Faraday cells are calibrated by allowing them to compensate for increments of the Glan-Thompson prism azimuths; this compensation (increased dc Faraday cell current) is monitored with SCAN and recorded in terms of ADCU; polarization rotation is correlated with Faraday cell current level (in ADCU) by linear regression, which gives the "Faraday cell calibration curve equation parameters." Note that the "slope" is the effective Verdet coefficient (with the units of degrees per ADCU).

The converted data are then output to a formatted file called PLTDAT.DAT (appendix 10). The first line of this data file is the experiment identification. The columns of numbers are time (tics), polarizer azimuth (degrees), analyzer azimuth (degrees), cell potential (mV), and cell current (microamps), delta (degrees), and psi (degrees), respectively. The last column currently serves no purpose.

V. PLOT01 (appendix 11).

Any data stored in PLTDAT.DAT can be recalled and plotted on the VT55 screen with PLOT01. Plots are automatically scaled. However, the user can select any scaling desired, superimpose grids on the plot, label the plot, and specify any combination of the x and y axes desired; i.e., any column of PLTDAT.DAT can be plotted against any other column. In the example shown polarizer azimuth (column 1) is plotted against reconstructed time (column 0). Though time is not stored per se in the unformatted data files, it is stored as a column of numbers in PLTDAT.DAT.

Spectroscopic Data Acquisition

The basic data collection programs used during spectral scans are SEV002, RECALL, RISURF, MINUS, and DSCONV (see appendix 12). An additional program, CALFC1, is required for spectroscopic calibration of the Faraday cells (values of Verdet coefficients measured of the spectral range of the instrument). Other programs which have been written to enhance the capabilities of the instrument will also be discussed. The directory of the data storage disk used to illustrate the operation of

these programs is shown in appendix 13, along with the spectral scanner calibration file WLCALC.DAT, required as an input data file by all programs discussed in this section.

From the preceding discussion, recall that EDR002 increases disk storage efficiency by storing a single parameter used to reconstruct time values for each stored set of data points. Here, in an analogous fashion, SEV002 increases disk storage efficiency by storing only a few numeric values used to reconstruct wavelengths rather than actually storing wavelength values for each data point. The parameters for wavelength reconstruction are stored in WLCALC.DAT, a single formatted data file common to all spectroscopic data files (for a given spectral scanner calibration). The six numbers in this file are two sets of intercept, slope, and regression coefficient for wavelength calibration of the spectral scanner. Linear regression is used to correlate encoder count with the center of the band-pass wavelength of the spectral scanner rotating circular filter (also called a continuously variable filter, or CVF. Two sets of regression line parameters (one per half-revolution) are necessary since the CVF is symmetric; i.e., the spectral range of the filter is repeated twice per revolution (400 encoder counts; Chapter 2, encoder wavelength calibrations).

The plotting routine (subroutine PLOT) requires the input data file TITLE.DAT shown in appendix 14 for labeling VT55 graphics with alphanumeric characters. Almost all spectroscopic programs, SEV0002, RECALL, etc. call subroutine PLOT.

I. SEV002 (appendix 15).

This is the main spectroscopic data collection program for monitoring variations in Faraday cell current levels via two channels of the A/D converter (preset as channels 0 and 1 at gains of 3). Digital filtering is done by averaging all data collected between encoder pulses. Channels are sampled at the maximum possible speed (limited by the A/D conversion rate). The program reinitializes the pulse counter (5) every revolution after detection of the indexing pulse on a separate channel of the counter interface. Another channel monitors the pulse frequency, used as a measure of the scan rate. The program is capable of averaging multiple scans (data for a single surface can be collected and averaged for hours); this may be necessary for reduction of background noise to an extent necessary to see some spectroscopic features attributable to submonolayer films (see Chapters 6 and 8). The user is also required to store other instrument operational parameters with the data for purposes of thorough experimental documentation.

II. RECALL (appendix 16).

All spectroscopic data files, regardless of their content, are unformatted. RECALL is used to retrieve these data files and can display the information graphically on the VT55 screen or output the information in numeric form on the line printer (Model 43 teletype).

III. FIXPCA (appendix 17).

Mistakes in entering azimuths of the Glan-Thompson polarizers and the Fresnel rhomb with stored data occur. These azimuths are required when the data files are converted to delta and psi by DSCONV (to be discussed). To correct azimuth entries, one uses FIXPCA.

IV. SHIFT (appendix 18).

It is sometimes desired to use data files together (in spectroscopic simulations or subtractions) which were collected at times when different spectral scanner calibrations were in effect (which sometimes results from equipment maintenance). SHIFT allows the unformatted data files to be rearranged so that the simulators can use the same WLCALC.DAT parameters for both files.

V. CALFC1 (appendix 19).

Delta and psi are indirectly measured by the automatic, self-nulling ellipsometer as the dc current levels in the polarizer (POL) and analyzer (ANA) Faraday cells. These current levels are monitored by the microcomputer over two channels (0 and 1) of the 8-channel A/D converter. In order to convert these current levels (recorded as ADCU) to polarizer and analyzer azimuths (delta and psi), proportionality constants (effective Verdet coefficients) must be known; these constants are "current-level independent" but vary in a non-linear manner with wavelength. CALFC1 generates a spectroscopic data file with wavelength dependent effective Verdet coefficients (degrees of rotation per ADCU);

one constant is stored for each encoder pulse (wavelength). CALFC1 requires three spectroscopic data files as input. One spectral scan is required with the ellipsometer nulled (zero Faraday cell dc current levels) at some reference wavelength (say with the spectral scanner azimuth set at $M = 120$ degrees); another spectral scan is required with the polarizer Glan-Thompson prism azimuth incremented (increment unimportant), and final spectral scan with the analyzer Glan-Thompson prism azimuth incremented (increment unimportant). The effective Verdet coefficients (degrees per ADCU) are calculated by subtraction of the first spectral scan from those with incremented polarizer and analyzer azimuths and division of the resultant values (ADCU) by the increment in azimuth (degrees). These constants are stored in a file 7 blocks in length (rather than the usual 5 blocks); consequently, slightly different input/out subroutines are required for these calibration factors (subroutines INFC and OUTFC). In appendix 19 these factors are referred to as "FC RESPONSE FACTORS" and were stored in a file called "DY1FARADYDAT."

In addition to generating effective Verdet coefficients, CALFC1 also calculates "CROSS-TALK PARAMETERS" which are measures of the degree of cross-modulation existing between the two channels of the Faraday cell controller. Ideally, increments of the polarizer azimuth should only result in changes in the polarizer Faraday cell dc current; however, due to cross-modulation, some response in the analyzer Faraday cell occurs. The analyzer "CROSS-TALK PARAMETER" is the change in analyzer response (ADCU) normalized by the change in polarizer response

(ADCU) when the polarizer Glan-Thompson prism is incremented. Cross-modulation for the polarizer channel is measured in a similar manner. Through careful tuning of the Faraday cell controller (two-channel phase sensitive detector), cross-modulation between channels has been reduced to essentially zero over the entire spectral range.

VI. FCSMTH (appendix 20).

Noise present in the original spectral scans used to generate the Faraday cell calibration file is also present in the effective Verdet coefficients. To prevent propagation of these errors throughout all data converted to delta and psi (by DSCONV), the effective Verdet coefficients are smoothed by approximating the data with an nth degree Lagrangian polynomial. This is done by FCSMTH. Data can be stored in the original data file, or in a new, smoothed data file created by FCSMTH.

VII. FCAVG2 (appendix 21).

This program allows one to average both polarizer and analyzer effective Verdet coefficients, using the result for both Faraday cells.

VIII. DSCONV (appendix 22).

DSCONV recalls spectroscopic data files stored by SEV002 and converts the contents to delta and psi; effective Verdet coefficients stored by CALFC1 are also required. For the ellipsometer configuration having the plane-of-incidence parallel to the optical table, the "rotated azimuth formula option" is selected by the user. This program

also allows the user to display delta and psi plotted against wavelength on the VT55 screen (by calling subroutine PLOT). The converted data can then be stored in the same file as the original data or in a new file specified by the user.

IX. RISURF (appendix 23).

Measurements of delta and psi for a bare, reflecting surface can be used to calculate the optical constants of the surface (refractive index and extinction coefficient). Files created by DSCONV can be converted to complex refractive indices at different wavelengths by RISURF. The converted data can then be stored in any new or existing spectroscopic data file. Subroutine PLOT is also used by RISURF to generate graphics on the VT55 screen.

X. RISMTH (appendix 24).

This program performs Lagrangian smoothing of spectroscopic complex refractive index data files using subroutine SMOOTH, the same routine as employed by FCSMTH.

XI. RIGEN1 (appendix 25).

Spectroscopic refractive index data files can be generated by linear regression of literature data; use of RIGEN1 requires the assumption of linear optical constants (no absorption bands or edges) over the spectral range of the data.

XIII. DYERI (appendix 26).

This program can be used to generate the refractive index data file of an adsorbed dye layer on an electrode surface from (1) absorption spectra measured with the spectral scanning ellipsometer serving as a spectrophotometer and from (2) a data file having a refractive index (real part) believed to be comparable to that of the dye (see Chapter 8).

XIII. MINUS (appendix 27).

This program generates "difference spectra" by subtracting one spectroscopic ellipsometry data file from another. This program is essential for determining very small changes in δ and ψ due to formation of single monolayers (see Chapter 6, dye relaxation experiment).

XIV. NORMAL (appendix 28).

This program normalizes one spectroscopic ellipsometry data file by another and is useful when measuring intensity (photomultiplier tube output) rather than polarization (Faraday cell dc current levels).

Simulators are used to predict spectroscopic ellipsometry measurements on the basis of experimentally determined spectroscopic refractive index data files, literature data, and established optical theories.

Spectroscopic Simulators

I. EMASES (appendix 29).

Delta and psi are calculated at different wavelengths based upon the Maxwell-Garnett theory. This routine was used extensively in Chapter 7 to predict spectroscopic ellipsometry measurements of thin, porous Pb electrodeposits on Cu.

II. BRUGMN (appendix 30).

This program is similar to EMASES and calculates values of delta and psi at different wavelengths based upon the Bruggeman theory. This routine was also used extensively in Chapter 7 to predict spectroscopic ellipsometry measurements of thin, porous Pb electrodeposits on Cu. This program is believed to have a more sound theoretical basis than EMASES due to the self-consistency of the Bruggeman theory.

III. CSMSES (appendix 31).

Delta and psi at different wavelengths are calculated on the basis of the coherent superposition model. When a deposit is distributed as islands on a substrate the weighted average of reflection coefficients for film-covered and for bare surface are used to calculate the overall reflection coefficients, when are then used to calculate delta and psi. See Chapters 5 and 7.

IV. AISPEC (appendix 32).

Delta and psi at different wavelengths are calculated on the basis of a uniaxial anisotropic film model. This simulator reads spectroscopic complex refractive index data files created by DYERI and RISURF to predict spectroscopic ellipsometry measurements of adsorbed dye monolayers on electrodes and was used extensively in Chapter 8.

Single Parameter Modeling Routines

I. EMAFIT (appendix 33).

The current passed during cathodic metal deposition with fixed-wavelength ellipsometry experiments is integrated by this program and values of delta and psi calculated based upon combinations of deposit thickness and porosity consistent with the charge balance. This program uses the Bruggeman theory as the theoretical basis for predicting delta and psi. EMAFIT reads PLTDAT.DAT and creates a formatted data file, EMAFIT.DAT, of the same format as PLTDAT.DAT. The columns of numbers in EMAFIT.DAT are time, calculated delta, calculated psi, the sum-of-squares error between predicted and measured values, the charge determined by integration of the current in PLTDAT.DAT, the film thickness, and the volume fraction of deposit in the composite film. This model has only one adjustable parameter which was optimized by gradually increasing the parameter value until a minimum in the sum-of-squares error was detected (column 4 of EMAFIT.DAT).

II. CSMFIT (appendix 34).

This program is similar to EMAFIT except that the theoretical basis for calculating delta and psi is the coherent superposition model. There is only one adjustable parameter; combinations of island thickness and surface coverage are coupled through the charge balance. Programs for Graphic Output on the Tektronix 4662 Digital Interactive Plotter

Most of the figures presented in this thesis were generated with the Tektronix plotter (7) using four programs, TEK002, TEK003, AXES, and LABMOD (appendix 35). The axes of graphs are drawn and labeled by AXES (appendix 36); the alpha-numeric labeling of the axes is determined by values read from the input data file AXES.DAT (appendix 37). Program LABMOD is used to label graphics with alpha-numeric information (appendix 38). Graphic output generated by AXES from the input AXES.DAT and demonstration labels generated by LABMOD are both shown in appendix 39. TEK002 (appendix 40) plots any spectroscopic ellipsometry file (those 5 blocks in length); scaling of the plot is determined by values read from the input file RANGES.DAT (appendix 41). The graphic output generated by TEK002 is shown in appendix 42. TEK003 (appendix 43) reads the formatted data file PLTDAT.DAT (appendix 44) and draws graphs (appendix 45) identical in size to those drawn by TEK002; scaling of graphs generated by TEK003 is done via the VT55 keyboard.

Multiple Parameter Optimization Routines (appendix 46).

A univariant search program, SEARCH (appendix 47), was written so that multiple parameter ellipsometry models could be optimized. This optimization program has been applied to several multilayer film models and a uniaxial anisotropic film model. SEARCH minimizes any function Y calculated in the objective subroutine ERROR.

I. OHGOGO (appendix 48).

OHGOGO optimizes a two-layer film model (8) where the film closest to the substrate is assumed to be compact and the second film is assumed to be porous. The complex refractive index of the second layer are calculated from the combined optical constants of the solid film material and the incident medium using the Bruggeman theory. After delta and psi are calculated for the substrate covered by the single, compact film, apparent optical constants for this film-covered surface are calculated and used as the substrate optical properties in the delta-psi calculation for the second, porous layer. The program reads the formatted input film OHGOGO.DAT and outputs the optimized model parameters to the line printer.

II. GOGOGO (appendix 49).

GOGOGO is similar to OHGOGO except that the assumed film structure consists of a compact layer closest to the substrate, covered by a second porous layer. Sitting on top of the second porous layer are islands. The Bruggeman theory is used to compute the composite optical

properties of the second layer and the coherent superposition model is applied to the third layer, which is composed of islands.

Apparent substrate optical constants are determined after the calculation of delta and psi for each layer, beginning with the inner-most compact film. A film-covered surface is treated as a simple substrate having optical properties corresponding to the values of delta and psi calculated for the film covered surface. This program was used for calculations discussed in both Chapters 5 and 6.

III. WLGOGO (appendix 50).

The multilayer model optimized by this program is identical to that optimized by GOGOGO. WLGOGO and GOGOGO are different in that WLGOGO only optimizes those parameters of the film model which are assumed to be wavelength independent. Values of delta and psi measured at several different wavelengths for a particular surface are all treated as independent observations of that surface. Consequently, model parameter variances can be determined from spectroscopic ellipsometry measurements. See Chapter 7. These variances are measures of the ability of the model to fit the experimental data; they also reflect the models sensitivity to particular parameters. Variability in model parameters from one experiment to another cannot be determined from a single experiment. Furthermore, these values do not account for errors in the alignment of optical components.

IV. AIGOGO (appendix 51).

The optical constants and thickness of a uniaxial film are optimized. This program was used in calculations discussed in Chapter 6 (dye relaxation experiment).

Simple Calculations of Delta and Psi

I. FLMTST (appendix 52).

This program calculates delta and psi for a homogeneous film model.

II. EMATST (appendix 53).

This program calculates delta and psi for a homogeneous, composite film model composed of two components. It is based upon the Bruggeman theory.

III. CSFIT (appendix 54).

This program calculates delta and psi for an island covered surface; the theoretical basis is the coherent superposition model.

IV. PSIDEL (appendix 55).

This program computes delta and psi from polarizer and analyzer azimuths entered from the VT55 keyboard; azimuths in any zone can be converted. Ellipsometry Programs for the Texas Instruments 59 Calculator

Given the angle-of-incidence and measured values of delta and psi for a reflecting surface, the complex refractive index of the surface

can be calculated (appendix 56). Values of delta and psi for a homogeneous film model can also be calculated (appendix 57). The complex arithmetic capabilities of this calculator make it attractive for such calculations (9).

Acknowledgements

We wish to thank Joe Katz and Brian Ng for their advice and assistance in implementing the LSI-11 microcomputer.

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References

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3. RT-11 Version 3 and Version 4 Documentation, Digital Equipment Corporation, Maynard, Massachusetts, 1979-1980.
4. Instruction Manual No. 58-12140-35, DATEL Systems, Inc., 11 Cabot Blvd., Mansfield, Massachusetts, 1979.
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6. Model 1604/OPI Optically Isolated Four Channel 16 Bit Binary Input Pulse Counter Instruction Manual, ADAC, Inc., 70 Tower Office Park, Woburn, Massachusetts, 1978.
7. Tektronix 4662 Digital Interactive Plotter Instruction Manual, Tektronix, Beaverton, Oregon, 1981.
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9. TI Programmable 58/59 Master Library Manual, Texas Instruments, Inc.,

Appendices

Appendix 1.

Directory of Working Disk DY0:

.DIR DY0:

26-Jan-83

SMAP .SYS	24 11-Mar-78	DYMSJ.SYS	63 11-Mar-78
TT .SYS	2 11-Mar-78	PIP .SAV	16 11-Mar-78
LIBR .SAV	18 11-Mar-78	BIR .SAV	17 11-Mar-78
BATCH .SAV	26 11-Mar-78	FILEX .SAV	18 11-Mar-78
SRCOM.SAV	11 11-Mar-78	DUMP .SAV	7 11-Mar-78
PAT .SAV	7 11-Mar-78	RESORC.SAV	12 11-Mar-78
FORMAT.SAV	6 11-Mar-78	PATCH .SAV	9 11-Mar-78
DLP .SAV	21 29-Mar-79	NL .SYS	2 11-Mar-78
BA .SYS	7 11-Mar-78	EDIT .SAV	19 11-Mar-78
CRF .SAV	6 11-Mar-78	DYMSJ.SYS	63 11-Mar-78
STARTS.COM	1 16-Apr-81	EDR002.SAV	32 13-Feb-81 *
DECOD2.SAV	25 13-Feb-81 *	TRNSLT.SAV	94 13-Feb-81 *
PLOT01.SAV	69 30-Sep-81 *	SCAN .SAV	18 13-Feb-81 *
RECALL.SAV	83 27-May-82	SEV002.SAV	86 23-Oct-81
RISURF.SAV	80 16-Apr-81	MINUS .SAV	40 17-Jun-81
MLBOND.NEW	1 28-Oct-81	MLCONT.OLD	1 10-Apr-81
DISCONV.SAV	90 27-May-82		

33 Files, 974 Blocks

0 Free blocks

*programs for data acquisition with automatic ellipsometer at a fixed wavelength;
general purpose data acquisition and data reduction programs

SCAN - reading A/D converter channels with numeric display on VT55 screen
EDR002 - data acquisition program for data collection over A/D converter channels
DECOD2 - recalling unformatted data files created by EDR002 with numeric display
TRNSLT - conversion of data files to delta, psi, etc. and creation of PLTDAT.DAT
PLOT01 - generation of graphic display on VT55 screen from PLTDAT.DAT data

Appendix 1 (continued).

Directory of Fixed-Wavelength Ellipsometry Data Acquisition Programs Disk

15-Nov-82			
EDR002.FOR	5	23-Jun-80	INIT02.FOR 3 23-Jun-80
CLOSE2.FOR	1	23-Jun-80	SETUP2.FOR 8 23-Jun-80
INPUT2.FOR	13	23-Jun-80	TIME02.FOR 10 23-Jun-80
PSIDEL.FOR	8	05-Sep-80	OUTPUT.FOR 11 12-Feb-81
DEFINE.FOR	6	12-Feb-81	FLMMOD.FOR 3 12-Feb-81
CHGTME.FOR	1	12-Feb-81	TRNSLT.FOR 7 12-Feb-81
DECODE.FOR	13	12-Feb-81	CONVRT.FOR 6 13-Feb-81
DELPSI.FOR	9	13-Feb-81	PLOT .FOR 15 13-Feb-81
SCAN .FOR	9	13-Feb-81	DECOD2.FOR 14 13-Feb-81
PLOTER.FOR	4	15-Feb-81	FLMFIT.FOR 14 15-Feb-81
PLOT01.FOR	4	30-Aug-81	SURPLT.FOR 6 30-Sep-81
22 Files, 170 Blocks			
256 Free blocks			
15-Nov-82			
EXP002.DAT	13	25-Jun-80	FLMDAT.DAT 1 11-Feb-81
PLTDAT.DAT	53	12-Feb-81	TEST .DAT 3 17-Feb-81
TRNSLT.DAT	1	12-Oct-81	
5 Files, 71 Blocks			
256 Free blocks			
15-Nov-82			
SCAN .SAV	18	13-Feb-81	TRNSLT.SAV 94 13-Feb-81
PSIDEL.SAV	24	13-Feb-81	EDR002.SAV 32 13-Feb-81
DECOD2.SAV	25	13-Feb-81	PLOTER.SAV 70 15-Feb-81
FLMFIT.SAV	88	15-Feb-81	PLOT01.SAV 69 30-Sep-81
8 Files, 420 Blocks			
256 Free blocks			

Appendix 2.

Example Directory of a Data Storage Disk DY1:

.DIR			
19-Jan-83			
TITLE.DAT	4 17-Jun-81	TRNSLT.514	1 09-Nov-81
TRNSLT.555	1 07-Nov-81	RECALL.DAT	2 13-Apr-81
MLCALC.DAT	1 25-May-82	FARADY.DLD	9 25-May-82
FCCAL1.DAT	5 26-May-82	FCCAL2.DAT	5 26-May-82
FCCAL3.DAT	5 26-May-82	FCCAL4.DAT	5 26-May-82
FARADY.NEW	9 26-May-82	FARADY.DAT	9 26-May-82
CVPRCU.DAT	13 30-Jun-82	POTDEP.DAT	11 02-Jul-82
TEFLON.117	5 12-Jul-82	TEFLON.118	5 12-Jul-82
TEFLON.119	5 12-Jul-82	TEFLON.120	5 12-Jul-82
TEFLON.121	5 12-Jul-82	TEFLON.122	5 12-Jul-82
TEFLON.123	5 12-Jul-82	TEFLON.124	5 12-Jul-82
TEFLON.125	5 12-Jul-82	TEFLON.126	5 13-Jul-82
TEFLON.127	5 13-Jul-82	TEFLON.128	5 13-Jul-82
TEFLON.129	5 13-Jul-82	TEFLON.130	5 13-Jul-82
TEFLON.131	5 13-Jul-82	TEFLON.132	5 13-Jul-82
TEFLON.133	5 13-Jul-82	TEFLON.134	5 13-Jul-82
TEFLON.135	5 13-Jul-82	TEFLON.136	5 13-Jul-82
TEFLON.137	5 13-Jul-82	TEFLON.138	5 13-Jul-82
TEFLON.139	5 13-Jul-82	TEFLON.140	5 13-Jul-82
TEFLON.141	5 13-Jul-82	TEFLON.142	5 13-Jul-82
TEFLON.143	5 13-Jul-82	TEFLON.144	5 13-Jul-82
TEFLON.145	5 13-Jul-82	RESULT.140	5 13-Jul-82
RESULT.141	5 13-Jul-82	RESULT.142	5 13-Jul-82
RESULT.143	5 13-Jul-82	RESULT.144	5 13-Jul-82
RESULT.145	5 13-Jul-82	MINUS.141	5 13-Jul-82
MINUS.142	5 13-Jul-82	MINUS.143	5 13-Jul-82
MINUS.144	5 13-Jul-82	MINUS.145	5 13-Jul-82
TEFLON.146	5 13-Jul-82	TEFLON.147	5 13-Jul-82
TEFLON.148	5 13-Jul-82	RESULT.146	5 13-Jul-82
RESULT.147	5 13-Jul-82	RESULT.148	5 13-Jul-82
MINUS.146	5 13-Jul-82	MINUS.147	5 13-Jul-82
MINUS.148	5 13-Jul-82	TEFLON.149	5 13-Jul-82
TEFLON.150	5 13-Jul-82	TEFLON.151	5 13-Jul-82
TEFLON.152	5 13-Jul-82	TEFLON.153	5 13-Jul-82
TEFLON.154	5 13-Jul-82	TEFLON.155	5 13-Jul-82
TEFLON.156	5 13-Jul-82	TEFLON.157	5 13-Jul-82
TEFLON.158	5 13-Jul-82	RESULT.149	5 15-Jul-82
RESULT.150	5 15-Jul-82	RESULT.151	5 15-Jul-82
RESULT.152	5 15-Jul-82	RESULT.153	5 15-Jul-82
RESULT.154	5 15-Jul-82	RESULT.155	5 15-Jul-82
RESULT.156	5 15-Jul-82	RESULT.157	5 15-Jul-82
RESULT.158	5 15-Jul-82	RESULT.135	5 15-Jul-82
MINUS.149	5 16-Jul-82	MINUS.150	5 16-Jul-82
MINUS.151	5 16-Jul-82	MINUS.152	5 16-Jul-82
MINUS.153	5 16-Jul-82	MINUS.154	5 16-Jul-82
MINUS.155	5 16-Jul-82	MINUS.156	5 16-Jul-82

Appendix 2 (continued).

MINUS .157	5 16-Jul-82	TEFLON.159	5 16-Jul-82
TEFLON.160	5 16-Jul-82	RESULT.160	5 16-Jul-82
MINUS .160	5 16-Jul-82	TEFLON.161	5 17-Jul-82
TEFLON.162	5 17-Jul-82	TEFLON.163	5 17-Jul-82
TEFLON.164	5 17-Jul-82	TEFLON.165	5 17-Jul-82
TEFLON.166	5 17-Jul-82	TEFLON.167	5 17-Jul-82
TEFLON.168	5 17-Jul-82	TEFLON.169	5 17-Jul-82
TEFLON.170	5 17-Jul-82	TEFLON.171	5 17-Jul-82
TEFLON.172	5 17-Jul-82	TEFLON.173	5 17-Jul-82
TEFLON.174	5 17-Jul-82	TEFLON.175	5 17-Jul-82
TEFLON.176	5 17-Jul-82	TEFLON.177	5 17-Jul-82
RESULT.175	5 17-Jul-82	RESULT.176	5 17-Jul-82
MINUS .175	5 17-Jul-82	TEFLON.178	5 17-Jul-82
TEFLON.179	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.180	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.181	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.182	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.183	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.184	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.185	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.186	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.187	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.188	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.189	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.190	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.191	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.192	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.193	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.194	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.195	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.196	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.197	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.198	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.199	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.200	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.185	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.186	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.187	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.188	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.189	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.190	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.191	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.192	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.193	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.194	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.195	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.196	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.197	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.198	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.199	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.200	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.201	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.202	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.203	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.204	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.205	5 19-Jul-82	RESULT.203	5 19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.000	13 19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.001	13 19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.002	13 19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.003	13 19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.004	13 19-Jul-82	TRNSLT.DAT	1 09-Nov-81
PLTDAT.DAT	58 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.206	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.207	5 19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.005	13 19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.006	13 19-Jul-82	GOLD .186	5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .183	5 19-Jan-83	MINUS .186	5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .188	5 19-Jan-83	MINUS .188	5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .185	5 19-Jan-83	MINUS .185	5 19-Jan-83

164 Files, 935 Blocks

39 Free blocks

Appendix 3.

Demonstration of SCAN

152310system "crashed"
 @173000Gcommand entered from VT55 keyboard to "boot"
 RT-115J V03E-00VT55 response to "boot"

.SET TT: SCOPE

.ASSIGN DY1: DK

.DATE 19-JAN-83

.RUN DY0:SCANrunning program SCAN

TYPE 1 FOR ONE CHANNEL
 A FOR ALL CHANNELS
 C FOR CONTINUOUS OUTPUT
 S FOR SINGLE OUTPUT
 R FOR RETURN
 P FOR STOP

CONTROL=A
 GAIN = 3

CHAN	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
	-53	2047	2047	155	2047	2047	2047	274	....A/D converter channels scanned a single time

CONTROL=C
 CONTROL=A
 GAIN = 3

							grounded input		
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-5	-121	...continuous A/D converter scanning
	1626	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-3	-128	
	1727	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-4	-254	
	1812	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-5	-110	
	1895	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-5	125	
	1976	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-3	170	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-3	-34	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-2	-231	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-5	-182	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-5	61	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-3	189	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-3	61	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-3	-168	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-5	-220	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-5	-14	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-5	177	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-3	127	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-3	-119	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-4	-250	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-5	-119	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-5	114	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-4	159	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-3	-44	
	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	2047	-4	-248	

Appendix 3 (continued).

Listing of SCAN

```

CALL SCAN
CALL EXIT
END
SUBROUTINE SCAN
C*****
C   THIS SUBROUTINE SCANS THE A/D CHANNELS CONSTANTLY, AND DISPLAYS
C   VALUES FOUND IN THE REGISTERS ON THE VT55 SCREEN. THIS SUBROUTINE
C   ALSO ALLOWS ONE TO SELECT THE CHANNEL GAIN USED DURING THE SCAN.
C*****
C   DEFINITION OF TERMS:
C       STA = STATUS FOR SCANNING
C           1 FOR CONTINUS SCANNING
C           0 FOR SINGLE TIME SCANNING
C       MES = MESSAGE FROM USER.
C       IGAIN= GAIN OF PGA
C*****
COMMON/PRINT/STA,MES,IGAIN
INTEGER*2 STA,MES
STA=0
I=0
C*****TYPE MESSAGE FOR USER*****
100  TYPE 1
1    FORMAT(' TYPE 1 FOR ONE CHANNEL'
1    ,/,7X,'A FOR ALL CHANNELS'
2    ,/,7X,'C FOR CONTINOUS OUTFUT'
3    ,/,7X,'S FOR SINGLE OUTPUT'
4    ,/,7X,'R FOR RETURN '
5    ,/,7X,'P FOR STOP')
101  TYPE 3
3    FORMAT('$CONTROL=')
C*****GET MESSAGE FROM USER*****
ACCEPT 2,MES
2    FORMAT(A1)
IF(MES.EQ.1H1)CALL SINGLE
IF(MES.EQ.1HA)CALL ALL
IF(MES.EQ.1HC)STA=1
IF(MES.EQ.1HS)STA=0
IF(MES.EQ.1HR)RETURN
IF(MES.EQ.1HP)STOP
GOTO 101
END

```

Appendix 3 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE SINGLE
C*****ITIME AND JTIME ARE TIMING VARIABLES FOR TIME DELAY*****
COMMON/PRINT/STA,MES,IGAIN
INTEGER*4 ITIME, JTIME
INTEGER*2 STA,MES,C
I=0
C*****SET UP ADC FOR PROGRAM CONTROL, NO INTERRUPT*****
CALL IPOKE("170400,0)
100  TYPE 1
1    FORMAT(/, '$CHANNEL = ')
    ACCEPT 2,C
2    FORMAT(I2)
C*****GET CODED GAIN*****
TYPE 4
4    FORMAT('$ GAIN = ')
    ACCEPT 2, IGAIN
C*****RETURN IF INPUT CHANNEL IS NOT VALID*****
IF(C.LT.0.OR.C.GT.7)RETURN
C*****SET UP CHANNEL*****
1000 CALL IPOKE("170402,C.OR.(64*IGAIN))
C*****CHECK TO SEE IF ADC IS FINISHED*****
1001 IF(.NOT.(IPEEK("170400).AND."100000))GOTO 1001
C*****OUTPUT THE RESULT*****
TYPE 3,IPEEK("170402)
3    FORMAT(9X,I8,X)
C*****SET UP TIME DELAY FOR NEXT SAMPLE*****
CALL GTIM(ITIME)
CALL JCVT(ITIME)
JTIME=ITIME
500  CALL GTIM(ITIME)
    CALL JCVT(ITIME)
    IF((ITIME-JTIME).LT.60)GOTO 500
C*****RETURN IF ANY MESSAGE IS COMING FROM THE KEY BOARD*****
IF(ITTR(I).GT.0)RETURN
C*****LOOP FOR NEXT CHANNEL*****
IF(STA.EQ.0)GOTO 100
C*****IF CONTINUOUS MODE IS USED, SCAN LOOP AGAIN*****
GOTO 1000
END
SUBROUTINE ALL
COMMON/PRINT/STA,MES,IGAIN
INTEGER*2 STA,MES,C(8)

```

Appendix 3 (continued).

```

C*****GET THE CODED GAIN*****
      TYPE 4
4      FORMAT('$ GAIN = ')
      ACCEPT 3,IGAIN
3      FORMAT(I1)
C*****PRINT HEADING*****
      TYPE 1
1      FORMAT('  CHAN  0      1      2      3      4      5',
              1      '      6      7')
      CALL IPOKE("170400,5)
C*****SET UP FOR SEQUENTIAL SCAN AND AUTO START ON READING OUTPUT*****
C*****START WITH FIRST CHANNEL*****
100    CALL IPOKE("170402,64*IGAIN)
      DD 1001 I=1,8
C*****CHECK FOR THE END OF CONVERSION ON EACH CHANNEL*****
1000   IF(.NOT.(IPEEK("170400).AND."100000))GOTO 1000
C*****INPUT THE RESULT*****
      C(I)=IPEEK("170402)
1001   CONTINUE
C*****PRINT THE RESULT*****
      TYPE 2,(C(I),I=1,8)
2      FORMAT(2X,8I8)
C*****IF IN SINGLE SCAN MODE, RETURN*****
      IF(STA.EQ.0)RETURN
C*****IF THE USER TYPES ANY MESSAGE, RETURN*****
      IF(ITTINR(I).GT.0)RETURN
C*****LOOP*****
      GOTO 100
      END

```

Appendix 4.

Demonstration of EDR002 - setting up channel parameters

.RUN DY0:EDR002

TYPE : 0 FOR GETTING PARAMETERS FROM A DISK FILE.
1 FOR CHANGING THE INPUT PARAMETERS.
2 FOR A LISTING OF THE CURRENT PARAMETERS.
3 FOR START SETTING UP CURRENT PARAMETER.

INPUT = 1

WHAT IS THE DESIRED NUMBER OF CHANNELS (I2)?6

CHANNEL 1 DO YOU WISH TO CHANGE THIS CHANNEL (Y/N)?Y

LOCATION (I2)= 0
GAIN (I2)= 3
PERIOD, TIC (I4)= 60
RANGE (I2)=
UNITS (A4)= DEG
NAME AND COMMENT(A20)= POLARIZER CURRENT

CHANNEL 2 DO YOU WISH TO CHANGE THIS CHANNEL (Y/N)?Y

Appendix 5.

Demonstration of EDR002 - getting parameters from a stored data file

CVPBAU.004	13	19-Jul-82	TRINSLT.DAT	1	09-Nov-81
PLTDAT.DAT	58	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.206	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.207	5	19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.005	13	19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.006	13	19-Jul-82	GOLD .186	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD .183	5	19-Jan-83	NINUS .186	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD .188	5	19-Jan-83	NINUS .188	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD .185	5	19-Jan-83	NINUS .185	5	19-Jan-83

164 Files, 935 Blocks

39 Free blocksend of directory

.RUN DY0:EDR002running EDR002

TYPE : 0 FOR GETTING PARAMETERS FROM A DISK FILE.
 1 FOR CHANGING THE INPUT PARAMETERS.
 2 FOR A LISTING OF THE CURRENT PARAMETERS.
 3 FOR START SETTING UP CURRENT PARAMETER.

INPUT = 0

NAME OF FILE OF WHICH THE TABLE IS STORED (A12) = DY1CVPBAU006

INPUT = 2

NUMBER OF CHANNELS = 6

NUMBER	LOC N	GAIN	PERIOD.TIC	RANGE	UNITS	NAME AND COMMENT
1	0	3	30	0		POL
2	1	3	30	0		ANA
3	2	3	30	0		POTENTIAL
4	3	3	30	0		CURRENT
5	4	3	30	0		PFLAG
6	5	3	30	0		AFLAG

INPUT = 3

RUN DURATION: "HRS:MIN:SEC:TIC" (4(I2,X)) = 00 00 30 00

RUN DURATION IS ENTERED AS 0: 0:30: 0

RUN IDENTIFICATION(A40) = DEMONSTRATION OF PROGRAM 'EDR'

FILE NAME FOR NEW DATA (A12) = DY1DEMO DAT

TYPE '6' FOR START OF RUN: 6

Appendix 5 (continued).

Listing of EDRO02

```
PROGRAM EDR
C*****
C
C   THIS IS THE MAIN PROGRAM OF THE ELLIPSOMETER DATA RECORDER WHICH
C   CALLS VARIOUS SUBROUTINES FOR THEIR SPECIFIC OPERATIONS.
C
C*****
COMMON/WRUBUF/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG
COMMON/AREA/IAREA(4)
IF(IQSET(5).NE.0)STOP 'NOT ENOUGH FREE SPACE FOR QUEUE ELEMENT'
IFLAG=1
CALL FINISH
C*****
C   COMPLETION ROUTINE FOR WRITING DATA ONTO DISK.
C*****
CALL INIT02
C*****
C   THIS SUBROUTINE INITIALIZES ALL THE STARTING PARAMETERS BEFORE ANY
C   OPERATION IS DONE.
C*****
CALL INPUT2
C*****
C   THIS SUBROUTINE COMMUNICATES WITH THE OPERATOR FOR INPUT PARA-
C   METERS TO SETUP THE DATA ACQUISITION PROCESS.
C*****
CALL SETUP2
C*****
C   THIS SUBROUTINE SETS UP THE NECESSARY PARAMETERS FOR THE DATA
C   GATHERING PROCESS ON THE BASIS OF THE OPERATOR INPUT.
C*****
CALL TIME02
C*****
C   THIS SUBROUTINE KEEPS TRACK OF THE TIMING AND CALLS THE ACTUAL
C   DATA RECORDING ROUTINE TO RECORD DATA AT THE RIGHT TIME.
C   IT ALSO KEEPS TRACK OF THE STATUS OF THE BUFFER AND CALLS THE
C   ROUTINE FOR WRITING DATA ONTO DISK.
C*****
CALL CLOSE2
C*****
C   THIS IS THE ROUTINE THAT COMMUNICATES WITH THE OPERATOR TO
C   HANDLE MODIFICATIONS ON THE EXISTING DATA.
C   MORE DATA CAN ALSO BE GATHERED IF DESIRED.
C*****
END
```

Appendix 5 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE INIT02
C*****
C      ISETUP=SET UP PARAMETERS
C      NUM=NUMBER OF CHANNEL
C      LIS=TABLE FOR HOLDING ALL THE PARAMETERS
C      LIS(I,J)...J=CHANNEL NUMBER
C      I=1....PHYSICAL LOCATION OF CHANNEL
C      2....GAIN
C      3....SAMPLE RATE IN TICS.
C      4-5..UNIT
C      6....RANGE
C      7-16.NAME AND COMMENT
C      ID = IDENTIFICATION FOR THIS RUN
C      LENGTH= LENGTH OF RUN IN TICS
C
C      LIMIT=MAXIMUM LIMIT OF THIS PROGRAM
C      NHAMAX=MAXIMUM NUMBER OF CHANNEL
C      NERMAX =MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DIFFERENT SAMPLE RATE
C*****
COMMON /ISETUP/NUM,LIS(16,16),ID(20),LENGTH(4)
COMMON /LIMIT/NHAMAX,NERMAX
NHAMAX=16
NERMAX=3
NUM=8
DO 100 I=1,16
DO 100 J=1,NHAMAX
LIS(I,J)=0
100 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```


Appendix 5 (continued).

```
      SUBROUTINE CLOSE2
      COMMON/WRBUF/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG
C*****
C   SEE SUBROUTINE INIT01 FOR DISCRIPTION OF COMMON BLOCK.
C   THIS SUBROUTINE TERMINATES DISC STORAGE.
C*****
      CALL CLOSEC(ICHAN)
      CALL IFREEC(ICHAN)
      CALL EXIT
      END
```

Appendix 5 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE SETUP2
C*****
C   SEE SUBROUTINE INIT01 FOR EXPLANATION OF THE COMMON BLOCKS.
C*****
C       IRUND = COMMON BLOCK FOR RUNNING PARAMETER
C       COUNT = COUNT DOWN TO WARDS ANOTHER SAMPLE TIME FOR EACH CHANNEL
C       IBUFF = BUFFER FOR DATA STORAGE
C*****
      INTEGER*2 COUNT(16)
      COMMON/SETUP/NUM,LIS(16,16),ID(20),LENGTH(4)
      COMMON/IRUND/IDUMMY(55),IBUFF(768)
      COMMON/WRBUF/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG
      REAL*4 DBLK(2),NAME(3)
C*****
C   SET UP THE BUFFER FOR DATA INPUT.
C*****
      DO 1005 I=1,768
        IBUFF(I)=0
1005  CONTINUE
C*****
C   STORE THE SET UP INFORMATION FOR THIS RUN IN THE BUFFER.
C*****
      DO 1007 I=1,20
        IBUFF(I)=ID(I)
1007  CONTINUE
        IBUFF(21)=NUM
        IBUFF(22)=LENGTH(1)
        IBUFF(23)=LENGTH(2)
        IBUFF(24)=LENGTH(3)
        IBUFF(25)=LENGTH(4)
C*****
C   STORE THE BUFFER CONTENTS ON A DISK.
C*****
      TYPE 1
1       FORMAT(/,'$      FILE NAME FOR NEW DATA (A12) = ')
        ACCEPT 2, (NAME(I),I=1,3)
2       FORMAT(3A4)
        N=IRAD50(12,NAME,DBLK)
        ICHAN=IGETC(0)
        IF(ICHAN.LT.0)STOP 'CANNOT ALLOCATE CHANNEL'
        IERROR=IENTER(ICHAN,DBLK,0)
        IF(IERROR.LT.0)GOTO 9001
        IBLOCK=0
        IFLAG=IFLAG+1
        CALL WRBUF(IBUFF)
        CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)

```

Appendix 5 (continued).

```

C*****
C   RECORD RUN PARAMETERS FOR EACH CHANNEL IN BUFFER.
C*****
      DO 1009 I=1,256
        IBUFF(I)=0
1009  CONTINUE
      DO 1010 I=1,NUM
        DO 1010 J=1,16
          IBUFF((I-1)*16+J)=LIS(J,I)
1010  CONTINUE
C*****
C   STORE BUFFER CONTENTS ON A DISK.
C*****
      IF(IFLAG.GT.0)CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
      IFLAG=IFLAG+1
      CALL WRBUFF(IBUFF)
      CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
C*****
C   SETUP ADC FOR:
C           NO END-OF-CONVERSION INTERRUPT
C           NO AUTO INCREMENT
C           PROGRAM CONTROL A-D CONVERSION
C*****
      CALL IPOKE("170400,"000000)
      RETURN
9001  TYPE 3,IERROR
3     FORMAT(X,I5)
      STOP 'ENTER FAIL'
      END
      SUBROUTINE WRBUFF(IBUFF)
      COMMON/WRBUF/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG
C*****
C   WRITES IBUFF INTO FILE ICHAN.
C*****
      COMMON/AREA/IAREA(4)
      EXTERNAL FINISH
      IERROR=IWRITE(256,IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN,IAREA,FINISH)
      IF(IERROR.LT.0)GOTO 2000
      IBLOCK=IBLOCK+1
      RETURN
2000  TYPE 1,IERROR
1     FORMAT(/,3X,I2)
      STOP 'FATAL WRITE'
      END
      SUBROUTINE FINISH
      COMMON/WRBUF/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG
      IFLAG=IFLAG-1
      RETURN
      END

```

Appendix 5 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE INPUT2
C*****
C   SEE SUBROUTINE INIT01 FOR AN EXPLANATION OF THE COMMON BLOCKS.
C*****
COMMON/ISETUP/NUM,LIS(16,16),ID(20),LENGTH(4)
COMMON/LIMIT/NHAMAX,NERMAX
COMMON/IRUND/IDUMMY(55),IBUFF(768)
REAL*4 NAME(3),BDLK(2)
C*****
C   THE REQUIRED OPERATOR RESPONSE IS EXPLAINED AND DISPLAYED ON
C   THE CRT IN CODED FORM FOR REFERENCE.
C*****
100  TYPE 1
1    FORMAT(///,6X,'TYPE : 0 FOR GETTING PARAMETERS FROM A DISK FILE.',
1      /,13X,'1 FOR CHANGING THE INPUT PARAMETERS.',
2      /,13X,'2 FOR A LISTING OF THE CURRENT PARAMETERS.',
3      /,13X,'3 FOR START SETTING UP CURRENT PARAMETER.')
C*****
C   THE PROGRAM NOW GETS A RESPONSE FROM THE USER.
C*****
200  TYPE 26
26   FORMAT(/,'$',5X,'INPUT = ')
101  ACCEPT 2,J
2    FORMAT(I1)
C*****
C   THE USER'S RESPONSE IS NOW CHECKED.
C      100 = NOT LEGAL RESPONSE, TYPE MESSAGE AGAIN.
C      102 = PRINT CURRENT PARAMETER TABLE CONTENT
C      103 = MODIFY CURRENT TABLE OF PARAMETER
C      104 = ASK FOR RUN IDENTIFICATION
C      105 = GET TABLE FROM A DISK FILE.
C*****
      IF (J.GT.3.OR.J.LT.0) GOTO 100
      GOTO (105,103,102,104) J+1
C*****
C   CONTENTS OF THE CURRENT PARAMETER LIST ARE PRINTED.
C*****
102  TYPE 3,NUM,(K,(LIS(M,K),M=1,16),K=1,NUM)
3    FORMAT (//,6X,'NUMBER OF CHANNELS = ',I2,/,
1      6X,'NUMBER',2X,'LOC N',3X,'GAIN',4X,'PERIOD,TIC',2X,'RANGE',
2      3X,'UNITS',3X,'NAME AND COMMENT',/,
3      (7X,I2,6X,I2,6X,I2,6X,I4,8X,I2,5X,2A2,6X,10A2))
      GOTO 200

```

Appendix 5 (continued).

```

C*****
C   THE CURRENT PARAMETERS ARE NOW CHANGED ONE AT A TIME; SEE
C   SUBROUTINE "INIT01" FOR AN EXPLANATION OF ARRAY "LIS(I,J)".
C*****
103  TYPE 4
4    FORMAT(//, '$   WHAT IS THE DESIRED NUMBER OF CHANNELS (I2)?')
      ACCEPT 5, NUM
5    FORMAT (I2)
      DO 1000 J=1, NUM
      TYPE 6, J
6    FORMAT(/, '$', 'CHANNEL ', I2, 4X, 'DO YOU WISH TO CHANGE THIS CHANNEL
1    ', ' (Y/N)?')
      ACCEPT 7, IRES
7    FORMAT(A1)
      IF (IRES.NE.1HY) GOTO 1000
C*****
C   CHANNEL LOCATION
C*****
      TYPE 8
8    FORMAT(/, '$ LOCATION (I2)= ')
      ACCEPT 9, LIS(1, J)
9    FORMAT(I2)
C*****
C   GAIN
C*****
      TYPE 10
10   FORMAT('$ GAIN (I2)= ')
      ACCEPT 9, LIS(2, J)
C*****
C   PERIOD
C*****
      TYPE 11
11   FORMAT('$ PERIOD, TIC (I4)= ')
      ACCEPT 12, LIS(3, J)
12   FORMAT (I4)
C*****
C   RANGE
C*****
      TYPE 13
13   FORMAT('$ RANGE (I2)= ')
      ACCEPT 9, LIS(4, J)
C*****
C   UNITS
C*****
      TYPE 14
14   FORMAT('$ UNITS (A4)= ')
      ACCEPT 15, LIS(5, J), LIS(6, J)
15   FORMAT(2A2)

```

Appendix 5 (continued).

```

C*****
C   NAME AND COMMENT
C*****
      TYPE 16
16   FORMAT('$ NAME AND COMMENT(A20)= ')
      ACCEPT17,(LIS(K,J),K=7,16)
17   FORMAT(10A2)
1000 CONTINUE
      GOTO 200

C*****
C   PREVIOUSLY STORED INPUT PARAMETERS ARE OBTAINED FROM DISK FILE.
C*****
105  TYPE 22
22   FORMAT(/,'$',5X,'NAME OF FILE OF WHICH THE TABLE IS STORED ',
      1   '(A12) = ')
      ACCEPT 23, (NAME(I),I=1,3)
23   FORMAT(3A4)
      N=IRAD50(12,NAME,BDLK)
      ICHAN=IGETC(I)
      IF(ICCHAN.LT.0)STOP 'CANNOT ALLOCATE CHANNEL'
      IF(IFETCH(ICCHAN).LT.0)STOP 'FETCH FAIL'
      IF(LOOKUP(ICCHAN,BDLK).LT.0)STOP 'BAD LOOK'
      IBLOCK=0
      CALL READ(IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICCHAN)
      NUM=IBUFF(21)
      CALL READ(IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICCHAN)
      DO 1005 I=1,NUM
      DO 1005 J=1,16
      LIS(J,I)=IBUFF((I-1)*16+J)
1005 CONTINUE
      CALL CLOSEC(ICCHAN)
      CALL IFREEC(ICCHAN)
      GOTO 200

C*****
C   GET THE DURATION (LENGTH) OF THE RUN.
C*****
104  TYPE 24
24   FORMAT(/,'$',5X,'RUN DURATION: "HRS:MIN:SEC:TIC" (4(I2,X)) = ')
      ACCEPT 25,(LENGTH(I),I=1,4)
25   FORMAT(4(I2,1X))
      TYPE 27,(LENGTH(I),I=1,4)
27   FORMAT(/,6X,'RUN DURATION IS ENTERED AS ',3(I2,':'),I2)

```

Appendix 5 (continued).

```
C*****
C   INPUT COMMENT OR RUN IDENTIFICATION.
C*****
      TYPE 20
20   FORMAT(/,'$',5X,'RUN IDENTIFICATION(A40) = ')
      DO 1001 I=1,20
      ID(I)=2H
1001 CONTINUE
      ACCEPT 21,(ID(I),I=1,20)
21   FORMAT (20A2)
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE READ(IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN)
C*****
C   READ FILE ICHAN INTO IBUFF.
C*****
      IERROR=IREADW(256,IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN)
      IF(IERROR.LT.0) GOTO 2000
      IBLOCK=IBLOCK+1
      RETURN
2000 STOP 'FATAL READ'
      END
```

Appendix 5 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE TIME02
C*****
C   SEE SUBROUTINE INIT01 FOR EXPLANATION OF THE COMMON BLOCKS.
C*****
  DIMENSION SUM(16)
  INTEGER*2 COUNT(16)
  COMMON/ISSETUP/NUM,LIS(16,16),ID(20),LENGTH(4)
  COMMON/IRUND/IDUMMY(55),IBUFF(768)
  COMMON/URBUF/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG
C*****
C   SETUP THE COUNT-DOWN TABLE AND ZERO THE SUM ARRAY.
C*****
  DO 1005 I=1,NUM
    COUNT(I)=LIS(3,I)
    SUM(I)=0
1005  CONTINUE
C*****
C   INITIALIZE BUFFER COUNT.
C*****
  NBC=1
C*****
C   WAIT FOR OPERATOR O.K. BEFORE STARTING DATA RECORDING PROCEDURE.
C*****
14  TYPE 15
15  FORMAT(/,'$',5X,'TYPE "G" FOR START OF RUN: ')
    ACCEPT 16,INP
16  FORMAT(A1)
    IF(INP.NE.1HG)GOTO 14
C*****
C   OBTAIN THE TIME FROM THE INTERNAL CLOCK AND COMPUTE THE TIME OF
C   EXPERIMENT COMPLETION USING THE "RUN DURATION".
C*****
  CALL GTIM(ITIME)
  CALL CVTTIM(ITIME,IHRS,IMIN,ISEC,ITIC)
  ENDHRS=LENGTH(1)+IHRS
  ENDMIN=LENGTH(2)+IMIN
  ENDSEC=LENGTH(3)+ISEC
  ENDTIC=LENGTH(4)+ITIC
1000 CALL GTIM(ITIME)
    CALL CVTTIM(ITIME,IHRS,IMIN,ISEC,ITIC)
C*****
C   READ ALL CHANNELS FOR DIGITAL SAMPLING.
C*****
  DO 2000 I=1,NUM
C*****
C   SET ADC FOR NEXT CHANNEL:
C     LIS(1,I)=CHANNEL LOCATION
C     LIS(2,I)=CODED GAIN
C*****
    CALL IPOKE("170402,LIS(1,I).OR.(LIS(2,I)*64))

```


Appendix 5 (continued).

```

C*****
C   CHECK FOR END OF CONVERSION.
C*****
1500 IF(.NOT.(IPEEK("170400).AND."100000))GOTO 1500
C*****
C   NOW DO THE SUMMATION FOR DIGITAL FILTERING.
C*****
      SUM(I)=SUM(I)+IPEEK("170402)
C*****
C   NEXT CHANNEL:
C*****
2000 CONTINUE
C*****
C   CHECK THE COUNT-DOWN TABLE FOR A "READY" CHANNEL.
C*****
      DO 3000 I=1,NUM
      COUNT(I)=COUNT(I)-1
      IF(COUNT(I).GT.0)GOTO 3000
C*****
C   WRITE DATA INTO BUFFER.
C*****
      L=I-1
      ISUM=SUM(I)/LIS(3,I)
      IF(L.GE.8)L=L.OR."177770
      IBUFF(NBC)=("7777.AND.ISUM.OR.("170000.AND.(L*4096)))
C*****
C   CLEAR THE SUM ARRAY AND RESET THE COUNT-DOWN TABLE.
C*****
      SUM(I)=0.
      COUNT(I)=LIS(3,I)
C*****
C   CHECK TO SEE IF THE BUFFER IS FULL.
C*****
      IF(MOD(NBC,256).NE.0) GOTO 2500
      IF(IFLAG.EQ.1)CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
      IFLAG=IFLAG+1
C*****
C   WRITE THE BUFFER ONTO A DISK FILE.
C*****
      CALL WRBUFF(IBUFF(((NBC-1)/256)*256+1))
2500 NBC=1+MOD(NBC,768)
3000 CONTINUE
C*****
C   CHECK FOR THE END OF THE RUN.
C*****
      ENDTIM=ENDTIC+60.*ENDSEC+3600.*ENDMIN+216000.*ENDHRS
      CURTIM=ITIC+60.*ISEC+3600.*IMIN+216000.*IHR
      IF(CURTIM.LT.ENDTIM)GOTO 1000
C*****
C   WRITE THE REMAINING DATA IF THERE ARE ANY.
C*****
      IF(IFLAG.GE.1)CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
      IF(MOD(NBC,256).NE.1)CALL WRBUFF(IBUFF(((NBC-1)/256)*256+1))
      RETURN
      END

```

Appendix 5 (continued).

SUBROUTINE OUTPUT

```

C*****
C  PROGRAM "OUTPUT" CONTROLS (1) THE WRITING OF THE CONVERTED DATA TO
C  "PLTDAT.DAT" VIA SUBROUTINE "LOOP", (2) THE CONVERSION OF THE
C  QUANTITIES READ FROM A/D CONVERTORS TO USEFUL NUMBERS SUCH AS THE
C  POLARIZER AND ANALYZER AZIMUTHS VIA THE CALIBRATION CURVE
C  SUBROUTINE "CONVRT", (3) THE CONVERSION OF POLARIZER AND ANALYZER
C  AZIMUTHS TO THE ELLIPSO METER PARAMETER "PSI" AND "DELTA". THE
C  "PSI" AND "DELTA" CONVERSION IS DONE BY ANOTHER SUBROUTINE,
C  "DELPSI", WHICH IS CALLED FROM WITHIN "CONVRT".
C*****
COMMON/JTIME0/JHRS0,JMIN0,JSECO,JFLAG
COMMON/DATPLT/TIME(512),PLTDAT(512,7),NDATA
COMMON/ZAP/JPZAP,JAZAP
COMMON/EXPDAT/P,A,VOLT,AMPS,POLMAN,ANAMAN
COMMON/MANSET/POLOAZ,ANAOAZ,ADJPOL,ADJANA,C
COMMON/CHGAIN/IGP,IGA,IGCP,IGCC,TOL
COMMON/CALBRT/RESIST,PSLOPE,ASLOPE,PYINT,AYINT,IGPCAL,IGACAL
COMMON/ELLIPS/D,S
COMMON/OPTDAT/OPTION,TIMOPT,ANGOPT
INTEGER*2 OPTION,TIMOPT,ANGOPT
COMMON/FILDAT/ARRAY(16),T
C*****
C  "TICS" ARE CONVERTED TO HOURS, MINUTES AND SECONDS.
C*****
      THRS=T
      IHRS=THRS/216000.
      TMIN=THRS-IHRS*216000.
      IMIN=TMIN/3600.
      TSEC=TMIN-IMIN*3600.
      ISEC=TSEC/60.
      TTIC=TSEC-ISEC*60.
      ITIC=TTIC
      IF(JFLAG.NE.1)GOTO 3000
C*****
C  THE FLAGS CONTROLLING THE EXPERIMENTAL TIME LAPSE BETWEEN DATA
C  POINTS RECORDED IN "PLTDAT.DAT" ARE INITIALIZED.
C*****
      JHRS0=IHRS
      JMIN0=IMIN
      JSECO=ISEC
3000 CONTINUE
C*****
C  VARIABLES IN THE COMMON BLOCK FOR "CONVRT" ARE ASSIGNED VALUES.
C*****
      P=ARRAY(1)
      A=ARRAY(2)
      VOLT=ARRAY(3)
      AMPS=ARRAY(4)
      POLMAN=ARRAY(5)
      ANAMAN=ARRAY(6)

```

Appendix 5 (continued).

```

C*****
C   "DELTA" AND "PSI" VALUES ARE RETURNED FROM "CONVRT".
C*****
      CALL CONVRT
      ARRAY(1)=P
      ARRAY(2)=A
      ARRAY(3)=VOLT
      ARRAY(4)=AMPS
      ARRAY(5)=D
      ARRAY(6)=S
      ARRAY(7)=0.
      IF(NDATA.GT.1)GOTO 4015
C*****
C   DATA IN THE PLOTTING ARRAY IS DISPLAYED ON THE VT55 FOR REVIEW BY
C   THE OPERATOR.
C*****
      TYPE 4000
      4000 FORMAT(/19X,'THE DATA AVAILABLE FOR PLOTTING:')
      TYPE 4010
      4010 FORMAT(/8X,'TIME',2X,'POL(DEG)',2X,'ANA(DEG)',1X,'VOLTS(MV)',
      C2X,'AMPS(MA)',2X,'DEL(DEG)',2X,'PSI(DEG)')
      4015 CONTINUE
      TYPE 4020,IHRS,IMIN,ISEC,ITIC,(ARRAY(K),K=1,6)
      4020 FORMAT(1X,3(I2,' '),I2,6(1X,F9.3))
      IF(NDATA.GE.512)GOTO 6000
C*****
C   THIS "IF" STATEMENT SCREENS DATA FROM CHANNEL 5 AND 6, WHICH ARE
C   USED TO FLAG DATA DISTURBED WHILE MAKING MANUAL ADJUSTMENTS
C   DURING AN EXPERIMENT.
C*****
      IF(ABS(POLMAN).LT.TOL.OR.ABS(ANAMAN).LT.TOL)GOTO 6000
C*****
C   THE EXPERIMENTAL TIME LAPSE BETWEEN RECORDED, CONVERTED DATA IS
C   DETERMINED.
C*****
      IF(TIMOPT.NE.1)GOTO 5020
      IF(JHRS0-IHRS)5010,6000,6000
      5010 CALL LOOP
      JHRS0=IHRS
      5020 CONTINUE
      IF(TIMOPT.NE.2)GOTO 5040
      IF(JMIN0-IMIN)5030,6000,6000
      5030 CALL LOOP
      JMIN0=IMIN
      5040 CONTINUE
      IF(TIMOPT.NE.3)GOTO 5060
      IF(JSEC0-ISEC)5050,6000,6000
      5050 CALL LOOP
      JSEC0=ISEC
      5060 CONTINUE
      IF(TIMOPT.NE.4)GOTO 5080
      5070 CALL LOOP
      5080 NDATA=NDATA+1
      6000 JFLAG=JFLAG+1
      RETURN
      END

```

Appendix 5 (continued).

```
      SUBROUTINE LOOP
C*****
C   THIS SUBROUTINE WRITES DATA TO THE FILE "PLTDAT.DAT" AND FILLS THE
C   TWO DIMENSIONAL ARRAY "PLTDAT" FOR DATA POINTS NOT DISTURBED BY
C   MANUAL ADJUSTMENTS, AND HAVING THE DESIRED SPACING IN TIME.
C*****
      COMMON/OPTDAT/OPTION,TIMOPT,ANGOPT
      INTEGER*2 OPTION,TIMOPT,ANGOPT
      COMMON/DATPLT/TIME(512),PLTDAT(512,7),NDATA
      COMMON/FILDAT/ARRAY(16),T
      TIME(NDATA)=T
      DO 1 K=1,7
1  PLTDAT(NDATA,K)=ARRAY(K)
      IF(OPTION.NE.1)GOTO 3
      WRITE(2,2)T,(ARRAY(K),K=1,7)
2  FORMAT(1X,F9.0,7(1X,F9.3))
3  CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```

Appendix 5 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE DEFINE
C*****
C  SUBROUTINE "DEFINE" IS CALLED FROM THE MAIN PROGRAM "TRNSLT" TO
C  DEFINE INPUT PARAMETERS READ FROM "TRNSLT.DAT" FOR THE OPERATOR.
C*****
COMMON/MANSET/POLOAZ, ANAOAZ, ADJPOL, ADJANA, C
COMMON/CHGAIN/IGP, IGA, IGBP, IGCC, TOL
COMMON/CALBRT/RESIST, PSLOPE, ASLOPE, PYINT, AYINT, IGPCAL, IGACAL
COMMON/OPTDAT/OPTION, TIMOPT, ANGOPT
INTEGER*2 OPTION, TIMOPT, ANGOPT
TYPE 10
10 FORMAT(/, 5X, 'CALIBRATION CURVE AND MANNUAL SETTING DATA:')
TYPE 20, RESIST
20 FORMAT(/, 10X, '(1)RESISTOR FOR CELL CURRENT DETERMINATION (KOHM)
1 = ', F10.4)
TYPE 30
30 FORMAT(/, 10X, '(2)INITIAL MANUAL AZIKUTH SETTINGS OF POLARIZERS
1 AND COMPENSATOR:')
TYPE 40, POLOAZ, ANAOAZ, C
40 FORMAT(/, 15X, 'POLARIZER(DEG) = ', F10.4, /, 15X, 'ANALYZER(DEG) = ',
1F10.4, /, 15X, 'QTR. WAVE(DEG) = ', F10.4)
TYPE 50
50 FORMAT(/, 10X, '(3)INCREMENTAL MANUAL ADJUSTMENTS OF POLARIZERS
1 DURING EXPERIMENT:')
TYPE 60, ADJPOL, ADJANA, TOL
60 FORMAT(/, 15X, 'POLARIZER(DEG) = ', F10.4, /, 15X, 'ANALYZER(DEG) = ',
1F10.4, /, 15X, 'FLAG TOLERANCE = ', F10.4)
TYPE 70
70 FORMAT(/, 10X, '(4)FARADAY CELL CALIBRATION CURVE EQUATION
1 PARAMETERS:')
TYPE 80
80 FORMAT(/, 15X, 'POLARIZER-')
TYPE 90, PSLOPE, PYINT, IGPCAL
90 FORMAT(/, 15X, 'SLOPE(DEG/ADCU) = ', F10.4, /, 15X,
1'INTERCEPT(DEG) = ', F10.4, /, 15X, 'GAIN DURING CALIBRATION=',
29X, I1)
TYPE 100
100 FORMAT(/, 15X, 'ANALYZER-')
TYPE 90, ASLOPE, AYINT, IGACAL
TYPE 110
110 FORMAT(/, 10X, '(5)OUTPUT FILE OPTIONS:')
TYPE 120, OPTION
120 FORMAT(/, 15X, 'OPTION = ', I1)
TYPE 130
130 FORMAT(/, 15X, '1=FILE CREATED WITH REDUCED DATA', /, 15X,
1'2=NO OUTPUT FILE CREATED')
TYPE 140, TIMOPT
140 FORMAT(/, 15X, 'TIME OPTION = ', I1)
TYPE 150
150 FORMAT(/, 15X, '1=DATA POINT OUTPUT OR STORED IN PLOTTING ARRAY
1 FOR EVERY HOUR', /, 15X, '2=FOR EVERY MINUTE', /, 15X, '3=FOR EVERY
2 SECONDD', /, 15X, '4=ALL DATA POINTS OUTPUT OR STORED IN PLOTTING
3 ARRAY', /, 15X, '5=NO DATA POINTS OUTPUT OR STORED IN PLOTTING
4 ARRAY')
TYPE 160, ANGOPT
160 FORMAT(/, 15X, 'ANGLE CONVERSION OPTION = ', I1)
TYPE 170
170 FORMAT(/, 15X, '1=AZIMUTH READINGS CONVERTED TO DELTA AND PSI USING
1 STANDARD FORMULAS', /, 15X, '2=USING ROTATED ANGLE FORMULAS')
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 6.

Directory of data storage disk showing data file created by EDRO02

TEFLON.187	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.188	5	18-Jul-82
TEFLON.189	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.190	5	18-Jul-82
TEFLON.191	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.192	5	18-Jul-82
TEFLON.193	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.194	5	18-Jul-82
TEFLON.195	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.196	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.197	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.198	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.199	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.200	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.201	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.202	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.203	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.204	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.205	5	19-Jul-82	RESULT.203	5	19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.000	13	19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.001	13	19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.002	13	19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.003	13	19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.004	13	19-Jul-82	TRNSLT.DAT	1	09-Nov-81
PLTBAU.DAT	58	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.206	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.207	5	19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.005	13	19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.006	13	19-Jul-82	GOLD .186	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD .183	5	19-Jan-83	NINUS .186	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD .188	5	19-Jan-83	NINUS .188	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD .185	5	19-Jan-83	NINUS .185	5	19-Jan-83
MEMO .DAT	4	19-Jan-83	.....created data file		

165 Files, 939 Blocks

35 Free blocks

Appendix 7.

Demonstration of DECOD2 - conversion of unformatted data file to formatted output

.RUN BY: DECOD2

FILE NAME OF DATA = DY1CVPBAU006

DO YOU WISH TO LIST RUN INFORMATION ? Y

ID = PB ON AU - 10RHOD-B - -0.6V DC

DURATION OF RUN *HRS:MIN:SEC:TIC* = 0: 3: 0: 0

NUMBER OF CHANNELS = 6

NUMBER	LOC N	GAIN	PERIOD, TIC	RANGE	UNITS	NAME AND COMMENT
1	0	3	30	0		POL
2	1	3	30	0		ANA
3	2	3	30	0		POTENTIAL
4	3	3	30	0		CURRENT
5	4	3	30	0		PFLAG
6	5	3	30	0		AFLAG

DO YOU WISH TO PRINT OUT DATA ? Y

```

0: 0: 0:29 C 1= 1382 C 2= 597 C 3= -332 C 4= -2 C 5= 751 C 6= 2039
C
0: 0: 0:59 C 1= 1374 C 2= 570 C 3= -332 C 4= -1 C 5= 268 C 6= 2047
C
0: 0: 1:29 C 1= 1403 C 2= 596 C 3= -332 C 4= 0 C 5= 48 C 6= 2047
C
0: 0: 1:59 C 1= 1410 C 2= 613 C 3= -332 C 4= 0 C 5= -79 C 6= 2047
C
0: 0: 2:29 C 1= 1397 C 2= 582 C 3= -332 C 4= 0 C 5= -131 C 6= 2047
C
0: 0: 2:59 C 1= 1355 C 2= 550 C 3= -331 C 4= 0 C 5= -144 C 6= 2047
C
0: 0: 3:29 C 1= 1417 C 2= 608 C 3= -332 C 4= 0 C 5= -150 C 6= 2047
C
0: 0: 3:59 C 1= 1391 C 2= 586 C 3= -331 C 4= -4 C 5= -153 C 6= 2047
C
0: 0: 4:29 C 1= 1367 C 2= 580 C 3= -332 C 4= 2 C 5= -150 C 6= 2047
C
0: 0: 4:59 C 1= 1431 C 2= 632 C 3= -332 C 4= 0 C 5= -155 C 6= 2047
C
0: 0: 5:29 C 1= 1381 C 2= 587 C 3= -332 C 4= 2 C 5= -153 C 6= 2047
C
0: 0: 5:59 C 1= 1415 C 2= 612 C 3= -331 C 4= -1 C 5= -149 C 6= 2047
C
    
```

Appendix 7 (continued).

Listing of DECOD2

```

CALL DECODE
CALL EXIT
END
SUBROUTINE DECODE
COMMON/ISSETUP/NUM,LIS(16,16),ID(20),LENGTH(4)
COMMON/IRUND/COUNT(16),IBUFF(768)
INTEGER*2 DATA(16),CHANNEL(16),CHAN,RD,INP
INTEGER*4 NAME(3),BDLK(2)
DIMENSION TIM(16)
C*****
C   GET FILE NAME FROM USER.
C*****
      TYPE 1
1   FORMAT(/,'$',4X,'FILE NAME OF DATA = ')
      ACCEPT 2,(NAME(I),I=1,3)
2   FORMAT(3A4)
C*****
C   CONVERT THE FILE NAME INTO THE CORRECT FORMAT.
C*****
      N=IRAD50(12,NAME,BDLK)
C*****
C   OPEN A CHANNEL FOR FILE INPUT.
C*****
      ICHAN=IGETC(I)
      IF(ICHAN.LT.0)STOP 'CANNOT ALLOCATE CHANNEL'
      IF(LOOKUP(ICHAN,BDLK).LT.0)STOP 'BAD LOOKUP'
C*****
C   READ THE FIRST BLOCK OF DATA.
C*****
      IBLOCK=0
      CALL READ(IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN)
C*****
C   DECODE THE "ID" OF THE DATA.
C*****
      DO 100, I=1,20
      ID(I)=IBUFF(I)
100  CONTINUE
C*****
C   DECODE THE NUMBER OF CHANNELS (NUM) AND THE RUN DURATION (LENGTH).
C*****
      NUM=IBUFF(21)
      LENGTH(1)=IBUFF(22)
      LENGTH(2)=IBUFF(23)
      LENGTH(3)=IBUFF(24)
      LENGTH(4)=IBUFF(25)
      STOFT=216000.*LENGTH(1)+3600.*LENGTH(2)+60.*LENGTH(3)+LENGTH(4)

```


Appendix 7 (continued).

```

C*****
C   READ THE SECOND BLOCK OF DATA; GET SETUP INFO PERTAINING TO DATA.
C*****
      CALL READ(IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN)
      DO 200,I=1,NUM
      DO 200 J=1,16
      LIS(J,I)=IBUFF((I-1)*16+J)
200  CONTINUE
C*****
C   ASK USER IF A LIST OF RUN INFO IS NEEDED.
C*****
1001  TYPE 3
3     FORMAT(/,'$',4X,'DO YOU WISH TO LIST RUN INFORMATION ? ')
      ACCEPT 4,INP
4     FORMAT(A1)
      IF((INP.NE.1HY).AND.(INP.NE.1HN))GOTO 1001
      IF(INP.NE.1HY)GOTO 1002
C*****
C   TYPE HEADING OF DATA.
C*****
      TYPE 5,(ID(I),I=1,20)
5     FORMAT(/,5X,'ID = ',20A2)
      TYPE 6,(LENGTH(I),I=1,4)
6     FORMAT(/,5X,'DURATION OF RUN "HRS:MIN:SEC:TIC" = ',3(I2,':'),I2)
      TYPE 7,NUM,(K,(LIS(M,K),M=1,16),K=1,NUM)
7     FORMAT (//,5X,'NUMBER OF CHANNELS = ',I2,//,
1      5X,'NUMBER',2X,'LOC N',3X,'GAIN',4X,'PERIOD,TIC',2X,'RANGE',
2      3X,'UNITS',3X,'NAME AND COMMENT',//,
3      (6X,I2,6X,I2,6X,I2,6X,I4,8X,I2,5X,2A2,6X,10A2))
C*****
C   ASK IF THE USER WANTS TO PRINT OUT THE COLLECTED DATA.
C*****
1002  TYPE 8
8     FORMAT(/,'$',4X,'DO YOU WISH TO PRINT OUT DATA ? ')
      ACCEPT 9,INP
9     FORMAT(A1)
      IF(INP.NE.1HY.AND.INP.NE.1HN)GOTO 1002
C*****
C   IF NOT, RETURN CONTROL TO MAIN PROGRAM AND TERMINATE.
C*****
      IF(INP.EQ.1HN)GOTO 1003
C*****
C   IF YES, PRINT THE DATA.
C*****
C   SET UP INITIAL CONDITION
C*****
      J=0
      T=0
      DO 400,I=1,NUM
      TIM(I)=-1
400  CONTINUE

```

Appendix 7 (continued).

```

C*****
C   READ THE BUFFER.
C*****
1004 CALL READ(IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN)
C*****
C   DECODE THE BUFFER.
C*****
      DD 500,I=1,256
C*****
C   DECODE EACH WORD.
C*****
      CHAN=((("170000.AND.IBUFF(I))/4096).AND."17")+1
      RD=IBUFF(I).AND."7777
C*****
C   EXTEND SIGN BIT FOR BIPOLE SIGNAL.
C*****
      IF(RD.AND."4000)RD=RD.OR."170000
C*****
C   RECONSTRUCT TIME BY CALCULATION.
C*****
      TIM(CHAN)=TIM(CHAN)+LIS(3,CHAN)
C*****
C   IF THE TIME HASN'T CHANGED, RECORD THIS DATA AND GO TO THE NEXT POINT.
C*****
      IF(TIM(CHAN).LE.T)GOTO 600
      THRS=T
      IHRS=THRS/216000.
      TMIN=THRS-IHRS*216000.
      IMIN=TMIN/3600.
      TSEC=TMIN-IMIN*3600.
      ISEC=TSEC/60.
      TTIC=TSEC-ISEC*60.
      ITIC=TTIC
      IF(T.EQ.0.0)GOTO 300
      TYPE 10,IHRS,IMIN,ISEC,ITIC ,(CHANNEL(K),DATA(K),K=1,J)
10   FORMAT(1X,3(I2,' '),I2,3(6(1X,'C',I2,' '),I5)/,12X))
C*****
C   RESET THE PRINTING PARAMETER.
C*****
300   J=0
      T=TIM(CHAN)
C*****
C   IIIF TIME IS UP, RETURN.
C*****
      IF(T.GT.STOPT)GOTO 1003
600   J=J+1
      DATA(J)=RD
      CHANNEL(J)=CHAN
500   CONTINUE

```

Appendix 7 (continued).

```
C*****
C   IF TIME IS NOT UP YET, READ THE NEXT BUFFER.
C*****
      IF(T.LT.STOPT)GOTO 1004
1003  RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE READ(IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN)
      IERROR=IREADW(256,IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN)
      IF(IERROR.LT.0) GOTO 2000
      IBLOCK=IBLOCK+1
      RETURN
2000  STOP 'FATAL READ'
      END
```

Appendix 8.

Demonstration of TRNSLT - conversion of unformatted data file to delta, psi, etc.

.RUN BY0:TRNSLT

LOAD DISK WITH DATA TO BE DECODED INTO DISK DRIVE "BY1:" AND THEN "RETURN".

2.0000					
17.0000	125.0000	10.0000	10.0000	135.0000	0.0000
0.0105	0.0105	0.0000	0.0000	3	3
1	4	2			

DO YOU WANT THIS INPUT DATA DEFINED (Y/N)? Yinput file TRNSLT.DAT
parameters defined;

CALIBRATION CURVE AND MANUAL SETTINGS DATA: see appendix 9.

(1)RESISTOR FOR CELL CURRENT DETERMINATION (KOHM) = 2.0000

(2)INITIAL MANUAL AZIMUTH SETTINGS OF POLARIZERS AND COMPENSATOR:

POLARIZER(DEG) = 17.0000
ANALYZER(DEG) = 125.0000
QTR. WAVE(DEG) = 135.0000

(3)INCREMENTAL MANUAL ADJUSTMENTS OF POLARIZERS DURING EXPERIMENT:

POLARIZER(DEG) = 10.0000

ANALYZER(DEG) = 10.0000
FLAG TOLERANCE = 0.0000

(4)FARADAY CELL CALIBRATION CURVE EQUATION PARAMETERS:

POLARIZER-

SLOPE (DEG/ADCU) = 0.0105
INTERCEPT (DEG) = 0.0000
GAIN DURING CALIBRATION= 3

ANALYZER-

SLOPE (DEG/ADCU) = 0.0105
INTERCEPT (DEG) = 0.0000
GAIN DURING CALIBRATION= 3

(5)OUTPUT FILE OPTIONS:

OPTION = 1

1=FILE CREATED WITH REDUCED DATA
2=NO OUTPUT FILE CREATED

Appendix 8 (continued).

INTERCEPT(DEG) = 0.0000
 GAIN DURING CALIBRATION= 3

(5) OUTPUT FILE OPTIONS:

OPTION = 1

1=FILE CREATED WITH REDUCED DATA
 2=NO OUTPUT FILE CREATED

TIME OPTION = 4

1=DATA POINT OUTPUT OR STORED IN PLOTTING ARRAY FOR EVERY HOUR
 2=FOR EVERY MINUTE
 3=FOR EVERY SECOND
 4=ALL DATA POINTS OUTPUT OR STORED IN PLOTTING ARRAY
 5=NO DATA POINTS OUTPUT OR STORED IN PLOTTING ARRAY

ANGLE CONVERSION OPTION = 2

1-AZIMUTH READINGS CONVERTED TO DELTA AND PSI USING STANDARD FORMULAS
 2-USING ROTATED ANGLE FORMULAS

FILE NAME OF DATA = DY1CVFBAU006data file converted

DO YOU WISH TO LIST RUN INFORMATION ? Y

ID = PB ON AU - 10RHOD-B - -0.6V DC

DURATION OF RUN "HRS:MIN:SEC:TIC" = 0: 3: 0: 0

NUMBER OF CHANNELS = 6

NUMBER	LOC N	GAIN	PERIOD,TIC	RANGE	UNITS	NAME AND COMMENT
1	0	3	30	0		POL
2	1	3	30	0		ANA
3	2	3	30	0		POTENTIAL
4	3	3	30	0		CURRENT
5	4	3	30	0		PFLAG
6	5	3	30	0		AFLAG

THE DATA AVAILABLE FOR PLOTTING:creation of formatted output data file PLTDAT.DAT

TIME	POL(DEG)	ANA(DEG)	VOLTS(MV)	AMPS(MA)	DEL(DEG)	PSI(DEG)
0: 0: 0:29	31.464	131.248	-202.637	-0.610	27.072	41.248
0: 0: 0:59	31.300	130.966	-202.637	-0.305	27.239	40.966

Appendix 8 (continued).

Listing of TRNSLT

```

PROGRAM TRNSLT
C*****
C   THIS IS THE MAIN PROGRAM CONTROLLING THE DATA DECODING AND
C   CONVERSION FROM ON-LINE ELLIPSO METER EXPERIMENTS.
C*****
COMMON/JTIME0/JHR50,JMIN0,JSECO,JFLAG
COMMON/DATPLT/TIME(512),PLTDAT(512,7),NDATA
COMMON/ZAP/JPZAP,JAZAP
COMMON/EXPDAT/P,A,VOLT,AMPS,POLMAN,ANAMAN
COMMON/HANSET/POLOAZ,ANAOAZ,ADJPOL,ADJANA,C
COMMON/CHGAIN/IGP,IGA,IGCP,IGCC,TOL
COMMON/CALBRT/RESIST,PSLOPE,ASLOPE,PYINT,AYINT,IGPCAL,IGACAL
COMMON/ELLIPS/D,S
COMMON/OPTDAT/OPTION,TIMOPT,ANGOPT
INTEGER*2 OPTION,TIMOPT,ANGOPT
COMMON/FILDAT/ARRAY(16),T
TYPE 1
1 FORMAT(/,$ LOAD DISK WITH DATA TO BE DECODED INTO DISK DRIVE
1 "DY1:" AND THEN "RETURN".)
ACCEPT 2,NWAIT
2 FORMAT(I1)
C*****
C   THE FILE "TRNSLT.DAT" CONTAINS BASELINE ELLIPSO METER PARAMETERS
C   AND PARAMETERS RELATED TO THE ELECTROCHEMICAL EXPERIMENT SUCH AS
C   THE MANUAL AZIMUTH SETTINGS, RESISTOR VALUES, ETC.
C*****
OPEN(UNIT=1,NAME='DY1:TRNSLT.DAT',TYPE='OLD')
READ(1,10)RESIST
TYPE 10,RESIST
READ(1,10)POLOAZ,ANAOAZ,ADJPOL,ADJANA,C,TOL
TYPE 10,POLOAZ,ANAOAZ,ADJPOL,ADJANA,C,TOL
READ(1,11)PSLOPE,ASLOPE,PYINT,AYINT,IGPCAL,IGACAL
TYPE 11,PSLOPE,ASLOPE,PYINT,AYINT,IGPCAL,IGACAL
READ(1,12)OPTION,TIMOPT,ANGOPT
TYPE 12,OPTION,TIMOPT,ANGOPT
TYPE 3
3 FORMAT(/,$ DO YOU WANT THIS INPUT DATA DEFINED (Y/N)? )
ACCEPT 4,IDEFIN
4 FORMAT(1A)
IF(IDEFIN.EQ.1HN)GOTO 5
C*****
C   SUBROUTINE "DEFINE" IS CALLED FROM THE MAIN PROGRAM "TRNSLT" TO
C   DEFINE INPUT PARAMETERS READ FROM "TRNSLT.DAT" FOR THE OPERATOR.
C*****
CALL DEFINE
5 CONTINUE
IF(OPTION.NE.1)GOTO 6

```

Appendix 8 (continued).

```
C*****
C   THE FILE "PLTDAT.DAT" IS USED FOR WRITING THE CONVERTED DATA.
C*****
  OPEN(UNIT=2,NAME='DY1:PLTDAT.DAT',TYPE='UNKNOWN',INITIALSIZE=100)
  6 CONTINUE
 10 FORMAT(10X,6(F10.4))
 11 FORMAT(10X,4(F10.4),2(9X,I1))
 12 FORMAT(10X,4(9X,I1))
  NDATA=1
  JFLAG=1
  JPZAP=0
  JAZAP=0
C*****
C   SUBROUTINE "DECODE" IS USED TO ACTUALLY DECODE THE ORIGINAL
C   UNFORMATED DATA FILE FOR A GIVEN EXPERIMENT.  VARIOUS DATA
C   REDUCTION SUBROUTINES ARE ACCESSED FROM THIS SUBROUTINE.  THE
C   OUTPUT FILE "PLTDAT.DAT" IS CREATED BY A SUBROUTINE ("OUTPUT")
C   CALLED FROM "DECODE".
C*****
  CALL DECODE
C*****
C   SUBROUTINE "PLOT" IS CALLED AND IS A GENERAL PURPOSE PLOTTING
C   SUBROUTINE WRITTEN FOR THE VT-55 GRAPHICS TERMINAL AND ALLOWS
C   VARIOUS COMBINATIONS OF EXPERIMENTAL PARAMETERS TO BE PLOTTED
C   AGAINST ONE ANOTHER.
C*****
  CALL PLOT
  STOP
  END
```

Appendix 8 (continued).

```
      SUBROUTINE CHGTME(TIME1,IHRS,IMIN,ISEC,ITIC)
C*****
C   THIS SUBROUTINE CONVERTS THE TIME IN "TICS" TO HOURS, MINUTES,
C   SECONDS, AND TICS.
C*****
      THRS=TIME1
      IHRS=THRS/216000.
      TMIN=THRS-IHRS*216000.
      IMIN=TMIN/3600.
      TSEC=TMIN-IMIN*3600.
      ISEC=TSEC/60.
      TTIC=TSEC-ISEC*60.
      ITIC=TTIC
      RETURN
      END
```


Appendix 8 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE DECODE
C*****
C   SUBROUTINE "DECODE" IS A VARIATION OF THE MAIN DATA DECODING
C   PROGRAM "DECODE".  THE PURPOSE OF THIS SUBROUTINE IS TO CONVERT
C   THE UNFORMATTED EXPERIMENTAL DATA FILES INTO A STANDARD FORM
C   MORE EASILY USED BY AUXILIARY FORTRAN DATA REDUCTION SUBROUTINES.
C   SEVERAL OF THESE AUXILIARY SUBROUTINES ARE THEN CALLED FROM
C   "DECODE".
C*****
COMMON/JTIMEQ/JHR50,JMIN0,JSECO,JFLAG
COMMON/DATFLT/TIME(512),PLTDAT(512,7),NDATA
COMMON/ZAP/JFZAP,JAZAP
COMMON/EXPDAT/P,A,VOLT,AMPS,POLMAN,ANAMAN
COMMON/MANSET/POLOAZ,ANAOAZ,ADJPOL,ADJANA,C
COMMON/CHGAIN/IGP,IGA,IGCP,IGCC,TOL
COMMON/CALBRT/RESIST,PSLOPE,ASLOPE,PYINT,AYINT,IGFCAL,IGACAL
COMMON/ELLIPS/D,S
COMMON/OPTDAT/OPTION,TIMOPT,ANGOPT
INTEGER*2 OPTION,TIMOPT,ANGOPT
COMMON/FILDAT/ARRAY(16),T
COMMON/ISSETUP/NUM,LIS(16,16),ID(20),LENGTH(4)
COMMON/IRUND/COUNT(16),IBUFF(768)
INTEGER*2 DATA(16),CHANNEL(16),CHAN,RD,INP
INTEGER*4 NAME(3),BDLK(2)
DIMENSION TIM(16)
C*****GET FILE NAME FROM USER*****
TYPE 1
1   FORMAT(/,'$',4X,'FILE NAME OF DATA = ')
   ACCEPT 2,(NAME(I),I=1,3)
2   FORMAT(3A4)
C*****CONVERT THE FILE NAME INTO THE CORRECT FORMAT*****
N=IRAD50(12,NAME,BDLK)
C*****OPEN A CHANNEL FOR FILE INPUT*****
ICHAN=IGETC(I)
IF(ICHAN.LT.0)STOP 'CANNOT ALLOCATE CHANNEL'
IF(LOOKUP(ICHAN,BDLK).LT.0)STOP 'BAD LOOKUP'
C*****READ THE FIRST BLOCK OF DATA*****
IBLOCK=0
CALL READ(IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN)
C*****DECODE THE "ID" OF THE DATA*****
DO 100, I=1,20
ID(I)=IBUFF(I)
100 CONTINUE
C*****DECODE THE NUMBER OF CHANNELS (NUM) AND THE RUN DURATION (LENGTH)*
NUM=IBUFF(21)
LENGTH(1)=IBUFF(22)
LENGTH(2)=IBUFF(23)
LENGTH(3)=IBUFF(24)
LENGTH(4)=IBUFF(25)
STOPT=216000.*LENGTH(1)+3600.*LENGTH(2)+60.*LENGTH(3)+LENGTH(4)

```

Appendix 8 (continued).

```

C*****READ SECOND BLOCK OF DATA; GET SETUP INFO PERTAINING TO DATA*****
  CALL READ(IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN)
  DO 200,I=1,NUM
  DO 200 J=1,16
  LIS(J,I)=IBUFF((I-1)*16+J)
200  CONTINUE
C*****ASK USER IF A LIST OF RUN INFO IS NEEDED*****
1001 TYPE 3
3   FORMAT(/,'$',4X,'DO YOU WISH TO LIST RUN INFORMATION ? ')
   ACCEPT 4,INP
4   FORMAT(A1)
   IF((INP.NE.1HY).AND.(INP.NE.1HN))GOTO 1001
   IF(INP.NE.1HY)GOTO 1002
C*****TYPE HEADING OF THE DATA*****
  TYPE 5,(ID(I),I=1,20)
5   FORMAT(/,5X,'ID = ',20A2)
  TYPE 6,(LENGTH(I),I=1,4)
6   FORMAT(/,5X,'DURATION OF RUN "HRS:MIN:SEC:TIC" = ',3(I2,':'),I2)
  TYPE 7,NUM,(K,(LIS(M,K),M=1,16),K=1,NUM)
7   FORMAT (//,5X,'NUMBER OF CHANNELS = ',I2,//,
1     5X,'NUMBER',2X,'LOC N',3X,'GAIN',4X,'PERIOD,TIC',2X,'RANGE',
2     3X,'UNITS',3X,'NAME AND COMMENT',//,
3     (6X,I2,6X,I2,6X,I2,6X,I4,8X,I2,5X,2A2,6X,10A2))
C*****ASK IF THE USER WANTS TO PRINT OUT THE COLLECTED DATA*****
1002 CONTINUE
C*****SET UP THE INITIAL CONDITION*****
  IF(OPTION.NE.1)GOTO 1005
  WRITE(2,8)(ID(I),I=1,20)
8   FORMAT(/,5X,20A2)
1005 CONTINUE
  J=0
  T=0
  DO 400,I=1,NUM
  TIM(I)=-1
400  CONTINUE
C*****READ THE BUFFER*****
1004 CALL READ(IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN)
C*****DECODE THE BUFFER*****
  DO 500,I=1,256
C*****DECODE EACH WORD*****
  CHAN=(((("170000.AND.IBUFF(I))/4096).AND."17")+1
  RD=IBUFF(I).AND."7777
C*****EXTEND THE SIGN BIT FOR BIPOLAR SIGNAL*****
  IF(RD.AND."4000)RD=RD.OR."170000
C*****RECONSTRUCT THE TIME BY CALCULATION*****
  TIM(CHAN)=TIM(CHAN)+LIS(3,CHAN)

```

Appendix 8 (continued).

```

C*****IF THE TIME HASN'T CHANGED, RECORD THIS DATA AND GO TO NEXT PT.**
      IF(TIM(CHAN).LE.T)GOTO 600
C*****
C      THE TIME IN "TICS" IS CONVERTED TO HOURS, MINUTES, SECONDS, AND
C      TICS. NOTE THAT A TIC IS DEFINED AS 1/60 TH OF A SECOND.
C*****
      THRS=T
      IHRS=THRS/216000.
      TMIN=THRS-IHRS*216000.
      IMIN=TMIN/3600.
      TSEC=TMIN-IMIN*3600.
      ISEC=TSEC/60.
      TTIC=TSEC-ISEC*60.
      ITIC=TTIC
      IF(T.EQ.0.0)GOTO 300
      IGP=LIS(2,1)
      IGA=LIS(2,2)
      IGCP=LIS(2,3)
      IGCC=LIS(2,4)
      DO 700 IJK=1,6
700   ARRAY(IJK)=DATA(IJK)
      CALL OUTPUT
C*****
C      SUBROUTINE "OUTPUT" IS CALLED. THIS SUBROUTINE ACTUALLY CONTROLS
C      (1) THE WRITING OF THE CONVERTED DATA TO "PLTDAT.DAT" VIA SUBROU-
C      TIME "LOOF", (2) THE CONVERSION OF THE QUANTITIES READ FROM A/D
C      CONVERTORS TO USEFUL NUMBERS SUCH AS THE POLARIZER AND ANALYZER
C      AZIMUTHS VIA THE "CALIBRATION CURVE" SUBROUTINE "CONVRT", (3) THE
C      CONVERSION OF POLARIZER AND ANALYZER AZIMUTHS TO THE ELLIPSOMETER
C      PARAMETERS "PSI" AND "DELTA". THE "PSI" AND "DELTA" CONVERSION IS
C      DONE BY ANOTHER SUBROUTINE, "DELPSI", WHICH IS CALLED FROM WITHIN
C      SUBROUTINE "CONVRT".
C*****
C*****RESET THE PRINTING PARAMETER*****
300   J=0
      T=TIM(CHAN)
C*****IF THE TIME IS UP, RETURN*****
      IF(T.GT.STOPT)GOTO 1003
600   J=J+1
      DATA(J)=RD
      CHANNEL(J)=CHAN
500   CONTINUE
C*****IF THE TIME IS NOT UP, READ THE NEXT BUFFER*****
      IF(T.LT.STOPT)GOTO 1004
1003  RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE READ(IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN)
      IERROR=IREADW(256,IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN)
      IF(IERROR.LT.0) GOTO 2000
      IBLOCK=IBLOCK+1
      RETURN
2000  STOP 'FATAL READ'
      END

```

Appendix 8 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE CONVRT
C*****
C THIS SUBROUTINE USES CALIBRATION CURVE DATA FOR THE ELLIPSDMETER
C FARADAY CELLS TO CONVERT A/D READINGS CORRESPONDING TO FARADAY
C CELL CURRENT TO AZIMUTHS OF ROTATION. THE CELL POTENTIAL AND
C CELL CURRENTS ARE ALSO COMPUTED IN MILLIVOLTS AND MILLIAMPS.
C THESE CALIBRATION CURVES TAKE INTO ACCOUNT VARIABLE CHANNEL GAIN
C BETWEEN THE CALIBRATION RUNS AND EXPERIMENTS.
C*****
COMMON/ZAP/JPZAP,JAZAP
COMMON/EXPDAT/P,A,VOLT,AMPS,POLMAN,ANAMAN
COMMON/MANSET/POLOAZ,ANAOAZ,ADJPOL,ADJANA,C
COMMON/CHGAIN/IGP,IGA,IGCP,IGCC,TOL
COMMON/CALBRT/RESIST,PSLOPE,ASLOPE,PYINT,AYINT,IGPCAL,IGACAL
COMMON/ELLIPS/D,S
COMMON/OPTDAT/OPTION,TIMOPT,ANGOPT
INTEGER*2 OPTION,TIMOPT,ANGOPT
IF(POLMAN.GT.-TOL.AND.POLMAN.LT.TOL)GOTO 1000
IF(ANAMAN.GT.-TOL.AND.ANAMAN.LT.TOL)GOTO 1100
C*****
C THESE ARE THE LINEAR EQUATIONS FOR THE CONVERSION.
C*****
P=(PSLOPE*P+PYINT)*(2**IGP/2**IGPCAL)+POLOAZ
A=(ASLOPE*A+AYINT)*(2**IGA/2**IGACAL)+ANAOAZ
VOLT=((VOLT*10.)/(2048.*(2**IGCP)))*1000.
AMPS=(AMPS*10.)/(RESIST*2.048*(2**IGCC))
JPZAP=0
JAZAP=0
C*****
C SUBROUTINE "DELPSI" IS A SPECIAL SUBROUTINE THAT, GIVEN THE
C QUARTER WAVE PLATE, POLARIZER, AND ANALYZER AZIMUTH ANGLES,
C COMPUTES "PSI" AND "DELTA" USING THE CONVERSION FORMULAS FOR THE
C APPROPRIATE ZONE.
C*****
CALL DELPSI
GOTO 2000
1000 JPZAP=JPZAP+1
C*****
C THIS "SCREENING" STEP INCREMENTS THE MANUAL POLARIZER AND ANALYZER
C AZIMUTHS WHEN IT DETECTS THAT MANUAL ADJUSTMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE TO
C KEEP THE SIGNAL IN THE RANGE OF THE FARADAY CELLS. RECALL THAT
C CHANNELS 5 AND 6 ARE USED TO FLAG THE DATA DURING SUCH ADJUSTMENTS.
C*****
IF(JPZAP.NE.1)GOTO 1200
POLOAZ=POLOAZ+ADJPOL
GOTO 1200
1100 JAZAP=JAZAP+1
IF(JAZAP.NE.1)GOTO 1200
ANAOAZ=ANAOAZ+ADJANA
1200 P=0.
A=0.
VOLT=0.
AMPS=0.
POLMAN=0.
ANAMAN=0.
D=0.
S=0.
2000 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 8 (continued).

SUBROUTINE DELPSI

```

C*****
C THIS PROGRAM, GIVEN THE POLARIZER, QUARTER WAVE PLATE, AND
C ANALYZER AZIMUTH ANGLES COMPUTES "PSI" AND "DELTA" USING THE
C APPROPRIATE ZONE CONVERSION FORMULAS.
C*****
      INTEGER*2 PFLAG,AFLAG,CFLAG,FLAG
      COMMON/EXPDAT/P,A,VOLT,AMPS,POLMAN,ANAMAN
      COMMON/MANSET/POLOAZ,ANAOAZ,ADJPOL,ADJANA,C
      COMMON/ELLIPS/D,S
      COMMON/OPTDAT/OPTION,TIMOPT,ANGOPT
      INTEGER*2 OPTION,TIMOPT,ANGOPT
      D=0.
      S=0.
      PFLAG=0
      GOTO 6
5 P=P+180.
6 CONTINUE
  IF(P.LE.180.)PFLAG=400
  IF(P.LE.135.)PFLAG=300
  IF(P.LE. 90.)PFLAG=200
  IF(P.LE. 45.)PFLAG=100
  IF(P.LE.  0.)GOTO 5
  AFLAG=0
  GOTO 8
7 A=A+180.
8 CONTINUE
  IF(A.LE.180.)AFLAG=20
  IF(A.LE. 90.)AFLAG=10
  IF(A.LT.  0.)GOTO 7
  CFLAG=0
  IF(C.EQ.45.)CFLAG=1
  IF(C.EQ.135.)CFLAG=2
  FLAG=PFLAG+AFLAG+CFLAG
  IF(ANGOPT.NE.2)GOTO 180
  IF(FLAG.NE.312)GOTO 10
  D=270.-2.*P
  S=90.-A
10 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.411)GOTO 20
  D=2.*P-270.
  S=90.-A
20 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.122)GOTO 30
  D=90.-2.*P
  S=A-90.
30 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.221)GOTO 40
  D=2.*P-90.
  S=A-90.

```

Appendix 8 (continued).

```

40 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.321)GOTO 50
  D=2.*P-90.
  S=A-90.
50 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.422)GOTO 60
  D=450.-2.*P
  S=A-90.
60 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.111)GOTO 70
  D=2.*P-90.
  S=90.-A
70 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.212)GOTO 80
  D=270.-2.*P
  S=90.-A
80 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.322)GOTO 90
  D=450.-2.*P
  S=A-90.
90 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.421)GOTO 100
  D=2.*P-90.
  S=A-90.
100 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.112)GOTO 110
  D=270.-2.*P
  S=90.-A
110 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.211)GOTO 120
  D=2.*P+90.
  S=90.-A
120 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.311)GOTO 130
  D=2.*P+90.
  S=90.-A
130 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.412)GOTO 140
  D=630.-2.*P
  S=90.-A
140 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.121)GOTO 150
  D=2.*P+270.
  S=A-90.
150 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.222)GOTO 160
  D=450.-2.*P
  S=A-90.
160 CONTINUE
  IF(D.EQ.0.0.AND.S.EQ.0.0)TYPE 170
  IF(D.EQ.0.0.AND.S.EQ.0.0)STOP
170 FORMAT(/,1X,'*PROBABLE ELLIPSO METER ANGLE CONVERSION ERROR IN
C SUBROUTINE "PSIDEL" DETECTED;/,/, ' EXECUTION TERMINATED*')
  GOTO 1180

```

Appendix 8 (continued).

```

180 CONTINUE
    IF(ANGOFT.NE.1)GOTO 1180
    IF(FLAG.NE.121)GOTO 1010
    D=90.-2.*P
    S=180.-A
1010 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.222)GOTO 1020
    D=2.*P-90.
    S=180.-A
1020 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.311)GOTO 1030
    D=270.-2.*P
    S=A
1030 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.412)GOTO 1040
    D=2.*P-270.
    S=A
1040 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.112)GOTO 1050
    D=90.+2.*P
    S=A
1050 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.211)GOTO 1060
    D=270.-2.*P
    S=A
1060 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.322)GOTO 1070
    D=2.*P-90.
    S=180.-A
1070 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.421)GOTO 1080
    D=450.-2.*P
    S=180.-A
1080 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.111)GOTO 1090
    D=270.-2.*P
    S=A
1090 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.212)GOTO 1100
    D=2.*P+90.
    S=A
1100 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.321)GOTO 1110
    D=450.-2.*P
    S=180.-A
1110 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.422)GOTO 1120
    D=2.*P-90.
    S=180.-A
1120 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.122)GOTO 1130
    D=2.*P+270.
    S=180.-A

```

Appendix 8 (continued).

```
1130 CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.221)GOTO 1140
      D=450.-2.*P
      S=180.-A
1140 CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.312)GOTO 1150
      D=2.*P+90.
      S=A
1150 CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.411)GOTO 1160
      D=630.-2.*P
      S=A
1160 CONTINUE
      IF(D.EQ.0.0.AND.S.EQ.0.0)TYPE 170
      IF(D.EQ.0.0.AND.S.EQ.0.0)STOP
1180 CONTINUE
      IF(ANGOPT.EQ.1.OR.ANGOPT.EQ.2)GOTO 2010
      TYPE 2000
2000 FORMAT(/,1X,'*INCORRECT OPTION CODE SPECIFIED IN SUBROUTINE
      C "PSIDEL" SO EXECUTION WAS TERMINATED*')
2010 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```


Appendix 8 (continued).

```

PROGRAM PLOTTER
C*****
C THE PURPOSE OF "PLOTTER" IS TO ACCESS SUBROUTINE "PLOT" AND THE
C DATA FILE "PLTDAT.DAT" SO THAT THE DATA CAN BE PLOTTED ON THE
C VT-55 SCREEN. A HARD COPY OF THE DATA IN THAT FILE CAN ALSO
C BE OBTAINED THROUGH EXECUTION OF PLOTTER.
C*****
COMMON/DATPLT/TIME(512),PLTDAT(512,7),NDATA
DIMENSION ID(20)
TYPE 1
1 FORMAT(/,$ LOAD DISK WITH DATA TO BE PLOTTED INTO DISK DRIVE
C "DY1:" AND "RETURN".)
ACCEPT 2,NWAIT
2 FORMAT(I1)
OPEN(UNIT=1,NAME='DY1:PLTDAT.DAT',TYPE='OLD')
TYPE 3
3 FORMAT(/,$ AT WHAT INDEX IS THE READING TO BE STARTED (I5)?)
ACCEPT 4,NSTART
4 FORMAT(I5)
TYPE 5
5 FORMAT(/,$ HOW MANY DATA POINTS ARE TO BE READ (I5)?)
ACCEPT 6,NDATA
6 FORMAT(I5)
TYPE 7
7 FORMAT(/,$ WOULD YOU LIKE A "HARDCOPY" OF DATA TO BE
C PLOTTED (Y/N)?)
ACCEPT 8,IHDCPY
8 FORMAT(1A)
READ(1,9)(ID(I),I=1,20)
9 FORMAT(/,5X,20A2)
IF(IHDCPY.NE.1HY)GOTO 1000
PRINT 9,(ID(I),I=1,20)
1000 CONTINUE
IF(NSTART.EQ.1)GOTO 1500
DO 100 I=1,NSTART-1
100 READ(1,10)TIME(I),(PLTDAT(I,J),J=1,7)
10 FORMAT(1X,F9.0,7(1X,F9.3))
1500 CONTINUE
DO 200 I=1,NDATA
READ(1,10)TIME(I),(PLTDAT(I,J),J=1,7)
IF(IHDCPY.NE.1HY)GOTO 2000
PRINT 10,TIME(I),(PLTDAT(I,J),J=1,7)
2000 CONTINUE
200 CONTINUE
CALL PLOT
STOP
END

```

Appendix 8 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE PLOT
C*****
C   THIS IS A GENERAL PURPOSE PLOTTING ROUTINE WRITTEN FOR THE VT55
C   GRAPHICS TERMINAL.
C*****
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
DIMENSION ALPHA(512)
DIMENSION IX(512),IY(235)
COMMON/DATPLT/TIME(512),PLTDAT(512,7),NDATA
LOGICAL*1 IYLABL(24)
C*****
C   INITIALIZATION OF STATUS WORDS FOR THE "PLOT55" SUBROUTINE.
C*****
IFLAG=0
DO 1000 I=1,16
1000 ISTAT(I)=0
CALL WIFE01
MAXDAT=NDATA
DO 1100 I=1,MAXDAT
1100 ALPHA(I)=TIME(I)
C*****
C   THE OPERATOR IS CONSULTED TO DETERMINE EXACTLY WHAT GRAPHICS ARE
C   WANTED. THERE ARE TWO TYPES OF PLOTS AVAILABLE: (1) CHANNEL VS
C   CHANNEL, OR (2) CHANNEL VS TIME. CHANNELS FOR THE "TRNSLT" MAIN
C   PROGRAM HAVE BEEN ASSIGNED AS:
C       CH1 = POLARIZER      (DEGREES)
C       CH2 = ANALYZER      (DEGREES)
C       CH3 = CELL POTENTIAL (MV)
C       CH4 = CELL CURRENT  (MA)
C       CH5 = MEASURED DELTA (DEGREES)
C       CH6 = MEASURED PSI  (DEGREES)
C   ALTERNATIVELY, THE MAIN PROGRAM "FLMFIT" ASSIGNS CHANNELS FOR
C   THE PLOTTING ROUTINE AS:
C       CH1 = FILM THICKNESS (ANGSTROMS)
C       CH2 = COMPOSITE ERROR (DEGREES)
C       CH3 = CELL POTENTIAL (MV)
C       CH4 = CELL CURRENT  (MA)
C       CH5 = CALCULATED DELTA(DEGREES)
C       CH6 = CALCULATED PSI (DEGREES)
C*****
TYPE 41
41 FORMAT(/'$ ARE ANY CHANNEL-CHANNEL PLOTS WANTED (Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 42,MANYCC
42 FORMAT(1A)
IF(MANYCC.EQ.1HY)GOTO 1500
GOTO 315
1600 IFLAG=1
DO 1200 I=1,MAXDAT
1200 TIME(I)=ALPHA(I)
TYPE 43
43 FORMAT(/,2X,'THE X-AXIS NOW CORRESPONDS TO TIME.')
GOTO 1700

```

Appendix 8 (continued).

```

1500 TYPE 50
      50 FORMAT(// '$ WHAT CHANNEL CORRESPONDS TO THE X-AXIS? ')
      ACCEPT 60,NCHX
      60 FORMAT(I2)
1700 TYPE 70
      70 FORMAT(// '$ WHAT CHANNEL CORRESPONDS TO THE Y-AXIS? ')
      ACCEPT 80,NCHY
      80 FORMAT(I2)
      TYPE 90
      90 FORMAT(// '$ AT WHAT DATA INDEX SHOULD THE PLOT BE STARTED? ')
      ACCEPT 100,NMIN
      100 FORMAT(I4)
      NMIN=NMIN-1
      109 TYPE 110
      110 FORMAT(// '$ HOW MANY POINTS ARE TO BE PLOTTED? ')
      ACCEPT 120,NMAX
      120 FORMAT(I4)
      IF(NMAX.GT.512)GOTO 109
      TYPE 130
      130 FORMAT(// '$ WHAT IS THE X-OFFSET? ')
      ACCEPT 140,XOFFST
      140 FORMAT(F10.0)
      TYPE 150
      150 FORMAT(// '$ WHAT IS THE Y-OFFSET? ')
      ACCEPT 160,YOFFST
      160 FORMAT(F10.0)
      TYPE 170
      170 FORMAT(// '$ WHAT IS THE NORMALIZATION FACTOR FOR X-VALUES? ')
      ACCEPT 180,XNORM
      180 FORMAT(F10.0)
      TYPE 190
      190 FORMAT(// '$ WHAT IS THE NORMALIZATION FACTOR FOR Y-VALUES? ')
      ACCEPT 191,YNORM
      191 FORMAT(F10.0)
      TYPE 192
      192 FORMAT(// '$ ARE THE SCALES OF THE AXES TO BE PRINTED (Y/N)? ')
      ACCEPT 193,IDRIGN
      193 FORMAT(A1)
C*****
C   NORMALIZATION OF THE DATA TO FIT IT ONTO THE CRT SCREEN.
C*****
      X0=-XOFFST*50.
      Y0=-YOFFST*50.
      XDIV=50.*XNORM
      YDIV=50.*YNORM
      DO 210 I=1,NMAX
      IF(IFLAG.NE.0)GOTO 201
      IX(I)=(XOFFST+PLTDAT(I+NMIN,NCHX))/XNORM
      GOTO 202
      201 IX(I)=(XOFFST+TIME(I+NMIN))/XNORM
      202 IY(I)=(YOFFST+PLTDAT(I+NMIN,NCHY))/YNORM
      210 TYPE 220,IX(I),IY(I)
      220 FORMAT(2(15X,10I))
      TYPE 240
      240 FORMAT(// '$ ARE DATA POINTS TO BE CONNECTED BY LINES (Y/N)? ')
      ACCEPT 250,ILINE
      250 FORMAT(A1)

```

Appendix 8 (continued).

```

C*****
C   THIS SERIES OF SUBROUTINES CREATES THE GRAPH DESIRED, USING
C   VARIATIONS OF "PLOT55".  THE SUBROUTINE FUNCTIONS ARE:
C       "GRAF01" - PLOTS DATA POINTS ON SCREEN
C       "LINE01" - DRAWS LINES (INTERPOLATES) BETWEEN POINTS
C       "LABEL " - LABELS AXES (NOT USED CURRENTLY)
C       "WIPE01" - CLEARS THE CRT SCREEN
C       "GRID01" - PRODUCES A RECTANGULAR GRID AS BACKGROUND FOR THE
C                   GRAPHS PLOTTED
C       "PLOT55" - SOFTWARE "HEART" OF THE VT55 GRAPHICS.....
C                   COMMERCIAL SOFTWARE ONLY AVAILABLE AS AN OBJECTIVE
C                   SUBROUTINE FOR LINKING
C*****
      DO 1800 I=1,16
1800  ISTAT(I)=0
      CALL WIPE01
      CALL PLOT55(2,1+2+4+32+64+512,,ISTAT)
      CALL GRID01
      CALL LABEL('', '')
      IF (IORIGN.NE.1HY) GOTO 1920
      TYPE 1900, X0, Y0
1900  FORMAT(40X, 'GRAPH ORIGIN:  X = ', F8.2, '  Y = ', F8.2)
      TYPE 1910, XDIV, YDIV
1910  FORMAT(40X, 'SCALE DIVISION: X = ', F8.2, '  Y = ', F8.2)
1920  CONTINUE
      CALL GRAF01(NMAX, IX, IY)
      IF (ILINE.NE.1HY) GOTO 2000
      CALL LINE01(NMAX, IX, IY)
2000  READ(5, 2010) KR
2010  FORMAT(I2)
      DO 3000 I=1,16
3000  ISTAT(I)=0
      CALL WIPE01
      IF (IFLAG.EQ.1) GOTO 3400
      TYPE 300
300  FORMAT(/' $ ARE MORE CHANNEL-CHANNEL PLOTS WANTED (Y/N)?  ')
      ACCEPT 310, MORPLOT
310  FORMAT(A1)
      CALL WIPE01
3400  CONTINUE
      IF (IFLAG.EQ.1) GOTO 3500
      IF (MORPLOT.EQ.1HY) GOTO 1500
3500  DO 4000 I=1,16
4000  ISTAT(I)=0
      CALL WIPE01
315  TYPE 320
320  FORMAT(/' $ IS A TIME-CHANNEL PLOT WANTED (Y/N)?  ')
      ACCEPT 330, MORTCP
330  FORMAT(A1)
      IF (MORTCP.EQ.1HY) GOTO 1600
      RETURN
      END

```

Appendix 8 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE GRAFO1(NMAX,IX,IY)
DIMENSION IX(512),IY(235)
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
CALL PLOT55(7,0,0,ISTAT)
CALL PLOT55(1,0,,ISTAT)
DO 1 I=1,NMAX
MXO=IX(I)
MYO=IY(I)
1 CALL PLOT55(3,MXO,MYO,ISTAT)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE LINE01(NMAX,IX,IY)
DIMENSION IX(512),IY(235)
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
DO 1 I=2,NMAX
LOX=IX(I-1)
LOY=IY(I-1)
LFX=IX(I)
LFY=IY(I)
CALL PLOT55(7,LOX,LOY,ISTAT)
1 CALL PLOT55(8,LFX,LFY,ISTAT)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE LABEL(IXLABL,IYLABL)
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
LOGICAL*1 IYLABL(24)
CALL PLOT55(9,0,23,ISTAT)
CALL PLOT55(12,,IXLABL,ISTAT)
DO 3 I=1,24
IF(IYLABL(I).EQ.0)GOTO 4
CALL PLOT55(9,0,I-1,ISTAT)
3 CALL PLOT55(12,1,IYLABL(I),ISTAT)
4 CALL PLOT55(9,0,23,ISTAT)
CALL PLOT55(13,91,,ISTAT)
CALL PLOT55(13,92,,ISTAT)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE WIPE01
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
CALL PLOT55(13,72,,ISTAT)
CALL PLOT55(13,74,,ISTAT)
CALL PLOT55(2,1+512,,ISTAT)
RETURN
END
SUBROUTINE GRID01
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
CALL PLOT55(5,0,1,ISTAT)
DO 1 I=50,500,50
1 CALL PLOT55(5,I,1,ISTAT)
DO 2 I=50,200,50
2 CALL PLOT55(4,1,I,ISTAT)
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 9.

Input Data File TRNSLT.DAT

39 Free blocksend of directory

.TYPE TRNSLT.*to view all data files on DY1: called TRNSLT

Files copied:

DK:TRNSLT.514 to TT:stored data file TRNSLT.514 with Verdet coefficients
for a wavelength of 514.5 nm

2.0					
17.00	125.00	10.00	10.00	135.00	0.00
0.010466	0.010466	0.000000	0.000000	3	3
1	4	2			

DK:TRNSLT.555 to TT:stored data file TRNSLT.555 with Verdet coefficients
for a wavelength of 555.0 nm

2.0					
17.00	125.00	10.00	10.00	135.00	0.00
0.008705	0.008705	0.000000	0.000000	3	3
1	4	2			

DK:TRNSLT.DAT to TT:stored data file TRNSLT.DAT actually read by TRNSLT.SAV

2.0					
17.00	125.00	10.00	10.00	135.00	0.00
0.010466	0.010466	0.000000	0.000000	3	3
1	4	2			

Appendix 10.

Output Data File PLTDAT.DAT

.TYPE PLTDAT.DAT

PB ON AU - 100HDD-B - -0.6V DC

29.	31.464	131.248	-202.637	-0.610	27.072	41.248	0.000
59.	31.380	130.966	-202.637	-0.305	27.239	40.966	0.000
89.	31.684	131.238	-202.637	0.000	26.632	41.238	0.000
119.	31.757	131.416	-202.637	0.000	26.486	41.416	0.000
149.	31.516	131.091	-202.637	0.000	26.967	41.091	0.000
179.	31.181	130.756	-202.026	0.000	27.637	40.756	0.000
209.	31.830	131.363	-202.637	0.000	26.339	41.363	0.000
239.	31.558	131.133	-202.026	-1.221	26.804	41.133	0.000
269.	31.307	131.070	-202.637	0.610	27.386	41.070	0.000
299.	31.977	131.615	-202.637	0.000	26.046	41.615	0.000
329.	31.454	131.144	-202.637	0.610	27.093	41.144	0.000
359.	31.809	131.405	-202.026	-0.305	26.381	41.405	0.000
389.	31.558	131.342	-202.637	0.000	26.804	41.342	0.000
419.	31.642	131.164	-202.637	0.000	26.716	41.164	0.000
449.	31.506	131.269	-202.637	-0.305	26.988	41.269	0.000
479.	31.851	131.353	-202.637	-1.221	26.297	41.353	0.000
509.	31.809	131.374	-202.637	0.000	26.381	41.374	0.000
539.	31.684	131.206	-202.637	0.000	26.632	41.206	0.000
569.	31.569	131.133	-202.637	0.305	26.863	41.133	0.000
599.	31.506	131.133	-202.637	0.916	26.988	41.133	0.000
629.	31.485	130.997	-202.026	-0.916	27.030	40.997	0.000
659.	31.652	131.070	-202.637	0.610	26.695	41.070	0.000
689.	31.412	130.955	-202.637	0.000	27.177	40.955	0.000
719.	31.454	131.039	-202.637	-0.610	27.093	41.039	0.000
749.	31.799	131.290	-202.637	-0.610	26.402	41.290	0.000
779.	31.474	131.290	-202.637	-0.305	27.051	41.290	0.000
809.	31.631	131.018	-202.026	-0.916	26.737	41.018	0.000
839.	32.176	131.803	-191.650	-1.526	25.649	41.803	0.000
869.	31.715	131.196	-178.833	-0.610	26.570	41.196	0.000
899.	31.663	130.997	-164.795	0.305	26.674	40.997	0.000
929.	31.768	131.573	-151.978	0.610	26.465	41.573	0.000
959.	31.621	131.363	-138.550	-0.610	26.758	41.363	0.000
989.	31.579	131.301	-125.122	-0.610	26.842	41.301	0.000
1019.	31.401	131.007	-112.305	0.000	27.198	41.007	0.000
1049.	31.548	130.819	-99.487	0.000	26.905	40.819	0.000
1079.	31.705	131.206	-86.670	-1.221	26.591	41.206	0.000
1109.	31.736	131.384	-73.853	-0.305	26.528	41.384	0.000
1139.	31.359	131.112	-59.814	-1.526	27.261	41.112	0.000
1169.	31.380	131.164	-46.387	-1.221	27.239	41.164	0.000
1199.	31.464	131.531	-33.569	-0.916	27.072	41.531	0.000
1229.	31.474	131.144	-19.531	-1.526	27.051	41.144	0.000
1259.	31.349	130.913	-6.714	-2.441	27.302	40.913	0.000
1289.	31.464	131.175	5.493	-0.610	27.072	41.175	0.000
1319.	31.464	131.217	18.921	-2.136	27.072	41.217	0.000

Appendix 11.

Demonstration of PLOT01 - plotting data file PLTDAT.DAT

39 Free blocksend of directory after DIR command

.RUN DY0:PLOT01running plotting program PLOT01

LOAD DISK WITH DATA TO BE PLOTTED INTO DISK DRIVE "DY1:" AND "RETURN".

AT WHAT INDEX IS THE READING TO BE STARTED (I5)? 1

HOW MANY DATA POINTS ARE TO BE READ (I5)? 300

X-COLUMN = 0

Y-COLUMN = 1

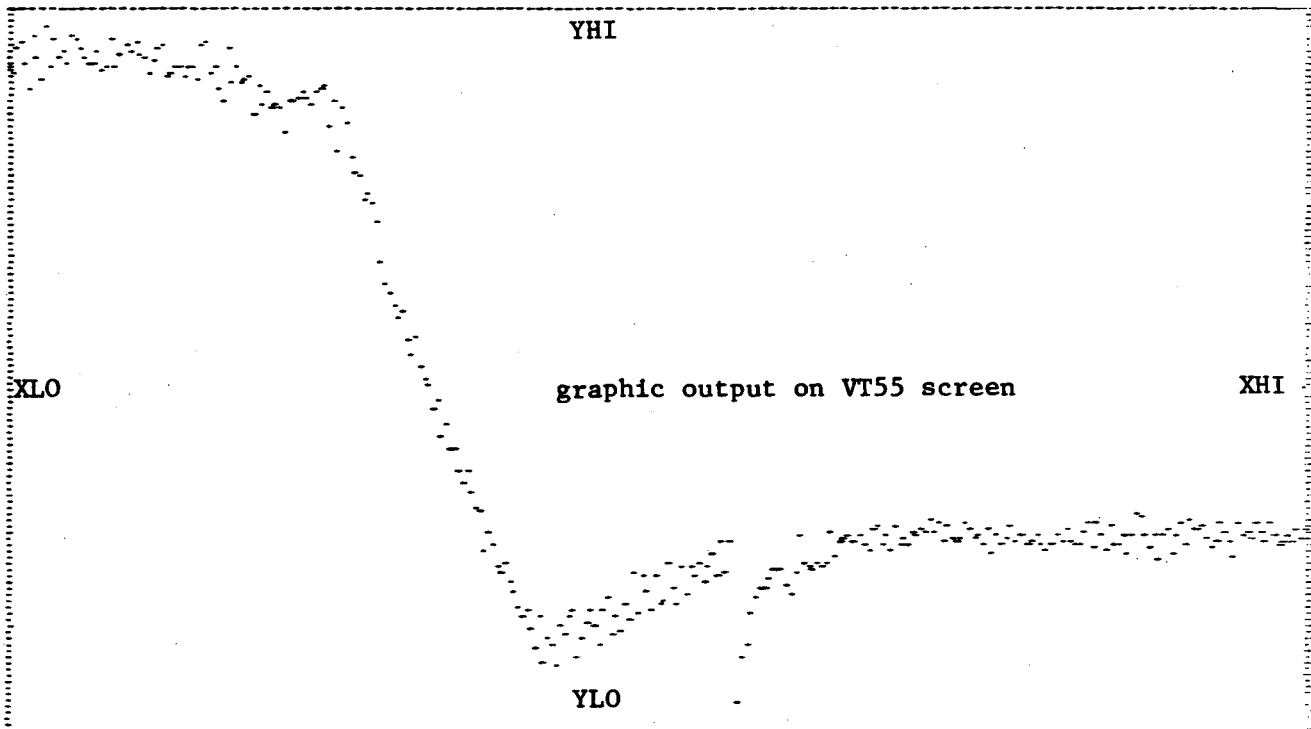
XLO = 0.290000E+02 XHI = 0.899900E+04 X-COLUMN = 0
YLO = 0.230700E+02 YHI = 0.321760E+02 Y-COLUMN = 1

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? N

IS THE GRAPH TO BE LABELED(Y/N)? N

HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE X-AXIS? 1

HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE Y-AXIS? 1



MORE PLOTS(Y/N)? Y

X-COLUMN = 0

Y-COLUMN = 1

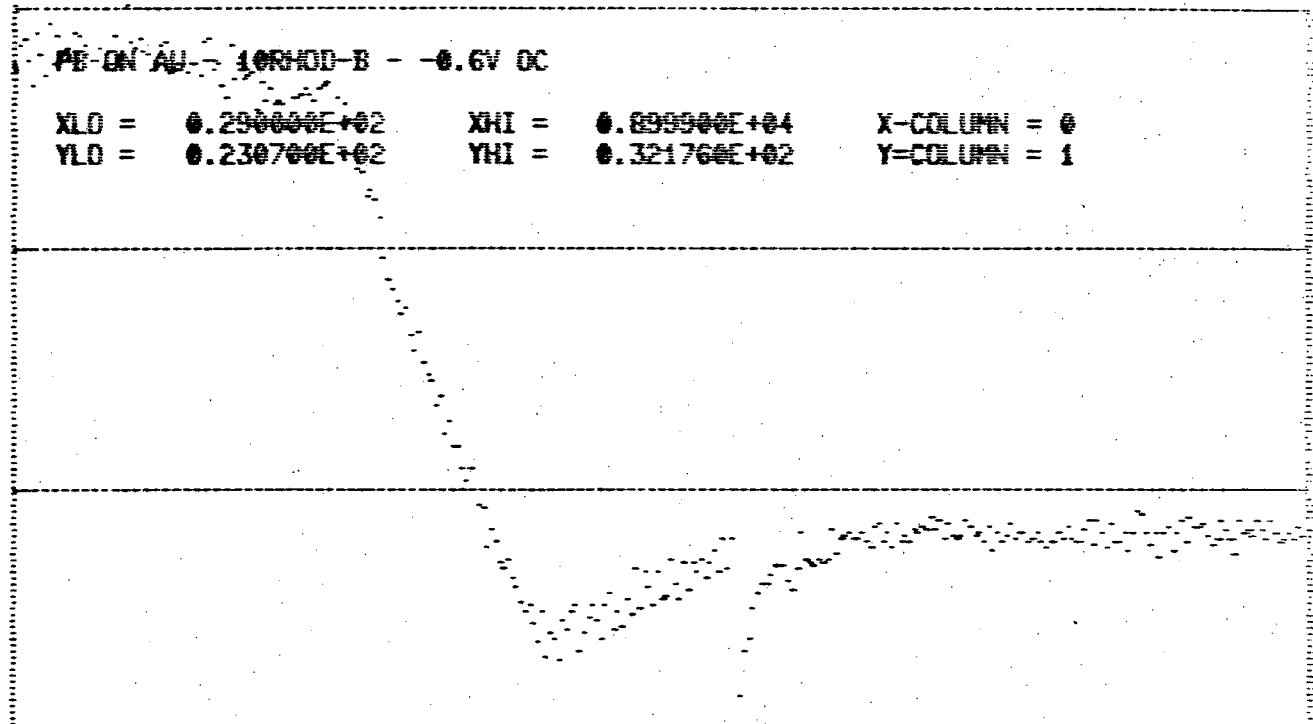
XLO = 0.290000E+02	XHI = 0.899900E+04	X-COLUMN = 0
YLO = 0.230700E+02	YHI = 0.321760E+02	Y-COLUMN = 1

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? N

IS THE GRAPH TO BE LABELED(Y/N)? Y

HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE X-AXIS? 1

HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE Y-AXIS? 3



Listing of PLOT01

```

PROGRAM PLOT01
C*****
C   THE PURPOSE OF "PLOT01" IS TO ACCESS SUBROUTINE "PLOT" AND THE
C   DATA FILE "PLTDAT.DAT" SO THAT THE DATA CAN BE PLOTTED ON THE
C   VT-55 SCREEN.  A HARD COPY OF THE DATA IN THAT FILE CAN ALSO
C   BE OBTAINED THROUGH EXECUTION OF PLOT01.
C*****
      DIMENSION Z(512,8)
      COMMON/ARRAY/ID(20),IX,IY,INDEX,X(512),Y(512)
      COMMON/LIMITS/ILIMX,ILIMY,IGRIDX,IGRIDY,IDELX,IDELY
      COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
      TYPE 1
1   FORMAT(/,'$ LOAD DISK WITH DATA TO BE PLOTTED INTO DISK DRIVE
C   "DY1:" AND "RETURN".')
      ACCEPT 2,NWAIT
2   FORMAT(I1)
      OPEN(UNIT=1,NAME='DY1:PLTDAT.DAT',TYPE='OLD')
      TYPE 3
3   FORMAT(/,'$ AT WHAT INDEX IS THE READING TO BE STARTED (I5)? ')
      ACCEPT 4,NSTART
4   FORMAT(I5)
      TYPE 5
5   FORMAT(/,'$ HOW MANY DATA POINTS ARE TO BE READ (I5)? ')
      ACCEPT 6,NDATA
6   FORMAT(I5)
      INDEX=NDATA
      READ(1,8)(ID(I),I=1,20)
8   FORMAT(/,5X,20A2)
      IF(NSTART.EQ.1)GOTO 1000
      DO 100 I=1,NSTART-1
100  READ(1,10)(Z(I,J),J=1,8)
10   FORMAT(1X,F9.0,7(1X,F9.3))
1000 CONTINUE
      DO 200 I=1,NDATA
      READ(1,10)(Z(I,J),J=1,8)
200  CONTINUE
2000 CONTINUE
      TYPE 11
11  FORMAT(/,'$ X-COLUMN = ')
      ACCEPT 2,IX
      IX=IX+1
      TYPE 12
12  FORMAT(/,'$ Y-COLUMN = ')
      ACCEPT 2,IY
      IY=IY+1
      DO 300 I=1,NDATA
      X(I)=Z(I,IX)
300  Y(I)=Z(I,IY)
      CALL SUBPLT
      TYPE 13
13  FORMAT(/,'$ MORE PLOTS(Y/N)? ')
      ACCEPT 14,MORPLT
14  FORMAT(A1)
      IF(MORPLT.EQ.1HY)GOTO 2000
      STOP
      END

```

```

SUBROUTINE SUBPLT
COMMON/ARRAY/ID(20),IX,IY,INDEX,X(512),Y(512)
COMMON/LIMITS/ILIMX,ILIMY,IGRIDX,IGRIDY,IDELX,IDELEY
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
XLO=X(1)
XHI=X(1)
YLO=Y(1)
YHI=Y(1)
IX=IX-1
IY=IY-1
DO 10 I=2,INDEX
IF(XLO.GT.X(I))XLO=X(I)
IF(XHI.LT.X(I))XHI=X(I)
IF(YLO.GT.Y(I))YLO=Y(I)
IF(YHI.LT.Y(I))YHI=Y(I)
10 CONTINUE
TYPE 1000,XLO,XHI,IX,YLO,YHI,IY
1000 FORMAT(/,5X,'XLO = ',E14.6,5X,'XHI = ',E14.6,5X,'X-COLUMN = ',I1,
1      /,5X,'YLO = ',E14.6,5X,'YHI = ',E14.6,5X,'Y-COLUMN = ',I1)
20 TYPE 1001
1001 FORMAT(/,'$ DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 1002,IF1
1002 FORMAT(A1)
IF(IF1.NE.1HY.AND.IF1.NE.1HN)GOTO 20
IF(IF1.EQ.1HN)GOTO 30
TYPE 1003
1003 FORMAT(/,'$ XLO = ')
ACCEPT 1004,XLO
1004 FORMAT(F10.3)
TYPE 1005
1005 FORMAT(/,'$ XHI = ')
ACCEPT 1004,XHI
TYPE 1006
1006 FORMAT(/,'$ YLO = ')
ACCEPT 1004,YLO
TYPE 1007
1007 FORMAT(/,'$ YHI = ')
ACCEPT 1004,YHI
30 TYPE 1008
1008 FORMAT(/,'$ IS THE GRAPH TO BE LABELED(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 1002,IF2
IF(IF2.NE.1HY.AND.IF2.NE.1HN)GOTO 30

```

Appendix 11 (continued).

```

DO 40 I=1,INDEX
X(I)=(X(I)-XLO)/(XHI-XLO)
40 Y(I)=(Y(I)-YLO)/(YHI-YLO)
TYPE 1009
1009 FORMAT(/,'$ HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE
1 X-AXIS? ')
ACCEPT 1010,IGRIDX
1010 FORMAT(I2)
TYPE 1011
1011 FORMAT(/,'$ HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE
1 Y-AXIS? ')
ACCEPT 1010,IGRIDY
CALL WIPE
CALL PLOT55(2,2+4+32+64,,ISTAT)
ILIMX=511
ILIMY=235
IDELX=ILIMX/IGRIDX
IDELY=ILIMY/IGRIDY
CALL GRID
M=INDEX/2
DO 50 I=1,M
I1=(I-1)*2+1
MX=X(I1)*ILIMX
MY=Y(I1)*ILIMY
CALL PLOT55(1,0,,ISTAT)
CALL PLOT55(3,MX,MY,ISTAT)
I2=I+2
MX=X(I2)*ILIMX
MY=Y(I2)*ILIMY
CALL PLOT55(2,0,,ISTAT)
CALL PLOT55(3,MX,MY,ISTAT)
50 CONTINUE
IF(IF2.NE.1HY)GOTO 60
TYPE 1012,(ID(I),I=1,20)
1012 FORMAT(/,5X,20A2)
TYPE 1000,XLO,XHI,IX,YLO,YHI,IY
60 CONTINUE
ACCEPT 1013,IWAIT
1013 FORMAT(A1)
CALL WIPE
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 11 (continued).

```
SUBROUTINE WIPE
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
DO 1 I=1,16
1 ISTAT(I)=0
CALL PLOT55(13,72,,ISTAT)
CALL PLOT55(13,74,,ISTAT)
CALL PLOT55(2,1+512,,ISTAT)
RETURN
END
```

```
SUBROUTINE GRID
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
COMMON/LIMITS/ILIMX,ILIMY,IGRIDX,IGRIDY,IDELX,IDEY
CALL PLOT55(5,0,1,ISTAT)
CALL PLOT55(4,1,0,ISTAT)
DO 1 I=IDELX,ILIMX,IDEY
1 CALL PLOT55(5,I,1,ISTAT)
DO 2 I=IDEY,ILIMY,IDEY
2 CALL PLOT55(4,1,I,ISTAT)
RETURN
END
```

Appendix 12.

Directory of Working Disk DY0:

.DIR DY0:

19-Jan-83			
SMAP .SYS	24	11-Mar-78	DYMSJ.SYS 63 11-Mar-78
TT .SYS	2	11-Mar-78	PIP .SAV 16 11-Mar-78
LIBR .SAV	18	11-Mar-78	DIR .SAV 17 11-Mar-78
BATCH .SAV	26	11-Mar-78	FILEX .SAV 18 11-Mar-78
SRCOM .SAV	11	11-Mar-78	DUMP .SAV 7 11-Mar-78
PAT .SAV	7	11-Mar-78	RESORC.SAV 12 11-Mar-78
FORMAT.SAV	6	11-Mar-78	PATCH .SAV 9 11-Mar-78
DUP .SAV	21	29-Mar-79	NL .SYS 2 11-Mar-78
BA .SYS	7	11-Mar-78	EDIT .SAV 19 11-Mar-78
CRF .SAV	6	11-Mar-78	DXMSJ.SYS 63 11-Mar-78
STARTS.COM	1	16-Apr-81	EDR002.SAV 32 13-Feb-81
DEC02.SAV	25	13-Feb-81	TRANSLT.SAV 94 13-Feb-81
PLOT01.SAV	69	30-Sep-81	SCAN .SAV 18 13-Feb-81
RECALL.SAV	83	27-May-82**	SEV002.SAV 86 23-Oct-81**
RISURF.SAV	80	16-Apr-81**	MINUS .SAV 40 17-Jun-81**
MLBOND.NEW	1	28-Oct-81	MLCONT.OLD 1 10-Apr-81
DSCONV.SAV	90	27-May-82**	

33 Files, 974 Blocks

0 Free blocks

**programs for data acquisition with automatic ellipsometer functioning as a spectroscopic ellipsometer; related data reduction programs

- SEV002 - data collection
- RECALL - recalling stored spectroscopic ellipsometer data for plotting and output
- RISURF - conversion of spectroscopic data file created by DSCONV to refractive indices
- MINUS - subtraction of one data file from another to generate "difference spectra"
- DSCONV - conversion of spectroscopic data file generated by SEV002 to delta and psi

Appendix 12 (continued).

Directory of Spectral Scanning Programs Disk A

21-Nov-82					
NEWSET.FOR	5	07-Apr-81	RESET.FOR	7	07-Apr-81
INOUT.FOR	13	07-Apr-81	P1INFO.FOR	6	07-Apr-81
T1INFO.FOR	6	07-Apr-81	P1TIME.FOR	2	07-Apr-81
T1TIME.FOR	2	07-Apr-81	FCSET1.FOR	7	07-Apr-81
FCPRNT.FOR	6	07-Apr-81	FCTYPE.FOR	6	07-Apr-81
FCID.FOR	13	07-Apr-81	DELPSI.FOR	9	07-Apr-81
WLTEST.FOR	1	07-Apr-81	FCCAL.FOR	5	07-Apr-81
WLCALC.FOR	6	10-Apr-81	SEV001.FOR	27	11-Apr-81
RISURF.FOR	12	11-Apr-81	PLOT.FOR	26	17-Jun-81
DSCONV.FOR	14	15-Apr-81	RECALL.FOR	14	16-Apr-81
FCSPEC.FOR	3	16-Apr-81	OUTPUT.FOR	7	14-Jun-81
INPUT.FOR	7	14-Jun-81	OUTFC.FOR	7	14-Jun-81
INFC.FOR	7	14-Jun-81	FCPLOT.FOR	10	17-Jun-81
CALFC1.FOR	12	16-Jun-81	MINUS.FOR	3	17-Jun-81
SEV002.FOR	18	23-Oct-81	EDATA.FOR	3	23-Oct-81

30 Files, 264 Blocks

7 Free blocks

21-Nov-82

CALFC1.DAT	5	18-Mar-81	CALFC2.DAT	5	18-Mar-81
CALFC3.DAT	5	18-Mar-81	WAVE01.DAT	5	26-Mar-81
WAVE02.DAT	5	26-Mar-81	WAVE03.DAT	5	26-Mar-81
WAVE04.DAT	5	26-Mar-81	WAVE05.DAT	5	26-Mar-81
RISURF.DAT	5	30-Mar-81	WLBOND.DAT	1	28-Oct-81
WLCNT.DAT	1	25-May-82	WLCALC.DAT	1	28-Oct-81
FARADY.DAT	9	02-Nov-81	TITLE.DAT	4	17-Jun-81
RECALL.DAT	2	13-Apr-81			

15 Files, 63 Blocks

7 Free blocks

21-Nov-82

DSCONV.SAV	90	15-Apr-81	RECALL.SAV	83	16-Apr-81
SEV001.SAV	87	16-Apr-81	RISURF.SAV	80	16-Apr-81
FCPLOT.SAV	83	17-Jun-81	CALFC1.SAV	89	16-Jun-81
MINUS.SAV	40	17-Jun-81	SEV002.SAV	86	23-Oct-81

8 Files, 638 Blocks

7 Free blocks

Appendix 12 (continued).

Directory of Spectral Scanning Programs Disk B

21-Nov-82					
NEWSET.FOR	5	07-Apr-81	RESET.FOR	7	07-Apr-81
INOUT.FOR	13	07-Apr-81	P1INFO.FOR	6	07-Apr-81
T1INFO.FOR	6	07-Apr-81	P1TIME.FOR	2	07-Apr-81
T1TIME.FOR	2	07-Apr-81	FCSET1.FOR	7	07-Apr-81
FCPRNT.FOR	6	07-Apr-81	FCTYPE.FOR	6	07-Apr-81
FCIO.FOR	13	07-Apr-81	DELPSI.FOR	9	07-Apr-81
WLTEST.FOR	1	07-Apr-81	FCCAL.FOR	5	07-Apr-81
WLCALC.FOR	6	10-Apr-81	SEV001.FOR	27	11-Apr-81
RISURF.FOR	12	11-Apr-81	PLOT.FOR	26	17-Jun-81
RECALL.FOR	14	16-Apr-81	FCSPEC.FOR	3	16-Apr-81
OUTPUT.FOR	7	14-Jun-81	INPUT.FOR	7	14-Jun-81
OUTFC.FOR	7	14-Jun-81	INFC.FOR	7	14-Jun-81
FCPLOT.FOR	10	17-Jun-81	CALFC1.FOR	12	16-Jun-81
MINUS.FOR	3	17-Jun-81	EDATA.FOR	3	23-Oct-81
SEV002.FOR	18	23-Oct-81	RUNTST.FOR	2	23-Oct-81
EDATA2.FOR	3	22-Oct-81	PLOTXX.FOR	5	23-Oct-81
FCAVG1.FOR	5	02-Nov-81	FCAVG2.FOR	6	02-Nov-81
FCSMTH.FOR	4	02-Nov-81	SMOOTH.FOR	6	02-Nov-81
FCREAD.FOR	4	07-Dec-81	DSCON1.FOR	11	07-Dec-81
RISMTH.FOR	4	13-Dec-81	RIGEN1.FOR	6	13-Dec-81
RILINE.FOR	4	13-Dec-81	FILM.FOR	3	14-Dec-81
EMASES.FOR	11	18-Jan-82	CSMSES.FOR	10	12-Jan-82
FILM02.FOR	5	20-Jan-82	CSMFIT.FOR	11	12-Jan-82
EMAFIT.FOR	12	21-Jan-82	NORMAL.FOR	4	18-Feb-82

48 Files, 366 Blocks

23 Free blocks

21-Nov-82

CALFC1.DAT	5	18-Mar-81	CALFC2.DAT	5	18-Mar-81
CALFC3.DAT	5	18-Mar-81	WLCALC.DAT	1	28-Oct-81
WAVE01.DAT	5	26-Mar-81	WAVE02.DAT	5	26-Mar-81
WAVE03.DAT	5	26-Mar-81	WAVE04.DAT	5	26-Mar-81
WAVE05.DAT	5	26-Mar-81	RECALL.DAT	2	13-Apr-81
TITLE.DAT	4	17-Jun-81	FARADY.DAT	9	02-Nov-81

12 Files, 56 Blocks

23 Free blocks

21-Nov-82

DSCON1.SAV	90	07-Dec-81	RISMTH.SAV	63	13-Dec-81
RIGEN1.SAV	49	13-Dec-81	EMASES.SAV	83	18-Jan-82
CSMFIT.SAV	46	12-Jan-82	CSMSES.SAV	93	12-Jan-82
EMAFIT.SAV	43	21-Jan-82	NORMAL.SAV	41	18-Feb-82

8 Files, 508 Blocks

23 Free blocks

Appendix 12 (continued).

Directory of Spectral Scanning Programs Disk C

21-Nov-82					
FCSMTH.FOR	4	02-Nov-81	SMOOTH.FOR	6	02-Nov-81
WLCALC.FOR	6	10-Apr-81	INFC .FOR	7	14-Jun-81
OUTFC .FOR	7	14-Jun-81	FCAVG2.FOR	6	02-Nov-81
DSCONV.FOR	11	07-Dec-81	INPUT .FOR	7	14-Jun-81
OUTPUT.FOR	7	14-Jun-81	PLOT .FOR	26	17-Jun-81
P1INFO.FOR	6	07-Apr-81	T1INFO.FOR	6	07-Apr-81
P1TIME.FOR	2	07-Apr-81	T1TIME.FOR	2	07-Apr-81
FCREAD.FOR	4	26-May-82	DELPSI.FOR	9	27-May-82
RECALL.FOR	14	27-May-82	FIXPCA.FOR	3	05-Jul-82
18 Files, 133 Blocks					
138 Free blocks					
21-Nov-82					
WLBOND.DAT	1	28-Oct-81	WLCONT.DAT	1	25-May-82
WLCALC.DAT	1	25-May-82	TITLE .DAT	4	17-Jun-81
4 Files, 7 Blocks					
138 Free blocks					
21-Nov-82					
FCSMTH.SAV	65	23-May-82	FCAVG2.SAV	59	25-May-82
DSCONV.SAV	90	27-May-82	RECALL.SAV	83	27-May-82
FIXPCA.SAV	37	05-Jul-82			
5 Files, 334 Blocks					
138 Free blocks					

Appendix 12 (continued).

Directory of Spectral Scanning Programs Disk D

21-Nov-82					
NEWSET.FOR	5	07-Apr-81	RESET.FOR	7	07-Apr-81
INOUT.FOR	13	07-Apr-81	P1INFO.FOR	6	07-Apr-81
T1INFO.FOR	6	07-Apr-81	P1TIME.FOR	2	07-Apr-81
T1TIME.FOR	2	07-Apr-81	FCSET1.FOR	7	07-Apr-81
FCPRNT.FOR	6	07-Apr-81	FCTYPE.FOR	6	07-Apr-81
FCIO.FOR	13	07-Apr-81	DELPSI.FOR	9	07-Apr-81
WLTEST.FOR	1	07-Apr-81	FCCAL.FOR	5	07-Apr-81
WLCALC.FOR	6	10-Apr-81	SEV001.FOR	27	11-Apr-81
RISURF.FOR	12	11-Apr-81	PLOT.FOR	26	17-Jun-81
RECALL.FOR	14	16-Apr-81	FCSPEC.FOR	3	16-Apr-81
OUTPUT.FOR	7	14-Jun-81	INPUT.FOR	7	14-Jun-81
OUTFC.FOR	7	14-Jun-81	INFC.FOR	7	14-Jun-81
FCPLOT.FOR	10	17-Jun-81	CALFC1.FOR	12	16-Jun-81
MINUS.FOR	3	17-Jun-81	EDATA.FOR	3	23-Oct-81
SEV002.FOR	18	23-Oct-81	RUNTST.FOR	2	23-Oct-81
EDATA2.FOR	3	22-Oct-81	PLOTXX.FOR	5	23-Oct-81
FCAVG1.FOR	5	02-Nov-81	FCAVG2.FOR	6	02-Nov-81
FCSMTH.FOR	4	02-Nov-81	SMOOTH.FOR	6	02-Nov-81
FCREAD.FOR	4	07-Dec-81	DSCON1.FOR	11	07-Dec-81
RISMTH.FOR	4	13-Dec-81	RIGEN1.FOR	6	13-Dec-81
RILINE.FOR	4	13-Dec-81	FILM.FOR	3	14-Dec-81
EMASES.FOR	11	18-Jan-82	CSMSES.FOR	10	12-Jan-82
FILM02.FOR	5	20-Jan-82	CSMFIT.FOR	11	12-Jan-82
EMAFIT.FOR	12	21-Jan-82	NORMAL.FOR	4	18-Feb-82
PROEMA.FOR	13	01-Sep-82	BRUGMN.FOR	19	03-Sep-82
AIFILM.FOR	3	30-May-81	AISPEC.FOR	12	01-Sep-82
DYEMTB.FOR	15	04-Sep-82	DYERI.FOR	4	04-Sep-82
SHIFT.FOR	4	05-Sep-82			

55 Files, 436 Blocks

65 Free blocks

21-Nov-82

RECALL.DAT	2	13-Apr-81	TITLE.DAT	4	17-Jun-81
FARADY.DAT	9	02-Nov-81	RHODB.DAT	5	31-Aug-82
COPPER.DAT	5	27-Jul-82	SOLN.DAT	5	27-Jul-82
WLCALC.DAT	1	25-May-82	RHODB0.DAT	5	05-Sep-82

8 Files, 36 Blocks

65 Free blocks

21-Nov-82

BRUGMN.SAV	95	03-Sep-82	AISPEC.SAV	87	01-Sep-82
DYEMTB.SAV	91	04-Sep-82	DYERI.SAV	40	04-Sep-82
SHIFT.SAV	43	05-Sep-82			

5 Files, 356 Blocks

65 Free blocks

Appendix 13.

Input Data File WLCALC.DAT

TEFLON.193	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.194	5	18-Jul-82
TEFLON.195	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.196	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.197	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.198	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.199	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.200	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.201	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.202	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.203	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.204	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.205	5	19-Jul-82	RESULT.203	5	19-Jul-82
CVPEAU.000	13	19-Jul-82	CVPEAU.001	13	19-Jul-82
CVPEAU.002	13	19-Jul-82	CVPEAU.003	13	19-Jul-82
CVPEAU.004	13	19-Jul-82	TRNSLT.DAT	1	09-Nov-81
PLTDAT.DAT	58	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.206	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.207	5	19-Jul-82	CVPEAU.005	13	19-Jul-82
CVPEAU.006	13	19-Jul-82	GOLD .186	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD .183	5	19-Jan-83	MINUS .186	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD .186	5	19-Jan-83	MINUS .188	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD .185	5	19-Jan-83	MINUS .185	5	19-Jan-83

164 Files, 935 Blocks

39 Free blocksend of directory of DY1:

.TYPE WLCALC.DATdisplay of WLCALC.DAT on VT55 screen

121 321 18.7332 5137.13 0.9996 -18.8188 9668.07 0.9999regression parameters

123456789/123456789/123456789/123456789/123456789/123456789/ ...dummy line to aid in
formatting data file

Appendix 14.

Input Data File TITLE.DAT

.TYPE TITLE.DAT

POLARIZER CURRENT(ADCU,Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)

ANALYZER CURRENT(ADCU,Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)

POLARIZER CURRENT(ADCU,Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)

ANALYZER CURRENT(ADCU,Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)

ANALYZER CURRENT(Y-AXIS) VS POLARIZER CURRENT(X-AXIS)

POLARIZER CURRENT

ANALYZER CURRENT

1 1.

DELTA(Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)

PSI(Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)

DELTA(Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)

PSI(Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)

PSI(Y-AXIS) VS DELTA(X-AXIS)

DELTA(DEGREES)

PSI(DEGREES)

2 100.

REAL REFRACTIVE INDEX(Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)

IMG REFRACTIVE INDEX(Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)

REAL REFRACTIVE INDEX(Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)

IMG REFRACTIVE INDEX(Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)

IMG R.I.(Y-AXIS) VS REAL R.I.(X-AXIS)

REAL REFRACTIVE INDEX

IMG REFRACTIVE INDEX

IMG R.I.(Y-AXIS) VS REAL R.I.(X-AXIS)

REAL REFRACTIVE INDEX

IMG REFRACTIVE INDEX

3 1000.

POL VERDET COEF(1000X, DEG/ADCU) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)

ANA VERDET COEF(1000X, DEG/ADCU) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)

POL VERDET COEF(1000X, DEG/ADCU) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)

ANA VERDET COEF(1000X, DEG/ADCU) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)

ANA VERDET COEF(Y-AXIS) VS POL VERDET COEF(X-AXIS)

POL VERDET COEF X1000

ANA VERDET COEF X1000

4 100.

POL CROSS-TALK PARAMETER(100X) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)

ANA CROSS-TALK PARAMETER(100X) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)

POL CROSS-TALK PARAMETER(100X) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)

ANA CROSS-TALK PARAMETER(100X) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)

ANA CROSS-TALK PARAMETER VS POL CROSS TALK PARAMETER(X-AXIS)

POL CROSS-TALK(X100)

ANA CROSS-TALK(X100)

5 1.

123456789/123456789/123456789/123456789/123456789/123456789/

Demonstration of SEV002 - collection of spectroscopic ellipsometry data

.RUN DY0:SEV002

DO YOU WANT TO REVIEW ENCODER WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION PARAMETERS(Y/N)? Y

DIGITAL ENCODER PRESETS:

CALIBRATION CURVE SEGMENT NUMBER 1:

SLOPE = 18.7332
INTERCEPT = 5137.13
CORRELATION COEFFICIENT = 0.9996

CALIBRATION CURVE SEGMENT NUMBER 2:

SLOPE = -18.8188
INTERCEPT = 9668.87
CORRELATION COEFFICIENT = 0.9999

LIMITS OF APPLICATION:

UPPER = 321
LOWER = 121

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? N

INSERT DATA STORAGE DISK, THEN "RETURN".

DO YOU WANT TO ADJUST THE SCAN RATE(Y/N)? N

STEADY SCAN RATE ESTABLISHED. SCAN RATE = 0spectral scanner not rotating

IS SETUP INFO TO BE (A)ENTERED FROM KEYBOARD OR (B)READ FROM OLD DATA FILE? B

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1TEFLON183

NAME(A40) = JOSEPH COLLIN FARMER

DATE(I2-A3-I2/DAY-MONTH-YEAR) = 19-JAN-83

LAMP OPERATIONAL LIFE(I5/HOURS) = 1000

EXPERIMENT IDENTIFICATION(A40) = DEMONSTRATION OF PROGRAM "SEV002"

HAVE MANUAL AZIMUTHS BEEN CHANGED(Y/N)? N

ANALOG/DIGITAL CONVERTOR PRESET PARAMETERS:assumes Faraday cells monitored over channels 0 and 1; PMT output can be monitored by changing input channels; only gains of 0, 1, 2, and 3 are allowed.
POL. INPUT CH. = 0
ANA. INPUT CH. = 1
ADC GAIN = 3

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? N

NAME(A40) = JOSEPH COLLIN FARMER

DATE(I2-A3-I2/DAY-MONTH-YEAR) = 19-JAN-83

LAMP OPERATIONAL LIFE(I5/HOURS) = 1000

EXPERIMENT IDENTIFICATION(A40) = DEMONSTRATION OF PROGRAM "SEV002"

HAVE MANUAL AZIMUTHS BEEN CHANGED(Y/N)? N

ANALOG/DIGITAL CONVERTOR PRESET PARAMETERS:

POL. INPUT CH. = 0

ANA. INPUT CH. = 1

ADC GAIN = 3

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? N

HOW MANY SPECTRAL SCANS ARE TO BE AVERAGED(I5)? 3

IS SETUP INFORMATION TO BE OUTPUT (A)TO CRT, (B)TO PRINTER, OR (C)NOT AT ALL? C

ENTER 'G' AND 'RETURN' FOR SPECTRA COLLECTION. G

SPECTRA BEING COLLECTED.....

Appendix 15 (continued).

Listing of SEV002

```

PROGRAM SEV002
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO COORDINATE THE ACTUAL DATA ACQUISITION DURING AN
C               ELLIPSO-METRIC SPECTRAL SCAN WITH OPERATOR REVIEW OF
C               THE RAW DATA. THIS IS THE MAIN DATA COLLECTION
C               ROUTINE.
C
C   PROGRAM WRITTEN BY JOSEPH C. FARMER IN SPRING 1981 LBL-MMRD
C
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMFTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPKTYF(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASF,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMFLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEF,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGF,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/J/NWL,NPOL,NCMP,NANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMINO,I5ECO,ITICO,IHR5F,IMINF,I5ECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
COMMON/O/NPASS
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
COMMON/TITLE/NTITLE(5,30),NWORD(2,21)
COMMON/MODE/MODE0,MODE1,FACTOR
NPASS=1
C*****THE ENCODER COUNT IS CONVERTED TO WAVELENGTH.*****
CALL WLCALC
C*****THE GRAPHICS TITLES ARE READ FROM "DY1:TITLE.DAT".*****
MODE0=1
CALL TITLE
TYPE 10
10 FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT DATA STORAGE DISK, THEN "RETURN".')
ACCEPT 20,NWAIT
20 FORMAT(A1)
C*****THE FOURTH CHANNEL OF THE ADAC MODEL 1604/OPI COUNTER CARD IS ***
C   READ AT VARIOUS TIMES TO ASSURE THAT THE RATE OF ROTATION OF
C   THE FILTER DISC(SPECTRAL SCANNING RATE) IS CONSTANT. PROGRAM
C   EXECUTION IS DELAYED UNTIL A SPECIFIED STABILITY CRITERIA IS
C   MET. CHANNEL 4 OF THIS COUNTER CARD IS WIRE WRAPPED TO
C   OPERATE IN THE FREQUENCY MODE; THE FREQUENCY OF THE ENCODER
C*****GENERATED PULSES IS MEASURED BY THIS CHANNEL.*****
30 CALL RATE
NSAVE=NRATE

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

C*****SETUP INFORMATION IS EITHER READ FROM A PREVIOUS EXPERIMENTAL ****
C   DATA FILE OR INPUT FROM THE VT55 KEYBOARD BY THE OPERATOR,
C   DEPENDING UPON THE OPERATOR'S RESPONSE AT THIS POINT.
100 TYPE 110
110 FORMAT(/, '$ IS SETUP INFO TO BE (A)ENTERED FROM KEYBOARD
C   OR (B)READ FROM OLD DATA FILE? ')
ACCEPT 20,IF1
IF(IF1.NE.1HA.AND.IF1.NE.1HB)GOTO 100
IF(IF1.NE.1HA)GOTO 120
C*****THIS SUBROUTINE ALLOWS THE OPERATOR TO INPUT THE SETUP *****
C   INFORMATION FROM THE KEYBOARD.
CALL NEWSET
GOTO 130
120 CONTINUE
C*****THIS SUBROUTINE ACCESSES AN OLD DATA FILE SPECIFIED BY THE *****
C   OPERATOR TO REASSIGN OLD SETUP VALUES TO THE CURRENT
C   EXPERIMENT.
CALL INPUT
NRATE=NSAVE
130 CONTINUE
C*****SOME PARAMETERS MUST BE ENTERED FROM THE KEYBOARD SINCE *****
C   THEY WILL PROBABLY BE CHANGED FROM ONE SPECTRAL SCAN TO
C   ANOTHER(FOR EXAMPLE MANUAL AZIMUTH SETTINGS). SUBROUTINE
C   "RESET" ALLOWS FOR THIS.
CALL RESET
C*****THE OPERATOR CAN SPECIFY THE TYPE OF OUTPUT DESIRED FOR *****
C   THE SETUP INFORMATION.
200 TYPE 210
210 FORMAT(/, '$ IS SETUP INFORMATION TO BE OUTPUT (A)TO CRT,
C   (B)TO PRINTER, OR (C)NOT AT ALL? ')
ACCEPT 20,IF2
IF(IF2.NE.1HA.AND.IF2.NE.1HB.AND.IF2.NE.1HC)GOTO 200
IF(IF2.EQ.1HC)GOTO 230
IF(IF2.EQ.1HB)GOTO 230
IF(IF2.NE.1HA)GOTO 220
C*****SETUP INFORMATION IS DISPLAYED ON THE CRT.*****
CALL T1INFO
GOTO 230
220 CONTINUE
C*****SETUP INFORMATION IS SENT TO THE LINE PRINTER.*****
CALL P1INFO
230 CONTINUE
400 TYPE 410
410 FORMAT(/, '$ ENTER "G" AND "RETURN" FOR SPECTRA COLLECTION. ')
ACCEPT 20,IF3
IF(IF3.NE.1HG)GOTO 400
TYPE 411
411 FORMAT(/, ' SPECTRA BEING COLLECTED.....')
CALL EDATA

```


Appendix 15 (continued).

```

C*****THE REQUIRED DATA ACQUISITION TIME FOR THE SPECTRAL SCAN IS *****
C   EITHER DISPLAYED ON THE CRT OR OUTPUT ON THE LINE PRINTER.
      IF(IF2.EQ.1HC)GOTO 630
      IF(IF2.NE.1HA)GOTO 620
      CALL T1TIME
      GOTO 630
620  CONTINUE
      CALL P1TIME
630  CONTINUE
C*****IF DESIRED, THE SPECTRAL SCAN IS DISPLAYED ON THE VT55 *****
C   TERMINAL IN GRAPHICAL FORM.
700  TYPE 710
710  FORKAT(/, '$ DO YOU WANT TO PLOT SPECTRA(Y/N)? ')
      ACCEPT 20,IF4
      IF(IF4.NE.1HY.AND.1F4.NE.1HN)GOTO 700
      IF(IF4.EQ.1HN)GOTO 720
      CALL PLOT
720  CONTINUE
C*****IF DESIRED, THE SPECTRAL SCAN IS STORED ON A FLOPPY DISK*****
C   FOR SUBSEQUENT RETRIEVAL AND ANALYSIS.
800  TYPE 810
810  FORMAT(/, '$ ARE THE SPECTRA TO BE STORED ON FLOPPY DISK(Y/N)? ')
      ACCEPT 20,IF5
      IF(IF5.NE.1HY.AND.1F5.NE.1HN)GOTO 800
      IF(IF5.EQ.1HN)GOTO 820
      CALL OUTPUT
820  CONTINUE
C*****DEPENDING ON THE OPERATOR'S RESPONSE, VARIOUS COMBINATIONS *****
C   OF NUMERICAL OUTPUT CAN BE GENERATED(EITHER CRT DISPLAY OR
C   HARDCOPY FROM THE LINE PRINTER.
      TYPE 890
890  FORKAT(/, '$ IS ANY NUMERIC OUTPUT DESIRED(Y/N)? ')
      ACCEPT 20,IF6
      IF(IF6.NE.1HY.AND.1F6.NE.1HN)GOTO 820
      IF(IF6.EQ.1HN)GOTO 960
900  TYPE 910
910  FORMAT(/,5X, 'NUMERIC OUTPUT MENU:',
C      /,10X, '(A)HARDCOPY OF SETUP INFO. ONLY',
C      /,10X, '(B)HARDCOPY OF SETUP INFO. AND PLOTTED DATA PTS.',
C      /,10X, '(C)CRT DISPLAY OF SETUP INFO. ONLY',
C      /,10X, '(D)CRT DISPLAY OF SETUP INFO. AND PLOTTED DATA
C   PTS.', /,10X, '(E)NONE OF THE ABOVE')
      TYPE 920
920  FORKAT(/, '$ YOUR CHOICE IS: ')
      ACCEPT 20,IF6
      IF(IF6.NE.1HA.AND.1F6.NE.1HB.AND.1F6.NE.1HC.AND.1F6.NE.1HD
C.AND.1F6.NE.1HE)GOTO 900
      IF(IF6.EQ.1HE)GOTO 960
      IF(IF6.NE.1HA)GOTO 930
      CALL P1INFO
      CALL P1TIME

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

930 CONTINUE
  IF(IF6.NE.1HB)GOTO 940
  CALL P1INFO
  CALL P1TIME
  DO 934 IPAGE=1,4
  PRINT 931,IPAGE
931 FORMAT(///,5X,'DATA(ADCU) FROM POLARIZER AND ANALYZER CHANNELS
C AS A FUNCTION OF WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS)...PAGE ',I1,
C      ///,2(5X,'INDEX',5X,'WL',3X,'NAVG',7X,'POL',7X,'ANA'))
  DO 932 I=1,50
  I1=(IPAGE-1)*100+I
  I2=I1+50
932 PRINT 933,I1,IWAVE(I1),NAVG(I1),POL(I1),ANA(I1),I2,IWAVE(I2),
CNAVG(I2),POL(I2),ANA(I2)
933 FORMAT(2(5X,I5,2X,I5,2X,I5,3X,F7.0,3X,F7.0))
934 PRINT 935
935 FORMAT(/////////)
940 CONTINUE
  IF(IF6.NE.1HC)GOTO 950
  CALL T1INFO
  CALL T1TIME
950 CONTINUE
  IF(IF6.NE.1HD)GOTO 960
  CALL T1INFO
  CALL T1TIME
  TYPE 951
951 FORMAT(//,5X,'RAW DATA FROM SPECTRAL SCAN',//)
  DO 952 I=1,400
952 TYPE 953,I,IWAVE(I),NAVG(I),POL(I),ANA(I)
953 FORMAT(5X,'I = ',I3,5X,'WL = ',I5,5X,'NAVG = ',I3,5X,'POL = ',
C F7.0,5X,'ANA = ',F7.0)
960 CONTINUE
C*****THE OPERATOR HAS THE OPTION OF REPEATING PROGRAM EXECUTION.*****
1000 TYPE 1010
1010 FORMAT(/,'$ IS THE PROGRAM TO BE EXECUTED AGAIN(Y/N)? ')
  ACCEPT 20,IF7
  IF(IF7.NE.1HY.AND.IF7.NE.1HN)GOTO 1000
  NPASS=NPASS+1
  IF(IF7.EQ.1HY)GOTO 30
  STOP
  END

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE WLCALC
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO CONVERT ENCODER COUNTS INTO WAVELENGTH USING
C   PREDETERMINED CALIBRATION CURVE PARAMETERS.
C*****
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
OPEN(UNIT=2,NAME='DY1:WLCALC.DAT',TYPE='OLD')
READ(2,996)IU,IL,A1,B1,R1,A2,B2,R2
996 FORMAT(2(1X,I3),2(1X,F8.4,1X,F8.2,1X,F6.4))
CLOSE(UNIT=2,DISPOSE='SAVE')
997 TYPE 998
998 FORMAT(/, '$ DO YOU WANT TO REVIEW ENCODER WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION
C PARAMETERS(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 999,IF0
IF(IF0.NE.1HY.AND.IF0.NE.1HN)GOTO 997
IF(IF0.EQ.1HN)GOTO 3
999 FORMAT(A1)
TYPE 1000
1000 FORMAT(/,10X,'DIGITAL ENCODER PRESETS:')
1 TYPE 1001,A1,B1,R1
1001 FORMAT(/,10X,'CALIBRATION CURVE SEGMENT NUMBER 1:',
C /,15X,'SLOPE = ',F10.4,
C /,15X,'INTERCEPT = ',F10.2,
C /,15X,'CORRELATION COEFFICIENT = ',F10.4)
TYPE 1002,A2,B2,R2
1002 FORMAT(/,10X,'CALIBRATION CURVE SEGMENT NUMBER 2:',
C /,15X,'SLOPE = ',F10.4,
C /,15X,'INTERCEPT = ',F10.2,
C /,15X,'CORRELATION COEFFICIENT = ',F10.4)
TYPE 1003,IL,IU
1003 FORMAT(/,10X,'LIMITS OF APPLICATION:',
C /,15X,'UPPER = ',I6,
C /,15X,'LOWER = ',I6)
2 TYPE 1004
1004 FORMAT(/, '$ DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 1005,IF1
1005 FORMAT(A1)
IF(IF1.NE.1HY.AND.IF1.NE.1HN)GOTO 2
IF(IF1.EQ.1HN)GOTO 3
TYPE 1006
1006 FORMAT(/,2X,'SEGMENT 1:')

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

TYPE 1007
1007 FORMAT(/, '$ SLOPE(F10.4/ANGSTROMS PER COUNT) = ')
ACCEPT 1008,A1
1008 FORMAT(F10.4)
TYPE 1009
1009 FORMAT(/, '$ INTERCEPT(F10.2/ANGSTROMS) = ')
ACCEPT 1010,B1
1010 FORMAT(F10.2)
TYPE 1011
1011 FORMAT(/, '$ CORRELATION COEFFICIENT(F10.4) = ')
ACCEPT 1012,R1
1012 FORMAT(F10.4)
TYPE 1013
1013 FORMAT(/, 2X, 'SEGMENT 2:')
TYPE 1007
ACCEPT 1008,A2
TYPE 1009
ACCEPT 1010,B2
TYPE 1011
ACCEPT 1012,R2
TYPE 1014
1014 FORMAT(/, '$ UPPER LIMIT OF APPLICATION(I6) = ')
ACCEPT 1015,IL
1015 FORMAT(I6)
TYPE 1016
1016 FORMAT(/, '$ LOWER LIMIT OF APPLICATION(I6) = ')
ACCEPT 1015,IU
GOTO 1
3 CONTINUE
DO 40 I=1,400
IF(I.LE.IL.AND.I.GE.IU)GOTO 10
IF(I.GT.IL)GOTO 20
COUNT=I
WL=A1*COUNT+B1
GOTO 30
10 COUNT=I
WL=A2*COUNT+B2
GOTO 30
20 COUNT=I-400
WL=A1*COUNT+B1
30 CONTINUE
40 IWAVE(I)=WL
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

SUBROUTINE RATE

```

C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: MAKE TWO "AVERAGED" DETERMINATIONS OF THE ROTATION
C               RATE OF THE FILTER DISK(SPECTRAL SCAN RATE) VIA
C               CHANNEL 4 OF THE ADAC 1604/OPI COUNTER CARD WHICH
C               IS WIRE WRAPPED IN THE FREQUENCY MODE.  THESE TWO
C               RATES OF ROTATION ARE MADE AT A TIME INTERVAL
C               DETERMINED BY THE SUBROUTINE "DELAY"(15 SECONDS).
C               IF THE TWO RATES ARE IDENTICAL, THE SCAN RATE IS
C               DETERMINED TO BE STABLE(FREE OF "CHATTER", ETC.)
C               AND PROGRAM CONTROL IS RETURNED TO THE MAIN
C               PROGRAM "SEV001".
C*****
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
10 TYPE 20
20 FORMAT(/,'$ DO YOU WANT TO ADJUST THE SCAN RATE(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 30,NRATE
30 FORKAT(A1)
IF(NRATE.NE.1HY.AND.NRATE.NE.1HN)GOTO 10
IF(NRATE.NE.1HY)GOTO 85
TYPE 40
40 FORMAT(/,'$ ADJUST THE SPECTRAL SCANNER SPEED, THEN "RETURN".')
ACCEPT 50,IWAIT
50 FORKAT(A1)
60 ISUM0=0
DO 70 I=1,3
70 ISUM0=ISUM0+IPEEK("164406")
CALL DELAY
ISUM1=0
DO 80 I=1,3
80 ISUM1=ISUM1+IPEEK("164406")
IF(ISUM0.NE.ISUM1)GO TO 60
85 NRATE=IPEEK("164406")
TYPE 90,NRATE
90 FORKAT(/,' STEADY SCAN RATE ESTABLISHED. SCAN RATE = ',I5)
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```
      SUBROUTINE DELAY
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO GENERATE A 15 SECOND TIME DELAY FOR SUBROUTINE
C   "RATE".
C*****
      INTEGER*4 ITIME
10  CALL GTIM(ITIME)
      CALL CVTTIM(ITIME,IHRS,IMIN,ISEC,ITIC)
      ISECO=ISEC
      IF(ISECO.GT.44)GOTO 10
20  CALL GTIM(ITIME)
      CALL CVTTIM(ITIME,IHRS,IMIN,ISEC,ITIC)
      ISECF=ISEC
      IF(ISECF.EQ.ISECO+15)RETURN
      GOTO 20
      END
```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE RATE
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: MAKE TWO "AVERAGED" DETERMINATIONS OF THE ROTATION
C               RATE OF THE FILTER DISK(SPECTRAL SCAN RATE) VIA
C               CHANNEL 4 OF THE ADAC 1604/OPI COUNTER CARD WHICH
C               IS WIRE WRAPPED IN THE FREQUENCY MODE. THESE TWO
C               RATES OF ROTATION ARE MADE AT A TIME INTERVAL
C               DETERMINED BY THE SUBROUTINE "DELAY"(15 SECONDS).
C               IF THE TWO RATES ARE IDENTICAL, THE SCAN RATE IS
C               DETERMINED TO BE STABLE(FREE OF "CHATTER", ETC.)
C               AND PROGRAM CONTROL IS RETURNED TO THE MAIN
C               PROGRAM "SEV001".
C*****
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
10 TYPE 20
20 FORMAT(/,' $ DO YOU WANT TO ADJUST THE SCAN RATE(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 30,MRATE
30 FORMAT(A1)
IF(MRATE.NE.1HY.AND.MRATE.NE.1HN)GOTO 10
IF(MRATE.NE.1HY)GOTO 85
TYPE 40
40 FORMAT(/,' $ ADJUST THE SPECTRAL SCANNER SPEED, THEN "RETURN".')
ACCEPT 50,IWAIT
50 FORMAT(A1)
60 ISUM0=0
DO 70 I=1,3
70 ISUM0=ISUM0+IPEEK("164406)
CALL DELAY
ISUM1=0
DO 80 I=1,3
80 ISUM1=ISUM1+IPEEK("164406)
IF(ISUM0.NE.ISUM1)GO TO 60
85 NRATE=IPEEK("164406)
TYPE 90,NRATE
90 FORMAT(/,' STEADY SCAN RATE ESTABLISHED. SCAN RATE = ',I5)
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```
      SUBROUTINE DELAY
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO GENERATE A 15 SECOND TIME DELAY FOR SUBROUTINE
C   "RATE".
C*****
      INTEGER*4 ITIME
10  CALL GTIM(ITIME)
      CALL CVTTIM(ITIME,IHRS,IMIN,ISEC,ITIC)
      ISECO=ISEC
      IF(ISECO.GT.44)GOTO 10
20  CALL GTIM(ITIME)
      CALL CVTTIM(ITIME,IHRS,IMIN,ISEC,ITIC)
      ISECF=ISEC
      IF(ISECF.EQ.ISECO+15)RETURN
      GOTO 20
      END
```


Appendix 15 (continued).

SUBROUTINE RATE

```
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: MAKE TWO "AVERAGED" DETERMINATIONS OF THE ROTATION
C               RATE OF THE FILTER DISK(SPECTRAL SCAN RATE) VIA
C               CHANNEL 4 OF THE ADAC 1604/OPI COUNTER CARD WHICH
C               IS WIRE WRAPPED IN THE FREQUENCY MODE. THESE TWO
C               RATES OF ROTATION ARE MADE AT A TIME INTERVAL
C               DETERMINED BY THE SUBROUTINE "DELAY"(15 SECONDS).
C               IF THE TWO RATES ARE IDENTICAL, THE SCAN RATE IS
C               DETERMINED TO BE STABLE(FREE OF "CHATTER", ETC.)
C               AND PROGRAM CONTROL IS RETURNED TO THE MAIN
C               PROGRAM "SEV001".
```

```
C*****
```

```
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
```

```
10 TYPE 20
20 FORMAT(/, '$ DO YOU WANT TO ADJUST THE SCAN RATE(Y/N)? ')
   ACCEPT 30,MRATE
30 FORMAT(A1)
   IF(MRATE.NE.1HY.AND.MRATE.NE.1HN)GOTO 10
   IF(MRATE.NE.1HY)GOTO 85
   TYPE 40
40 FORMAT(/, '$ ADJUST THE SPECTRAL SCANNER SPEED, THEN "RETURN".')
   ACCEPT 50,IWAIT
50 FORMAT(A1)
60 ISUM0=0
   DO 70 I=1,3
70 ISUM0=ISUM0+IPEEK("164406")
   CALL DELAY
   ISUM1=0
   DO 80 I=1,3
80 ISUM1=ISUM1+IPEEK("164406")
   IF(ISUM0.NE.ISUM1)GO TO 60
85 NRATE=IPEEK("164406")
   TYPE 90,NRATE
90 FORMAT(/, ' STEADY SCAN RATE ESTABLISHED. SCAN RATE = ',IS)
   RETURN
   END
```

SUBROUTINE DELAY

```
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO GENERATE A 15 SECOND TIME DELAY FOR SUBROUTINE
C               "RATE".
```

```
C*****
```

```
INTEGER*4 ITIME
```

```
10 CALL GTIM(ITIME)
   CALL CVTTIM(ITIME,IHRS,IMIN,ISEC,ITIC)
   ISECO=ISEC
   IF(ISECO.GT.44)GOTO 10
20 CALL GTIM(ITIME)
   CALL CVTTIM(ITIME,IHRS,IMIN,ISEC,ITIC)
   ISECF=ISEC
   IF(ISECF.EQ.ISECO+15)RETURN
   GOTO 20
   END
```

SUBROUTINE NEWSET

```

C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO ALLOW THE OPERATOR TO COMPLETELY INITIALIZE ALL
C   THE SETUP PARAMETERS FROM THE VT55 KEYBOARD.
C*****
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPMTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
TYPE 140
140 FORMAT(/,' LAMP PARAMETERS:')
TYPE 141
141 FORMAT('$ TYPE(A2/XE,ETC.) = ')
ACCEPT 142,LMPTYP
142 FORMAT(A2)
TYPE 143
143 FORMAT('$ SERIAL NO.(A18) = ')
ACCEPT 144,(LMPSER(I),I=1,9)
144 FORMAT(9A2)
TYPE 145
145 FORMAT('$ LAMP VOLTAGE(I3/VOLTS) = ')
ACCEPT 146,LMPVLT
146 FORMAT(I4)
TYPE 147
147 FORMAT('$ LAMP CURRENT(I2/AMPS) = ')
ACCEPT 148,LMPAMP
148 FORMAT(I3)
TYPE 150
150 FORMAT(/,' PHOTOMULTIPLIER PARAMETERS:')
TYPE 151
151 FORMAT('$ MODEL(A20) = ')
ACCEPT 152,(IPMTYP(I),I=1,10)
152 FORMAT(10A2)
TYPE 153
153 FORMAT('$ DYNODE VOLTAGE(I4/VOLTS) = ')
ACCEPT 154,IPMTDV
154 FORMAT(I5)
TYPE 160
160 FORMAT(/,' FARADAY CELL CONTROLLER PARAMETERS:')
TYPE 161
161 FORMAT(/,' POLARIZER CHANNEL')
TYPE 162
162 FORMAT('$ PHASE(I3/POT SETTING) = ')
ACCEPT 163,IPHASP
163 FORMAT(I4)

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```
TYPE 164
164 FORMAT('$ GAIN(I3/POT SETTING) = ')
ACCEPT 163,IGAINP
TYPE 165
165 FORMAT('$ AMPLITUDE(I3/POT SETTING) = ')
ACCEPT 163,IAMPLP
TYPE 166
166 FORMAT('$ TIME CONSTANT(I3/MILLISECONDS) = ')
ACCEPT 163,ITIMEP
TYPE 167
167 FORMAT(/, ' ANALYZER CHANNEL ')
TYPE 162
ACCEPT 163,IPHASA
TYPE 164
ACCEPT 163,IGAINA
TYPE 165
ACCEPT 163,IAMPLA
TYPE 166
ACCEPT 163,ITIMEA
TYPE 170
170 FORMAT(/, ' GALVANOMETER AMPLIFIER PARAMETERS: ')
TYPE 171
171 FORMAT(/, ' POLARIZER CHANNEL ')
TYPE 172
172 FORMAT('$ GAIN(I5) = ')
ACCEPT 173,IGABP
173 FORMAT(I6)
TYPE 174
174 FORMAT('$ TIME CONSTANT(I5/MILLISECONDS) = ')
ACCEPT 173,IGATP
TYPE 175
175 FORMAT(/, ' ANALYZER CHANNEL ')
TYPE 172
ACCEPT 173,IGAGA
TYPE 174
ACCEPT 173,IGATA
RETURN
END
```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE INPUT
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO READ THE SETUP INFORMATION AND SPECTRAL SCAN DATA
C               FROM ANY FLOPPY DISK FILE SPECIFIED BY THE OPERATOR
C               AND CREATED BY SUBROUTINE "OUTPUT".
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),FOL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPMTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINF,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEF,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGF,IGAGA,IGATF,IGATA
COMMON/J/NWL,NPOL,NCMP,NANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
REAL*4 BDLK(2),NAME(20)
IBLOCK=0
TYPE 100
100 FORMAT(/,'$ NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = ')
ACCEPT 200,(NAME(I),I=1,3)
200 FORMAT(3A4)
N=IRAD50(12,NAME,BDLK)
ICHAN=IGETC(I)
IF(ICHAN.LT.0)STOP 'CANNOT ALLOCATE CHANNEL'
IF(IFETCH(ICHAN).LT.0)STOP 'FETCH FAIL'
IF(LOOKUP(ICHAN,BDLK).LT.0)STOP 'BAD LOOKUP'
DO 10 I=1,256
10 IBUFF(I)=0
CALL READ
DO 20 I=1,20
NAMEOP(I)=IBUFF(I)
20 ID(I)=IBUFF(20+I)
LMPTYP=IBUFF(41)
DO 30 I=1,9
30 LMPSER(I)=IBUFF(41+I)

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

LMPVLT=IBUFF(51)
LMPAMP=IBUFF(52)
IPHASP=IBUFF(54)
IGAINP=IBUFF(55)
IAMFLP=IBUFF(56)
ITIMEP=IBUFF(57)
IPHASA=IBUFF(58)
IGAINA=IBUFF(59)
IAMPLA=IBUFF(60)
ITIMEA=IBUFF(61)
IGAGP =IBUFF(62)
IGATP =IBUFF(63)
IGAGA =IBUFF(64)
IGATA =IBUFF(65)
NRATE =IBUFF(66)
NSCAN =IBUFF(67)
IPOL  =IBUFF(68)
IANA  =IBUFF(69)
NWL   =IBUFF(70)
NPOL  =IBUFF(71)
NCHP  =IBUFF(72)
NANA  =IBUFF(73)
IHRSO =IBUFF(74)
IHRSF =IBUFF(75)
IMINO =IBUFF(76)
IMINF =IBUFF(77)
ISECO =IBUFF(78)
ISECF =IBUFF(79)
ITICO =IBUFF(80)
ITICF =IBUFF(81)
IDAY  =IBUFF(82)
IYRS  =IBUFF(83)
LMPHRS=IBUFF(84)
IMON(1)=IBUFF(85)
IMON(2)=IBUFF(86)
IMON(3)=IBUFF(87)

```

```

DO 35 I=1,10
35 IPMTYP(I)=IBUFF(87+I)
   IPMTDV=IBUFF(98)
   CALL READ
   DO 40 I=1,200
40 POL(I)=IBUFF(I)
   CALL READ
   DO 50 I=1,200
50 ANA(I)=IBUFF(I)
   CALL READ
   DO 60 I=1,200
60 POL(I+200)=IBUFF(I)
   CALL READ
   DO 70 I=1,200
70 ANA(I+200)=IBUFF(I)
   CALL CLOSEC(ICHAN)
   CALL IFREEC(ICHAN)
   RETURN
END

```

SUBROUTINE READ

```

C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO ACTUALLY READ THE DATA STORED ON THE FLOPPY DISK
C               INTO BUFFER MEMORY.
C*****
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
IERROR=IREADW(256,IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN)
IF(IERROR.LT.0)STOP 'FATAL READ'
IBLOCK=IBLOCK+1
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

SUBROUTINE RESET

```

C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO ALLOW THE OPERATOR TO CHANGE ONLY THOSE SETUP
C               PARAMETERS WHICH ARE TYPICALLY CHANGED FROM ONE
C               SPECTRAL SCAN TO ANOTHER. THIS MODIFYS SETUP
C               INFORMATION READ FROM OLD DATA FILES TO MAKE IT
C               APPLICABLE TO THE CURRENT SPECTRAL SCAN OR
C               COMPLETES THE INITIALIZATION OF SETUP
C               INFORMATION STARTED WITH "NEWSET".
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/J/NWL,NPOL,NCF,NANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMIN0,ISEC0,ITIC0,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/O/NPASS
IF(NPASS.GT.1)GOTO 106
TYPE 100
100 FORMAT(/,'$ NAME(A40) = ')
ACCEPT 101,(NAMEOP(I),I=1,20)
101 FORMAT(20A2)
TYPE 102
102 FORMAT(/,'$ DATE(I2-A3-I2/DAY-MONTH-YEAR) = ')
ACCEPT 103,IDAY,(IMON(I),I=1,3),IYRS
103 FORMAT(I2,1X,3A1,1X,I2)
TYPE 104
104 FORMAT(/,'$ LAMP OPERATIONAL LIFE(I5/HOURS) = ')
ACCEPT 105,LMPHRS
105 FORMAT(I5)
106 CONTINUE
TYPE 107
107 FORMAT(/,'$ EXPERIMENT IDENTIFICATION(A40) = ')
ACCEPT 101,(ID(I),I=1,20)
108 TYPE 109
109 FORMAT(/,'$ HAVE MANUAL AZIMUTHS BEEN CHANGED(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 110,MANAZ
110 FORMAT(A1)
IF(MANAZ.NE.1HY.AND.MANAZ.NE.1HN)GOTO 108
IF(MANAZ.NE.1HY)GOTO 119
TYPE 112
112 FORMAT(/,' MANUAL AZIMUTH SETTINGS(DEG):')
TYPE 113
113 FORMAT('$ POLARIZER(F7.2) = ')
ACCEPT 114,P
114 FORMAT(F7.2)

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

NPOL=P*100.
TYPE 115
115 FORMAT(' $ ANALYZER(F7.2) = ')
ACCEPT 114,A
NANA=A*100.
116 TYPE 117
117 FORMAT(' $ COMPENSATOR(F7.2) = ')
ACCEPT 114,C
IF(C.NE.135.0.AND.C.NE.45.0)GOTO 116
NCHP=C*100.
TYPE 118
118 FORMAT(' $ MONOCHROMATOR SETTING AT NULL(F7.2) = ')
ACCEPT 114,WL
NWL=WL*100.
119 CONTINUE
IGAIN=3
NCHP=0
NCHA=1
120 TYPE 121
121 FORMAT(/,' ANALOG/DIGITAL CONVERTOR PRESET PARAMETERS:')
122 TYPE 123,NCHP
123 FORMAT(' POL. INPUT CH. = ',I1)
TYPE 124,NCHA
124 FORMAT(' ANA. INPUT CH. = ',I1)
TYPE 125,IGAIN
125 FORMAT(' ADC GAIN = ',I1)
TYPE 126
126 FORMAT(/,' $ DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 110,NADC
IF(NADC.NE.1HY.AND.NADC.NE.1HN)GOTO 120
IF(NADC.EQ.1HN)GOTO 131
TYPE 127
127 FORMAT(' $ POL. INPUT CH.(I1) = ')
ACCEPT 128,NCHP
128 FORMAT(I1)
TYPE 129
129 FORMAT(' $ ANA. INPUT CH.(I1) = ')
ACCEPT 128,NCHA
TYPE 130
130 FORMAT(' $ ADC GAIN(I1) = ')
ACCEPT 128,IGAIN
GOTO 120
131 CONTINUE
IPOL=IGAIN*64+NCHP
IANA=IGAIN*64+NCHA
TYPE 132
132 FORMAT(/,' $ HOW MANY SPECTRAL SCANS ARE TO BE AVERAGED(I5)? ')
ACCEPT 133,NSCAN
133 FORMAT(I5)
DO 140 I=1,400
POL(I)=0.
ANA(I)=0.
140 NAVG(I)=0
NPASS=NPASS+1
RETURN
END

```

SUBROUTINE T1INFO

```

C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: DISPLAYS ALL THE SETUP INFORMATION FOR A GIVEN
C               SPECTRAL SCAN ON THE VT55 GRAPHICS TERMINAL SCREEN,
C               EXCEPT FOR THE DATA ACQUISITION TIME.
C*****
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPMTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINF,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/J/NWL,NPOL,NCF,NANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
TYPE 100, IDAY, (IMON(I), I=1,3), IYRS
100 FORMAT(/10X, I2, '-', 3A1, '-', I2)
TYPE 101, (NAMEOP(I), I=1,20)
101 FORMAT(10X, 10A2)
TYPE 102, (ID(I), I=1,20)
102 FORMAT(10X, 20A2)
TYPE 110
110 FORMAT(/10X, 'MANUAL AZIMUTHS( DEG):')
P=NPOL/100.
A=NANA/100.
C=NCF/100.
WL=NWL/100.
TYPE 111, P, A, C, WL
111 FORMAT(/12X, 'P = ', F7.2,
C          /12X, 'A = ', F7.2,
C          /12X, 'C = ', F7.2,
C          /12X, 'WL = ', F7.2)
TYPE 120
120 FORMAT(/10X, 'LAMP:')
TYPE 121, LMPTYP
121 FORMAT(/12X, 'TYPE          = ', A2)
TYPE 122, (LMPSER(I), I=1,9)
122 FORMAT(12X, 'SERIAL NO. = ', 9A2)
TYPE 123, LMPVLT
123 FORMAT(12X, 'LAMP VOLTAGE(VOLTS) = ', I4)
TYPE 124, LMPAMP
124 FORMAT(12X, 'LAMP CURRENT(AMPS) = ', I3)

```


Appendix 15 (continued).

```

TYPE 125,LMPHRS
125 FORMAT(12X,'LAMP OPERATIONAL LIFE(HOURS) = ',I5)
TYPE 130
130 FORMAT(/10X,'PHOTOMULTIPLIER:')
TYPE 131,(IPHTYP(1),I=1,10)
131 FORMAT(/12X,'MODEL = ',10A2)
TYPE 132,IPHTDV
132 FORMAT(12X,'DYNODE VOLTAGE(VOLTS) = ',I5)
TYPE 140
140 FORMAT(/10X,'FARADAY CELL CONTROLLER:')
TYPE 141
141 FORMAT(/12X,'POLARIZER')
TYPE 142,IPHASP,IGAINP,IAMPLP,ITIMEP
142 FORMAT(/12X,'PHASE           = ',I4,
C      /12X,'GAIN              = ',I4,
C      /12X,'AMPLITUDE         = ',I4,
C      /12X,'TIME CONSTANT(MS) = ',I4)
TYPE 143
143 FORMAT(/12X,'ANALYZER')
TYPE 142,IPHASA,IGAINA,IAMPLA,ITIMEA
TYPE 150
150 FORMAT(/10X,'GALVANDMETER AMPLIFIER:')
TYPE 141
TYPE 151,IGAGP,IGATP
151 FORMAT(/12X,'GAIN              = ',I6,
C      /12X,'TIME CONSTANT(MS) = ',I6)
TYPE 143
TYPE 151,IGAGA,IGATA
IGAIN=IPOL/64
NCHP=IPOL-IGAIN*64
NCHA=IANA-IGAIN*64
TYPE 160
160 FORMAT(/10X,'ANALOG/DIGITAL CONVERTOR:')
TYPE 161,NCHP,NCHA,IGAIN
161 FORMAT(/12X,'POL. INPUT CH. = ',I1,
C      /12X,'ANA. INPUT CH. = ',I1,
C      /12X,'ADC GAIN         = ',I1)
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```
      SUBROUTINE T1TIME
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: DISPLAYS THE DATA ACQUISITION TIME FOR THE GIVEN
C               SPECTRAL SCAN ON THE CRT SCREEN.
C*****
      COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IFOL,IANA
      COMMON/K/IHRSO,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHRSF,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
      TYPE 100,NSCAN
100  FORMAT(/,10X,'THE NUMBER OF SPECTRA AVERAGED = ',I5)
      TYPE 110,NRATE
110  FORMAT(10X,'MEASURED SCAN RATE VIA COUNTER = ',I5)
      TYPE 120,IHRSO,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO
120  FORMAT(/10X,'DATA COLLECTION INITIATED AT: ',3(I2,':'),I2)
      TYPE 130,IHRSF,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
130  FORMAT(10X,'DATA COLLECTION FINISHED AT: ',3(I2,':'),I2)
      RETURN
      END
```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE P1INFO
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: OUTPUTS ALL THE SETUP INFORMATION FOR A SPECTRAL SCAN
C               TO THE LINE PRINTER, EXCEPT FOR THE DATA ACQUISITION
C               TIME.
C*****
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IFOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPMTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMFLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/J/NWL,NPOL,NCMP,NANA
COMMON/K/IHRSO,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHRSF,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,(IMON(I),I=1,3),IYRS,LMPHRS
PRINT 100, IDAY, (IMON(I), I=1,3), IYRS
100 FORMAT(/10X, I2, '-', 3A1, '-', I2)
PRINT 101, (NAMEOP(I), I=1,20)
101 FORMAT(10X, 20A2)
PRINT 102, (ID(I), I=1,20)
102 FORMAT(10X, 20A2)
PRINT 110
110 FORMAT(/10X, 'MANUAL AZIMUTHS( DEG): ')
F=NPOL/100.
A=NANA/100.
C=NCMP/100.
WL=NWL/100.
PRINT 111, F, A, C, WL
111 FORMAT(/12X, 'P = ', F7.2,
C         /12X, 'A = ', F7.2,
C         /12X, 'C = ', F7.2,
C         /12X, 'WL= ', F7.2)
PRINT 120
120 FORMAT(/10X, 'LAMP:')
PRINT 121, LMPTYP
121 FORMAT(/12X, 'TYPE          = ', A2)
PRINT 122, (LMPSER(I), I=1,9)
122 FORMAT(12X, 'SERIAL NO. = ', 9A2)
PRINT 123, LMPVLT
123 FORMAT(12X, 'LAMP VOLTAGE(VOLTS) = ', I4)
PRINT 124, LMPAMP
124 FORMAT(12X, 'LAMP CURRENT(AMPS) = ', I3)

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

PRINT 125,LMPHRS
125 FORMAT(12X,'LAMP OPERATIONAL LIFE(HOURS) = ',I5)
PRINT 130
130 FORMAT(/10X,'PHOTOMULTIPLIER:')
PRINT 131,(IPMTYP(I),I=1,10)
131 FORMAT(/12X,'MODEL = ',I0A2)
PRINT 132,IPMTDV
132 FORMAT(12X,'DYNGDE VOLTAGE(VOLTS) = ',I5)
PRINT 140
140 FORMAT(/10X,'FARADAY CELL CONTROLLER:')
PRINT 141
141 FORMAT(/12X,'POLARIZER')
PRINT 142,IPHASP,IGAINP,IAMPLP,ITIMEP
142 FORMAT(/12X,'PHASE = ',I4,
C /12X,'GAIN = ',I4,
C /12X,'AMPLITUDE = ',I4,
C /12X,'TIME CONSTANT(MS) = ',I4)
PRINT 143
143 FORMAT(/12X,'ANALYZER')
PRINT 142,IPHASA,IGAINA,IAMPLA,ITIMEA
PRINT 150
150 FORMAT(/10X,'GALVANOMETER AMPLIFIER:')
PRINT 141
PRINT 151,IGAGP,IGATP
151 FORMAT(/12X,'GAIN = ',I6,
C /12X,'TIME CONSTANT(MS) = ',I6)
PRINT 143
PRINT 151,IGAGA,IGATA
IGAIN=IPOL/64
NCHP=IPOL-IGAIN+64
NCHA=IANA-IGAIN+64
PRINT 160
160 FORMAT(/10X,'ANALOG/DIGITAL CONVERTOR:')
PRINT 161,NCHP,NCHA,IGAIN
161 FORMAT(/12X,'POL. INPUT CH. = ',I1,
C /12X,'ANA. INPUT CH. = ',I1,
C /12X,'ADC GAIN = ',I1)
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE P1TIME
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: OUTPUTS THE DATA ACQUISITION FOR THE GIVEN SPECTRAL
C               SCAN TO THE LINE PRINTER.
C*****
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
PRINT 100,NSCAN
100 FORMAT(/,10X,'THE NUMBER OF SPECTRA AVERAGED = ',I5)
PRINT 110,NRATE
110 FORMAT(10X,'MEASURED SCAN RATE VIA COUNTER = ',I5)
PRINT 120,IHR50,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO
120 FORMAT(/10X,'DATA COLLECTION INITIATED AT: ',3(I2,','),I2)
PRINT 130,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
130 FORMAT(10X,'DATA COLLECTION FINISHED AT: ',3(I2,','),I2)
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE EDATA
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
INTEGER*4 ITIME0,ITIMEF
CALL IPOKE("170400,0)
IGAIN=3
JGAIN=IGAIN*64
N=1
DO 100 I=1,400
POL(I)=0.
ANA(I)=0.
NAVG(I)=0
100 CONTINUE
CALL GTIM(TIMEF)
CALL IPOKE("164400,0)
1000 IF(IPEEK("164400).LE.0)GOTO 1000
CALL IPOKE("164404,1)
2000 IO=IPEEK("164404)
2500 CONTINUE
CALL IPOKE("170402,IPOL.OR.(JGAIN))
3000 IF(.NOT.(IPEEK("170400).AND."100000))GOTO 3000
POL(N)=POL(N)+IPEEK("170402)
CALL IPOKE("170402,IANA.OR.(JGAIN))
4000 IF(.NOT.(IPEEK("170400).AND."100000))GOTO 4000
ANA(N)=ANA(N)+IPEEK("170402)
NAVG(N)=NAVG(N)+1
IF(IPEEK("164404).EQ.IO)GOTO 2500
N=N+1
IF(N.LE.399)GOTO 2000
N=1
4500 IF(IPEEK("164400).EQ.I1)GOTO 4500
I1=IPEEK("164400)
IF(I1.LE.NSCAN)GOTO 2000
CALL GTIM(TIMEF)
CALL CVTTIM(TIME0,IHR50,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO)
CALL CVTTIM(TIMEF,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF)
DO 6000 I=1,399
IF(NAVG(I).EQ.0)GOTO 5000
POL(I)=POL(I)/NAVG(I)
ANA(I)=ANA(I)/NAVG(I)
GOTO 6000
5000 POL(I)=0.
ANA(I)=0.
6000 CONTINUE
SUM=0.
DO 7000 I=1,399
7000 SUM=SUM+NAVG(I)
SUM=I1*(SUM/399.)
TYPE 8000,SUM
8000 FORMAT(/,' EACH POINT AN AVERAGE OF: ',F5.0,' CHANNEL SCANS')
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE EDATA
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMIN0,ISEC0,ITIC0,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
INTEGER*4 ITIME0,ITIMEF
CALL IPOKE("170400,0)
IGAIN=3
JGAIN=IGAIN*64
N=1
DO 100 I=1,400
POL(I)=0.
ANA(I)=0.
NAVG(I)=0
100 CONTINUE
CALL GTIM(TIMEF)
CALL IPOKE("164400,0)
1000 IF(IPEEK("164400).LE.0)GOTO 1000
CALL IPOKE("164404,1)
2000 IO=IPEEK("164404)
2500 CONTINUE
CALL IPOKE("170402,IPOL.OR.(JGAIN))
3000 IF(.NOT.(IPEEK("170400).AND."100000))GOTO 3000
POL(N)=POL(N)+IPEEK("170402)
CALL IPOKE("170402,IANA.OR.(JGAIN))
4000 IF(.NOT.(IPEEK("170400).AND."100000))GOTO 4000
ANA(N)=ANA(N)+IPEEK("170402)
NAVG(N)=NAVG(N)+1
IF(IPEEK("164404).EQ.IO)GOTO 2500
N=N+1
IF(N.LE.399)GOTO 2000
N=1
4500 IF(IPEEK("164400).EQ.I1)GOTO 4500
I1=IPEEK("164400)
IF(I1.LE.NSCAN)GOTO 2000
CALL GTIM(TIMEF)
CALL CVTTIM(TIME0,IHR50,IMIN0,ISEC0,ITIC0)
CALL CVTTIM(TIMEF,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF)
DO 6000 I=1,399
IF(NAVG(I).EQ.0)GOTO 5000
POL(I)=POL(I)/NAVG(I)
ANA(I)=ANA(I)/NAVG(I)
GOTO 6000
5000 POL(I)=0.
ANA(I)=0.
6000 CONTINUE
SUM=0.
DO 7000 I=1,399
7000 SUM=SUM+NAVG(I)
SUM=I1*(SUM/399.)
TYPE 8000,SUM
8000 FORKAT(/, ' EACH POINT AN AVERAGE OF: ',F5.0, ' CHANNEL SCANS')
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE EDATA
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
INTEGER*4 ITIME0,ITIMEF
CALL IPOKE("170400,0)
IGAIN=3
JGAIN=IGAIN*64
N=1
DO 100 I=1,400
POL(I)=0.
ANA(I)=0.
NAVG(I)=0
100 CONTINUE
CALL GTIM(TIMEF)
CALL IPOKE("164400,0)
1000 IF(IPEEK("164400).LE.0)GOTO 1000
CALL IPOKE("164404,1)
2000 IO=IPEEK("164404)
2500 CONTINUE
CALL IPOKE("170402,IPOL.OR.(JGAIN))
3000 IF(.NOT.(IPEEK("170400).AND."100000))GOTO 3000
POL(N)=POL(N)+IPEEK("170402)
CALL IPOKE("170402,IANA.OR.(JGAIN))
4000 IF(.NOT.(IPEEK("170400).AND."100000))GOTO 4000
ANA(N)=ANA(N)+IPEEK("170402)
NAVG(N)=NAVG(N)+1
IF(IPEEK("164404).EQ.IO)GOTO 2500
N=N+1
IF(N.LE.399)GOTO 2000
N=1
4500 IF(IPEEK("164400).EQ.I1)GOTO 4500
I1=IPEEK("164400)
IF(I1.LE.NSCAN)GOTO 2000
CALL GTIM(TIMEF)
CALL CVTTIM(TIME0,IHR50,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO)
CALL CVTTIM(TIMEF,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF)
DO 6000 I=1,399
IF(NAVG(I).EQ.0)GOTO 5000
POL(I)=POL(I)/NAVG(I)
ANA(I)=ANA(I)/NAVG(I)
GOTO 6000
5000 POL(I)=0.
ANA(I)=0.
6000 CONTINUE
SUM=0.
DO 7000 I=1,399
7000 SUM=SUM+NAVG(I)
SUM=I1*(SUM/399.)
TYPE 8000,SUM
8000 FORMAT(/,' EACH POINT AN AVERAGE OF: ',F5.0,' CHANNEL SCANS')
RETURN
END

```


Appendix 15 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE PLOT
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO PREPARE PLOTS OF SPECTROSCOPIC ELLIPSO-METRIC DATA
C               USING VARIOUS COMBINATIONS OF ARRAYS FOR THE X AND Y
C               COORDINATES.
C
C   PROGRAM WRITTEN BY JOSEPH C. FARMER IN SPRING 1981 AT LBL-MMRD
C
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/H/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
COMMON/LIMITS/ILIMX,ILIMY,IGRIDX,IGRIDY,IDELX,IDELY
COMMON/MAXMIN/MAXF,MINF,MAXA,MINA,MAXWL,MINWL,XHI,XLO,YHI,YLO
COMMON/XYCONV/NOPT,INDEX,MX,MY
COMMON/VECTOR/LOX,LOY,LPX,LPY
COMMON/TITLE/NTITLE(5,30),NWORD(2,21)
COMMON/MODE/MODEO,MODEI,FACTOR
100 CONTINUE
C*****THE MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM VALUES OF DATA ARRAYS ARE FOUND SO *****
C   THAT THE SCALE PARAMETERS FOR GRAPHS CAN BE SPECIFIED.
CALL MAXMIN
PMAX=MAXF/FACTOR
PMIN=MINF/FACTOR
AMAX=MAXA/FACTOR
AMIN=MINA/FACTOR
1000 TYPE 1010,MAXWL,MINWL,(NWORD(1,J),J=1,21),PMAX,PMIN
C               ,(NWORD(2,J),J=1,21),AMAX,AMIN
1010 FORMAT( /10X,'RANGES OF DATA TO BE PLOTTED:',
C           /15X,'MAXIMUM WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS) = ',5X,I5,
C           /15X,'MINIMUM WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS) = ',5X,I5,
C           /15X,'MAXIMUM WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS) = ',F10.3,
C           /15X,'MINIMUM WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS) = ',F10.3,
C           /15X,'MAXIMUM WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS) = ',F10.3,
C           /15X,'MINIMUM WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS) = ',F10.3)
1020 TYPE 1030
1030 FORMAT(/,'$ DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 1040,IF0
1040 FORMAT(A1)
IF(IFO.NE.1HY.AND.IFO.NE.1HN)GOTO 1020
IF(IFO.EQ.1HN)GOTO 1060
TYPE 1050
1050 FORMAT(/,'$ MAXIMUM WAVELENGTH(I5/ANGSTROMS) = ')
ACCEPT 1051,MAXWL
1051 FORMAT(I5)

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

TYPE 1052
1052 FORMAT( '$ MINIMUM = ' )
ACCEPT 1051,MINWL
TYPE 1053,(NWORD(1,J),J=1,21)
1053 FORMAT(/, '$ MAXIMUM ',21A1, '(F10.3) = ' )
ACCEPT 1054,PMAX
1054 FORMAT(F10.3)
TYPE 1055
1055 FORMAT( '$ MINIMUM = ' )
ACCEPT 1054,PHIN
TYPE 1056,(NWORD(2,J),J=1,21)
1056 FORMAT(/, '$ MAXIMUM ',21A1, '(F10.3) = ' )
ACCEPT 1054,AMAX
TYPE 1057
1057 FORMAT( '$ MINIMUM = ' )
ACCEPT 1054,AMIN
MAXP=PMAX*FACTOR
MINP=PHIN*FACTOR
MAXA=AMAX*FACTOR
MINA=AMIN*FACTOR
GOTO 1000
1060 CONTINUE
FLAG1=MAXP-MINP
FLAG2=MAXA-MINA
FLAG3=MAXWL-MINWL
IF(FLAG1.EQ.0.0.OR.FLAG2.EQ.0.0.OR.FLAG3.EQ.0.0)GOTO 1070
GOTO 1080
1070 TYPE 1071
1071 FORMAT(/, ' BEWARE: POTENTIAL NORMALIZATION ERROR IN PLOTTER!!!' )
GOTO 1000
1080 CONTINUE
C*****THE COMBINATION OF THE DATA ARRAYS TO BE USED AS X AND Y *****
C COORDINATES ARE SPECIFIED BY THE OPERATOR.
TYPE 2000,((NTITLE(I,J),J=1,30),I=1,5)
2000 FORMAT( /10X, 'PLOTTING MENU FOR REFRACTIVE INDEX DATA:',
C /15X, '(1) ',30A2,
C /15X, '(2) ',30A2,
C /15X, '(3) ',30A2,
C /15X, '(4) ',30A2,
C /15X, '(5) ',30A2)
2010 TYPE 2020
2020 FORMAT(/ '$ YOUR CHOICE(1,2,3,4,OR 5)? ' )
ACCEPT 2030,NOPT
2030 FORMAT(I1)
IF(NOPT.GT.5.OR.NOPT.LT.1)GOTO 2010
C*****THE GRAPH IS PLOTTED ON THE VT55 GRAPHICS TERMINAL SCREEN.*****
CALL GRAPH
C*****IF THE OPERATOR DESIRES, PROGRAM EXECUTION IS REPEATED.*****
4000 TYPE 4001
4001 FORMAT(/, '$ ARE ANY ADDITIONAL PLOTS WANTED(Y/N)? ' )
ACCEPT 4002,IF1
4002 FORMAT(A1)
IF(IF1.NE.1HY.AND.IF1.NE.1HN)GOTO 4000
IF(IF1.EQ.1HY)GOTO 100
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE GRAPH
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO PLOT GRAPHS OF INPUT DATA AT VARIOUS SCALE
C   EXPANSIONS.
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(400),ID(400)
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
COMMON/LIMITS/ILIMX,ILIMY,IGRIDX,IGRIDY,IDELX,IDELY
COMMON/MAXMIN/MAXP,MINP,MAXA,MINA,MAXWL,MINWL,XHI,XLO,YHI,YLO
COMMON/XYCONV/NDPT,INDEX,MX,MY
COMMON/TITLE/NTITLE(5,30)
C*****THE SCALE EXPANSION IS REQUESTED FROM THE OPERATOR.*****
TYPE 1
1 FORMAT(/,'$ HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE
C X-COORDINATE(I2)? ')
ACCEPT 2,IGRIDX
2 FORMAT(I2)
TYPE 3
3 FORMAT(/,'$ HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE
C Y-COORDINATE(I2)? ')
ACCEPT 2,IGRIDY
C*****THE OPERATOR DETERMINES IF THE GRAPH IS TO BE LABELED.*****
4 TYPE 5
5 FORMAT(/,'$ IS THE GRAPH TO BE LABELED(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 6,ILABEL
6 FORMAT(A1)
IF(ILABEL.NE.1HY.AND.ILABEL.NE.1HN)GOTO 4
C*****THE VT55 GRAPHICS TERMINAL SCREEN IS CLEARED OF ALL GRAPHICS,ETC.
CALL WIFE
C*****THE DESIRED PLOT55 FUNCTIONS ARE ENABLED; I.E., VERTICAL AND ****
C   HORIZONTAL LINES, POINT PLOTTING, AND FIGURES 1 AND 2.
CALL PLOT55(2,2+4+32+64,,ISTAT)
C*****SCREEN LIMITS ARE SET AND PARAMETERS CONTROLLING GRID MESH *****
C   SIZE COMPUTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OPERATOR INPUT.
ILIMX=511
ILIMY=235
IDELX=ILIMX/IGRIDX
IDELY=ILIMY/IGRIDY
C*****THE GRID IS DISPLAYED ON THE SCREEN.*****
CALL GRID
C*****IF DESIRED BY THE OPERATOR, THE GRAPH IS LABELED.*****
IF(ILABEL.EQ.1HN)GOTO 10
INDEX=1
CALL XYCONV
CALL LABEL
10 CONTINUE

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```
C*****POINTS ARE PLOTTED ON THE SCREEN AS FIGURES 1 AND 2. THIS *****
C   IS NECESSARY SINCE ONLY ONE Y-VALUE CAN BE PLOTTED FOR A
C   GIVEN X-VALUE ON A GIVEN FIGURE. TO PROVIDE FOR THE CASE
C   WHERE ONE X-VALUE MIGHT HAVE TWO Y-VALUES ASSOCIATED WITH
C   IT(FOR EXAMPLE PSI-DELTA PLOTS) IT IS NECESSARY TO DISTRIBUTE
C*****THE DATA POINTS BETWEEN FIGURES 1 AND 2.*****
      DO 21 I=1,200
      INDEX=(I-1)*2+1
      CALL XYCONV
      IF(MX.GT.ILIMX.OR.MY.GT.ILIMY)GOTO 20
      IF(MX.LT.0.OR.MY.LT.0)GOTO 20
      CALL PLOT55(1,0,,ISTAT)
      CALL PLOT55(3,MX,MY,ISTAT)
20   CONTINUE
      INDEX=I*2
      CALL XYCONV
      IF(MX.GT.ILIMX.OR.MY.GT.ILIMY)GOTO 21
      IF(MX.LT.0.OR.MY.LT.0)GOTO 21
      CALL PLOT55(2,0,,ISTAT)
      CALL PLOT55(3,MX,MY,ISTAT)
21   CONTINUE
C*****THE GRAPH IS DISPLAYED ON THE VT55 SCREEN UNTIL THE OPERATOR ****
C   DEPRESSES THE "RETURN" KEY.
      ACCEPT 30,IWAIT
      30 FORMAT(A1)
C*****THE VT55 SCREEN IS AGAIN CLEARED OF ALL GRAPHICS AND CHARACTERS *
      CALL WIPE
      RETURN
      END
```

Appendix 15 (continued).

SUBROUTINE XYCONV

```

C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO SCALE(NORMALIZE) DATA POINTS FOR DISPLAY ON GRAPH.
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/LIMITS/ILIMX,ILIMY,IGRIDX,IGRIDY,IDELX,IDELY
COMMON/MAXMIN/MAXP,MINP,MAXA,MINA,MAXWL,MINWL,XHI,XLO,YHI,YLO
COMMON/XYCONV/NOPT,INDEX,MX,MY
COMMON/MODE/MODEO,MODE1,FACTOR
IF(NOPT.EQ.1)GOTO 1
IF(NOPT.EQ.2)GOTO 2
IF(NOPT.EQ.3)GOTO 3
IF(NOPT.EQ.4)GOTO 4
IF(NOPT.EQ.5)GOTO 5
GOTO 6
1 XLO=0.
  XHI=400.
  YLO=MINP/FACTOR
  YHI=MAXP/FACTOR
  X=INDEX
  Y=POL(INDEX)/FACTOR
  GOTO 6
2 XLO=0.
  XHI=400.
  YLO=MINA/FACTOR
  YHI=MAXA/FACTOR
  X=INDEX
  Y=ANA(INDEX)/FACTOR
  GOTO 6
3 XLO=MINWL
  XHI=MAXWL
  YLO=MINP/FACTOR
  YHI=MAXP/FACTOR
  X=IWAVE(INDEX)
  Y=POL(INDEX)/FACTOR
  GOTO 6
4 XLO=MINWL
  XHI=MAXWL
  YLO=MINA/FACTOR
  YHI=MAXA/FACTOR
  X=IWAVE(INDEX)
  Y=ANA(INDEX)/FACTOR
  GOTO 6
5 XLO=MINP/FACTOR
  XHI=MAXP/FACTOR
  YLO=MINA/FACTOR
  YHI=MAXA/FACTOR
  X=POL(INDEX)/FACTOR
  Y=ANA(INDEX)/FACTOR
6 CONTINUE
  X=(X-XLO)/(XHI-XLO)
  Y=(Y-YLO)/(YHI-YLO)
  MX=X*ILIMX
  MY=Y*ILIMY
  RETURN
  END

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE TITLE
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO READ THE TITLES USED TO LABEL THE GRAPHICS
C               GENERATED BY SUBROUTINE "PLOT"; THE INFORMATION
C               READ HERE IS ACTUALLY USED IN "PLOT" AND "LABEL".
C               THE FILE READ IS "DY1:TITLE.DAT". IN ADDITION
C               TO THE GRAPHICS TITLES, A GRAPHICS MODE FLAG
C               "MODE1" AND A DATA NORMALIZATION FACTOR "FACTOR"
C               ARE READ.
C*****
COMMON/TITLE/NTITLE(5,30),NWORD(2,21)
COMMON/MODE/MODE0,MODE1,FACTOR
C*****TITLES FOR GRAPHS TO BE PLOTTED ARE READ FROM "DY1:TITLE.DAT"****
OPEN(UNIT=1,NAME='DY1:TITLE.DAT',TYPE='OLD')
DO 6 IMODE=1,5
DO 1 I=1,5
1 READ(1,2)(NTITLE(I,J),J=1,30)
2 FORMAT(30A2)
DO 3 I=1,2
3 READ(1,4)(NWORD(I,J),J=1,21)
4 FORMAT(21A1)
READ(1,5)MODE1,FACTOR
5 FORMAT(I1,1X,F4.0)
IF(MODE1.EQ.MODE0)GOTO 100
6 CONTINUE
100 CONTINUE
CLOSE(UNIT=1,DISPOSE='SAVE')
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE WIPE
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO CLEAR ALL GRAPHICS AND CHARACTERS FROM THE VT55
C               GRAPHICS TERMINAL SCREEN.
C*****
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
DO 1 I=1,16
1 ISTAT(I)=0
CALL PLOT55(13,72,,ISTAT)
CALL PLOT55(13,74,,ISTAT)
CALL PLOT55(2,1+512,,ISTAT)
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

SUBROUTINE GRID

```

C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: DISPLAY A GRID AS BACKGROUND FOR THE GRAPHIC DISPLAY
C               OF PLOTTED ELLIPSO METER DATA ON THE VT55 SCREEN.
C*****
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
COMMON/LIMITS/ILIMX,ILIMY,IGRIDX,IGRIDY,IDELX,IDELY
CALL PLOT55(5,0,1,ISTAT)
CALL PLOT55(4,1,0,ISTAT)
DO 1 I=IDELX,ILIMX,IDELX
1 CALL PLOT55(5,I,1,ISTAT)
DO 2 I=IDELY,ILIMY,IDELY
2 CALL PLOT55(4,1,I,ISTAT)
RETURN
END

```

SUBROUTINE LABEL

```

C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO LABEL THE GRAPH WITH A TITLE, EXPERIMENTAL INFOR-
C               MATION, THE COORDINATES OF THE ORIGIN, AND THE SCALE
C               ALONG THE X AND Y AXES.
C*****
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
COMMON/LIMITS/ILIMX,ILIMY,IGRIDX,IGRIDY,IDELX,IDELY
COMMON/MAXMIN/MAXF,MINF,MAXA,MINA,MAXWL,MINWL,XHI,XLO,YHI,YLO
COMMON/XYCONV/NOPT,INDEX,MX,MY
COMMON/TITLE/NTITLE(5,30)
TYPE 1,(NTITLE(NOPT,I),I=1,30)
1 FORMAT(12X,30A2)
TYPE 2,(NAMEOP(I),I=1,20)
TYPE 2,(ID(I),I=1,20)
2 FORMAT(/40X,20A2)
TYPE 3,XLO,YLO
3 FORMAT(/40X,'ORIGIN: X = ',F9.3,4X,'Y = ',F9.3)
XDIV=(XHI-XLO)/IGRIDX
YDIV=(YHI-YLO)/IGRIDY
TYPE 4,XDIV,YDIV
4 FORMAT( 40X,'SCALE: X = ',F9.3,4X,'Y = ',F9.3)
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE LINE
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: DISPLAY A VECTOR ON THE VT55 SCREEN WITH ITS TAIL AT
C   THE POINT (LOX,LOY) AND ITS TIP AT THE POINT (LFX,LFY).
C*****
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
COMMON/VECTOR/LOX,LOY,LFX,LFY
CALL PLOT55(7,LOX,LOY,ISTAT)
CALL PLOT55(8,LFX,LFY,ISTAT)
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE MAXMIN
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO DETERMINE THE MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM VALUES OF THE
C   ARRAYS TO BE PLOTTED SO THAT THE SCALES CAN BE SET
C   AUTOMATICALLY BY THE SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, THE OPERA-
C   TOR HAS THE OPTION OF CHANGING THESE AUTOMATICALLY
C   SET VALUES.
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/MAXMIN/MAXP,MINP,MAXA,MINA,MAXWL,MINWL,XHI,XLO,YHI,YLO
MAXWL=IWAVE(1)
MINWL=IWAVE(1)
MAXP =POL(1)
MINP =POL(1)
MAXA =ANA(1)
MINA =ANA(1)
DO 1 I=2,400
IF(MAXWL.LT.IWAVE(I))MAXWL=IWAVE(I)
IF(MINWL.GT.IWAVE(I))MINWL=IWAVE(I)
IF(MAXP.LT.POL(I))MAXP=POL(I)
IF(MINP.GT.POL(I))MINP=POL(I)
IF(MAXA.LT.ANA(I))MAXA=ANA(I)
IF(MINA.GT.ANA(I))MINA=ANA(I)
1 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```


Appendix 15 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE PLOT
COMMON/ARRAY/X(400),Y(400),INDEX
COMMON/LIMITS/ILIMX,ILIMY,IGRIDX,IGRIDY,IDELX,IDELY
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
XLO=X(1)
XHI=X(1)
YLO=Y(1)
YHI=Y(1)
DO 10 I=2,INDEX
IF(XLO.GT.X(I))XLO=X(I)
IF(XHI.LT.X(I))XHI=X(I)
IF(YLO.GT.Y(I))YLO=Y(I)
IF(YHI.LT.Y(I))YHI=Y(I)
10 CONTINUE
TYPE 1000,XLO,XHI,YLO,YHI
1000 FORMAT(/,5X,'XLO = ',E14.6,5X,'XHI = ',E14.6,
1      /,5X,'YLO = ',E14.6,5X,'YHI = ',E14.6)
20 TYPE 1001
1001 FORMAT(/,'$ DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 1002,IF1
1002 FORMAT(A1)
IF(IF1.NE.'Y'.AND.IF1.NE.'N')GOTO 20
IF(IF1.EQ.'N')GOTO 30
TYPE 1003
1003 FORMAT(/,'$ XLO = ')
ACCEPT 1004,XLO
1004 FORMAT(F10.3)
TYPE 1005
1005 FORMAT(/,'$ XHI = ')
ACCEPT 1004,XHI
TYPE 1006
1006 FORMAT(/,'$ YLO = ')
ACCEPT 1004,YLO
TYPE 1007
1007 FORMAT(/,'$ YHI = ')
ACCEPT 1004,YHI
30 CONTINUE
DO 40 I=1,INDEX
X(I)=(X(I)-XLO)/(XHI-XLO)
40 Y(I)=(Y(I)-YLO)/(YHI-YLO)
TYPE 1008
1008 FORMAT(/,'$ HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE
1 X-AXIS? ')
ACCEPT 1009,IGRIDX
1009 FORMAT(I2)
TYPE 1010
1010 FORMAT(/,'$ HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE
1 Y-AXIS? ')
ACCEPT 1009,IGRIDY

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

CALL WIPE
CALL PLOT55(2,2+4+32+64,,ISTAT)
ILIMX=511
ILIMY=235
IDELX=ILIMX/IGRIDX
IDELY=ILIMY/IGRIDY
CALL GRID
M=INDEX/2
DO 50 I=1,M
  I1=(I-1)*2+1
  MX=X(I1)*ILIMX
  MY=Y(I1)*ILIMY
  CALL PLOT55(1,0,,ISTAT)
  CALL PLOT55(3,MX,MY,ISTAT)
  I2=I*2
  MX=X(I2)*ILIMX
  MY=Y(I2)*ILIMY
  CALL PLOT55(2,0,,ISTAT)
  CALL PLOT55(3,MX,MY,ISTAT)
50 CONTINUE
  TYPE 1000,XLO,XHI,YLO,YHI
  ACCEPT 1011,IMAIT
1011 FORMAT(A1)
  CALL WIPE
  RETURN
  END

```

```

SUBROUTINE WIPE
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
DO 1 I=1,16
1 ISTAT(I)=0
  CALL PLOT55(13,72,,ISTAT)
  CALL PLOT55(13,74,,ISTAT)
  CALL PLOT55(2,1+512,,ISTAT)
  RETURN
  END

```

```

SUBROUTINE GRID
COMMON/STATUS/ISTAT(16)
COMMON/LIMITS/ILIMX,ILIMY,IGRIDX,IGRIDY,IDELX,IDELY
CALL PLOT55(5,0,1,ISTAT)
CALL PLOT55(4,1,0,ISTAT)
DO 1 I=IDELX,ILIMX,IDELX
1 CALL PLOT55(5,I,1,ISTAT)
DO 2 I=IDELY,ILIMY,IDELY
2 CALL PLOT55(4,1,I,ISTAT)
  RETURN
  END

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

SUBROUTINE OUTPUT

```

C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO WRITE THE SETUP INFORMATION AND DATA FROM THE
C   SPECTRAL SCAN INTO ANY FLOPPY DISK FILE SPECIFIED
C   BY THE OPERATOR.
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPMTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/J/NWL,NPOL,NCMP,NANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMDN(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
REAL*4 DBLK(2),NAME(20)
IBLOCK=0
TYPE 100
100 FORMAT(/,'$ FILE NAME FOR THE NEW SPECTRAL SCAN (A12) = ')
ACCEPT 200,(NAME(I),I=1,3)
200 FORMAT(3A4)
N=IRAD50(12,NAME,DBLK)
ICHAN=IGETC(0)
IF(ICHAN.LT.0)STOP 'CANNOT ALLOCATE CHANNEL'
IERROR=IENTER(ICHAN,DBLK,0)
IF(IERROR.LT.0)STOP 'ENTER FAILURE'
DO 10 I=1,256
10 IBUFF(I)=0
DO 20 I=1,20
IBUFF(I)=NAMEOP(I)
20 IBUFF(20+I)=ID(I)
IBUFF(41)=LMPTYP
DO 30 I=1,9
30 IBUFF(41+I)=LMPSER(I)

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```

IBUFF(51)=LMPVLT
IBUFF(52)=LMPAMF
IBUFF(54)=IPHASF
IBUFF(55)=IGAINP
IBUFF(56)=IAMPLP
IBUFF(57)=ITIMEP
IBUFF(58)=IPHASA
IBUFF(59)=IGAINA
IBUFF(60)=IAMPLA
IBUFF(61)=ITIMEA
IBUFF(62)=IGAGP
IBUFF(63)=IGATP
IBUFF(64)=IGAGA
IBUFF(65)=IGATA
IBUFF(66)=NRATE
IBUFF(67)=NSCAN
IBUFF(68)=IPOL
IBUFF(69)=IANA
IBUFF(70)=NWL
IBUFF(71)=NPOL
IBUFF(72)=NCMP
IBUFF(73)=NANA
IBUFF(74)=IHR50
IBUFF(75)=IHR5F
IBUFF(76)=IMINO
IBUFF(77)=IMINF
IBUFF(78)=ISECO
IBUFF(79)=ISECF
IBUFF(80)=ITICO
IBUFF(81)=ITICF
IBUFF(82)=IDAY
IBUFF(83)=IYRS
IBUFF(84)=LMPHRS
IBUFF(85)=IMON(1)
IBUFF(86)=IMON(2)
IBUFF(87)=IMON(3)

DO 35 I=1,10
35 IBUFF(87+I)=IPMTYF(I)
IBUFF(98)=IPMTDV
CALL WRITE
CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
DO 40 I=1,200
40 IBUFF(I)=POL(I)
CALL WRITE
CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
DO 50 I=1,200
50 IBUFF(I)=ANA(I)
CALL WRITE
CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
DO 60 I=1,200
60 IBUFF(I)=POL(I+200)
CALL WRITE
CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
DO 70 I=1,200
70 IBUFF(I)=ANA(I+200)
CALL WRITE
CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
CALL CLOSEC(ICHAN)
CALL IFREEC(ICHAN)
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 15 (continued).

```
      SUBROUTINE WRITE
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: THIS SUBROUTINE ACTUALLY WRITES THE DATA STORED IN THE
C   BUFFER MEMORY TO THE SPECIFIED DISK FILE.
C*****
      COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
      EXTERNAL FINISH
      IERROR=IWRITE(256,IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN,IAREA,FINISH)
      IF(IERROR.LT.0)STOP 'FATAL WRITE'
      IBLOCK=IBLOCK+1
      RETURN
      END
```

```
      SUBROUTINE FINISH
      COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
      IFLAG=IFLAG-1
      RETURN
      END
```

Appendix 16.

Demonstration of RECALL - recalling spectroscopic ellipsometry data file

```
PLT01.SAV      69 30-Sep-81      SCAN  .SAV      18 13-Feb-81
RECALL.SAV     83 27-May-82      SEV002.SAV     86 23-Oct-81
RISURF.SAV     88 16-Apr-81      MINUS .SAV     46 17-Jun-81
MLBOND.NEW     1 28-Oct-81      MLCONT.OLD     1 10-Apr-81
DISCONV.SAV    96 27-May-82
```

33 Files, 974 Blocks

* Free blocksend of directory of DY0: after DIR DY0: command

.RUN DY0:RECALLrunning RECALL

DO YOU WANT TO REVIEW ENCODER WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION PARAMETERS(Y/N)? N

OUTPUT MODE: (1)RAW DATA
(2)PSI/DELTA
(3)COMPLEX REFRACTIVE INDEX
(4)VERDET COEFFICIENTS

YOUR CHOICE: 1

INSERT THE DISK WITH THE DATA TO BE OUTPUT, THEN *RETURN*.

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1TEFLOW183

DO YOU WANT TO PLOT THE DATA(Y/N)? Y

RANGES OF DATA TO BE PLOTTED:

```
MAXIMUM WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS) = 7390
MINIMUM                      = 3627
MAXIMUM POLARIZER CURRENT    = 2047.000
MINIMUM                      = 0.000
MAXIMUM ANALYZER CURRENT     = 2047.000
MINIMUM                      = 0.000
```

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? N

PLOTTING MENU FOR REFRACTIVE INDEX DATA:

```
(1) POLARIZER CURRENT(ADCU,Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)
(2) ANALYZER CURRENT(ADCU,Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)
(3) POLARIZER CURRENT(ADCU,Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)
(4) ANALYZER CURRENT(ADCU,Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)
(5) ANALYZER CURRENT(Y-AXIS) VS POLARIZER CURRENT(X-AXIS)
```

YOUR CHOICE(1,2,3,4,OR 5)? 1

HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE X-COORDINATE(I2)? 1

HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE Y-COORDINATE(I2)? 1

IS THE GRAPH TO BE LABELED(Y/N)? N

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE (Y/N)? Y

MAXIMUM WAVELENGTH(Å/ANGSTROMS) = 7000
 MINIMUM = 4000

MAXIMUM POLARIZER CURRENT (F10.3) = 2000.
 MINIMUM = 0.

MAXIMUM ANALYZER CURRENT (F10.3) = 2000.
 MINIMUM = 0.

RANGES OF DATA TO BE PLOTTED:
 MAXIMUM WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS) = 7000
 MINIMUM = 4000
 MAXIMUM POLARIZER CURRENT = 2000.000
 MINIMUM = 0.000
 MAXIMUM ANALYZER CURRENT = 2000.000
 MINIMUM = 0.000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE (Y/N)? N

PLOTTING MENU FOR REFRACTIVE INDEX DATA:
 (1) POLARIZER CURRENT (ABDU-Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT (X-AXIS)

Appendix 16 (continued).

RANGES OF DATA TO BE PLOTTED:

MAXIMUM WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS) = 7390
MINIMUM = 3627
MAXIMUM POLARIZER CURRENT = 2047.000
MINIMUM = 0.000
MAXIMUM ANALYZER CURRENT = 2047.000
MINIMUM = 0.000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? N

PLOTTING MENU FOR REFRACTIVE INDEX DATA:

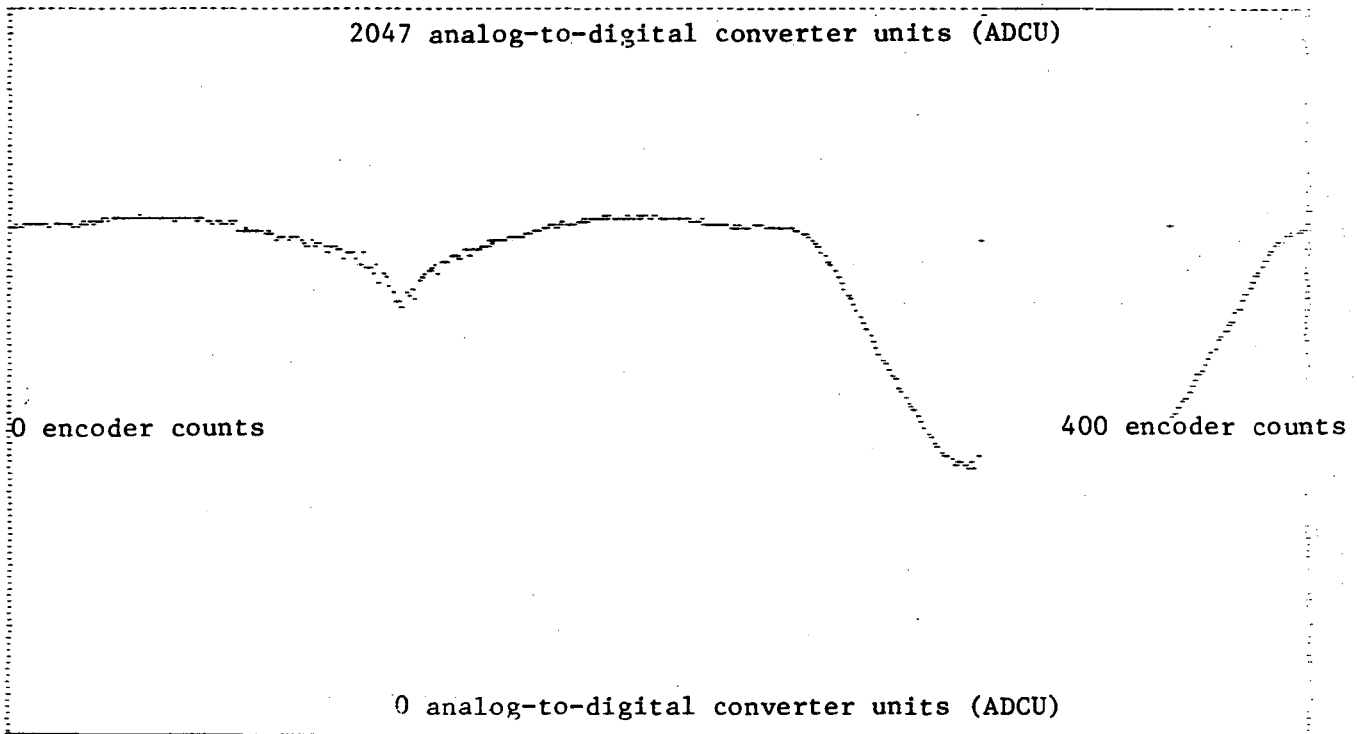
- (1) POLARIZER CURRENT(ADCU,Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)
- (2) ANALYZER CURRENT(ADCU,Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)
- (3) POLARIZER CURRENT(ADCU,Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)
- (4) ANALYZER CURRENT(ADCU,Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)
- (5) ANALYZER CURRENT(Y-AXIS) VS POLARIZER CURRENT(X-AXIS)

YOUR CHOICE(1,2,3,4,OR 5)? 1

HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE X-COORDINATE(I2)? 1

HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE Y-COORDINATE(I2)? 1

IS THE GRAPH TO BE LABELED(Y/N)? N



Appendix 16 (continued).

RANGES OF DATA TO BE PLOTTED:

MAXIMUM WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS) = 7000
MINIMUM = 4000
MAXIMUM POLARIZER CURRENT = 2000.000
MINIMUM = 0.000
MAXIMUM ANALYZER CURRENT = 2000.000
MINIMUM = 0.000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? N

PLOTTING MENU FOR REFRACTIVE INDEX DATA:

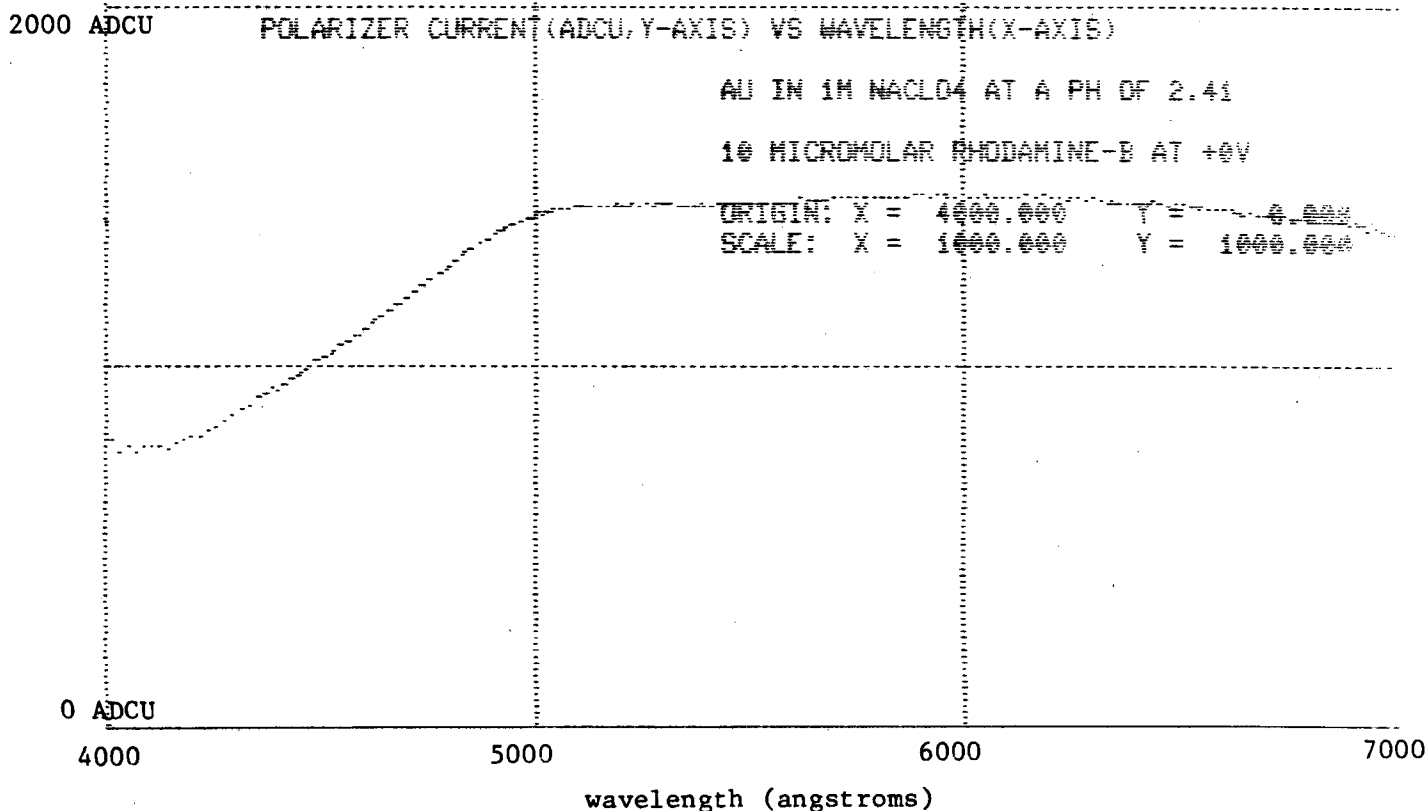
- (1) POLARIZER CURRENT(ADCU,Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)
- (2) ANALYZER CURRENT(ADCU,Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)
- (3) POLARIZER CURRENT(ADCU,Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)
- (4) ANALYZER CURRENT(ADCU,Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)
- (5) ANALYZER CURRENT(Y-AXIS) VS POLARIZER CURRENT(X-AXIS)

YOUR CHOICE(1,2,3,4,OR 5)? 3

HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE X-COORDINATE(I2)? 3

HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE Y-COORDINATE(I2)? 2

IS THE GRAPH TO BE LABELED(Y/N)? Y



Appendix 16 (continued).

ARE ANY ADDITIONAL PLOTS WANTED(Y/N)? N

OUTPUT MENU: (A) HARDCOPY
(B) CRT DISPLAY
(C) NEITHER

YOUR CHOICE: B

18-JUL-82
AU IN 1M NaClO4 AT A
PH OF 2.41
10 MICROMOLAR RHODAMINE-B AT +0V

MANUAL AZIMUTHS(DEG):

P = 85.00
A = 38.00
C = 135.00
WL = 120.00

LAMP:

TYPE = XE

SERIAL NO. = XE-W75 B12-17
LAMP VOLTAGE(VOLTS) = 15
LAMP CURRENT(AMPS) = 6
LAMP OPERATIONAL LIFE(HOURS) = 10

PHOTOMULTIPLIER:

MODEL = HAMAMATSU R928
DYNODE VOLTAGE(VOLTS) = 1100

FARADAY CELL CONTROLLER:

POLARIZER

PHASE = 900
GAIN = 200
AMPLITUDE = -2
TIME CONSTANT(MS) = 1

ANALYZER

PHASE = 830
GAIN = 1000
AMPLITUDE = 0

TIME CONSTANT(MS) = 1

GALVANOMETER AMPLIFIER:

POLARIZER

GAIN = 10
 TIME CONSTANT(MS) = 1

ANALYZER

GAIN = 10
 TIME CONSTANT(MS) = 1

ANALOG/DIGITAL CONVERTER:

POL. INPUT CH. = 0
 ANAL. INPUT CH. = 1
 ADC GAIN = 3

THE NUMBER OF SPECTRA AVERAGED = 1
 MEASURED SCAN RATE VIA COUNTER = 147

DATA COLLECTION INITIATED AT: 0: 0: 0:

DATA COLLECTION FINISHED AT: 1:16:12:41

POLARIZER AND ANALYZER CURRENT (ADCU) AS A FUNCTION OF WAVELENGTH

1 = 1	WL = 5155	POLARIZER =	1441.0000	ANALYZER =	741.0000
1 = 2	WL = 5174	POLARIZER =	1442.0000	ANALYZER =	748.0000
1 = 3	WL = 5193	POLARIZER =	1448.0000	ANALYZER =	745.0000
1 = 4	WL = 5212	POLARIZER =	1444.0000	ANALYZER =	754.0000
1 = 5	WL = 5230	POLARIZER =	1449.0000	ANALYZER =	761.0000
1 = 6	WL = 5249	POLARIZER =	1446.0000	ANALYZER =	764.0000
1 = 7	WL = 5268	POLARIZER =	1448.0000	ANALYZER =	771.0000
1 = 8	WL = 5286	POLARIZER =	1449.0000	ANALYZER =	784.0000
1 = 9	WL = 5295	POLARIZER =	1447.0000	ANALYZER =	789.0000
1 = 10	WL = 5324	POLARIZER =	1447.0000	ANALYZER =	797.0000
1 = 11	WL = 5343	POLARIZER =	1447.0000	ANALYZER =	807.0000
1 = 12	WL = 5361	POLARIZER =	1446.0000	ANALYZER =	810.0000
1 = 13	WL = 5380	POLARIZER =	1445.0000	ANALYZER =	817.0000
1 = 14	WL = 5399	POLARIZER =	1445.0000	ANALYZER =	839.0000
1 = 15	WL = 5418	POLARIZER =	1445.0000	ANALYZER =	846.0000
1 = 16	WL = 5436	POLARIZER =	1447.0000	ANALYZER =	857.0000
1 = 17	WL = 5455	POLARIZER =	1449.0000	ANALYZER =	875.0000
1 = 18	WL = 5474	POLARIZER =	1450.0000	ANALYZER =	899.0000
1 = 19	WL = 5493	POLARIZER =	1451.0000	ANALYZER =	899.0000

Appendix 16 (continued).

Listing of RECALL

```

PROGRAM RECALL
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO RECALL ANY DATA FILE(SPECTRA) AND OUTPUT THE
C               INFORMATION IN NUMERIC AND/OR GRAPHIC FORM.
C
C   PROGRAM WRITTEN BY JOSEPH C. FARMER IN SPRING 1981 AT LBL-MMRD
C
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOF(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAHP
COMMON/G/IPMTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITINEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/J/NWL,NPOL,NCMP,NANA
COMMON/K/IHRSO,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHRSP,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
COMMON/O/BRIEF/ASLOPE(400),PSLOPE(400)
COMMON/TITLE/NTITLE(5,30),NWORD(2,21)
COMMON/MODE/MODE0,MODE1,FACTOR
DIMENSION ALPHA(35),PWORD(5),AWORD(5)
NPASS=1
C*****THE ENCODER COUNT IS CONVERTED TO TO WAVELENGTH BY "WLCALC".*****
CALL WLCALC
C*****THE OUTPUT MODE FOR "RECALL" IS SELECTED BY THE OPERATOR.*****
TYPE 1002
1 TYPE 1003
ACCEPT 1004,MODE0
IF(MODE0.LT.1.OR.MODE0.GT.4)GOTO 1
C*****TITLES FOR LABELING GRAPHICS ARE READ FROM "DY1:TITLE.DAT".*****
CALL TITLE
C*****THE NUMERIC OUTPUT COLUMN HEADINGS ARE READ FROM "DY1.RECALL.DAT"
OPEN(UNIT=1,NAME='DY1:RECALL.DAT',TYPE='OLD')
DO 2 J=1,4
READ(1,1005)(ALPHA(I),I=1,35)
READ(1,1006)(PWORD(JP),JP=1,5),(AWORD(JA),JA=1,5)
READ(1,1007)MODE1
IF(MODE1.EQ.MODE0)GOTO 100
2 CONTINUE
100 CONTINUE
CLOSE(UNIT=1,DISPOSE='SAVE')
200 CONTINUE
IF(NPASS.EQ.1)GOTO 220
TYPE 1002
210 TYPE 1003
ACCEPT 1004,MODE0
220 CONTINUE
IF(MODE0.LT.1.OR.MODE0.GT.4)GOTO 210
IF(MODE0.NE.4)GOTO 3

```

Appendix 16 (continued).

```

C*****THE FARADAY CELL CALIBRATION DATA IS OBTAINED.*****
      TYPE 1000
      TYPE 1008
      ACCEPT 1001,IWAIT
      CALL FCREAD
      DO 300 I=1,400
      POL(I)=PSLOPE(I)
300 ANA(I)=ASLOPE(I)
      GOTO 4
C*****RAW SPECTRAL SCAN DATA IS OBTAINED FROM THE FLOPPY DISK.*****
      3 TYPE 1009
      ACCEPT 1001,IWAIT
      CALL INPUT
      4 CONTINUE
C*****IF DESIRED BY THE OPERATOR, THE DATA IS PLOTTED.*****
      10 TYPE 1011
      ACCEPT 1001,IF1
      IF(IF1.NE.1HY.AND.IF1.NE.1HN)GOTO 10
      IF(IF1.EQ.1HN)GOTO 20
      CALL PLOT
      20 CONTINUE
      DO 40 I=1,400
      POL(I)=POL(I)/FACTOR
      40 ANA(I)=ANA(I)/FACTOR
C*****THE NUMERICAL OUTPUT MODE IS SELECTED.*****
      TYPE 1012
      50 TYPE 1013
      ACCEPT 1001,IF4
      IF(IF4.NE.1HA.AND.IF4.NE.1HB.AND.IF4.NE.1HC)GOTO 50
      IF(IF4.EQ.1HC)GOTO 70
      IF(IF4.NE.1HA)GOTO 60
C*****NUMERICAL DATA IS PRINTED ON THE MODEL 41 TELETYPE.*****
      TYPE 1020
      ACCEPT 1001,IWAIT
      CALL P1INFO
      CALL P1TIME
      DO 56 IPAGE=1,4
      J=IPAGE-1.
      PRINT 1014,(ALPHA(ICHAR),ICHAR=1,35),IPAGE
      PRINT 1015,(PWORD(JF),JP=1,5),(AWORD(JA),JA=1,5)
      C      ,(PWORD(JP),JP=1,5),(AWORD(JA),JA=1,5)
      DO 55 I=1,50
      I1=J+100+I
      I2=I1+50
      55 PRINT 1016,I1,IWAVE(I1),POL(I1),ANA(I1),I2,IWAVE(I2),POL(I2),
      CANA(I2)
      56 PRINT 1021
      60 CONTINUE
      IF(IF4.NE.1HB)GOTO 70

```

Appendix 16 (continued).

```

C*****NUMERICAL DATA IS DISPLAYED ON THE VT55 TERMINAL SCREEN.*****
  CALL T1INFO
  CALL T1TIME
  TYPE 1017,(ALPHA(ICHAR),ICHAR=1,35)
  DO 65 I=1,400
65 TYPE 1018,I,IWAVE(I),(PWORD(JP),JP=1,5),POL(I)
  C,(AWORD(JA),JA=1,5),ANA(I)
70 CONTINUE
C****DEPENDING UPON OPERATOR RESPONSE, THE PROGRAM IS REPEATED.*****
80 TYPE 1019
  ACCEPT 1001,IF3
  IF(IF3.NE.1HY.AND.IF3.NE.1HN)GOTO 80
  NPASS=NPASS+1
  IF(IF3.EQ.1HY)GOTO 200
  TYPE 1020
  ACCEPT 1001,IWAIT
1000 FORMAT(/,' FOR RT-11, V.4 : DATA DISK READ VIA "DY0:"',/,
  C ' FOR RT-11, V.3.8: DATA DISK READ VIA "DY1:"')
1001 FORMAT(A1)
1002 FORMAT(/,' OUTPUT MODE: (1)RAW DATA',
  C /,' (2)PSI/DELTA',
  C /,' (3)COMPLEX REFRACTIVE INDEX',
  C /,' (4)VERDET COEFFICIENTS')
1003 FORMAT(/,' $ YOUR CHOICE: ')
1004 FORMAT(I1)
1005 FORMAT(35A2)
1006 FORMAT(2(5A2,1X))
1007 FORMAT(I1)
1008 FORMAT(/,' $ INSERT THE DISK WITH THE FARADAY CELL CALIBRATION
  C DATA, THEN "RETURN".')
1009 FORMAT(/,' $ INSERT THE DISK WITH THE DATA TO BE OUTPUT,
  C THEN "RETURN".')
1011 FORMAT(/,' $ DO YOU WANT TO PLOT THE DATA(Y/N)? ')
1012 FORMAT(/,' OUTPUT MENU: (A) HARDCOPY',
  C /,' (B) CRT DISPLAY',
  C /,' (C) NEITHER')
1013 FORMAT(/,' $ YOUR CHOICE: ')
1014 FORMAT(///,10X,35A2,1X,' PAGE ',I1)
1015 FORMAT(///,5X,2(3X,' INDEX',6X,' WL',3X,5A2,3X,5A2))
1016 FORMAT(5X,2(5X,I3,3X,I5,3X,F10.4,3X,F10.4))
1017 FORMAT(///,5X,35A2,/)
1018 FORMAT(1X,' I = ',I3,5X,' WL = ',I5,5X,5A2,' = ',F10.4,5X,
  C 5A2,' = ',F10.4)
1019 FORMAT(/,' $ IS THE PROGRAM TO BE EXECUTED AGAIN(Y/N)? ')
1020 FORMAT(/,' $ BE SURE THAT THE SYSTEM VOLUME IS IN "DY0:",
  C THEN "RETURN".')
1021 FORMAT(/////////)
  STOP
  END

```

Appendix 17.

Demonstration of FIXPCA - correction of manual azimuth input parameters

```
RECALL.SAV      83 27-May-82      FIXPCA.FOR      3 05-Jul-82
FIXPCA.OBJ      7 05-Jul-82      FIXPCA.SAV      37 05-Jul-82
48 Files, 836 Blocks
138 Free blocks .....end of directory of DY0:
```

.RUN FIXPCArunning FIXPCA

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1TEFLON183data file being corrected

POLARIZER AZIMUTH(DEGREES) = 70.

ANALYZER AZIMUTH(DEGREES) = 45.

RETARDER AZIMUTH(DEGREES) = 135.

CVF NULL AZIMUTH(DEGREES) = 120.

FILE NAME FOR THE NEW SPECTRAL SCAN (A12) = DY1FIXPCADENcorrected data file.

DO YOU WANT TO CORRECT OTHER SPECTRA(Y/N)? N

STOP --

```
TEFLON.187      5 18-Jul-82      TEFLON.188      5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.189      5 18-Jul-82      TEFLON.190      5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.191      5 18-Jul-82      TEFLON.192      5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.193      5 18-Jul-82      TEFLON.194      5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.195      5 19-Jul-82      TEFLON.196      5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.197      5 19-Jul-82      TEFLON.198      5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.199      5 19-Jul-82      TEFLON.200      5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.201      5 19-Jul-82      TEFLON.202      5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.203      5 19-Jul-82      TEFLON.204      5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.205      5 19-Jul-82      RESULT.203      5 19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.000      13 19-Jul-82     CVPBAU.001      13 19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.002      13 19-Jul-82     CVPBAU.003      13 19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.004      13 19-Jul-82     TRANSLT.DAT     1 09-Nov-81
PLTDIAT.DAT     58 19-Jul-82     TEFLON.206      5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.207      5 19-Jul-82     CVPBAU.005      13 19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.006      13 19-Jul-82     GOLD .186       5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .183       5 19-Jan-83     MINUS .186      5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .188       5 19-Jan-83     MINUS .188      5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .185       5 19-Jan-83     MINUS .185      5 19-Jan-83
FIXPCA.DEM      5 21-Jan-83
165 Files, 940 Blocks
34 Free blocks .....end of directory of DY1: showing corrected data file
```

Appendix 17 (continued).

Listing of FIXPCA

```

PROGRAM FIXPCA
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPHTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/J/NWL,NPOL,NCFP,NANA
COMMON/K/IHRSO,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHRSP,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
REAL*4 DBLK(2),NAME(20)
1000 CALL INPUT
      TYPE 1
      1 FORMAT(/,'$ POLARIZER AZIMUTH(DEGREES) = ')
      ACCEPT 100,XPOL
      TYPE 2
      2 FORMAT(/,'$ ANALYZER AZIMUTH(DEGREES) = ')
      ACCEPT 100,XANA
      TYPE 3
      3 FORMAT(/,'$ RETARDER AZIMUTH(DEGREES) = ')
      ACCEPT 100,XCFP
      TYPE 4
      4 FORMAT(/,'$ CVF NULL AZIMUTH(DEGREES) = ')
      ACCEPT 100,XWL
      NPOL=XPOL*100.
      NANA=XANA*100.
      NCFP=XCFP*100.
      NWL =XWL *100.
      CALL OUTPUT
2000 TYPE 5
      5 FORMAT(/,'$ DO YOU WANT TO CORRECT OTHER SPECTRA(Y/N)? ')
      ACCEPT 200,IFLAG
      IF(IFLAG.NE.1HY.AND.IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 2000
      IF(IFLAG.EQ.1HY)GOTO 1000
      IF(IFLAG.EQ.1HN)STOP
100  FORMAT(F10.4)
200  FORMAT(A1)
      END

```


Appendix 18.

Demonstration of SHIFT - shifting measurements to different encoder counts

.RUN DY1:SHIFT

INSERT DATA DISK - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1GOLD 183

JSHIFT = 185

1	6671.0000	4344.0000	6671.0000	4344.0000
2	6700.0000	4344.0000	6700.0000	4344.0000
3	6718.0000	4355.0000	6718.0000	4355.0000
4	6759.0000	4354.0000	6759.0000	4354.0000
5	6774.0000	4353.0000	6774.0000	4353.0000
6	6813.0000	4358.0000	6813.0000	4358.0000
7	6837.0000	4358.0000	6837.0000	4358.0000
8	6864.0000	4351.0000	6864.0000	4351.0000
9	6894.0000	4354.0000	6894.0000	4354.0000
10	6923.0000	4352.0000	6923.0000	4352.0000
11	6952.0000	4350.0000	6952.0000	4350.0000
12	6980.0000	4354.0000	6980.0000	4354.0000
13	7008.0000	4354.0000	7008.0000	4354.0000
14	7034.0000	4339.0000	7034.0000	4339.0000
15	7057.0000	4340.0000	7057.0000	4340.0000
16	7082.0000	4336.0000	7082.0000	4336.0000
17	7104.0000	4325.0000	7104.0000	4325.0000
392	6443.0000	4259.0000	7448.0000	4291.0000
393	6447.0000	4263.0000	7429.0000	4294.0000
394	6477.0000	4282.0000	7402.0000	4298.0000
395	6494.0000	4294.0000	7386.0000	4294.0000
396	6519.0000	4303.0000	7371.0000	4299.0000
397	6556.0000	4319.0000	7360.0000	4301.0000
398	6568.0000	4323.0000	7338.0000	4303.0000
399	6598.0000	4333.0000	7311.0000	4300.0000
400	10000.0000	5200.0000	7280.0000	4301.0000

IS THE SPECTRA TO BE STORED(Y/N)? N

INSERT DATA DISK - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1GOLD 185

JSHIFT = 170

1	6412.0000	4455.0000	6412.0000	4455.0000
2	6469.0000	4482.0000	6469.0000	4482.0000
3	6485.0000	4482.0000	6485.0000	4482.0000
4	6544.0000	4470.0000	6544.0000	4470.0000
5	6571.0000	4487.0000	6571.0000	4487.0000
6	6605.0000	4463.0000	6605.0000	4463.0000
7	6636.0000	4468.0000	6636.0000	4468.0000

Appendix 18 (continued).

Listing of SHIFT

```

PROGRAM SHIFT
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO SHIFT ENCODER CALIBRATION OF SPECTRA BY "JSHIFT"
C
C   BY JOSEPH C. FARMER, DECEMBER 13,1981, LBL-MMRD, UCB.
C
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAHEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPULT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPMTYV(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/J/NWL,NPOL,NCMP,NANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMIN0,ISECO,ITICO,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
REAL*4 DBLK(2),NAME(20)
DIMENSION POLO(400),ANA0(400)
1  FORMAT(I1)
2  FORMAT(F10.4)
10 TYPE 100
100 FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT DATA DISK - "RETURN".')
    ACCEPT 1, IWAIT
    CALL INFUT
    TYPE 150
150 FORMAT(/,'$ JSHIFT = ')
    ACCEPT 151,JSHIFT
151 FORMAT(I3)
    DO 200 J=1,400
        POLO(J)=POL(J)
200 ANA0(J)=ANA(J)
    DO 300 J=1,400
        JTOTAL=J+JSHIFT
        IF(JTOTAL.LE.0 )GOTO 298
        IF(JTOTAL.GT.400)GOTO 299
        ANA(JTOTAL)=ANA0(J)
        POL(JTOTAL)=POLO(J)
        GOTO 300
298 ANA(JTOTAL+400)=ANA0(J)
    POL(JTOTAL+400)=POLO(J)
    GOTO 300
299 ANA(JTOTAL-400)=ANA0(J)
    POL(JTOTAL-400)=POLO(J)
300 TYPE 9999,J,POLO(J),ANA0(J),POL(J),ANA(J)
9999 FORMAT(1X,I3,4(1X,F15.4))
700 TYPE 701
701 FORMAT(/,'$ IS THE SPECTRA TO BE STORED(Y/N)? ')
    ACCEPT 702,IFLAG
702 FORMAT(A1)
    IF(IFLAG.NE.1HY.AND.IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 700
    IF(IFLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 10
    CALL OUTPUT
    STOP
    END

```

Appendix 19.

Demonstration of CALFC1 - calibration of Faraday cells at different wavelengths

.RUN DY1:CALFC1

DO YOU WANT TO REVIEW ENCODER WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION PARAMETERS(Y/N)? Y

DIGITAL ENCODER PRESETS:

CALIBRATION CURVE SEGMENT NUMBER 1:

SLOPE = 18.0000
INTERCEPT = 5690.00
CORRELATION COEFFICIENT = 1.0000

CALIBRATION CURVE SEGMENT NUMBER 2:

SLOPE = -18.0000
INTERCEPT = 8695.00
CORRELATION COEFFICIENT = 1.0000

LIMITS OF APPLICATION:

UPPER = 282
LOWER = 78

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? N

DATA REJECTION LIMIT(ADCU AT SATURATION) = 2000.

INPUT SPECTRA FOR NULL AT "N=120".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1CALFC1DAT

INPUT SPECTRA FOR NULL WITH INCREMENTED POLARIZER AZIMUTH.

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1CALFC2DAT

INPUT SPECTRA FOR NULL WITH INCREMENTED ANALYZER AZIMUTH.

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1CALFC3DAT

DO YOU WANT CRT DISPLAY OF THE NUMERIC DATA(Y/N)? N

"RETURN" FOR PROGRAM CONTINUATION.

18-MAR-81

CALIBRATION BY: JOE FARMER
MIRROR/FC CALIBRATION/ANA. ADJ.

LAMP:

TYPE = XE
SERIAL NO. = 1A7-19

Appendix 19 (continued).

LAMP VOLTAGE (VOLTS) = 15
LAMP CURRENT (AMPS) = 6
LAMP OPERATIONAL LIFE (HOURS) = 17

PHOTOMULTIPLIER:

MODEL = HAMAMATSU R928
DYNODE VOLTAGE (VOLTS) = 800

FARADAY CELL CONTROLLER:

POLARIZER

PHASE = 600
GAIN = 10
AMPLITUDE = 500
TIME CONSTANT (MS) = 5

ANALYZER

PHASE = 800
GAIN = 10
AMPLITUDE = 500
TIME CONSTANT (MS) = 5

PHASE = 800
GAIN = 10
AMPLITUDE = 500
TIME CONSTANT (MS) = 5

GALVANOMETER AMPLIFIER:

POLARIZER

GAIN = 10
TIME CONSTANT (MS) = 1

ANALYZER

GAIN = 10
TIME CONSTANT (MS) = 1

ANALOG/DIGITAL CONVERTOR:

POL. INPUT CH. = 0
ANA. INPUT CH. = 1
ADC GAIN = 3

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ANY INFORMATION TO BE OUTPUT WITH FACTORS (Y/N)? N

Appendix 19 (continued).

GAIN = 10
TIME CONSTANT(MS) = 1

ANALYZER

GAIN = 10
TIME CONSTANT(MS) = 1

ANALOG/DIGITAL CONVERTOR:

POL. INPUT CH. = 0
ANA. INPUT CH. = 1
ADC GAIN = 3

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ANY INFORMATION TO BE OUTPUT WITH FACTORS(Y/N)? N

DO YOU WANT TO OUTPUT THE RESPONSE FACTORS TO A DISK FILE(Y/N)? Y

FILE NAME FOR THE NEW FC RESPONSE FACTORS (A12) = DY1FARADYDAT

STOP -- FATAL WRITEnot enough storage space on DY1: for DY1FARADYDAT

Appendix 19 (continued).

Listing of CALFC1

```

PROGRAM CALFC1
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO RECALL THE THREE OUTPUT FILES GENERATED BY "SEV001"
C               FOR FARADAY CELL CALIBRATION, TO USE THIS INFORMATION
C               TO COMPUTE APPARANT VERDET COEFFICIENTS FOR EACH
C               FARADAY CELL AND QUANTIFY THE DEGREE OF "CROSS-TALK"
C               BETWEEN THE FARADAY CELLS DURING CALIBRATION, TO
C               DISPLAY THIS INFORMATION ON THE CRT SCREEN
C               NUMERICALLY, AND TO STORE THE INFORMATION ON
C               A FLOPPY DISK FOR ACCESS BY "DSCONV" AND "FCPLOT".
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),FOL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAKEDP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYF,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPKTYF(10),IPMTIV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/J/NUL,NPOL,NCF,NANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMIN0,ISEC0,ITIC0,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
COMMON/O/NPASS
COMMON/P/CNULO,PNULO,PNUL1,ANULO,ANUL1
COMMON/Q/ASLOPE(400),PSLOPE(400),AINTER(400),PINTER(400)
COMMON/R/PO(400),AO(400),F1(400),A1(400),PA(400),AF(400)
COMMON/ODE/MODE0,MODE1,FACTOR
NPASS=1
C*****ENCODER COUNTS(DATA INDICES) ARE CONVERTED TO WAVELENGTHS.*****
CALL WLCALC
C*****THE TOLERANCE FOR DETECTING DATA IN WAVELENGTH REGIONS *****
C   OUT-OF-RANGE OF THE FARADAY CELLS IS INPUT.
TYPE 1001
ACCEPT 1002,TOL
C*****THE SPECTRAL SCAN FOR THE NULL AT A STATIC ROTATING FILTER *****
C   AZIMUTH OF 120 DEGREES(M=120) IS READ FROM A DISK FILE.
TYPE 1003
CALL INPUT
DO 10 I=1,400
PO(I)=POL(I)
10 AO(I)=ANA(I)
PNULO=NPOL
PNULO=PNULO/100.
ANULO=NANA
ANULO=ANULO/100.
CNULO=NCF
CNULO=CNULO/100.

```

Appendix 19 (continued).

```

C*****THE SPECTRAL SCAN FOR THE NULL AT M=120 WITH THE MANUAL *****
C   POLARIZER INCREMENTED IS READ.
      TYPE 1004
      CALL INPUT
      DO 20 I=1,400
      P1(I)=POL(I)
      20 AP(I)=ANA(I)
      PNULL1=MPOL
      PNULL1=PNULL1/100.
C*****THE SPECTRAL SCAN FOR THE NULL AT M=120 WITH THE MANUAL *****
C   ANALYZER AZIMUTH INCREMENTED IS READ.
      TYPE 1005
      CALL INPUT
      DO 30 I=1,400
      PA(I)=POL(I)
      30 A1(I)=ANA(I)
      ANULL1=NANA
      ANULL1=ANULL1/100.
C*****THE DIFFERENCES IN THE ANALYZER AND POLARIZER NULL AZIMUTHS *****
C   ARE COMPUTED.
      PNULL=ABS(PNULL1-PNULL0)
      ANULL=ABS(ANULL1-ANULL0)
      PSUM=0.
      ASUM=0.
      SUM=0.
      DO 50 I=1,400
C*****THE OUT-OF-RANGE DATA POINTS ARE DETECTED AND NO VERDET *****
C   COEFFICIENTS COMPUTED FOR THESE ANGULAR POSITIONS OF
C   THE ROTATING FILTER(WAVELENGTHS).
      IF(ABS(P0(I)).GT.TOL.OR.ABS(P1(I)).GT.TOL)GOTO 40
      IF(ABS(A0(I)).GT.TOL.OR.ABS(A1(I)).GT.TOL)GOTO 40
      PDENOM=ABS(P1(I)-P0(I))
      ADENOM=ABS(A1(I)-A0(I))
C*****THIS STEP PREVENTS "DIVISION BY ZERO" ERRORS.*****
      IF(PDENOM.EQ.0.0.OR.ADENOM.EQ.0.0)GOTO 40
C*****THE VERDET COEFFICIENTS ARE COMPUTED FOR EACH ROTATING FILTER ***
C   ANGULAR POSITION(WAVELENGTH).
      PSLOPE(I)=PNULL/PDENOM
      ASLOPE(I)=ANULL/ADENOM
      IF(PSLOPE(I).GT.0.32767.OR.ASLOPE(I).GT.0.32767)GOTO 40
C*****THE "CROSS-TALK" OR INTERACTION PARAMETER IS COMPUTED FOR EACH **
C   INDEX.
      FINTER(I)=ABS(PA(I)-P0(I))/ADENOM
      AINTER(I)=ABS(AP(I)-A0(I))/PDENOM
      IF(FINTER(I).GT.327.67.OR.AINTER(I).GT.327.67)GOTO 40
      PSUM=PSUM+ABS(FINTER(I))
      ASUM=ASUM+ABS(AINTER(I))
      SUM=SUM+1.

```

Appendix 19 (continued).

```
GOTO 50
40 PSLOPE(I)=0.
   ASLOPE(I)=0.
   PINTER(I)=0.
   AINTER(I)=0.
50 CONTINUE
   PSUM=PSUM/SUM
   ASUM=ASUM/SUM
C****NUMERIC DATA IS DISPLAYED ON THE VT55 SCREEN.*****
60 TYPE 1006
   ACCEPT 1000,IF4
   IF(IF4.NE.1HY.AND.IF4.NE.1HN)GOTO 60
   IF(IF4.NE.1HY)GOTO 140
100 CALL FCTYPE
   DO 110 I=1,400
110 TYPE 1007,I,IWAVE(I),PSLOPE(I),ASLOPE(I),PINTER(I),AINTER(I)
   TYPE 1008,PSUM,ASUM
140 CONTINUE
   TYPE 1011
   ACCEPT 1000,IWAIT
C****FARADAY CELL SETUP CALIBRATION INFO IS INPUT FROM VT55.*****
150 CALL FCTYPE
160 TYPE 1009
   ACCEPT 1000,IF5
   IF(IF5.NE.1HY.AND.IF5.NE.1HN)GOTO 160
   IF(IF5.NE.1HY)GOTO 170
   CALL FCSET1
   GOTO 150
170 CONTINUE
C****VERDET COEFFICIENTS ARE OUTPUT TO A DISK FILE.*****
180 TYPE 1010
   ACCEPT 1000,IF6
   IF(IF6.NE.1HY.AND.IF5.NE.1HN)GOTO 180
   IF(IF6.NE.1HY)GOTO 190
   CALL OUTFC
190 CONTINUE
```


Appendix 19 (continued).

```
1000 FORMAT(A1)
1001 FORMAT(/,$ DATA REJECTION LIMIT(ADCU AT SATURATION) = ')
1002 FORMAT(F10.0)
1003 FORMAT(/,' INPUT SPECTRA FOR NULL AT "M=120".')
1004 FORMAT(/,' INPUT SPECTRA FOR NULL WITH INCREMENTED POLARIZER
C AZIMUTH.')
```

```
1005 FORMAT(/,' INPUT SPECTRA FOR NULL WITH INCREMENTED ANALYZER
C AZIMUTH.')
```

```
1006 FORMAT(/,$ DO YOU WANT CRT DISPLAY OF THE NUMERIC DATA(Y/N)? ')
1007 FORMAT(/,1X,'I = ',I3,3X,'WL = ',I5,3X,'POL. RESPONSE = ',E10.4,
C3X,'ANA. RESPONSE = ',E10.4,/,24X,'POL. INTERACT. = ',E10.4,
C3X,'ANA. INTERACT. = ',E10.4)
```

```
1008 FORMAT(///,5X,'AVERAGE CROSS-TALK PARAMETERS(INTERACTIONS):',
C /,5X,'POLARIZER = ',E14.6,
C /,5X,'ANALYZER = ',E14.6)
```

```
1009 FORMAT(/,$ DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ANY INFORMATION TO BE
C OUTPUT WITH FACTORS(Y/N)? ')
1010 FORMAT(/,$ DO YOU WANT TO OUTPUT THE RESPONSE FACTORS TO A
C DISK FILE(Y/N)? ')
1011 FORMAT(/,$ "RETURN" FOR PROGRAM CONTINUATION.')
```

```
STOP
END
```

Appendix 19 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE FCTYPE
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO DISPLAY THE SETUP INFORMATION RELEVANT TO THE
C   FARADAY CELL CALIBRATION ON THE CRT SCREEN.
C*****
COMMON/E/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPHTYP(10),IPHTDV
COMMON/H/IPHAGF,IPHASA,IGAINF,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEF,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGF,IGAGA,IGATF,IGATA
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/O/NPASS
COMMON/P/CNULL0,PNULL0,PNULL1,ANULL0,ANULL1
COMMON/Q/ASLOPE(400),PSLOPE(400),AINTER(400),PINTER(400)
TYPE 100, IDAY, (IMON(I), I=1,3), IYRS
100 FORMAT(/10X, I2, '-', 3A1, '-', I2)
TYPE 101, (NAMEOP(I), I=1,20)
101 FORMAT(10X, 'CALIBRATION BY: ', 20A2)
TYPE 102, (ID(I), I=1,20)
102 FORMAT(10X, 20A2)
IF(NPASS.EQ.1)GOTO 112
TYPE 110
110 FORMAT(/10X, 'MANUAL AZIMUTHS(DEG) AT NULL:')
F=PNULL0
A=ANULL0
C=CNULL0
WL=120.
TYPE 111, F, A, C, WL
111 FORMAT(/12X, 'F = ', F7.2,
C /12X, 'A = ', F7.2,
C /12X, 'C = ', F7.2,
C /12X, 'WL = ', F7.2)
112 CONTINUE
TYPE 120
120 FORMAT(/10X, 'LAMP:')
TYPE 121, LMPTYP
121 FORMAT(/12X, 'TYPE = ', A2)
TYPE 122, (LMPSER(I), I=1,9)
122 FORMAT(12X, 'SERIAL NO. = ', 9A2)
TYPE 123, LMPVLT
123 FORMAT(12X, 'LAMP VOLTAGE(VOLTS) = ', 14)

```

Appendix 19 (continued).

```

TYPE 124,LMPAMP
124 FORMAT(12X,'LAMP CURRENT(AMPS) = ',I3)
TYPE 125,LMPHRS
125 FORMAT(12X,'LAMP OPERATIONAL LIFE(HOURS) = ',I5)
TYPE 130
130 FORMAT(/10X,'PHOTOMULTIPLIER:')
TYPE 131,(IPMTYP(I),I=1,10)
131 FORMAT(/12X,'MODEL = ',10A2)
TYPE 132,IPMTDV
132 FORMAT(12X,'DYNODE VOLTAGE(VOLTS) = ',I5)
TYPE 140
140 FORMAT(/10X,'FARADAY CELL CONTROLLER:')
TYPE 141
141 FORMAT(/12X,'POLARIZER')
TYPE 142,IPHASP,IGAINP,IAMFLP,ITIMEP
142 FORMAT(/12X,'PHASE = ',I4,
C /12X,'GAIN = ',I4,
C /12X,'AMPLITUDE = ',I4,
C /12X,'TIME CONSTANT(MS) = ',I4)
TYPE 143
143 FORMAT(/12X,'ANALYZER')
TYPE 142,IPHASA,IGAINA,IAMFLA,ITIMEA
TYPE 150
150 FORMAT(/10X,'GALVANO METER AMPLIFIER:')
TYPE 141
TYPE 151,IGAGP,IGATP
151 FORMAT(/12X,'GAIN = ',I6,
C /12X,'TIME CONSTANT(MS) = ',I6)
TYPE 143
TYPE 151,IGAGA,IGATA
IGAIN=IPOL/64
NCHP=IPOL-IGAIN*64
NCHA=IANA-IGAIN*64
TYPE 160
160 FORMAT(/10X,'ANALOG/DIGITAL CONVERTOR:')
TYPE 161,NCHP,NCHA,IGAIN
161 FORMAT(/12X,'POL. INPUT CH. = ',I1,
C /12X,'ANA. INPUT CH. = ',I1,
C /12X,'ADD GAIN = ',I1)
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 19 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE FCPRNT
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO OUTPUT THE SETUP INFORMATION RELEVANT TO THE
C               FARADAY CELL CALIBRATION TO THE LINE PRINTER.
C*****
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOF(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPKTYF(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASF,IPHASA,IGAINF,IGAINA,IAMPLF,IAMPLA,ITIMEF,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGF,IGAGA,IGATF,IGATA
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMDN(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/O/NPASS
COMMON/P/CNULO,FNULO,FNULL1,ANULLO,ANULL1
COMMON/Q/ASLOPE(400),PSLOPE(400),AINTER(400),PINTER(400)
PRINT 100, IDAY, (IMDN(I), I=1,3), IYRS
100 FORMAT(/10X, I2, '- ', 3A1, '- ', I2)
PRINT 101, (NAMEOF(I), I=1,20)
101 FORMAT(10X, 'CALIBRATION BY: ', 20A2)
PRINT 102, (ID(I), I=1,20)
102 FORMAT(10X, 20A2)
IF(NPASS.EQ.1)GOTO 112
PRINT 110
110 FORMAT(/10X, 'MANUAL AZIMUTHS(DEG) AT NULL: ')
P=FNULO
A=ANULLO
C=CNULO
WL=120.
PRINT 111, P, A, C, WL
111 FORMAT(/12X, 'P = ', F7.2,
C         /12X, 'A = ', F7.2,
C         /12X, 'C = ', F7.2,
C         /12X, 'WL= ', F7.2)
112 CONTINUE
PRINT 120
120 FORMAT(/10X, 'LAMP: ')
PRINT 121, LMPTYP
121 FORMAT(/12X, 'TYPE      = ', A2)
PRINT 122, (LMPSER(I), I=1,9)
122 FORMAT(12X, 'SERIAL NO. = ', 9A2)
PRINT 123, LMPVLT
123 FORMAT(12X, 'LAMP VOLTAGE(VOLTS) = ', I4)

```

Appendix 19 (continued).

```

PRINT 124,LMPAMP
124 FORMAT(12X,'LAMP CURRENT(AMPS) = ',I3)
PRINT 125,LMPHRS
125 FORMAT(12X,'LAMP OPERATIONAL LIFE(HOURS) = ',I5)
PRINT 130
130 FORMAT(/10X,'PHOTOMULTIPLIER:')
PRINT 131,(IPMTYP(I),I=1,10)
131 FORMAT(/12X,'MODEL = ',I0A2)
PRINT 132,IPMTDV
132 FORMAT(12X,'DYNODE VOLTAGE(VOLTS) = ',I5)
PRINT 140
140 FORMAT(/10X,'FARADAY CELL CONTROLLER:')
PRINT 141
141 FORMAT(/12X,'POLARIZER')
PRINT 142,IPHASP,IGAINP,IAMPLP,ITIMEP
142 FORMAT(/12X,'PHASE = ',I4,
C /12X,'GAIN = ',I4,
C /12X,'AMPLITUDE = ',I4,
C /12X,'TIME CONSTANT(MS) = ',I4)
PRINT 143
143 FORMAT(/12X,'ANALYZER')
PRINT 142,IPHASA,IGAINA,IAMPLA,ITIMEA
PRINT 150
150 FORMAT(/10X,'GALVANOMETER AMPLIFIER:')
PRINT 141
PRINT 151,IGAGP,IGATP
151 FORMAT(/12X,'GAIN = ',I6,
C /12X,'TIME CONSTANT(MS) = ',I6)
PRINT 143
PRINT 151,IGAGA,IGATA
IGAIN=IPOL/64
NCHP=IPOL-IGAIN*64
NCHA=IANA-IGAIN*64
PRINT 160
160 FORMAT(/10X,'ANALOG/DIGITAL CONVERTOR:')
PRINT 161,NCHP,NCHA,IGAIN
161 FORMAT(/12X,'POL. INPUT CH. = ',I1,
C /12X,'ANA. INPUT CH. = ',I1,
C /12X,'ADC GAIN = ',I1)
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 19 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE FCSET1
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO ALLOW THE OPERATOR TO INPUT SETUP INFORMATION
C   REGARDING THE FARADAY CELL CALIBRATION.
C*****
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOF(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPHTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASE,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMFLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
TYPE 100
100 FORMAT(/,'$ NAME(A40) = ')
ACCEPT 110,(NAMEOF(I),I=1,20)
TYPE 101
101 FORMAT(/,'$ DATE(I2-A3-I2/DAY-MONTH-YEAR) = ')
ACCEPT 102,IDAY,(IMON(I),I=1,3),IYRS
102 FORMAT(I2,1X,3A1,1X,I2)
110 FORMAT(20A2)
TYPE 120
120 FORMAT(/,'$ IDENTIFICATION OF FC CALIBRATION(A40) = ')
ACCEPT 130,(ID(I),I=1,20)
130 FORMAT(20A2)
TYPE 140
140 FORMAT(/,' LAMP PARAMETERS:')
TYPE 141
141 FORMAT('$ TYPE(A2/XE,ETC.) = ')
ACCEPT 142,LMPTYP
142 FORMAT(A2)
TYPE 143
143 FORMAT('$ SERIAL NO.(A18) = ')
ACCEPT 144,(LMPSER(I),I=1,9)
144 FORMAT(9A2)
TYPE 145
145 FORMAT('$ LAMP VOLTAGE(I3/VOLTS) = ')
ACCEPT 146,LMPVLT
146 FORMAT(I4)
TYPE 147
147 FORMAT('$ LAMP CURRENT(I2/AMPS) = ')
ACCEPT 148,LMPAMP
148 FORMAT(I3)
TYPE 149
149 FORMAT('$ LAMP OPERATIONAL LIFE(I4/HOURS) = ')
ACCEPT 146,LMPHRS

```

Appendix 19 (continued).

```

TYPE 150
150 FORMAT(/, ' PHOTOMULTIPLIER PARAMETERS:')
TYPE 151
151 FORMAT(' $ MODEL(A20) = ')
ACCEPT 152, (IPMTYP(I), I=1, 10)
152 FORMAT(10A2)
TYPE 153
153 FORMAT(' $ DYNODE VOLTAGE(I4/VOLTS) = ')
ACCEPT 154, IPMTDV
154 FORMAT(I5)
TYPE 160
160 FORMAT(/, ' FARADAY CELL CONTROLLER PARAMETERS:')
TYPE 161
161 FORMAT(/, ' POLARIZER CHANNEL')
TYPE 162
162 FORMAT(' $ PHASE(I3/POT SETTING) = ')
ACCEPT 163, IPHASP
163 FORMAT(I4)
TYPE 164
164 FORMAT(' $ GAIN(I3/POT SETTING) = ')
ACCEPT 163, IGAINP
TYPE 165
165 FORMAT(' $ AMPLITUDE(I3/POT SETTING) = ')
ACCEPT 163, IAMPLP
TYPE 166
166 FORMAT(' $ TIME CONSTANT(I3/MILLISECONDS) = ')
ACCEPT 163, ITIMEP
TYPE 167
167 FORMAT(/, ' ANALYZER CHANNEL')
TYPE 162
ACCEPT 163, IPHASA
TYPE 164
ACCEPT 163, IGAINA
TYPE 165
ACCEPT 163, IAMPLA
TYPE 166
ACCEPT 163, ITIMEA
TYPE 170
170 FORMAT(/, ' GALVANDMETER AMPLIFIER PARAMETERS:')
TYPE 171
171 FORMAT(/, ' POLARIZER CHANNEL')
TYPE 172
172 FORMAT(' $ GAIN(I5) = ')
ACCEPT 173, IGAGP
173 FORMAT(I6)

```

Appendix 19 (continued).

```
TYPE 174
174 FORMAT('$ TIME CONSTANT(15/MILLISECONDS) = ')
ACCEPT 173,IGATP
TYPE 175
175 FORMAT('/', ' ANALYZER CHANNEL')
TYPE 172
ACCEPT 173,IGAGA
TYPE 174
ACCEPT 173,IGATA
IGAIN=IPOL/64
NCHP=IPOL-IGAIN*64
NCHA=IANA-IGAIN*64
180 TYPE 181
181 FORMAT('/', ' ANALOG/DIGITAL CONVERTOR PRESET PARAMETERS:')
182 TYPE 183,NCHP
183 FORMAT(' POL. INPUT CH. = ',I1)
TYPE 184,NCHA
184 FORMAT(' ANA. INPUT CH. = ',I1)
TYPE 185,IGAIN
185 FORMAT(' ADC GAIN = ',I1)
RETURN
END
```


Appendix 19 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE OUTFC
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO WRITE THE FARADAY CELL CALIBRATION DATA ONTO THE
C               FLOPPY DISK; I.E., VERDET COEFFICIENTS, ETC.
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOF(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMFTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IFMTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASF,IPHASA,IGAINF,IGAINA,IAMFLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEF,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATF,IGATA
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
COMMON/P/CNULL0,PNULL0,PNULL1,ANULL0,ANULL1
COMMON/Q/ASLOPE(400),PSLOPE(400),AINTER(400),PINTER(400)
REAL*4 DBLK(2),NAME(20)
IBLOCK=0
FACT01=1.E05
FACT02=1.E02
TYPE 1
1  FORMAT(/, ' $ FILE NAME FOR THE NEW FC RESPONSE FACTORS (A12) = ')
   ACCEPT 2,(NAME(I),I=1,3)
2  FORMAT(3A4)
   N=IRAD50(12,NAME,DBLK)
   ICHAN=IGETC(0)
   IF(ICHAN.LT.0)STOP 'CANNOT ALLOCATE CHANNEL'
   IERROR=IENTER(ICHAN,DBLK,0)
   IF(IERROR.LT.0)STOP 'ENTER FAILURE'
   DO 10 I=1,256
10  IBUFF(I)=0
   DO 20 I=1,20
   IBUFF(I)=NAMEOF(I)
20  IBUFF(20+I)=ID(I)
   IBUFF(41)=LMFTYP
   DO 30 I=1,9
30  IBUFF(41+I)=LMPSER(I)

```

Appendix 19 (continued).

```

IBUFF(51)=LMPVLT
IBUFF(52)=LMPAMP
IBUFF(54)=IPHASP
IBUFF(55)=IGAINP
IBUFF(56)=IAMPLP
IBUFF(57)=ITIMEP
IBUFF(58)=IPHASA
IBUFF(59)=IGAINA
IBUFF(60)=IAMPLA
IBUFF(61)=ITIMEA
IBUFF(62)=IGAGP
IBUFF(63)=IGATP
IBUFF(64)=IGAGA
IBUFF(65)=IGATA
IBUFF(66)=NRATE
IBUFF(67)=NSCAN
IBUFF(68)=IPOL
IBUFF(69)=IANA
IBUFF(70)=IDAY
IBUFF(71)=IYRS
IBUFF(72)=LMPHRS
IBUFF(73)=IMON(1)
IBUFF(74)=IMON(2)
IBUFF(75)=IMON(3)
DO 35 I=1,10
35 IBUFF(75+I)=IPNTYP(I)
IBUFF(86)=IPMTDV
IBUFF(87)=CNULL0*100.
IBUFF(88)=PNULL0*100.
IBUFF(89)=PNULL1*100.
IBUFF(90)=ANULL0*100.
IBUFF(91)=ANULL1*100.
CALL WRITE
CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
DO 40 I=1,200
40 IBUFF(I)=PSLOPE(I)*FACT01
CALL WRITE
CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
DO 50 I=1,200
50 IBUFF(I)=ASLOPE(I)*FACT01
CALL WRITE
CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
DO 60 I=1,200
60 IBUFF(I)=PSLOPE(I+200)*FACT01
CALL WRITE
CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
DO 70 I=1,200
70 IBUFF(I)=ASLOPE(I+200)*FACT01

CALL WRITE
CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
DO 80 I=1,200
80 IBUFF(I)=PINTER(I)*FACT02
CALL WRITE
CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
DO 90 I=1,200
90 IBUFF(I)=AINTER(I)*FACT02
CALL WRITE
CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
DO 100 I=1,200
100 IBUFF(I)=PINTER(I+200)*FACT02
CALL WRITE
CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
DO 110 I=1,200
110 IBUFF(I)=AINTER(I+200)*FACT02
CALL WRITE
CALL IWAIT(ICHAN)
CALL CLOSEC(ICHAN)
CALL IFREEC(ICHAN)
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 19 (continued).

```
SUBROUTINE WRITE  
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)  
EXTERNAL FINISH  
IERROR=IWRITE(256,IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN,IAREA,FINISH)  
IF(IERROR.LT.0)STOP 'FATAL WRITE'  
IBLOCK=IBLOCK+1  
RETURN  
END
```

```
SUBROUTINE FINISH  
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)  
IFLAG=IFLAG-1  
RETURN  
END
```

Appendix 20.

Demonstration of FCSMTH - Langrangian smoothing of Verdet coefficients at different wavelengths

.RUN DY1:FCSMTH

INSERT DISK WITH WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION - "RETURN".

DO YOU WANT TO REVIEW ENCODER WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION PARAMETERS(Y/N)? N

INSERT DISK WITH VERDET COEF FILE TO BE SMOOTHED - "RETURN".

FC RESPONSE FACTOR FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1FARADYNEWfile to be smoothed;
created by CALFCL

LOWER ENCODER INDEX FOR SMOOTHING POLYNOMIAL = 140

UPPER ENCODER INDEX FOR SMOOTHING POLYNOMIAL = 300

POWER OF LAGRANGIAN SMOOTHING POLYNOMIAL = 5

WL = 5155	POL VERDET COEF = 0.125E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.117E-01
WL = 5174	POL VERDET COEF = 0.123E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.115E-01
WL = 5193	POL VERDET COEF = 0.122E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.114E-01
WL = 5212	POL VERDET COEF = 0.120E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.113E-01
WL = 5230	POL VERDET COEF = 0.119E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.111E-01
WL = 5249	POL VERDET COEF = 0.117E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.110E-01
WL = 5268	POL VERDET COEF = 0.116E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.109E-01
WL = 5286	POL VERDET COEF = 0.115E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.107E-01
WL = 5305	POL VERDET COEF = 0.113E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.106E-01

WL = 4799	POL VERDET COEF = 0.142E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.132E-01
WL = 4818	POL VERDET COEF = 0.142E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.132E-01
WL = 4837	POL VERDET COEF = 0.141E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.132E-01
WL = 4856	POL VERDET COEF = 0.141E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.131E-01
WL = 4874	POL VERDET COEF = 0.140E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.131E-01
WL = 4893	POL VERDET COEF = 0.140E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.130E-01
WL = 4912	POL VERDET COEF = 0.139E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.130E-01
WL = 4931	POL VERDET COEF = 0.138E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.129E-01
WL = 4949	POL VERDET COEF = 0.137E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.128E-01
WL = 4968	POL VERDET COEF = 0.136E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.127E-01
WL = 4987	POL VERDET COEF = 0.135E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.127E-01
WL = 5005	POL VERDET COEF = 0.134E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.126E-01
WL = 5024	POL VERDET COEF = 0.133E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.125E-01
WL = 5043	POL VERDET COEF = 0.132E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.124E-01
WL = 5062	POL VERDET COEF = 0.131E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.122E-01
WL = 5080	POL VERDET COEF = 0.130E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.121E-01
WL = 5099	POL VERDET COEF = 0.128E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.120E-01
WL = 5118	POL VERDET COEF = 0.127E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.119E-01
WL = 5137	POL VERDET COEF = 0.126E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.118E-01

FERROR = 0.65E-02 AERROR = 0.79E-02

INSERT THE DISK FOR SMOOTHED VERDET COEF DATA - "RETURN".

Appendix 20 (continued).

WL = 4949	POL VERDET COEF = 0.137E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.126E-01
WL = 4968	POL VERDET COEF = 0.136E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.127E-01
WL = 4987	POL VERDET COEF = 0.135E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.127E-01
WL = 5005	POL VERDET COEF = 0.134E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.126E-01
WL = 5024	POL VERDET COEF = 0.133E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.125E-01
WL = 5043	POL VERDET COEF = 0.132E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.124E-01
WL = 5062	POL VERDET COEF = 0.131E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.122E-01
WL = 5080	POL VERDET COEF = 0.130E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.121E-01
WL = 5099	POL VERDET COEF = 0.129E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.120E-01
WL = 5118	POL VERDET COEF = 0.127E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.119E-01
WL = 5137	POL VERDET COEF = 0.126E-01	ANA VERDET COEF = 0.118E-01

PERROR = 0.65E-02 AERROR = 0.79E-02

INSERT THE DISK FOR SMOOTHED VERDET COEF DATA - "RETURN".

FILE NAME FOR THE NEW FC RESPONSE FACTORS (A12) = DY1FCSMTHDEM....smoothed

Faraday cell
calibration
file

ARE OTHER FILES TO BE SMOOTHED(Y/N)? N

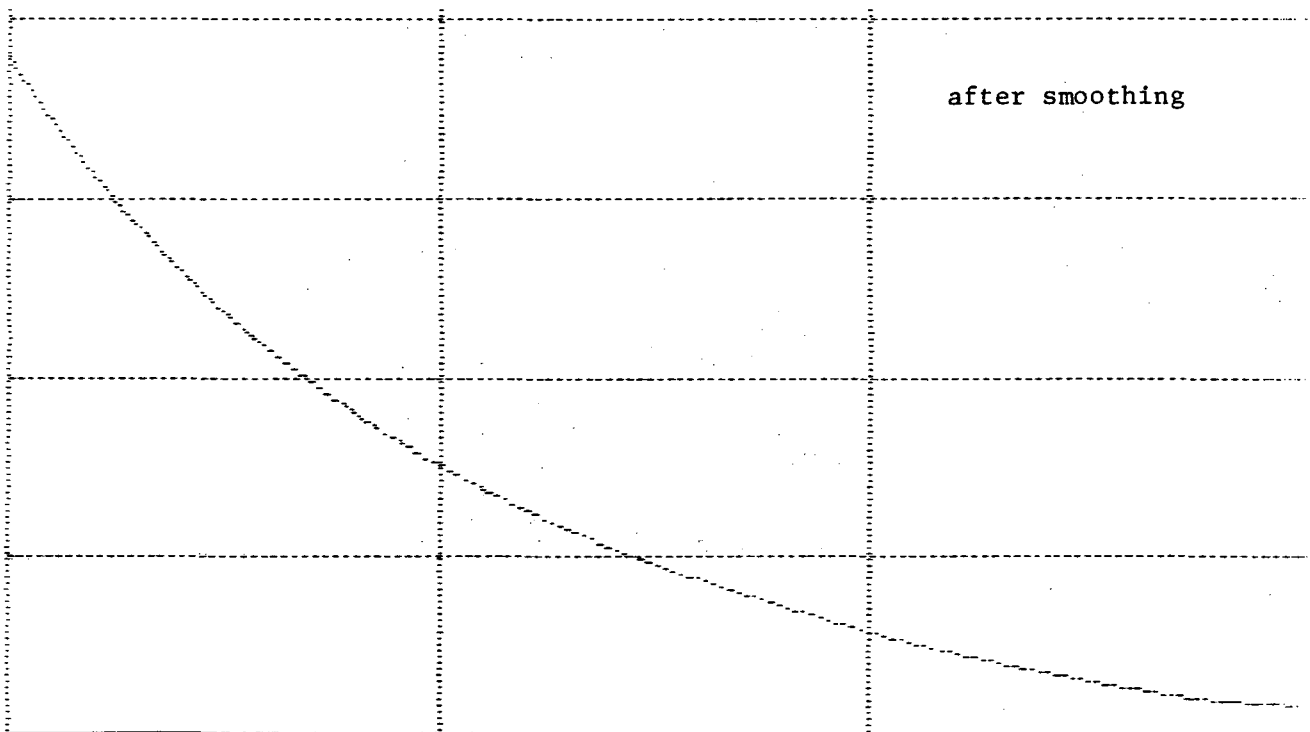
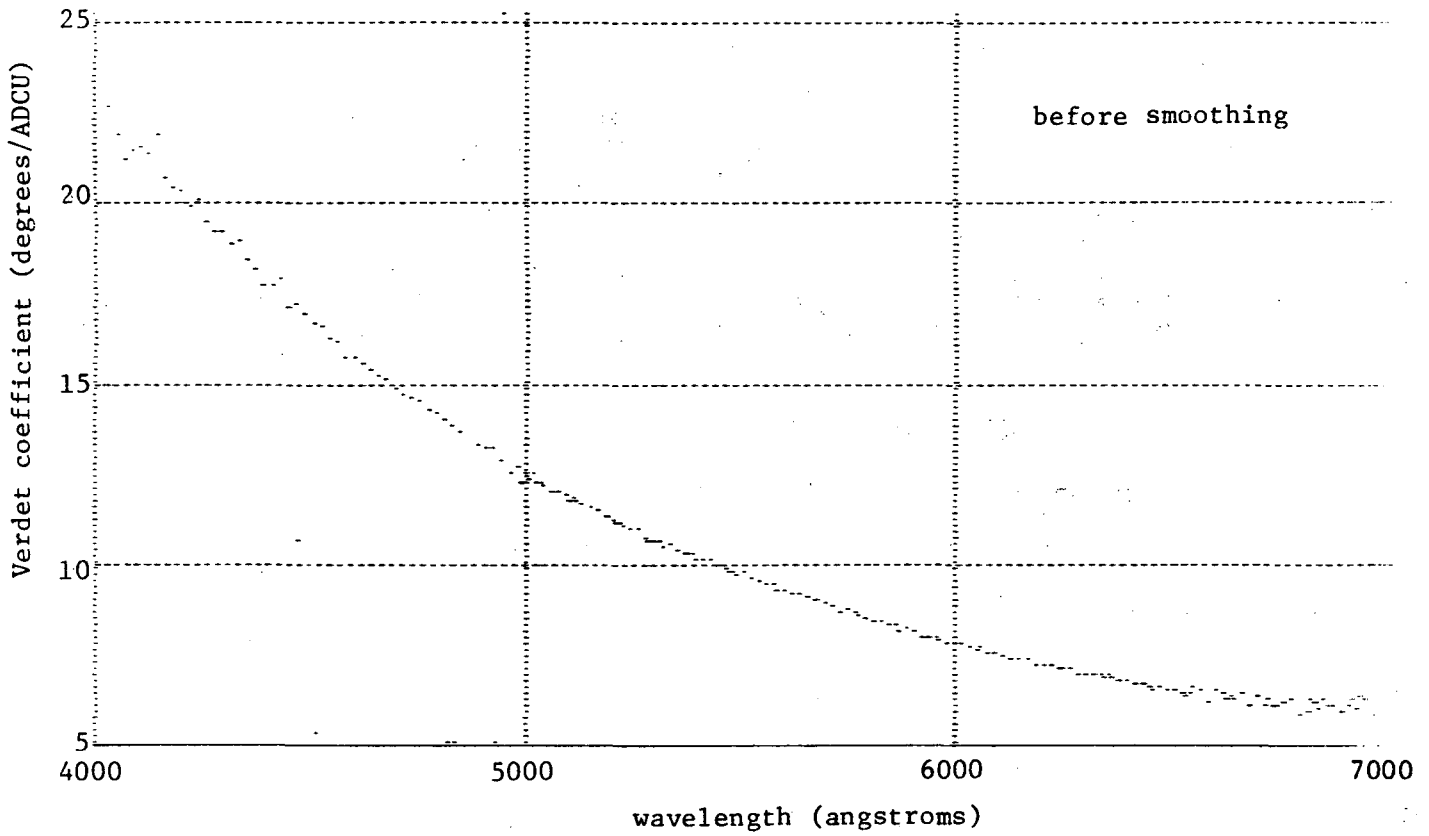
STOP --

TEFLON.189	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.190	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.191	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.192	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.193	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.194	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.195	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.196	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.197	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.198	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.199	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.200	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.201	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.202	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.203	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.204	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.205	5 19-Jul-82	RESULT.203	5 19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.000	13 19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.001	13 19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.002	13 19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.003	13 19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.004	13 19-Jul-82	TRANSL.DAT	1 09-Nov-81
PLTDAT.DAT	58 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.206	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.207	5 19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.005	13 19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.006	13 19-Jul-82	GOLD .186	5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .183	5 19-Jan-83	MINUS .186	5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .188	5 19-Jan-83	MINUS .188	5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .185	5 19-Jan-83	MINUS .185	5 19-Jan-83
DEMOAU.DAT	5 19-Jan-83	RTAU01.DAT	5 19-Jan-83
MINUS .DEM	5 19-Jan-83	FCSMTH.DEM	9 21-Jan-83.....smoothed data file

168 Files, 959 Blocks
15 Free blocks

Appendix 20 (continued).

Verdet coefficients before and after smoothing



Appendix 20 (continued).

Listing of FCSMTH

```

PROGRAM FCSMTH
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE:  TO CONTRL I/O AND SMOOTHING OF VERDET COEFFICIENT
C               CALIBRATION FILES.
C
C   WRITTEN BY JOSEPH C. FARMER ON OCTOBER 30, 1981, LBL-MMRD, UCB.
C
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),PGL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPMTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMPFL,IAMPFA,ITIMEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
COMMON/P/PNULL0,PNULL1,PNULL0,PNULL1
COMMON/Q/ASLOPE(400),PSLOPE(400),AINTER(400),PINTER(400)
1000 CONTINUE
100  FORMAT(A1)
      TYPE 1
1   FORMAT(/, '$ INSERT DISK WITH WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION - "RETURN".')
      ACCEPT 100,IWAIT
      CALL WLCALC
      TYPE 2
2   FORMAT(/, '$ INSERT DISK WITH VERDET COEF FILE TO BE SMOOTHED
C - "RETURN".')
      ACCEPT 100,IWAIT
      CALL INFC
      CALL SMOOTH
      TYPE 3
3   FORMAT(/, '$ INSERT THE DISK FOR SMOOTHED VERDET COEF DATA
C - "RETURN".')
      ACCEPT 100,IWAIT
      CALL OUTFC
4   CONTINUE
      TYPE 5
5   FORMAT(/, '$ ARE OTHER FILES TO BE SMOOTHED(Y/N)? ')
      ACCEPT 100,IWAIT
      IF(IWAIT.NE.1HY.AND.IWAIT.NE.1HN)GOTO 4
      IF(IWAIT.EQ.1HY)GOTO 1000
      STOP
      END

```

Appendix 20 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE INFC
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO READ THE FARADAY CELL CALIBRATION DATA FROM THE
C               FLOPPY DISK; I.E., VERDET COEFFICIENTS, ETC.
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOF(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPMTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
COMMON/P/CNULL0,PNULL0,FNULL1,ANULL0,ANULL1
COMMON/Q/ASLOPE(400),PSLOPE(400),AINTER(400),PINTER(400)
REAL*4 BDLK(2),NAME(20)
IBLOCK=0
FACT01=1.E05
FACT02=1.E02
TYPE 1
1  FORMAT(/,'$ FC RESPONSE FACTOR FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = ')
   ACCEPT 2,(NAME(I),I=1,3)
2  FORMAT(3A4)
   N=IRAD50(12,NAME,BDLK)
   ICHAN=IGETC(I)
   IF(ICHAN.LT.0)STOP 'CANNOT ALLOCATE CHANNEL'
   IF(IFETCH(ICHAN).LT.0)STOP 'FETCH FAIL'
   IF(LOOKUP(ICHAN,BDLK).LT.0)STOP 'BAD LOOKUP'
   DO 10 I=1,256
10  IBUFF(I)=0
   CALL READ
   DO 20 I=1,20
   NAMEOF(I)=IBUFF(I)
20  ID(I)=IBUFF(20+I)
   LMPTYP=IBUFF(41)
   DO 30 I=1,9
30  LMPSER(I)=IBUFF(41+I)

```


Appendix 20 (continued).

```

LMPVLT=IBUFF(51)
LMPAMP=IBUFF(52)
IPHASP=IBUFF(54)
IGAINP=IBUFF(55)
IAMPLP=IBUFF(56)
ITIMEP=IBUFF(57)
IPHASA=IBUFF(58)
IGAINA=IBUFF(59)
IAMPLA=IBUFF(60)
ITIMEA=IBUFF(61)
IGAGP =IBUFF(62)
IGATP =IBUFF(63)
IGAGP =IBUFF(64)
IGATA =IBUFF(65)
NRATE =IBUFF(66)
NSCAN =IBUFF(67)
IPCL =IBUFF(68)
IANA =IBUFF(69)
IDAY =IBUFF(70)
IYRS =IBUFF(71)
LMPHRS=IBUFF(72)
IMON(1)=IBUFF(73)
IMON(2)=IBUFF(74)
IMON(3)=IBUFF(75)
DO 35 I=1,10
35 IPMTYP(I)=IBUFF(75+I)
IPMTDV=IBUFF(86)
CNULL0=IBUFF(87)/100.
PNULL0=IBUFF(88)/100.
PNULL1=IBUFF(89)/100.
ANULL0=IBUFF(90)/100.
ANULL1=IBUFF(91)/100.
CALL READ
DO 40 I=1,200
40 PSLOPE(I)=IBUFF(I)/FACT01
CALL READ
DO 50 I=1,200
50 ASLOPE(I)=IBUFF(I)/FACT01
CALL READ
DO 60 I=1,200
60 PSLOPE(I+200)=IBUFF(I)/FACT01
CALL READ
DO 70 I=1,200
70 ASLOPE(I+200)=IBUFF(I)/FACT01

CALL READ
DO 80 I=1,200
80 PINTER(I)=IBUFF(I)/FACT02
CALL READ
DO 90 I=1,200
90 AINTER(I)=IBUFF(I)/FACT02
CALL READ
DO 100 I=1,200
100 PINTER(I+200)=IBUFF(I)/FACT02
CALL READ
DO 110 I=1,200
110 AINTER(I+200)=IBUFF(I)/FACT02
CALL CLOSEC(ICHAN)
CALL IFREEC(ICHAN)
RETURN
END

SUBROUTINE READ
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
IERROR=IREADW(256,IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN)
IF(IERROR.LT.0)STOP 'FATAL READ'
IBLOCK=IBLOCK+1
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 20 (continued).

SUBROUTINE SMOOTH

```
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE:  TO REMOVE NOISE FROM VERDET COEFFICIENT CALIBRATION
C               FILES USING AN NTH DEGREE LAGRANGIAN INTERPOLATING
C               POLYNOMIAL WHERE THE USER SPECIFIES "N".  THE USER
C               ALSO SPECIFIES THE RANGE OF ENCODER INDICES TO BE
C               USED IN COEFFICIENT ESTIMATION, THOUGH THE FUNCTION
C               CAN BE USED OUTSIDE OF THE RANGE SPECIFIED.  THIS
C               PERMITS EXCLUSION OF DATA COLLECTED IN REGIONS OF
C               "SIGNAL DROP-OUT",ETC.  SUCH SMOOTHING PREVENTS
C               ERROR PROPAGATION FROM FARADAY CELL CALIBRATION
C               FILE NOISE.
```

```
C   WRITTEN BY JOSEPH C. FARMER ON OCTOBER 30, 1981 OF LBL-MMRD, UCB.
```

```
C*****
      DIMENSION POLY(400)
      COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
      COMMON/Q/ASLOPE(400),PSLOPE(400),AINTER(400),PINTER(400)
1000  FORMAT(I3)
      TYPE 1001
1001  FORMAT(/, '$ LOWER ENCODER INDEX FOR SMOOTHING POLYNOMIAL = ')
      ACCEPT 1000,IL
      TYPE 1002
1002  FORMAT(/, '$ UPPER ENCODER INDEX FOR SMOOTHING POLYNOMIAL = ')
      ACCEPT 1000,IH
      TYPE 1003
1003  FORMAT(/, '$ POWER OF LAGRANGIAN SMOOTHING POLYNOMIAL      = ')
      ACCEPT 1000,N
      RANGE=(IH-IL)/(N-1)
      DO 4000 INDEX=1,400
      SUM=0.
      DO 3000 I=1,N
      RI=IL+(I-1)*RANGE
      II=RI
      PROD=1.
      DO 2000 J=1,N
      IF(I.EQ.J)GOTO 2000
      RJ=IL+(J-1)*RANGE
      JJ=RJ
      PROD=PROD*(IWAVE(INDEX)-IWAVE(JJ))/(IWAVE(II)-IWAVE(JJ))
2000  CONTINUE
3000  SUM=SUM+PROD*PSLOPE(II)
4000  POLY(INDEX)=SUM
```

Appendix 20 (continued).

```

PERR=0.
DO 5000 INDEX=1,400
PERR=PERR+(POLY(INDEX)-PSLOPE(INDEX))*(POLY(INDEX)-PSLOPE(INDEX))
5000 PSLOPE(INDEX)=POLY(INDEX)
DO 8000 INDEX=1,400
SUM=0.
DO 7000 I=1,N
RI=IL+(I-1)*RANGE
II=RI
PRGD=1.
DO 6000 J=1,N
IF(I.EQ.J)GOTO 6000
RJ=IL+(J-1)*RANGE
JJ=RJ
PRGD=PRGD*(IWAVE(INDEX)-IWAVE(JJ))/(IWAVE(II)-IWAVE(JJ))
6000 CONTINUE
7000 SUM=SUM+PRGD*ASLOPE(II)
8000 POLY(INDEX)=SUM
AERR=0.
DO 9000 INDEX=1,400
AERR=AERR+(POLY(INDEX)-ASLOPE(INDEX))*(POLY(INDEX)-ASLOPE(INDEX))
9000 ASLOPE(INDEX)=POLY(INDEX)
PERR=SQRT(PERR/400.)
AERR=SQRT(AERR/400.)
DO 10000 I=1,400
10000 TYPE 10001,IWAVE(I),PSLOPE(I),ASLOPE(I)
10001 FORMAT(2X,'WL = ',I5,5X,'POL VERDET COEF = ',E10.3,5X,
C 'ANA VERDET COEF = ',E10.3)
TYPE 10002,PERR,AERR
10002 FORMAT(//,2X,'PERROR = ',E10.2,5X,'AERROR = ',E10.2)
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 21.

Demonstration of FCAVG2 - averaging polarizer and analyzer Verdet coefficients

.RUN DY1:FCAVG2

INSERT DISK WITH WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION - "RETURN".

DO YOU WANT TO REVIEW ENCODER WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION PARAMETERS(Y/N)? N

INSERT DISK WITH VERDET COEF FILE TO BE AVERAGED OR INTERCHANGED - "RETURN".

FC RESPONSE FACTOR FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1FARADYNEW

POL COEF ONLY(P), ANA COEF ONLY(A), OR AVG(M)? M

SIGNAL LOSS - LOWER WL LIMIT = 4000

SIGNAL LOSS - UPPER WL LIMIT = 7000

INSERT THE DISK FOR VERDET COEF DATA STORAGE - "RETURN".

FILE NAME FOR THE NEW FC RESPONSE FACTORS (A12) = DY1FCAVG2DEM

ARE OTHER FILES TO BE AVERAGED OR INTERCHANGED(Y/N)? N

STOP --

TEFLON.187	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.188	5	18-Jul-82
TEFLON.189	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.190	5	18-Jul-82
TEFLON.191	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.192	5	18-Jul-82
TEFLON.193	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.194	5	18-Jul-82
TEFLON.195	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.196	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.197	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.198	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.199	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.200	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.201	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.202	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.203	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.204	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.205	5	19-Jul-82	RESULT.203	5	19-Jul-82
CVPBAL.000	13	19-Jul-82	CVPBAL.001	13	19-Jul-82
CVPBAL.002	13	19-Jul-82	CVPBAL.003	13	19-Jul-82
CVPBAL.004	13	19-Jul-82	TRANSLT.DAT	1	09-Nov-81
PLTDAT.DAT	58	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.206	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.207	5	19-Jul-82	CVPBAL.005	13	19-Jul-82
CVPBAL.006	13	19-Jul-82	GOLD .186	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD .183	5	19-Jan-83	MINUS .186	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD .188	5	19-Jan-83	MINUS .188	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD .185	5	19-Jan-83	MINUS .185	5	19-Jan-83
FCAVG2.DEM	9	21-Jan-83	.....averaged file		
165 Files, 944 Blocks					
30 Free blocks					

Appendix 21 (continued).

Listing of FCAVG2

```

PROGRAM FCAVG
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO FACILITATE USE OF EITHER POLARIZER OR ANALYZER
C               VERDET COEFFICIENT FILES, OR AN AVERAGE OF THE TWO
C               FOR BOTH CHANNELS(POL & ANA).
C
C   WRITTEN BY JOSEPH C. FARMER ON OCTOBER 30, 1981, LBL-MMRD, UCB.
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPHTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
COMMON/P/CNULO,PNULO,PNULL1,ANULO,ANULL1
COMMON/Q/ASLOPE(400),PSLOPE(400),AINTER(400),PINTER(400)
100 FORMAT(A1)
200 FORMAT(I5)
1000 CONTINUE
TYPE 1
1 FORMAT(/,$ INSERT DISK WITH WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION - "RETURN".)
ACCEPT 100,IWAIT
CALL WLCALC
TYPE 2
2 FORMAT(/,$ INSERT DISK WITH VERDET COEF FILE TO BE AVERAGED
C OR INTERCHANGED - "RETURN".)
ACCEPT 100,IWAIT
CALL INFC
2000 TYPE 3
3 FORMAT(/,$ POL COEF ONLY(P), ANA COEF ONLY(A), OR AVG(M)? )
ACCEPT 100,IOPT
IF(IOPT.NE.1HP.AND.IOPT.NE.1HA.AND.IOPT.NE.1HM)GOTO 2000
TYPE 4
4 FORMAT(/,$ SIGNAL LOSS - LOWER WL LIMIT = )
ACCEPT 200,ILOWER
TYPE 5
5 FORMAT(/,$ SIGNAL LOSS - UPPER WL LIMIT = )
ACCEPT 200,IUPPER
IF(IOPT.NE.1HP)GOTO 2002

```

Appendix 21 (continued).

```
      DO 2001 I=1,400
2001 ASLOPE(I)=PSLOPE(I)
      GOTO 2006
2002 CONTINUE
      IF(IOPT.NE.1HA)GOTO 2004
      DO 2003 I=1,400
2003 PSLOPE(I)=ASLOPE(I)
      GOTO 2006
2004 CONTINUE
      IF(IOPT.NE.1HM)GOTO 2006
      DO 2005 I=1,400
      AVG=(PSLOPE(I)+ASLOPE(I))/2.
      PSLOPE(I)=AVG
2005 ASLOPE(I)=AVG
2006 CONTINUE
      DO 2007 I=1,400
      IF(IWAVE(I).LT.IUPPER.AND.IWAVE(I).GT.ILOWER)GOTO 2007
      PSLOPE(I)=0.
      ASLOPE(I)=0.
2007 CONTINUE
      TYPE 6
      6 FORMAT(/, '$ INSERT THE DISK FOR VERDET COEF DATA STORAGE
      C - "RETURN".')
      ACCEPT 100,IWAIT
      CALL OUTFC
2008 CONTINUE
      TYPE 7
      7 FORMAT(/, '$ ARE OTHER FILES TO BE AVERAGED OR INTERCHANGED
      C(Y/N)? ')
      ACCEPT 100,IWAIT
      IF(IWAIT.NE.1HY.AND.IWAIT.NE.1HN)GOTO 2007
      IF(IWAIT.EQ.1HY)GOTO 1000
      STOP
      END
```

Appendix 22.

Demonstration of DSCONV - conversion of spectroscopic measurements to delta and psi

.RUN DY0:DSCONV

DO YOU WANT TO REVIEW ENCODER WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION PARAMETERS(Y/N)? Y

DIGITAL ENCODER PRESETS:

CALIBRATION CURVE SEGMENT NUMBER 1:

SLOPE = 18.7332
INTERCEPT = 5137.13
CORRELATION COEFFICIENT = 0.9996

CALIBRATION CURVE SEGMENT NUMBER 2:

SLOPE = -18.8168
INTERCEPT = 9668.07
CORRELATION COEFFICIENT = 0.9999

LIMITS OF APPLICATION:

UPPER = 321
LOWER = 121

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? N

FOR RT-11 V.4 : DATA DISK READ VIA "DY0:"

FOR RT-11 V.3.B: DATA DISK READ VIA "DY1:"

INSERT THE DISK WITH THE FARADAY CELL CALIBRATION DATA, THEN "RETURN".

VERDET COEFFICIENT FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1FARADYDAT

INSERT THE DISK WITH THE DATA TO BE CONVERTED TO PSI AND DELTA, THEN "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1TEFLD183spectral scan of Au

ARE STANDARD(1) OR ROTATED(2) AZIMUTH CONVERSION FORMULAS TO BE USED(I1)? 2

CONVERSION IN PROGRESS.....

DO YOU WANT TO PLOT DELTA OR PSI AGAINST WAVELENGTH(Y/N)? Y

RANGES OF DATA TO BE PLOTTED:

MAXIMUM WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS) = 7390
MINIMUM = 3627
MAXIMUM DELTA(DEGREES) = 175.520
MINIMUM = -3.700
MAXIMUM PSI(DEGREES) = 52.000
MINIMUM = 0.140

Appendix 22 (continued).

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? Y

MAXIMUM WAVELENGTH(15/ANGSTROMS) = 7000
MINIMUM = 4000

MAXIMUM DELTA(DEGREES) (F10.3) = 90.
MINIMUM = 45.

MAXIMUM PSI(DEGREES) (F10.3) = 50.
MINIMUM = 0.

RANGES OF DATA TO BE PLOTTED:

MAXIMUM WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS) = 7000
MINIMUM = 4000
MAXIMUM DELTA(DEGREES) = 90.000
MINIMUM = 45.000
MAXIMUM PSI(DEGREES) = 50.000
MINIMUM = 0.000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? N

PLOTTING MENU FOR REFRACTIVE INDEX DATA:

- (1) DELTA(Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)
- (2) PSI(Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)

RANGES OF DATA TO BE PLOTTED:

MAXIMUM WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS) = 7000
MINIMUM = 4000
MAXIMUM DELTA(DEGREES) = 90.000
MINIMUM = 45.000
MAXIMUM PSI(DEGREES) = 50.000
MINIMUM = 0.000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? N

PLOTTING MENU FOR REFRACTIVE INDEX DATA:

- (1) DELTA(Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)
- (2) PSI(Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)
- (3) DELTA(Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)
- (4) PSI(Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)
- (5) PSI(Y-AXIS) VS DELTA(X-AXIS)

YOUR CHOICE(1,2,3,4,OR 5)? 3

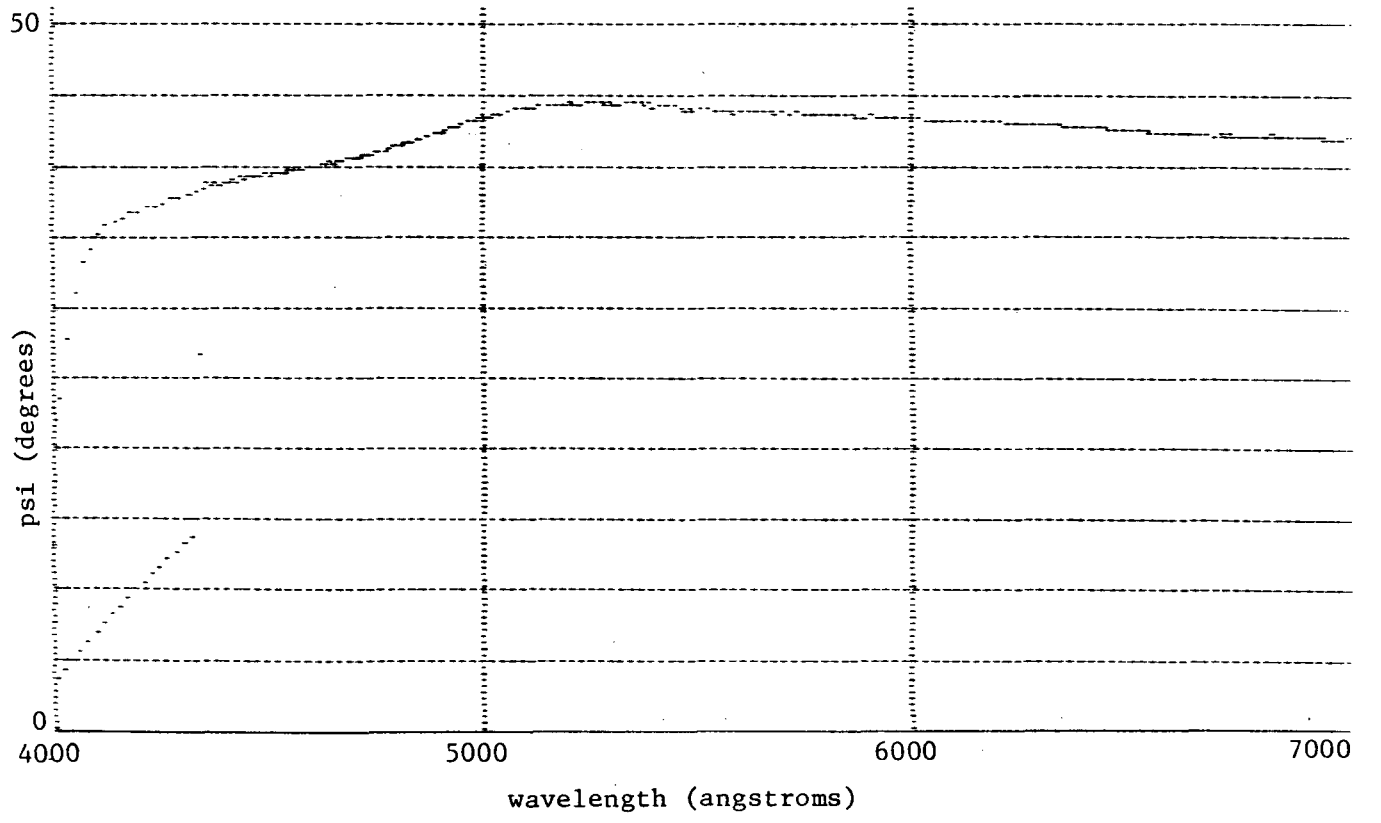
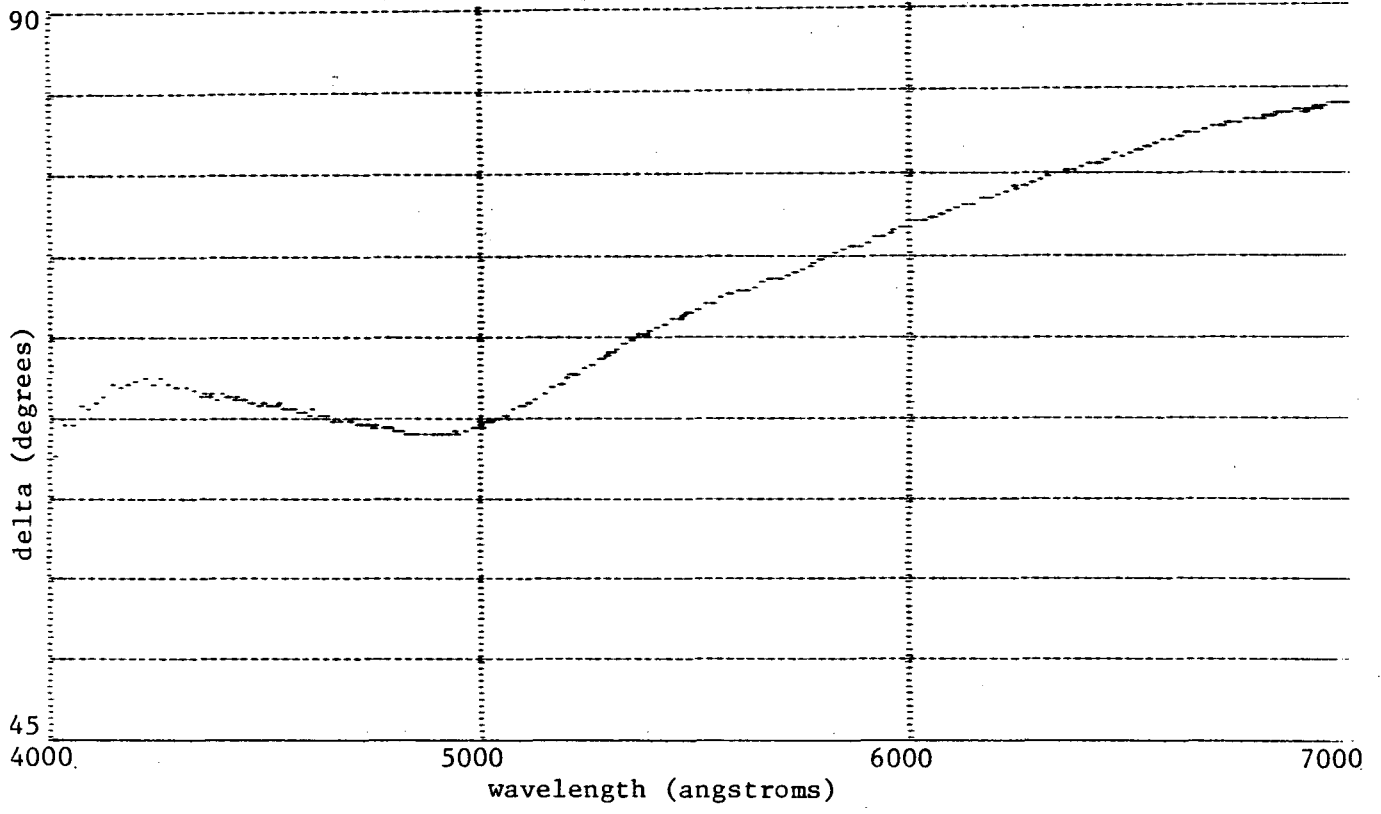
HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE X-COORDINATE(I2)? 3

HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE Y-COORDINATE(I2)? 9

IS THE GRAPH TO BE LABELED(Y/N)? N

Appendix 22 (continued).

Au in 1 M NaClO₄ at pH 2.4



Appendix 22 (continued).

Au in 1 M NaClO₄ at pH 2.4

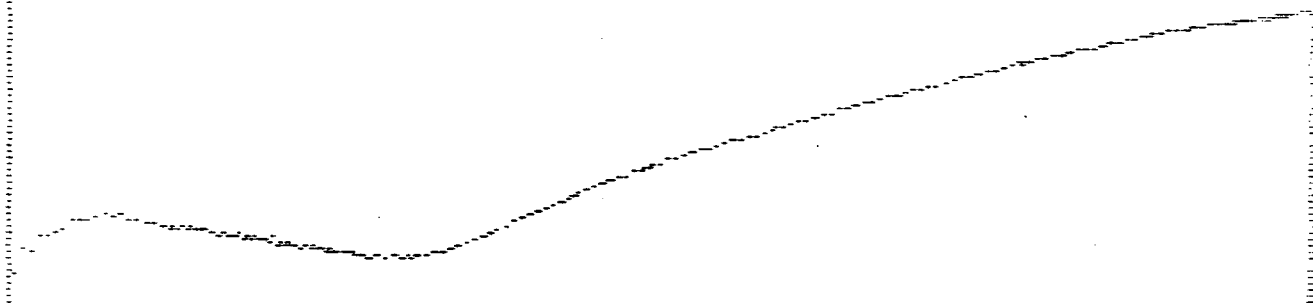
DELTA(Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)

AU IN 1M NaClO4 AT A PH OF 2.41

10 MICROMOLAR RHODAMINE-B AT +0V

ORIGIN: X = 4000.000 Y = 60.000

SCALE: X = 3000.000 Y = 60.000



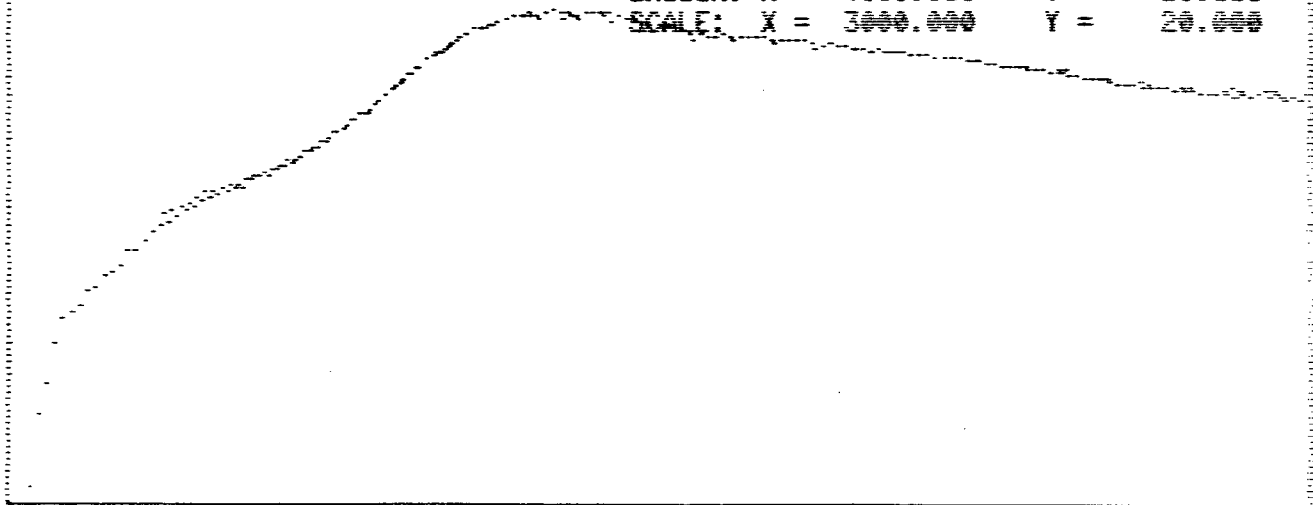
PSI(Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)

AU IN 1M NaClO4 AT A PH OF 2.41

10 MICROMOLAR RHODAMINE-B AT +0V

ORIGIN: X = 4000.000 Y = 30.000

SCALE: X = 3000.000 Y = 20.000



ARE ANY ADDITIONAL PLOTS WANTED(Y/N)? N

DO YOU WANT TO STORE THE CONVERTED DATA(Y/N)? Y

FILE NAME FOR THE NEW SPECTRAL SCAN (A12) = DY12EMOAU.DAT

OUTPUT MENU: (A) HARDCOPY
 (B) CRT DISPLAY
 (C) NEITHER

YOUR RESPONSE: B

THE NUMBER OF SPECTRA AVERAGED = 1
 MEASURED SCAN RATE VIA COUNTER = 147

DATA COLLECTION INITIATED AT: 0: 0: 0
 DATA COLLECTION FINISHED AT: 1:16:12:41time from "booting" measured
 by line clock

DELTA(DEG) AND PSI(DEG) AS A FUNCTION OF WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS)

I = 1	WL = 5155	DELTA = 66.71	PSI = 43.44
I = 2	WL = 5174	DELTA = 67.01	PSI = 43.44
I = 3	WL = 5193	DELTA = 67.19	PSI = 43.56
I = 4	WL = 5212	DELTA = 67.60	PSI = 43.54
I = 5	WL = 5230	DELTA = 67.75	PSI = 43.53
I = 6	WL = 5249	DELTA = 68.13	PSI = 43.58
I = 7	WL = 5268	DELTA = 68.39	PSI = 43.58
I = 8	WL = 5286	DELTA = 68.64	PSI = 43.52
I = 9	WL = 5305	DELTA = 68.95	PSI = 43.54
I = 10	WL = 5324	DELTA = 69.24	PSI = 43.53
I = 11	WL = 5343	DELTA = 69.53	PSI = 43.50
I = 12	WL = 5361	DELTA = 69.81	PSI = 43.54
I = 13	WL = 5380	DELTA = 70.09	PSI = 43.54
I = 14	WL = 5399	DELTA = 70.35	PSI = 43.39
I = 15	WL = 5418	DELTA = 70.58	PSI = 43.40

Appendix 22 (continued).

.DIR

19-Jan-83			
TITLE.DAT	4	17-Jun-81	TRANSL.514
TRANSL.555	1	07-Nov-81	RECALL.DAT
MLCALC.DAT	1	25-May-82	FARADY.OLD
FCCAL1.DAT	5	26-May-82	FCCAL2.DAT
FCCAL3.DAT	5	26-May-82	FCCAL4.DAT
FARADY.NEW	9	26-May-82	FARADY.DAT
CVPBCU.DAT	13	30-Jun-82	POTDEP.DAT
TEFLON.117	5	12-Jul-82	TEFLON.118
TEFLON.119	5	12-Jul-82	TEFLON.120
TEFLON.121	5	12-Jul-82	TEFLON.122
TEFLON.123	5	12-Jul-82	TEFLON.124
TEFLON.125	5	12-Jul-82	TEFLON.126
TEFLON.127	5	13-Jul-82	TEFLON.128
TEFLON.129	5	13-Jul-82	TEFLON.130
TEFLON.131	5	13-Jul-82	TEFLON.132
TEFLON.133	5	13-Jul-82	TEFLON.134
TEFLON.135	5	13-Jul-82	TEFLON.136
TEFLON.137	5	13-Jul-82	TEFLON.138
TEFLON.139	5	13-Jul-82	TEFLON.140
TEFLON.141	5	13-Jul-82	TEFLON.142
TEFLON.143	5	13-Jul-82	TEFLON.144
TEFLON.187	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.188
TEFLON.189	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.190
TEFLON.191	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.192
TEFLON.193	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.194
TEFLON.195	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.196
TEFLON.197	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.198
TEFLON.199	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.200
TEFLON.201	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.202
TEFLON.203	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.204
TEFLON.205	5	19-Jul-82	RESULT.203
CVPBAU.000	13	19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.001
CVPBAU.002	13	19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.003
CVPBAU.004	13	19-Jul-82	TRANSL.DAT
PLTDAT.DAT	58	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.206
TEFLON.207	5	19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.005
CVPBAU.006	13	19-Jul-82	GOLD.186
GOLD.183	5	19-Jan-83	MINUS.186
GOLD.188	5	19-Jan-83	MINUS.188
GOLD.185	5	19-Jan-83	MINUS.185
DEMDAU.DAT	5	19-Jan-83	

165 Files, 940 Blocks
34 Free blocks

.....data file created by
program DSCONV

Appendix 22 (continued).

Listing of DSCONV

```
PROGRAM DSCONV
C*****
C  OBJECTIVE: TO CONVERT RAW DATA FROM ELLIPSO METER SPECTRAL SCAN
C              INTO PSI, DELTA, AND WAVELENGTH.
C
C  PROGRAM WRITTEN BY JOSEPH C. FARMER IN SPRING 1981 AT LBL-MMRD
C
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOF(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPMTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASF,IPHASA,IGAINF,IGAINA,IAMPLF,IAMPLA,ITIMEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGF,IGAGA,IGATF,IGATA
COMMON/J/NWL,NPOL,NCMP,NANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
COMMON/O/NPASS
COMMON/QBRIEF/ASLOPE(400),PSLOPE(400)
COMMON/TITLE/NTITLE(5,30),NWORD(2,21)
COMMON/MODE/MODE0,MODE1,FACTOR
INTEGER*2 ANGOPT
NPASS=1
C*****THE ENCODER COUNT IS CONVERTED TO TO WAVELENGTH BY "WLCALC".*****
CALL WLCALC
C*****TITLES FOR LABELING GRAPHICS ARE READ FROM "DY1:TITLE.DAT".*****
MODE0=2
CALL TITLE
C*****THE FARADAY CELL CALIBRATION DATA IS OBTAINED.*****
TYPE 999
TYPE 1000
ACCEPT 1003,IWAIT
CALL FCREAD
C*****RAW SPECTRAL SCAN DATA IS OBTAINED FROM THE FLOPPY DISK.*****
1 TYPE 1001
ACCEPT 1003,IWAIT
CALL INPUT
```

Appendix 22 (continued).

```

C*****THE OPERATOR SELECTS THE AZIMUTH CONVERION FORMULAS TO BE USED.**
  2 TYPE 1013
    ACCEPT 1014, ANGOPT
    IF(ANGOPT.NE.1.AND.ANGOPT.NE.2)GOTO 2
    TYPE 1015
    DO 5 I=1,400
      P=NPOL/100.+POL(I)*FSLOPE(I)
      A=NANA/100.+ANA(I)*ASLOPE(I)
      C=NCMF/100.
      CALL DELPSI(P,C,A,D,S,ANGOPT)
      IF(D.LT.180.)GOTO 3
      POL(I)=(D-360.)*100.
      GOTO 4
    3 CONTINUE
      POL(I)=D*100.
    4 ANA(I)=S*100.
    5 CONTINUE
C*****IF DESIRED BY THE OPERATOR, THE CONVERTED DATA IS PLOTTED.*****
  10 TYPE 1002
    ACCEPT 1003,IF1
    IF(IF1.NE.1HY.AND.IF1.NE.1HN)GOTO 10
    IF(IF1.EQ.1HN)GOTO 20
    CALL PLOT
  20 CONTINUE
C*****IF DESIRED, THE CONVERTED DATA IS STORED IN A DISK FILE *****
C (AZIMUTHS STORED AS HUNDRETHS OF A DEGREE).
  30 TYPE 1004
    ACCEPT 1003,IF2
    IF(IF2.NE.1HY.AND.IF2.NE.1HN)GOTO 30
    IF(IF2.EQ.1HN)GOTO 40
    CALL OUTPUT
  40 CONTINUE
    DO 41 I=1,400
      POL(I)=POL(I)/100.
    41 ANA(I)=ANA(I)/100.
C*****THE NUMERICAL OUTPUT MODE IS SELECTED.*****
  50 TYPE 1007
    ACCEPT 1003,IF4
    IF(IF4.NE.1HA.AND.IF4.NE.1HB.AND.IF4.NE.1HC)GOTO 50
    IF(IF4.EQ.1HC)GOTO 70
    IF(IF4.NE.1HA)GOTO 60
C*****NUMERICAL DATA IS PRINTED ON THE MODEL 41 TELETYPE.*****
  TYPE 1016
    ACCEPT 1003,IWAIT
    CALL P1INFO
    CALL P1TIME

```

Appendix 22 (continued).

```
DO 56 IPAGE=1,4
J=IPAGE-1
PRINT 1008, IPAGE
PRINT 1009
DO 55 I=1,50
I1=J+100+I
I2=I1+50
55 PRINT 1010,I1,IWAVE(I1),POL(I1),ANA(I1),I2,IWAVE(I2),POL(I2),
CANA(I2)
56 PRINT 1017
60 CONTINUE
IF(IF4.NE.1HB)GOTO 70
C*****NUMERICAL DATA IS DISPLAYED ON THE VT55 TERMINAL SCREEN.*****
CALL T1INFO
CALL T1TIME
TYPE 1011
DO 65 I=1,400
65 TYPE 1012,I,IWAVE(I),POL(I),ANA(I)
70 CONTINUE
C*****DEPENDING UPON OPERATOR RESPONSE, THE PROGRAM IS REPEATED.*****
80 TYPE 1005
ACCEPT 1003,IF3
IF(IF3.NE.1HY.AND.IF3.NE.1HN)GOTO 80
NFPASS=NFPASS+1
IF(IF3.EQ.1HY)GOTO 1
TYPE 1016
ACCEPT 1003,IWAIT
```

Appendix 22 (continued).

```

999 FORMAT(/, ' FOR RT-11 V.4 : DATA DISK READ VIA "DY0:"',/,
C          ' FOR RT-11 V.3.8: DATA DISK READ VIA "DY1:"')
1000 FORMAT(/, '$ INSERT THE DISK WITH THE FARADAY CELL CALIBRATION
C DATA, THEN "RETURN".')
1001 FORMAT(/, '$ INSERT THE DISK WITH THE DATA TO BE CONVERTED
C TO PSI AND DELTA, THEN "RETURN".')
1002 FORMAT(/, '$ DO YOU WANT TO PLOT DELTA OR PSI AGAINST WAVELENGTH
C(Y/N)? ')
1003 FORMAT(A1)
1004 FORMAT(/, '$ DO YOU WANT TO STORE THE CONVERTED DATA(Y/N)? ')
1005 FORMAT(/, '$ IS THE PROGRAM TO BE EXECUTED AGAIN(Y/N)? ')
1006 FORMAT(/, ' OUTPUT MENU: (A) HARDCOPY',
C          ' /, ' (B) CRT DISPLAY',
C          ' /, ' (C) NEITHER')
1007 FORMAT(/, '$ YOUR RESPONSE: ')
1008 FORMAT(///, 10X, 'DELTA(DEG) AND PSI(DEG) AS A FUNCTION OF
C WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS)', 9X, 'PAGE ', I1)
1009 FORMAT(///, 1X, 2(9X, 'INDEX', 5X, 'WL', 6X, 'DELTA', 8X, 'PSI'))
1010 FORMAT(1X, 2(11X, I3, 2X, I5, 4X, F7.2, 4X, F7.2))
1011 FORMAT(//, 5X, 'DELTA(DEG) AND PSI(DEG) AS A FUNCTION OF
C WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS)', /)
1012 FORMAT(5X, 'I = ', I3, 5X, 'WL = ', I5, 5X, 'DELTA = ', F7.2, 5X,
C 'PSI = ', F7.2)
1013 FORMAT(/, '$ ARE STANDARD(1) OR ROTATED(2) AZIMUTH
C CONVERSION FORMULAS TO BE USED(I1)? ')
1014 FORMAT(I1)
1015 FORMAT(/, ' CONVERSION IN PROGRESS.....')
1016 FORMAT(/, '$ BE SURE THAT THE SYSTEM VOLUME IS IN "DY0",
C THEN "RETURN".')
1017 FORMAT(////////)
STOP
END

```


Appendix 22 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE FCREAD
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO RETRIEVE ONLY THE VERDET COEFFICIENTS STORED BY
C               THE FARADAY CELL CALIBRATION ROUTINE "CALFC1",
C               DISREGARDING OTHER INFORMATION STORED ON THE
C               DISK WITH THE VERDET COEFFICIENTS. THIS
C               INFORMATION IS USED BY "DSCONV" TO CONVERT
C               A/D CONVERTOR READINGS TO POLARIZER AND
C               ANALYZER AZIMUTHS PRIOR TO CALLING
C               SUBROUTINE "DELPSI" FOR AZIMUTH
C               CONVERSION TO PSI AND DELTA.
C*****
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
COMMON/QBRIEF/ASLOPE(400),PSLOPE(400)
REAL*4 FCBDLK(2),NAME(20)
IBLOCK=0
FACT01=1.
TYPE 1
1 FORMAT(/,'$ VERDET COEFFICIENT FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = ')
ACCEPT 2,(NAME(I),I=1,3)
2 FORMAT(3A4)
N=IRAD50(12,NAME,FCBDLK)
ICHAN=IGETC(I)
IF(ICHAN.LT.0)STOP 'CANNOT ALLOCATE CHANNEL'
IF(IFETCH(ICHAN).LT.0)STOP 'FETCH FAIL'
IF(LOOKUP(ICHAN,FCBDLK).LT.0)STOP 'BAD LOOKUP'
CALL READ
CALL READ
DO 40 I=1,200
40 PSLOPE(I)=IBUFF(I)/FACT01
CALL READ
DO 50 I=1,200
50 ASLOPE(I)=IBUFF(I)/FACT01
CALL READ
DO 60 I=1,200
60 PSLOPE(I+200)=IBUFF(I)/FACT01
CALL READ
DO 70 I=1,200
70 ASLOPE(I+200)=IBUFF(I)/FACT01
CALL CLOSEC(ICHAN)
CALL IFREEC(ICHAN)
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 22 (continued).

```
      SUBROUTINE READ
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO ACTUALLY READ THE DATA STORED ON THE FLOPPY DISK
C             INTO BUFFER MEMORY.
C*****
      COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
      IERROR=IREADW(256,IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN)
      IF(IERROR.LT.0)STOP 'FATAL READ'
      IBLOCK=IBLOCK+1
      RETURN
      END
```

Appendix 22 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE DELPSI(P,C,A,D,S,ANGOPT)
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: THIS SUBROUTINE, GIVEN THE POLARIZER, COMPENSATOR, AND
C               ANALYZER AZIMUTH COMPUTES THE CORRESPONDING PSI AND
C               DELTA ELLIPSOMETER ANGLES USING EITHER STANDARD OR
C               ROTATED CONVERSION FORMULAS (DEPENDING UPON THE
C               VALUE OF "ANGOPT". IF ANGOPT=1 STANDARD FORMULAS
C               ARE USED; IF ANGOPT=2 ROTATED FORMULAS ARE USED.
C*****
      INTEGER*2 PFLAG,AFLAG,CFLAG,FLAG,ANGOPT
      D=0.
      S=0.
      PFLAG=0
      GOTO 6
5  P=P+180.
6  CONTINUE
      IF(P.LE.180.)PFLAG=400
      IF(P.LE.135.)PFLAG=300
      IF(P.LE. 90.)PFLAG=200
      IF(P.LE. 45.)PFLAG=100
      IF(P.LE.  0.)GOTO 5
      AFLAG=0
      GOTO 8
7  A=A+180.
8  CONTINUE
      IF(A.LE.180.)AFLAG=20
      IF(A.LE. 90.)AFLAG=10
      IF(A.LT.  0.)GOTO 7
      CFLAG=0
      IF(C.EQ.45.)CFLAG=1
      IF(C.EQ.135.)CFLAG=2
      FLAG=PFLAG+AFLAG+CFLAG
      IF(ANGOPT.NE.2)GOTO 180
      IF(FLAG.NE.312)GOTO 10
      D=270.-2.*P
      S=90.-A
10  CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.411)GOTO 20
      D=2.*P-270.
      S=90.-A
20  CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.122)GOTO 30
      D=90.-2.*P
      S=A-90.

```

Appendix 22 (continued).

```
30 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.221)GOTO 40
  D=2.*P-90.
  S=A-90.
40 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.321)GOTO 50
  D=2.*P-90.
  S=A-90.
50 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.422)GOTO 60
  D=450.-2.*P
  S=A-90.
60 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.111)GOTO 70
  D=2.*P-90.
  S=90.-A
70 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.212)GOTO 80
  D=270.-2.*P
  S=90.-A
80 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.322)GOTO 90
  D=450.-2.*P
  S=A-90.
90 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.421)GOTO 100
  D=2.*P-90.
  S=A-90.
100 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.112)GOTO 110
  D=270.-2.*P
  S=90.-A
110 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.211)GOTO 120
  D=2.*P+90.
  S=90.-A
120 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.311)GOTO 130
  D=2.*P+90.
  S=90.-A
130 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.412)GOTO 140
  D=630.-2.*P
  S=90.-A
```

Appendix 22 (continued).

```

140 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.121)GOTO 150
    D=2.*F+270.
    S=A-90.
150 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.222)GOTO 160
    D=450.-2.*F
    S=A-90.
160 CONTINUE
    IF(D.EQ.0.0.AND.S.EQ.0.0)TYPE 170
    IF(D.EQ.0.0.AND.S.EQ.0.0)STOP
170 FORMAT(/,1X,'*PROBABLE ELLIPSOMETER ANGLE CONVERSION ERROR IN
    C SUBROUTINE "PSIDEL" DETECTED;/,',', EXECUTION TERMINATED*')
    GOTO 1180
180 CONTINUE
    IF(ANGOPT.NE.1)GOTO 1180
    IF(FLAG.NE.121)GOTO 1010
    D=90.-2.*F
    S=180.-A
1010 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.222)GOTO 1020
    D=2.*F-90.
    S=180.-A
1020 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.311)GOTO 1030
    D=270.-2.*F
    S=A
1030 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.412)GOTO 1040
    D=2.*F-270.
    S=A
1040 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.112)GOTO 1050
    D=90.+2.*F
    S=A
1050 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.211)GOTO 1060
    D=270.-2.*F
    S=A
1060 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.322)GOTO 1070
    D=2.*F-90.
    S=180.-A

```

Appendix 22 (continued).

```
1070 CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.421)GOTO 1080
      D=450.-2.*P
      S=180.-A
1080 CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.111)GOTO 1090
      D=270.-2.*P
      S=A
1090 CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.212)GOTO 1100
      D=2.*P+90.
      S=A
1100 CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.321)GOTO 1110
      D=450.-2.*P
      S=180.-A
1110 CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.422)GOTO 1120
      D=2.*P-90.
      S=180.-A
1120 CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.122)GOTO 1130
      D=2.*P+270.
      S=180.-A
1130 CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.221)GOTO 1140
      D=450.-2.*P
      S=180.-A
1140 CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.312)GOTO 1150
      D=2.*P+90.
      S=A
1150 CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.411)GOTO 1160
      D=630.-2.*P
      S=A
1160 CONTINUE
      IF(D.EQ.0.0.AND.S.EQ.0.0)TYPE 170
      IF(D.EQ.0.0.AND.S.EQ.0.0)STOP
1180 CONTINUE
      IF(ANGOPT.EQ.1.OR.ANGOPT.EQ.2)GOTO 2010
      TYPE 2000
2000 FORMAT(/,1X,'*INCORRECT OPTION CODE SPECIFIED IN SUBROUTINE
      C "PSIDEL" SO EXECUTION WAS TERMINATED*')
2010 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```

Demonstration of RISURF - complex refractive indices of surface computed from files created by program DSCONV

TEFLON.199	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.200	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.201	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.202	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.203	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.204	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.205	5 19-Jul-82	RESULT.203	5 19-Jul-82
CVFBAU.000	13 19-Jul-82	CVFBAU.001	13 19-Jul-82
CVFBAU.002	13 19-Jul-82	CVFBAU.003	13 19-Jul-82
CVFBAU.004	13 19-Jul-82	TRNSLT.DAT	1 09-Nov-81
PLTDAT.DAT	58 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.206	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.207	5 19-Jul-82	CVFBAU.005	13 19-Jul-82
CVFBAU.006	13 19-Jul-82	GOLD .186	5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .183	5 19-Jan-83	MINUS .186	5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .188	5 19-Jan-83	MINUS .188	5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .185	5 19-Jan-83	MINUS .185	5 19-Jan-83
DEMBAU.DAT	5 19-Jan-83	.....file to be used for calculation;	
165 Files, 940 Blocks		Au in 1 M NaClO ₄ at pH 2.4	
34 Free blocks			

.RUN DY0:RISURFrunning program

DO YOU WANT TO REVIEW ENCODER WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION PARAMETERS(Y/N)? N

INSERT THE STORAGE DISK WITH SUBSTRATE DELTA/PSI DATA, THEN "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1DEMBAUDAT

THE ASSUMED ANGLE OF INCIDENCE(DEG) = 75.00

SHOULD THIS VALUE BE CHANGED(Y/N)? N

THE ASSUMED INCIDENT MEDIUM REFRACTIVE INDEX = 1.0000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THIS VALUE(Y/N)? Y

INCIDENT MEDIUM REFRACTIVE INDEX(F7.4) = 1.34

THE ASSUMED INCIDENT MEDIUM REFRACTIVE INDEX = 1.3400

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THIS VALUE(Y/N)? N

COMPUTATION IN PROGRESS.....

DO YOU WANT TO PLOT THE REFRACTIVE INDEX DATA AGAINST WAVELENGTH(Y/N)? Y

RANGES OF DATA TO BE PLOTTED:

MAXIMUM WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS)	=	7390
MINIMUM	=	3627
MAXIMUM REAL REFRACTIVE INDEX	=	7.117
MINIMUM	=	-1.442

Appendix 23 (continued).

MAXIMUM IMAG REFRACTIVE INDEX = 0.005
MINIMUM = -5.407

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? Y

MAXIMUM WAVELENGTH(15/ANGSTROMS) = 7000
MINIMUM = 4000

MAXIMUM REAL REFRACTIVE INDEX(F10.3) = 2.
MINIMUM = 0.

MAXIMUM IMAG REFRACTIVE INDEX(F10.3) = 0.
MINIMUM = -4.

RANGES OF DATA TO BE PLOTTED:

MAXIMUM WAVELENGTH(ANGSTROMS) = 7000
MINIMUM = 4000
MAXIMUM REAL REFRACTIVE INDEX = 2.000
MINIMUM = 0.000
MAXIMUM IMAG REFRACTIVE INDEX = 0.000
MINIMUM = -4.000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THESE(Y/N)? N

PLOTTING MENU FOR REFRACTIVE INDEX DATA:

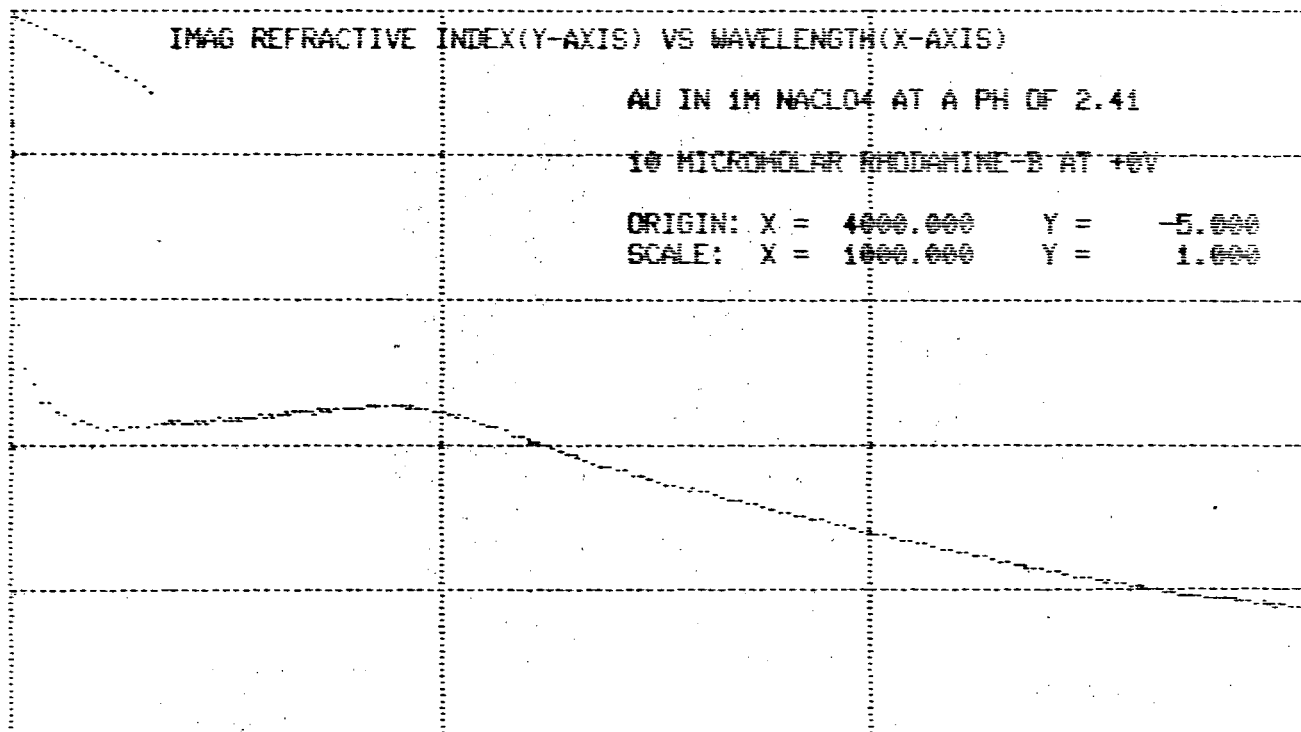
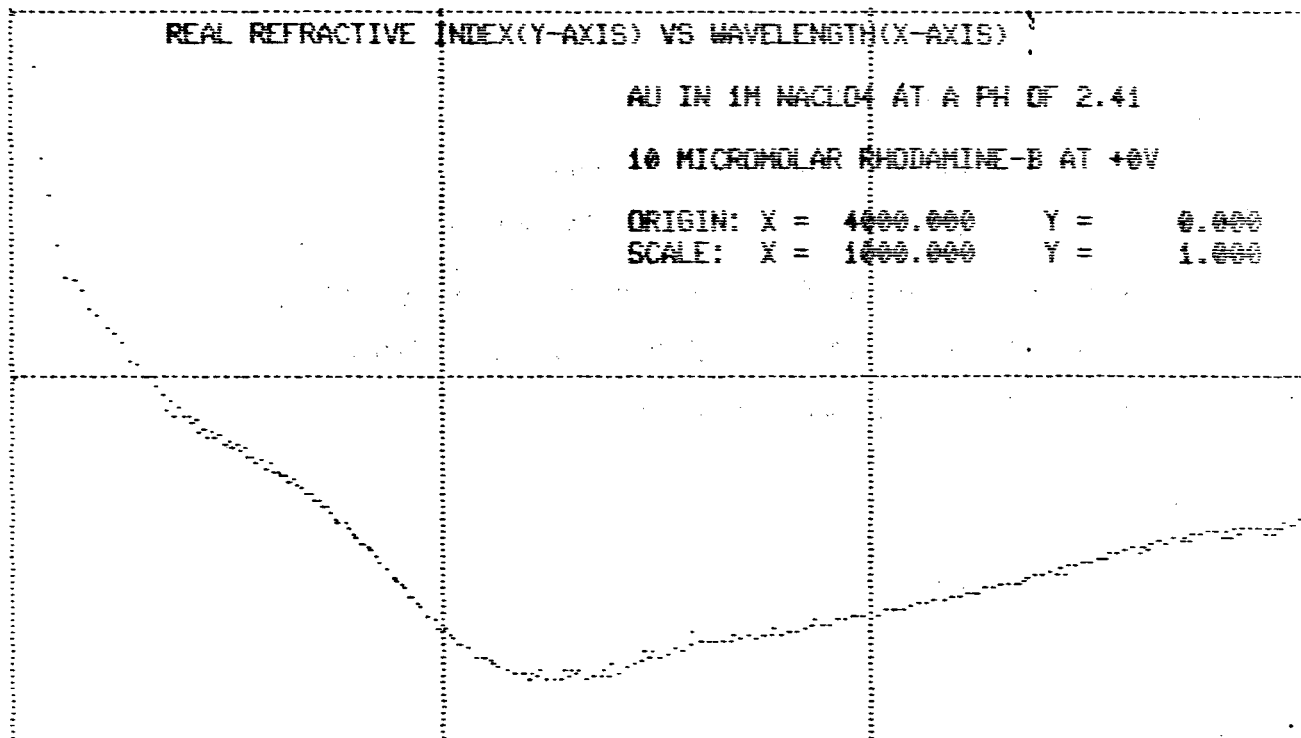
- (1) REAL REFRACTIVE INDEX(Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)
- (2) IMAG REFRACTIVE INDEX(Y-AXIS) VS ENCODER COUNT(X-AXIS)
- (3) REAL REFRACTIVE INDEX(Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)
- (4) IMAG REFRACTIVE INDEX(Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)
- (5) IMAG R.I.(Y-AXIS) VS REAL R.I.(X-AXIS)

YOUR CHOICE(1,2,3,4,OR 5)? 3

HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE X-COORDINATE(I2)? 3

HOW MANY SCALE DIVISIONS DO YOU WANT FOR THE Y-COORDINATE(I2)? 2

IS THE GRAPH TO BE LABELED(Y/N)? Y



Appendix 23 (continued).

ARE ANY ADDITIONAL PLOTS WANTED(Y/N)? N

DO YOU WANT THE COMPLEX REFRACTIVE INDEX STORED(Y/N)? Y

FILE NAME FOR THE NEW SPECTRAL SCAN (A12) = DYIRIAL01.DAT

DO YOU WANT TO DISPLAY THE COMPLEX REFRACTIVE INDEX ON THE CRT(Y/N)? N

DO YOU WANT A HARDCOPY OF THE REFRACTIVE INDEX DATA(Y/N)? N

DO YOU WANT TO EXECUTE THE PROGRAM AGAIN(Y/N)? N

STOP —

TEFLON.187	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.188	5	18-Jul-82
TEFLON.189	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.190	5	18-Jul-82
TEFLON.191	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.192	5	18-Jul-82
TEFLON.193	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.194	5	18-Jul-82
TEFLON.195	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.196	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.197	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.198	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.199	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.200	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.201	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.202	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.203	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.204	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.205	5	19-Jul-82	RESULT.203	5	19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.000	13	19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.001	13	19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.002	13	19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.003	13	19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.004	13	19-Jul-82	TRNSLT.DAT	1	09-Nov-81
PLT.DAT.DAT	58	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.206	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.207	5	19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.005	13	19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.006	13	19-Jul-82	GOLD .186	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD .183	5	19-Jan-83	MINUS .186	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD .188	5	19-Jan-83	MINUS .188	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD .185	5	19-Jan-83	MINUS .185	5	19-Jan-83
DEP.DAT	5	19-Jan-83	RIAL01.DAT	5	19-Jan-83

166 Files, 945 Blocks

29 Free blocks

.....data file
created by
RISURF

Appendix 23 (continued).

```

PROGRAM RISURF
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: COMPUTATION OF COMPLEX REFRACTIVE INDEX OF A BARE
C               SUBSTRATE AS A FUNCTION OF WAVELENGTH FROM AN
C               ELLIPSOMETRIC SPECTRAL SCAN.
C
C   PROGRAM WRITTEN BY JOSEPH C. FARMER IN SPRING 1981 AT LBL-MMRD
C
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPULT,LMPAHP
COMMON/G/IPMTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMFLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/J/NWL,NPOL,NCHP,NANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
COMMON/O/NPASS
COMMON/TITLE/NTITLE(5,30),NWORD(2,21)
COMMON/MODE/MODE0,MODE1,FACTOR
NPASS=1
C*****CALIBRATE THE DIGITAL ENCODER FOR WAVELENGTH*****
CALL WLCALC
C*****TITLES FOR LABELING GRAPHICS ARE READ FROM "DY1:TITLE.DAT".*****
MODE0=3
CALL TITLE
C*****INPUT STORED DELTA/PSI DATA FOR SUBSTRATE FROM FLOPPY DISK*****
1 TYPE 2018
ACCEPT 2019,WAIT
CALL INFUT

```

Appendix 23 (continued).

```

C*****ACCEPT INCIDENT MEDIUM REFRACTIVE INDEX AND ANGLE OF INCIDENCE****
  PHID=75.
  2 TYPE 2008,PHID
    TYPE 2009
    ACCEPT 2010,IFO
    IF(IFO.NE.1HY.AND.IFO.NE.1HN)GOTO 2
    IF(IFO.EQ.1HN)GOTO 3
    TYPE 2011
    ACCEPT 2012,PHID
    GOTO 2
  3 CONTINUE
    TNO=1.0
  4 TYPE 2013,TNO
    TYPE 2014
    ACCEPT 2015,IFO
    IF(IFO.NE.1HY.AND.IFO.NE.1HN)GOTO 4
    IF(IFO.EQ.1HN)GOTO 5
    TYPE 2016
    ACCEPT 2017,TNO
    GOTO 4
  5 CONTINUE
C*****PERFORM REFRACTIVE INDEX COMPUTATION USING SUBROUTINE "REFIND"****
  TYPE 2024
  DO 10 I=1,400
    DELD=POL(I)/100.
    PSID=ANA(I)/100.
    CALL REFIND(PHID,DELD,PSID,TNO,TN,TK)
    POL(I)=TN*1000.
    ANA(I)=TK*1000.
  10 CONTINUE
C*****PLOT THE RESULTS ON VT55 GRAPHICS TERMINAL*****
  100 TYPE 2006
    ACCEPT 2000,IF4
    IF(IF4.NE.1HY.AND.IF4.NE.1HN)GOTO 100
    IF(IF4.EQ.1HN)GOTO 110
    CALL PLOT
  110 CONTINUE
C*****STORE THE COMPLEX REFRACTIVE INDEX SPECTRA ON THE FLOPPY DISK****
  200 TYPE 2001
    ACCEPT 2000,IF1
    IF(IF1.NE.1HY.AND.IF1.NE.1HN)GOTO 200
    IF(IF1.EQ.1HN)GOTO 300
    CALL OUTPUT
  300 CONTINUE
    DO 310 I=1,400
      POL(I)=POL(I)/1000.
    310 ANA(I)=ANA(I)/1000.

```

Appendix 23 (continued).

```

C*****DISPLAY THE NUMERICAL RESULTS ON THE VT55 CRT SCREEN*****
 400 TYPE 2002
      ACCEPT 2000,IF2
      IF(IF2.NE.1HY.AND.IF2.NE.1HN)GOTO 400
      IF(IF2.EQ.1HN)GOTO 600
      CALL T1INFO
      CALL T1TIME
      TYPE 2003
      DO 500 I=1,400
500 TYPE 2004,I,IWAVE(I),POL(I),ANA(I)
C*****PRODUCE A HARDCOPY OF REFRACTIVE INDEX DATA ON LINE PRINTER*****
 600 TYPE 2005
      ACCEPT 2000,IF3
      IF(IF3.NE.1HY.AND.IF3.NE.1HN)GOTO 600
      IF(IF3.EQ.1HN)GOTO 800
      CALL P1INFO
      CALL P1TIME
      DO 710 IPAGE=1,4
      J=IPAGE-1
      PRINT 2020,IPAGE
      PRINT 2021
      DO 700 I=1,50
      I1=J*100+I
      I2=I1+50
 700 PRINT 2022,I1,IWAVE(I1),POL(I1),ANA(I1),I2,IWAVE(I2),POL(I2)
      C,ANA(I2)
 710 PRINT 2023
 800 CONTINUE
C*****EXECUTE "RISURF" AGAIN IF DESIRED*****
1000 TYPE 2007
      ACCEPT 2000,IF5
      IF(IF5.NE.1HY.AND.IF5.NE.1HN)GOTO 1000
      IF(IF5.NE.1HY)STOP
      NPASS=NPASS+1
      GOTO 1

```

Appendix 23 (continued).

```
2000 FORMAT(A1)
2001 FORMAT(/, '$ DO YOU WANT THE COMPLEX REFRACTIVE INDEX STORED
      C(Y/N)? ')
2002 FORMAT(/, '$ DO YOU WANT TO DISPLAY THE COMPLEX REFRACTIVE
      C INDEX ON THE CRT(Y/N)? ')
2003 FORMAT(//, 5X, 'COMPLEX REFRACTIVE INDEX AS A FUNCTION OF
      C WAVELENGTH', /)
2004 FORMAT(5X, 'I = ', I3, 5X, 'WL = ', I5, 5X, 'N = ', F7.4, 5X, 'K = ', F7.4)
2005 FORMAT(/, '$ DO YOU WANT A HARDCOPY OF THE REFRACTIVE
      C INDEX DATA(Y/N)? ')
2006 FORMAT(/, '$ DO YOU WANT TO PLOT THE REFRACTIVE INDEX DATA
      C AGAINST WAVELENGTH(Y/N)? ')
2007 FORMAT(/, '$ DO YOU WANT TO EXECUTE THE PROGRAM AGAIN(Y/N)? ')
2008 FORMAT(/, ' THE ASSUMED ANGLE OF INCIDENCE(DEG) = ', F6.2)
2009 FORMAT(/, '$ SHOULD THIS VALUE BE CHANGED(Y/N)? ')
2010 FORMAT(A1)
2011 FORMAT(/, '$ PHID(F6.2/DEG) = ')
2012 FORMAT(F6.2)
2013 FORMAT(/, ' THE ASSUMED INCIDENT MEDIUM REFRACTIVE INDEX = ',
      CF7.4)
2014 FORMAT(/, '$ DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THIS VALUE(Y/N)? ')
2015 FORMAT(A1)
2016 FORMAT(/, '$ INCIDENT MEDIUM REFRACTIVE INDEX(F7.4) = ')
2017 FORMAT(F7.4)
2018 FORMAT(/, '$ INSERT THE STORAGE DISK WITH SUBSTRATE DELTA/PSI
      C DATA, THEN "RETURN".')
2019 FORMAT(A1)
2020 FORMAT(///, 10X, 'COMPLEX REFRACTIVE INDEX DATA AS A FUNCTION OF
      C WAVELENGTH PAGE ', I1)
2021 FORMAT(///, 1X, 2(9X, 'INDEX', 3X, 'WL', 7X, 'REAL', 4X, 'IMAGINARY'))
2022 FORMAT(2(11X, I3, 2X, I5, 4X, F7.4, 4X, F7.4))
2023 FORMAT(/////////)
2024 FORMAT(/, ' COMPUTATION IN PROGRESS.....')
      END
```

Appendix 23 (continued).

```
      SUBROUTINE REFIND(PHID,DELD,PSID,TNO,TN,TK)
C*****
C      OBJECTIVE: TO COMPUTE THE COMPLEX REFRACTIVE INDEX OF A BARE
C      SURFACE FOR A SINGLE SET OF VALUES OF DELTA, PSI,
C      WAVELENGTH, AND INCIDENT MEDIUM REFRACTIVE INDEX.
C*****
      COMPLEX RHO,T2,S2,TNC,I
      ALPHA=0.01745329252
      PHI=PHID*ALPHA
      PSI=PSID*ALPHA
      DEL=DELD*ALPHA
      I=CMPLX(0.0,1.0)
      RHO=(SIN(PHI)/COS(PHI))*CEXP(I*DEL)
      S1=SIN(PHI)
      T1=SIN(PHI)/COS(PHI)
      T2=(1.0+RHO)/((1.0-RHO)*T1)
      S2=T2/CSGRT(1.0+T2*T2)
      TNC=(TNO*S1)/S2
      TN=REAL(TNC)
      TK=AIMAG(TNC)
      RETURN
      END
```

Appendix 24.

Demonstration of RISMTH - Langrangian smoothing of complex refractive index spectra

.RUN DY1:RISMTH

INSERT DISK WITH WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION - "RETURN".

DO YOU WANT TO REVIEW ENCODER WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION PARAMETERS(Y/N)? N

INSERT DISK WITH RI SPECTRA FILE TO BE SMOOTHED - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1LEAD DAT

LOWER ENCODER INDEX FOR SMOOTHING POLYNOMIAL = 140

UPPER ENCODER INDEX FOR SMOOTHING POLYNOMIAL = 300

POWER OF LAGRANGIAN SMOOTHING POLYNOMIAL = 2

WL = 5155	POL VERDET COEF = -0.319E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.197E+04
WL = 5174	POL VERDET COEF = -0.314E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.199E+04
WL = 5193	POL VERDET COEF = -0.310E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.200E+04
WL = 5212	POL VERDET COEF = -0.305E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.202E+04
WL = 5230	POL VERDET COEF = -0.300E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.203E+04
WL = 5249	POL VERDET COEF = -0.296E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.204E+04
WL = 5268	POL VERDET COEF = -0.291E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.206E+04
WL = 5286	POL VERDET COEF = -0.286E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.207E+04
WL = 5305	POL VERDET COEF = -0.281E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.209E+04

WL = 4949	POL VERDET COEF = -0.371E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.182E+04
WL = 4968	POL VERDET COEF = -0.366E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.183E+04
WL = 4987	POL VERDET COEF = -0.362E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.185E+04
WL = 5005	POL VERDET COEF = -0.357E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.186E+04
WL = 5024	POL VERDET COEF = -0.352E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.187E+04
WL = 5043	POL VERDET COEF = -0.347E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.189E+04
WL = 5062	POL VERDET COEF = -0.343E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.190E+04
WL = 5080	POL VERDET COEF = -0.338E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.192E+04
WL = 5099	POL VERDET COEF = -0.333E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.193E+04
WL = 5118	POL VERDET COEF = -0.329E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.195E+04
WL = 5137	POL VERDET COEF = -0.324E+04	ANA VERDET COEF = -0.196E+04

Note: POL VERDET COEF and ANA VERDET COEF are n and k, respectively, both multiplied by 100
 PERROR = 0.44E+04 AERROR = 0.14E+04

INSERT THE DISK FOR SMOOTHED RI SPECTRA - "RETURN".

FILE NAME FOR THE NEW SPECTRAL SCAN (A12) = DY1SMOOTH#B1

ARE OTHER FILES TO BE SMOOTHED(Y/N)? N

STOP --

Appendix 24 (continued).

Listing of RISMTH

```

PROGRAM RISMTH
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO CONTROL I/O AND SMOOTHING OF RI SPECTRA.
C
C   WRITTEN BY JOSEPH C. FARMER ON OCTOBER 30, 1981, LBL-MMRD, UCB.
C
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOF(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPMTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGF,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/L/IBAY,IMDN(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
COMMON/Q/ASLOPE(400),PSLOPE(400),AINTER(400),PINTER(400)
1000 CONTINUE
100  FORMAT(A1)
    TYPE 1
    1  FORMAT(/, '$ INSERT DISK WITH WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION - "RETURN".')
    ACCEPT 100,IWAIT
    CALL WLCALC
    TYPE 2
    2  FORMAT(/, '$ INSERT DISK WITH RI SPECTRA FILE TO BE SMOOTHED
    C - "RETURN".')
    ACCEPT 100,IWAIT
    CALL INPUT
    DO 2000 I=1,400
    PSLOPE(I)=POL(I)
2000 ASLOPE(I)=ANA(I)
    CALL SMOOTH
    DO 3000 I=1,400
    POL(I)=PSLOPE(I)
3000 ANA(I)=ASLOPE(I)
    TYPE 3
    3  FORMAT(/, '$ INSERT THE DISK FOR SMOOTHED RI SPECTRA
    C - "RETURN".')
    ACCEPT 100,IWAIT
    CALL OUTPUT
    4  CONTINUE
    TYPE 5
    5  FORMAT(/, '$ ARE OTHER FILES TO BE SMOOTHED(Y/N)? ')
    ACCEPT 100,IWAIT
    IF(IWAIT.NE.1HY.AND.IWAIT.NE.1HN)GOTO 4
    IF(IWAIT.EQ.1HY)GOTO 1000
    STOP
    END

```

Appendix 25.

Demonstration of RIGEN1 - generation of spectroscopic refractive index data file
by linear regression of literature data; assumes no
absorption bands over spectral range of data

.RUN BY1:RIGEN1

INSERT DISK WITH WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION FOR THE DIGITAL ENCODER AND "RETURN".

DO YOU WANT TO REVIEW ENCODER WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION PARAMETERS(Y/N)? N

NUMBER OF POINTS TO BE REGRESSED = 3

CORRECTION(Y/N)? N

WAVELENGTH(F10.0) = 7000.

N(F10.3) = 2.5

K(F10.3) = 5.0

CORRECTION(Y/N)? N

WAVELENGTH(F10.0) = 5500.

N(F10.3) = 2.4

K(F10.3) = 3.0

CORRECTION(Y/N)? N

WAVELENGTH(F10.0) = 4000.

N(F10.3) = 2.3

K(F10.3) = 1.0

CORRECTION(Y/N)? N

M1 =	0.6667E-04	B1 =	0.2033E+01	R1 =	0.1000E+01
M2 =	0.1333E-02	B2 =	-0.4333E+01	R2 =	0.1000E+01

IS SYNTHETIC RI SPECTRA TO BE STORED(Y/N)? Y

INSERT DISK FOR SYNTHETIC RI SPECTRA AND "RETURN".

NAME(20A2) = JOSEPH COLLIN FARNER

Appendix 25 (continued).

ID(20A2) = SYNTHETIC SPECTROSCOPIC RI FOR DEMO

CORRECTION(Y/N)? N

FILE NAME FOR THE NEW SPECTRAL SCAN (A12) = DYIRIGENIDEM

IS PROGRAM TO BE EXECUTED AGAIN(Y/N)? Y

INSERT DISK WITH WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION FOR THE DIGITAL ENCODER AND "RETURN".

DO YOU WANT TO REVIEW ENCODER WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION PARAMETERS(Y/N)? Y

DIGITAL ENCODER PRESETS:

CALIBRATION CURVE SEGMENT NUMBER 1:

SLOPE = 18.0000
 INTERCEPT = 5690.00
 CORRELATION COEFFICIENT = 1.0000

CALIBRATION CURVE SEGMENT NUMBER 2:

SLOPE = -18.0000
 INTERCEPT = 8695.00
 CORRELATION COEFFICIENT = 1.0000

INFO .FOR	7	14-Jun-81	FCPLOT.FOR	10	17-Jun-81
CALFC1.FOR	12	16-Jun-81	MINUS .FOR	3	17-Jun-81
EDATA .FOR	3	23-Oct-81	SEV002.FOR	18	23-Oct-81
RUNTST.FOR	2	23-Oct-81	EDATA2.FOR	3	22-Oct-81
PLOTXX.FOR	5	23-Oct-81	MLCALC.NEW	1	28-Oct-81
FCAVG1.FOR	5	02-Nov-81	FCAVG2.FOR	6	02-Nov-81
FCSMTH.FOR	4	02-Nov-81	SMOOTH.FOR	6	02-Nov-81
TITLE .DAT	4	17-Jun-81	FARADY.DAT	9	02-Nov-81
FCREAD.FOR	4	07-Dec-81	DSCON1.FOR	11	07-Dec-81
DSCON1.SAV	90	07-Dec-81	RISMTH.FOR	4	13-Dec-81
RISMTH.SAV	63	13-Dec-81	RIGEN1.FOR	6	13-Dec-81
RIGEN1.SAV	49	13-Dec-81	RILINE.FOR	4	13-Dec-81
FILM .FOR	3	14-Dec-81	EMASES.FOR	11	18-Jan-82
EMASES.SAV	83	18-Jan-82	CSMSES.FOR	10	12-Jan-82
FILM02.FOR	5	20-Jan-82	CSMFIT.FOR	11	12-Jan-82
CSMFIT.SAV	46	12-Jan-82	CSMSES.SAV	93	12-Jan-82
EMAFIT.FOR	12	21-Jan-82	EMAFIT.SAV	43	21-Jan-82
NORMAL.FOR	4	18-Feb-82	NORMAL.SAV	41	18-Feb-82
FCSMTH.OBJ	7	23-May-82	SMOOTH.OBJ	12	23-May-82
RIGEN1.IEM	5	21-Jan-83	.....generated data file		
73 Files, 956 Blocks	in directory of DY1:				
18 Free blocks					

Listing of RIGEN1

```

PROGRAM RIGEN1
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE:  TO USE A LINEAR REGRESSION ROUTINE TO CREATE A
C               SIMULATED RI SPECTRA THAT VARIES LINEARLY WITH
C               WAVELENGTH.  REGRESSION IS DONE ON REFRACTIVE INDEX
C               DATA ENTERED FROM THE KEYBOARD BY THE OPERATOR.
C
C   BY JOSEPH C. FARMER, DECEMBER 13, 1981, LBL-MHRD, UCB.
C
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPMTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/J/NWL,NPOL,NCMP,NANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
REAL*4 DBLK(2),NAME(20)
REAL*4 M1,M2
1 CONTINUE
TYPE 10
10 FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT DISK WITH WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION FOR THE
C DIGITAL ENCODER AND "RETURN".')
ACCEPT 11,IWAIT
11 FORMAT(I1)
CALL WLCALC
CALL RILINE(M1,M2,B1,B2,R1,R2)
DO 1000 I=1,400
POL(I)=(M1*IWAVE(I)+B1)*1000.
1000 ANA(I)=(M2*IWAVE(I)+B2)*1000.
12 TYPE 13
13 FORMAT(/,'$ IS SYNTHETIC RI SPECTRA TO BE STORED(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 14,IFLAG1
14 FORMAT(A1)
IF(IFLAG1.NE.1HY.AND.IFLAG1.NE.1HN)GOTO 12
IF(IFLAG1.EQ.1HN)GOTO 40
DO 2000 I=1,10
LMPSER(I)=1HX
2000 IPMTYP(I)=1HX
DO 3000 I=1,3
3000 IMON(I)=1HX

```

Appendix 25 (continued).

```

LMPVLT=0      TYPE 20
LMPAMP=0      20 FORMAT(/,$ INSERT DISK FOR SYNTHETIC RI SPECTRA AND "RETURN".)
IPHASF=0      ACCEPT 21,IWAIT
IGAINP=0      21 FORMAT(I1)
IAMPLP=0      30 TYPE 31
ITIMEP=0      31 FORMAT(/,$ NAME(20A2) = ')
IPHASA=0      ACCEPT 32,(NAMEOP(I),I=1,20)
IGAINA=0      32 FORMAT(20A2)
IAMPLA=0      TYPE 33
ITIMEA=0      33 FORMAT(/,$ ID(20A2) = ')
IGAGP=0      ACCEPT 32,(ID(I),I=1,20)
IGATP=0      TYPE 34
IGAGA=0      34 FORMAT(/,$ CORRECTION(Y/N)? ')
IGATA=0      ACCEPT 35,IFLAG2
NRATE=0      35 FORMAT(A1)
NSCAN=0      IF(IFLAG2.NE.1HN.AND.IFLAG2.NE.1HY)GOTO 30
IPOL=0      CALL OUTPUT
IANA=0      40 CONTINUE
NWL=0      41 TYPE 42
NPOL=0      42 FORMAT(/,$ IS PROGRAM TO BE EXECUTED AGAIN(Y/N)? ')
NCMP=0      ACCEPT 43,IFLAG3
NANA=0      43 FORMAT(A1)
IHRSO=0      IF(IFLAG3.NE.1HY.AND.IFLAG3.NE.1HN)GOTO 41
IMINO=0      IF(IFLAG3.EQ.1HY)GOTO 1
ISECO=0      STOP
ITICO=0      END
IHRSF=0
IMINF=0
ISECF=0
ITICF=0

```

Appendix 26.

Demonstration of DYERI - simulation of dye adsorbate refractive index data file
 from absorption spectra measured with the spectral scanning
 ellipsometer serving as spectrophotometer

.RUN DY1:DYERI

INSERT REAL RI COMPONENT DISK - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1RND00B1.DAT

INSERT IMAG RI COMPONENT DISK - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1RND00B0.DAT

EXTINCTION COEFFICIENT MAXIMUM = 1.7

FILE MAXIMUM VALUE = 1274.

IS THE DYE RI SPECTRA TO BE STORED(Y/N)? Y

FILE NAME FOR THE NEW SPECTRAL SCAN (A12) = DY1DYERI.DEM

STOP --

SUB001.DAT	5	07-Sep-82	SUB002.DAT	5	07-Sep-82
INOUT.FOR	13	07-Apr-81	MINMOD.SAV	40	07-Sep-82
MINMOD.FOR	3	07-Sep-82	INOUT.OBJ	34	07-Sep-82
SUB003.DAT	5	07-Sep-82	SUB004.DAT	5	07-Sep-82
PLTNLM.DAT	5	07-Sep-82	SILVER.DAT	5	07-Sep-82
LEAD.DAT	5	07-Sep-82	SPEC05.DAT	5	07-Sep-82
SPEC06.DAT	5	07-Sep-82	SPEC07.DAT	5	07-Sep-82
SPEC08.DAT	5	07-Sep-82	SPEC09.DAT	5	07-Sep-82
SUB006.DAT	5	07-Sep-82	SUB007.DAT	5	07-Sep-82
SUB008.DAT	5	07-Sep-82	SUB009.DAT	5	07-Sep-82
SPEC10.DAT	5	07-Sep-82	SPEC11.DAT	5	07-Sep-82
SPEC12.DAT	5	07-Sep-82	SPEC13.DAT	5	07-Sep-82
SPEC14.DAT	5	07-Sep-82	SUB011.DAT	5	07-Sep-82
SUB012.DAT	5	07-Sep-82	SUB013.DAT	5	07-Sep-82
SUB014.DAT	5	07-Sep-82	SPEC16.DAT	5	10-Sep-82
SPEC16.DAT	5	10-Sep-82	SPEC19.DAT	5	10-Sep-82
SPEC15.DAT	5	10-Sep-82	SUB016.DAT	5	10-Sep-82
SUB018.DAT	5	10-Sep-82	SUB019.DAT	5	10-Sep-82
SPEC17.DAT	5	10-Sep-82	SUB017.DAT	5	10-Sep-82
DYERI.DEM	5	21-Jan-83			

63 Files, 844 Blocks
 130 Free blocks

.....generated data
 file in directory
 of DY1:

Appendix 26 (continued).

Simulated rhodamine-B complex refractive index spectra:
required input data

REAL REFRACTIVE INDEX(Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)

REAL PART OF DYE RI SPECTRA

ASSUMES N=1.5

ORIGIN: X = 4000.000 Y = 1.400
SCALE: X = 3000.000 Y = 0.200

data file DY1RHODBI0AT

POLARIZER CURRENT(ADCU, Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)

JOSEPH COLLIN FARMER

A6111/H20/1.5RHODE/P-A=0

ORIGIN: X = 4000.000 Y = 0.000
SCALE: X = 3000.000 Y = 1300.000

data file DY1RHODBODAT



Appendix 26 (continued).

Simulated rhodamine-B complex refractive index spectra:
data output by DYERI

REAL REFRACTIVE INDEX(Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)

JOSEPH COLLIN FARMER

AG111/H2O/1.5RHODB/P-A=0

ORIGIN: X = 4000.000 Y = 1.400
SCALE: X = 3000.000 Y = 0.200

data file DY1DYERI DEM

IMAG REFRACTIVE INDEX(Y-AXIS) VS WAVELENGTH(X-AXIS)

JOSEPH COLLIN FARMER

AG111/H2O/1.5RHODB/P-A=0

ORIGIN: X = 4000.000 Y = -2.000
SCALE: X = 3000.000 Y = 2.000

data file DY1DYERI DEM

Appendix 26 (continued).

Listing of DYERI

```

PROGRAM DYERI
C*****
C  OBJECTIVE: TO GENERATE RI SPECTRA FOR DYE SOLUTIONS FROM ABSORBANCE
C              SPECTRA MEASURED WITH THE ELLIPSO METER.
C
C  BY JOSEPH C. FARMER, DECEMBER 13,1981, LBL-MMRD, UCB.
C
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOF(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPMTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/J/NWL,NFOL,NCF,NANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMINO,I5ECO,ITICO,IHR5F,IMINF,I5ECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
REAL*4 DBLK(2),NAME(20)
DIMENSION DN(400)
1  FORMAT(I1)
2  FORMAT(F10.4)
10 TYPE 100
100 FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT REAL RI COMPONENT DISK - "RETURN".')
ACCEPT 1, IWAIT
CALL INFUT
DO 200 J=1,400
200 DN(J)=POL(J)
TYPE 300
300 FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT IMAG RI COMPONENT DISK - "RETURN".')
ACCEPT 1, IWAIT
CALL INPUT
TYPE 400
400 FORMAT(/,'$ EXTINCTION COEFFICIENT MAXIMUM = ')
ACCEPT 2,DKMAX
TYPE 500
500 FORMAT(/,'$ FILE MAXIMUM VALUE           = ')
ACCEPT 2,FILMAX
DO 600 J=1,400
ANA(J)=(ANA(J)*DKMAX/FILMAX)*1000.
600 POL(J)=DN(J)
700 TYPE 701
701 FORMAT(/,'$ IS THE DYE RI SPECTRA TO BE STORED(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 702,IFLAG
702 FORMAT(A1)
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HY.AND.IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 700
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 10
CALL OUTPUT
STOP
END

```

Appendix 27.

Demonstration of MINUS - subtraction of spectroscopic ellipsometer data files

DECD02.SAV	25	13-Feb-81	TRNSLT.SAV	94	13-Feb-81
PLOT01.SAV	69	30-Sep-81	SCAN.SAV	18	13-Feb-81
RECALL.SAV	83	27-May-82	SEV002.SAV	86	23-Oct-81
RISURF.SAV	80	16-Apr-81	MINUS.SAV	40	17-Jan-81
MLBOND.NEW	1	28-Oct-81	MLCONT.OLD	1	16-Apr-81
DISCONV.SAV	90	27-May-82			

33 Files, 974 Blocks

* Free blocksend of directory of DY0:

.RUN DY0:MINUSrunning MINUS

INPUT SPECTRA TO BE USED AS BASELINE:

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1GOLD 183

INPUT SPECTRA TO BE SUBTRACTED:

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1GOLD 185

FILE NAME FOR THE NEW SPECTRAL SCAN (A12) = DY1MINUS DEM

STOP —

TEFLON.189	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.190	5	18-Jul-82
TEFLON.191	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.192	5	18-Jul-82
TEFLON.193	5	18-Jul-82	TEFLON.194	5	18-Jul-82
TEFLON.195	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.196	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.197	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.198	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.199	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.200	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.201	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.202	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.203	5	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.204	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.205	5	19-Jul-82	RESULT.203	5	19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.000	13	19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.001	13	19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.002	13	19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.003	13	19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.004	13	19-Jul-82	TRNSLT.DAT	1	09-Nov-81
PLT.DAT	58	19-Jul-82	TEFLON.206	5	19-Jul-82
TEFLON.207	5	19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.005	13	19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.006	13	19-Jul-82	GOLD.186	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD.183	5	19-Jan-83	MINUS.186	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD.188	5	19-Jan-83	MINUS.188	5	19-Jan-83
GOLD.185	5	19-Jan-83	MINUS.185	5	19-Jan-83
DEMOAU.DAT	5	19-Jan-83	RIAU01.DAT	5	19-Jan-83
MINUS.DEM	5	19-Jan-83			

167 Files, 950 Blocks

24 Free blocks

.....data file created by
MINUS on DY1:

Appendix 27 (continued).

Listing of MINUS

```
PROGRAM MINUS
C*****
C
C   OBJECTIVE: TO PROVIDE "SUBTRACTED" ELLIPSO-METRIC SPECTRA.
C
C   PROGRAM BY JOSEPH C. FARMER IN SPRING 1981 AT LBL MMRD
C
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOF(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPULT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPMTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASF,IPHASA,IGAINF,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEF,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/J/NWL,NPOL,NCMP,NANA
COMMON/K/IHRSD,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHRSDF,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
DIMENSION PG(400),A0(400)
TYPE 10
10 FORMAT(/,' INPUT SPECTRA TO BE USED AS BASELINE:')
CALL INPUT
DO 15 I=1,400
POL(I)=POL(I)
15 A0(I)=ANA(I)
TYPE 20
20 FORMAT(/,' INPUT SPECTRA TO BE SUBTRACTED:')
CALL INPUT
DO 25 I=1,400
POL(I)=POL(I)-P0(I)
25 ANA(I)=ANA(I)-A0(I)
CALL OUTPUT
STOP
END
```

Appendix 28.

Demonstration of NORMAL - normalization of spectroscopic ellipsometer data files

CVPBAU.006	13 19-Jul-82	GOLD .186	5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .183	5 19-Jan-83	MINUS .186	5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .188	5 19-Jan-83	MINUS .188	5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .185	5 19-Jan-83	MINUS .185	5 19-Jan-83

164 Files, 935 Blocks

39 Free blocksend of directory of
DY1:

.RUN DY1:NORMALrunning NORMAL

INPUT SPECTRA TO BE USED AS NORMALIZATION BASIS:

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1GOLD 183

INPUT SPECTRA TO BE NORMALIZED:

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1GOLD 185

FILE NAME FOR THE NEW SPECTRAL SCAN (A12) = DY1NORMALDEM

IS THE PROGRAM TO BE EXECUTED AGAIN(Y/N)? N

STOP —

TEFLON.187	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.188	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.189	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.190	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.191	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.192	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.193	5 18-Jul-82	TEFLON.194	5 18-Jul-82
TEFLON.195	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.196	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.197	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.198	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.199	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.200	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.201	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.202	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.203	5 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.204	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.205	5 19-Jul-82	RESULT.203	5 19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.000	13 19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.001	13 19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.002	13 19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.003	13 19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.004	13 19-Jul-82	TRANSLT.DAT	1 08-Nov-81
PLTDAT.DAT	50 19-Jul-82	TEFLON.206	5 19-Jul-82
TEFLON.207	5 19-Jul-82	CVPBAU.005	13 19-Jul-82
CVPBAU.006	13 19-Jul-82	GOLD .186	5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .183	5 19-Jan-83	MINUS .186	5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .188	5 19-Jan-83	MINUS .188	5 19-Jan-83
GOLD .185	5 19-Jan-83	MINUS .185	5 19-Jan-83

NORMAL.DEM 5 21-Jan-83.....data file created by
NORMAL on DY1:

165 Files, 940 Blocks

34 Free blocks

Appendix 28 (continued).

Listing of NORMAL

```

PROGRAM NORMAL
C*****
C
C   OBJECTIVE: TO PROVIDE "SUBTRACTED" ELLIPSO-METRIC SPECTRA.
C
C   PROGRAM BY JOSEPH C. FARMER IN SPRING 1981 AT LBL MMRD
C
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPHTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINF,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/J/NWL,NPOL,NCHP,NANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
DIMENSION PO(400),AO(400)
1 TYPE 10
10 FORMAT(/,' INPUT SPECTRA TO BE USED AS NORMALIZATION BASIS:')
CALL INPUT
DO 15 I=1,400
PO(I)=POL(I)
15 AO(I)=ANA(I)
TYPE 20
20 FORMAT(/,' INPUT SPECTRA TO BE NORMALIZED:')
CALL INPUT
DO 25 I=1,400
IF(POL(I).EQ.PO(I))GOTO 21
IF(PO(I).EQ.0.)GOTO 22
POL(I)=POL(I)/PO(I)
GOTO 25
21 POL(I)=1.
GOTO 25
22 POL(I)=0.
25 POL(I)=2047.*POL(I)
DO 35 I=1,400
IF(ANA(I).EQ.AO(I))GOTO 31
IF(AO(I).EQ.0.)GOTO 32
ANA(I)=ANA(I)/AO(I)
GOTO 35
31 ANA(I)=1.
GOTO 35
32 ANA(I)=0.
35 ANA(I)=2047.*ANA(I)
CALL OUTPUT
40 TYPE 45
45 FORMAT(/,' $ IS THE PROGRAM TO BE EXECUTED AGAIN(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 50,IFLAG
50 FORMAT(A1)
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HY.AND.IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 40
IF(IFLAG.EQ.1HN)STOP
GOTO 1
END

```

Appendix 29.

Demonstration of EMASES - simulation of spectroscopic ellipsometer measurements
based upon the Maxwell-Garnett theory

RUN DY1:EMASES

INSERT DISK WITH WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION FOR THE DIGITAL ENCODER - "RETURN".

DO YOU WANT TO REVIEW ENCODER WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION PARAMETERS(Y/N)? N

INSERT MOST MEDIUM RI DATA DISK - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1SOLN DAT

NUMBER OF FILM COMPONENTS = 1

INSERT COMPONENT "1" RI DATA DISK - "RETURN".

COMPONENT VOLUME FRACTION = 0.3

DO YOU WANT TO CORRECT ENTRY(Y/N)? N

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1LEAD DAT

DO YOU WANT APPARANT FILM RI STORED(Y/N)? Y

IDENTIFICATION(20A2) = REFRACTIVE INDICES OF 70% POROUS PB DEPOSIT

FILE NAME FOR THE NEW SPECTRAL SCAN (A12) = DY1FILM70DAT

INSERT SUBSTRATE RI DATA DISK - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1COPPERDAT

ANGLE OF INCIDENCE(DEG,F10.4) = 75.

FILM THICKNESS(ANG,F10.0) = 1000.

PHI = 75.0000 T = 1000. THETA = 0.7000

CORRECTIONS(Y/N)? N

DO YOU WANT TO STORE THE SIMULATED SPECTRA(Y/N)? Y

IDENTIFICATION(20A2) = SIMULATION FOR 30 NM COMPACT DEPOSIT, 70% POROUS

FILE NAME FOR THE NEW SPECTRAL SCAN (A12) = DY1EMASES070

DO YOU WANT TO EXECUTE THE PROGRAM AGAIN(Y/N)? N

STOP —

Appendix 29 (continued).

Listing of EMASES

```

PROGRAM EMASES
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE:  TO GENERATE SIMULATED ELLIPSOMETER SPECTRA BASED UPON
C               EXPERIMENTALLY DETERMINED OR GENERATED REFRACTIVE INDEX
C               SPECTRA, AND OPERATOR INPUT FILM THICKNESSES AND VOID
C               FRACTIONS.  THE THEORETICAL BASIS IS THE MAXWELL-
C               GARNETT THEORY AND ALLOWS ONE TO TAKE INTO
C               ACCOUNT MICROPOROSITY AND INCLUSIONS LESS THAN THE
C               WAVELENGTH OF THE LIGHT.
C
C   BY JOSEPH C. FARMER, DECEMBER 13,1981, LBL-MHRD, UCB.
C
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOF(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPHTYP(10),IPHTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITINEP,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/J/NWL,NPOL,NCMP,NANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMIN0,ISECO,ITICO,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMDN(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
COMMON/FLMDAT/TNA,TNKA,TNF,TNKF,TNS,TNKS,WL,PHI1,T,DELC,PSIC
COMPLEX TN2,TN3,CPHI2,CPHI3,R1S,R1P,R2S,R2P,Z,RS,RP,RHO
COMPLEX EH(400),E(400),SUM(400)
REAL*4 DBLK(2),NAME(20)
DIMENSION X(10)
1  FORMAT(I1)
2  FORMAT(A1)
C*****WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION OF DIGITAL ENCODER
TYPE 3
3  FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT DISK WITH WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION FOR THE
C DIGITAL ENCODER - "RETURN".')
ACCEPT 1,IWAIT
CALL WLCALC
C*****HOST MEDIUM RI SPECTRA INPUT FROM FLOPPY DISK
100 TYPE 4
4  FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT HOST MEDIUM RI DATA DISK - "RETURN".')
ACCEPT 1,IWAIT
CALL INPUT
DO 1000 J=1,400
POL(J)=POL(J)/1000.
ANA(J)=ANA(J)/1000.
EH(J)=CMPLX(POL(J),ANA(J))
EH(J)=EH(J)*EH(J)
1000 SUM(J)=0.

```

Appendix 29 (continued).

```

C*****FILM COMPONENTS' RI SPECTRA INPUT FROM FLOPPY DISK
  TYPE 5
  5 FORMAT(/, '$ NUMBER OF FILM COMPONENTS = ')
  ACCEPT 20, NCOMP
  20 FORMAT(I5)
  THETA=1.
  DO 3000 I=1, NCOMP
  TYPE 6
  6 FORMAT(/, '$ INSERT COMPONENT "I" RI DATA DISK - "RETURN".')
  ACCEPT 1, IWAIT
  100 TYPE 7
  7 FORMAT(/, '$ COMPONENT VOLUME FRACTION = ')
  ACCEPT 21, X(I)
  21 FORMAT(F5.3)
  TYPE 8
  8 FORMAT(/, '$ DO YOU WANT TO CORRECT ENTRY(Y/N)? ')
  ACCEPT 2, IFLAG
  IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 100
  CALL INPUT
C*****APPARANT FILM RI SPECTRA COMPUTED FROM COMPONENT SPECTRA
  DO 2000 J=1, 400
  POL(J)=POL(J)/1000.
  ANA(J)=ANA(J)/1000.
  E(J)=CMPLX(POL(J), ANA(J))
  E(J)=E(J)*E(J)
  2000 SUM(J)=SUM(J)+X(I)*(E(J)-EH(J))/(E(J)+2.*EH(J))
  3000 THETA=THETA-X(I)
  DO 4000 J=1, 400
  E(J)=EH(J)*(1.+2.*SUM(J))/(1.-SUM(J))
  E(J)=CSQRT(E(J))
  POL(J)=REAL(E(J))
  ANA(J)=AIMAG(E(J))
  POL(J)=POL(J)*1000.
  ANA(J)=ANA(J)*1000.
  4000 CONTINUE
C*****THE APPARANT FILM RI SPECTRA IS STORED ON DISK
  120 TYPE 9
  9 FORMAT(/, '$ DO YOU WANT APPARANT FILM RI STORED(Y/N)? ')
  ACCEPT 2, IFLAG
  IF(IFLAG.NE.1HY.AND.IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 120
  IF(IFLAG.EQ.1HN)GOTO 130
  TYPE 16
  ACCEPT 24, (ID(I), I=1, 20)
  CALL OUTPUT
  130 CONTINUE
C*****SUBSTRATE RI SPECTRA INPUT FROM FLOPPY DISK
  TYPE 10
  10 FORMAT(/, '$ INSERT SUBSTRATE RI DATA DISK - "RETURN".')
  ACCEPT 1, IWAIT
  CALL INPUT
  DO 5000 J=1, 400
  POL(J)=POL(J)/1000.
  ANA(J)=ANA(J)/1000.
  5000 SUM(J)=CMPLX(POL(J), ANA(J))

```


Appendix 29 (continued).

```

C*****ANGLE OF INCIDENCE AND FILM THICKNESS INPUT FROM CRT
140 TYPE 11
  11 FORMAT(/, '$ ANGLE OF INCIDENCE(DEG,F10.4) = ')
    ACCEPT 22,PHI1
  22 FORMAT(F10.4)
145 TYPE 12
  12 FORMAT(/, '$ FILM THICKNESS(ANG,F10.0)      = ')
    ACCEPT 23,T
  23 FORMAT(F10.0)
    TYPE 13,PHI1,T,THETA
  13 FORMAT(/, '  PHI = ',F10.4,10X,' T = ',F10.0,10X,' THETA = ',F10.4)
150 TYPE 14
  14 FORMAT(/, '$ CORRECTIONS(Y/N)? ')
    ACCEPT 2,IF0
    IF(IF0.NE.1HN.AND.IF0.NE.1HY)GOTO 150
    IF(IF0.EQ.1HY)GOTO 140
C*****THE PSI-DELTA SPECTRA IS COMPUTED FROM INPUT SPECTRA
  DO 6000 J=1,400
    EH(J)=CSQRT(EH(J))
    TNA=REAL(EH(J))
    TNKA=-AIMAG(EH(J))
    TNF=REAL(E(J))
    TNKF=-AIMAG(E(J))
    TNS=REAL(SUM(J))
    TNKS=-AIMAG(SUM(J))
    WL=IWAVE(J)
    CALL FILM
    IF(DELC.GT.180.)GOTO 160
    FOL(J)=DELC*100.
    GOTO 170
  160 FOL(J)=(DELC-360.)*100.
  170 ANA(J)=PSIC*100.
6000 CONTINUE
C*****THE COMPUTED PSI-DELTA SPECTRA IS STORED ON DISK
180 TYPE 15
  15 FORMAT(/, '$ DO YOU WANT TO STORE THE SIMULATED SPECTRA(Y/N)? ')
    ACCEPT 2,IF1
    IF(IF1.NE.1HN.AND.IF1.NE.1HY)GOTO 180
    IF(IF1.EQ.1HN)GOTO 190
    TYPE 16
  16 FORMAT(/, '$ IDENTIFICATION(20A2) = ')
    ACCEPT 24,(ID(I),I=1,20)
  24 FORMAT(20A2)
    CALL OUTPUT
C*****OPERATOR CAN EXECUTE PROGRAM AGAIN WITHOUT LOADING BUFFER
190 TYPE 17
  17 FORMAT(/, '$ DO YOU WANT TO EXECUTE THE PROGRAM AGAIN(Y/N)? ')
    ACCEPT 2,IF2
    IF(IF2.NE.1HN.AND.IF2.NE.1HY)GOTO 190
    IF(IF2.EQ.1HN)STOP
200 TYPE 18

```

Appendix 29 (continued).

```
18 FORMAT(/, '$ DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE RI DATA(A) OR  
C FILM THICKNESS(B)? ')  
ACCEPT 2,IF3  
IF(IF3.NE.1HA.AND.IF3.NE.1HB)GOTO 200  
IF(IF3.EQ.1HA)GOTO 100  
IF(IF3.EQ.1HB)GOTO 145  
STOP  
END
```

Appendix 29 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE FILM
C*****
C   THIS SUBROUTINE COMPUTES "PSI" AND "DELTA" FOR A SIMPLE HOMO-
C   GENEOUS FILM ON A SUBSTRATE GIVEN (1) THE REFRACTIVE INDICES OF
C   THE SUBSTRATE, FILM, AND INCIDENT MEDIUM; (2) THE FILM THICKNESS;
C   (3) THE WAVELENGTH OF THE SOURCE; AND (4) THE ANGLE OF INCIDENCE.
C*****
COMMON/FLMDAT/TN1, TNF, TNKF, TNS, TNKS, WL, PHI1, T, DELC, PSIC
COMPLEX TN2, TN3, CPHI2, CPHI3, R1S, R1P, R2S, R2P, Z, RS, RP, RHO
PHI=0.01745329252*PHI1
CP=DCOS(PHI)
SP=DSIN(PHI)
TN3=CMPLX(TNS, -TNKS)
CPHI3=CSQRT(1.0-TN1**2*SP**2/(TN3**2))
TN2=CMPLX(TNF, -TNKF)
CPHI2=CSQRT(1.0-TN1**2*SP**2/(TN2**2))
R1S=(TN1*CP-TN2*CPHI2)/(TN1*CP+TN2*CPHI2)
R1P=- (TN1*CPHI2-TN2*CP)/(TN1*CPHI2+TN2*CP)
R2S=(TN2*CPHI2-TN3*CPHI3)/(TN2*CPHI2+TN3*CPHI3)
R2P=- (TN2*CPHI3-TN3*CPHI2)/(TN2*CPHI3+TN3*CPHI2)
Z=(0.0,1.0)*(4.0*3.1415927*T/WL)*TN2*CPHI2
RS=(R1S+R2S*CEXP(-Z))/(1.0+R1S*R2S*CEXP(-Z))
RP=(R1P+R2P*CEXP(-Z))/(1.0+R1P*R2P*CEXP(-Z))
RHO=RP/RS
PSIC=DATAN(CABS(RHO))/0.01745329252
DELC=DATAN2(AIMAG(RHO),REAL(RHO))/0.01745329252
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 30.

Demonstration of BRUGMN - simulation of spectroscopic ellipsometer measurements
based upon the Bruggeman theory

.RUN DY1:BRUGMN

INSERT DISK WITH WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION FOR THE DIGITAL ENCODER - "RETURN".

DO YOU WANT TO REVIEW ENCODER WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION PARAMETERS(Y/N)? N

INSERT AMBIENT MEDIUM RI DATA DISK - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1SOLN DAT

INSERT COMPONENT "I" RI DATA DISK - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1LEAD DAT

INSERT COMPONENT "I" RI DATA DISK - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1SOLN DAT

INSERT SUBSTRATE RI DATA DISK - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1COPPERDAT

ANGLE OF INCIDENCE(DEG,F10.4) = 75.

FILM THICKNESS(ANG,F10.0) = 620.

COMPONENT #1 VOLUME FRACTION = 0.5

PHI = 75.0000 T = 620. THETA = 0.5000

CORRECTIONS(Y/N)? N

DO YOU WANT TO STORE THE SIMULATED SPECTRA(Y/N)? Y

IDENTIFICATION(20A2) = SIMULATION BASED UPON BRUGGEMAN MIXING RULE

FILE NAME FOR THE NEW SPECTRAL SCAN (A12) = DY1BRUGMN050

CALCULATION OF SUBSTRATE RI FOR NEXT INCREMENT....

DO YOU WANT TO EXECUTE THE PROGRAM AGAIN(Y/N)? N

IS A COMPOSITE FILM RI WANTED(Y/N)? N

STOP —

Appendix 30 (continued).

Listing of BRUGMN

```

PROGRAM BRUGMN
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE:  TO GENERATE SIMULATED ELLIPSO METER SPECTRA BASED UPON
C               EXPERIMENTALLY DETERMINED OR GENERATED REFRACTIVE INDEX
C               SPECTRA, AND OPERATOR INPUT FILM THICKNESSES AND VOID
C               FRACTIONS.  THE THEORETICAL BASIS IS THE BRUGGEMAN
C               EFFECTIVE MEDIA APPROXIMATION, ALLOWING ONE TO TAKE INTO
C               ACCOUNT MICROPOROSITY AND INCLUSIONS LESS THAN THE
C               WAVELENGTH.
C
C   BY JOSEPH C. FARMER, DECEMBER 13,1981, LBL-MMRD, UCB.
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPHTYP(10),IPHTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMFLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEF,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/J/NWL,NPOL,NCMP,NANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
COMMON/FLMDAT/TNA,TNKA,TNF,TNKF,TNS,TNKS,WL,PHI1,T,DELC,PSIC
COMPLEX TN2,TN3,CPHI2,CPHI3,R1S,R1P,R2S,R2P,Z,RS,RP,RHO
DIMENSION FN(3,400),FK(3,400),AN(400),AK(400)
COMMON/THETA/THETA
REAL*4 DBLK(2),NAME(20)
1  FORMAT(I1)
2  FORMAT(A1)
C*****WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION OF DIGITAL ENCODER
TYPE 3
3  FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT DISK WITH WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION FOR THE
C DIGITAL ENCODER - "RETURN".')
ACCEPT 1,IWAIT
CALL WLCALC
C*****AMBIENT MEDIUM RI SPECTRA INPUT FROM FLOPPY DISK
100 TYPE 4
4  FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT AMBIENT MEDIUM RI DATA DISK - "RETURN".')
ACCEPT 1,IWAIT
CALL INPUT
DO 1000 J=1,400
AN(J)=POL(J)/1000.
1000 AK(J)=ANA(J)/1000.

```

Appendix 30 (continued).

```

C*****FILM COMPONENTS' RI SPECTRA INPUT FROM FLOPPY DISK
  DO 3000 I=1,2
  TYPE 6
  6 FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT COMPONENT "I" RI DATA DISK - "RETURN".')
  ACCEPT 1,IWAIT
  CALL INPUT
  DO 2000 J=1,400
  FN(I,J)=POL(J)/1000.
2000 FK(I,J)=ANA(J)/1000.
3000 CONTINUE
C*****SUBSTRATE RI SPECTRA INPUT FROM FLOPPY DISK
  TYPE 10
  10 FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT SUBSTRATE RI DATA DISK - "RETURN".')
  ACCEPT 1,IWAIT
  CALL INPUT
  DO 5000 J=1,400
  POL(J)=POL(J)/1000.
5000 ANA(J)=ANA(J)/1000.
C*****ANGLE OF INCIDENCE AND FILM THICKNESS INPUT FROM CRT
140 TYPE 11
  11 FORMAT(/,'$ ANGLE OF INCIDENCE(DEG,F10.4) = ')
  ACCEPT 22,PHI1
  22 FORMAT(F10.4)
145 TYPE 12
  12 FORMAT(/,'$ FILM THICKNESS(ANG,F10.0) = ')
  ACCEPT 23,T
  23 FORMAT(F10.0)
  TYPE 7
  7 FORMAT(/,'$ COMPONENT #1 VOLUME FRACTION = ')
  ACCEPT 21,THETA
  21 FORMAT(F5.3)
  TYPE 13,PHI1,T,THETA
  13 FORMAT(/,' PHI = ',F10.4,10X,' T = ',F10.0,10X,' THETA = ',F10.4)
150 TYPE 14
  14 FORMAT(/,'$ CORRECTIONS(Y/N)? ')
  ACCEPT 2,IF0
  IF(IF0.NE.1HN.AND.IF0.NE.1HY)GOTO 150
  IF(IF0.EQ.1HY)GOTO 140
C*****APPARANT FILM RI SPECTRA COMPUTED FROM COMPONENT SPECTRA
  DO 4000 J=1,400
  TNF=FN(1,J)
  TNKF=-FK(1,J)
  TNA=FN(2,J)
  TNKA=-FK(2,J)
  CALL EMA
  FN(3,J)=TNF
4000 FK(3,J)=-TNKF

```

Appendix 30 (continued).

```

C*****THE PSI-DELTA SPECTRA IS COMPUTED FROM INPUT SPECTRA
      DO 6000 J=1,400
      TNA=AN(J)
      TNKA=-AK(J)
      TNF=FN(3,J)
      TNKF=-FK(3,J)
      TNS=POL(J)
      TNKS=-ANA(J)
      WL=IWAVE(J)
      CALL FILM
      IF(DELC.GT.180.)GOTO 160
      FOL(J)=DELC*100.
      GOTO 170
160  POL(J)=(DELC-360.)*100.
170  ANA(J)=PSIC*100.
6000  CONTINUE
C*****THE COMPUTED PSI-DELTA SPECTRA IS STORED ON DISK
180  TYPE 15
      15  FORMAT(/,'$ DO YOU WANT TO STORE THE SIMULATED SPECTRA(Y/N)? ')
          ACCEPT 2,IF1
          IF(IF1.NE.1HN.AND. IF1.NE.1HY)GOTO 180
          IF(IF1.EQ.1HN)GOTO 189
          TYPE 16
      16  FORMAT(/,'$ IDENTIFICATION(20A2) = ')
          ACCEPT 24,(ID(I),I=1,20)
      24  FORMAT(20A2)
          CALL OUTPUT
189  CONTINUE
C*****AN APPARANT SUBSTRATE RI SPECTRA OF FILM COVERED SURFACE COMPUTED
C     BEFORE NEXT FILM LEVEL INCREMENT
      TYPE 6999
6999  FORMAT(/,'$ CALCULATION OF SUBSTRATE RI FOR NEXT INCREMENT....')
      DO 7000 J=1,400
      DELC=POL(J)/100.
      PSIC=ANA(J)/100.
      CALL REFINO
      POL(J)=TNS
7000  ANA(J)=-TNKS
C*****OPERATOR CAN EXECUTE PROGRAM AGAIN WITHOUT LOADING BUFFER
190  TYPE 17
      17  FORMAT(/,'$ DO YOU WANT TO EXECUTE THE PROGRAM AGAIN(Y/N)? ')
          ACCEPT 2,IF2
          IF(IF2.NE.1HN.AND. IF2.NE.1HY)GOTO 190
          IF(IF2.EQ.1HN)GOTO 9999
200  TYPE 18
      18  FORMAT(/,'$ DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE RI DATA(A) OR
          C INCREMENT FILM(B)? ')
          ACCEPT 2,IF3
          IF(IF3.NE.1HA.AND. IF3.NE.1HB)GOTO 200
          IF(IF3.EQ.1HA)GOTO 100
          IF(IF3.EQ.1HB)GOTO 145

```

Appendix 30 (continued).

```
C*****A COMPOSITE FILM RI SPECTRA IS COMPUTED IF DESIRED
9999 TYPE 9998
9998 FORNAT(/,'$ IS A COMPOSITE FILM RI WANTED(Y/N)? ')
      ACCEPT 2,IFLAG
      IF(IFLAG.NE.1HY.AND.IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 9999
      IF(IFLAG.EQ.1HN)STOP
9997 TYPE 9996
9996 FORNAT(/,'$ COMPONENT #1 VOLUME FRACTION = ')
      ACCEPT 21,THETA
9995 TYPE 9994
9994 FORNAT(/,'$ CORRECTIONS(Y/N)? ')
      ACCEPT 2, IFLAG
      IF(IFLAG.NE.1HY.AND.IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 9995
      IF(IFLAG.EQ.1HY)GOTO 9997
      DO 9993 J=1,400
      TNF=FN(1,J)
      TNKF=-FK(1,J)
      TNA=FN(2,J)
      TNKA=-FK(2,J)
      CALL EMA
      FN(3,J)=TNF
      FK(3,J)=-TNKF
      POL(J)=TNF*1000.
9993 ANA(J)=-TNKF*1000.
      TYPE 16
      ACCEPT 24,(ID(I),I=1,20)
      CALL OUTPUT
      GOTO 9999
      STOP
      END
```


Appendix 30 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE EMA
C*****
C  OBJECTIVE: TO COMPUTE THE EFFECTIVE MEDIA REFRACTIVE INDEX VIA
C  THE BRUGGEMAN MIXING RULE FOR A BINARY COMPONENT FILM.
C*****
COMMON/FLMDAT/TNA,TNKA,TNF,TNKF,TNS,TNKS,WL,PHI1,T,DELC,PSIC
COMMON/THETA/THETA
COMPLEX TN2,TN3,CPHI3,R1S,R1P,R2S,R2P,Z,RS,RP,RHO
COMPLEX E,E1,E2,A,B,ROOT1,ROOT2
SFLAG=0.
E1=CMPLX(TNF,-TNKF)
E2=CMPLX(TNA,-TNKA)
E1=E1+E1
E2=E2+E2
X1=THETA
X2=1.-THETA
A=0.5*(E1*(X2-2.*X1)+E2*(X1-2.*X2))
B=-0.5*(E1*E2)
ROOT1=0.5*(-A+CSQRT(A*A-4.*B))
RMAG1=CABS(ROOT1)
ROOT2=0.5*(-A-CSQRT(A*A-4.*B))
RMAG2=CABS(ROOT2)
IF(RMAG2.GT.RMAG1)GOTO 98
E=ROOT1
RFLAG=1.
GOTO 99
98 E=ROOT2
RFLAG=2.
99 CONTINUE
TN2=CSQRT(E)
TNF=REAL(TN2)
TNKF=-AIMAG(TN2)
IF(TNF.GE.0.0.AND.TNKF.GE.0.0) GOTO 102
SFLAG=SFLAG+1.
IF(SFLAG.GT.1.)STOP
IF(RFLAG.EQ.1.)GOTO 101
E=ROOT1
GOTO 99
101 CONTINUE
E=ROOT2
GOTO 99
102 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 31.

Demonstration of CSMSSES - simulation of spectroscopic ellipsometer measurements
based upon the coherent superposition model

.RUN DY1:CSMSSES

INSERT DISK WITH WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION FOR THE DIGITAL ENCODER - "RETURN".

DO YOU WANT TO REVIEW ENCODER WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION PARAMETERS(Y/N)? N

INSERT DISK WITH INCIDENT MEDIA RI SPECTRA - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1SOLN DAT

INSERT DISK WITH FILM COMPONENT #1 RI SPECTRA - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1LEAD DAT

INSERT DISK WITH FILM COMPONENT #2 RI SPECTRA - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1SOLN DAT

INSERT DISK WITH SUBSTRATE RI SPECTRA - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1COPPERDAT

ANGLE OF INCIDENCE(DEG,F10.4) = 75.

FILM THICKNESS(ANG,F10.0) = 1000.

FRACTION OF SURFACE COVERED BY FILM #1(F10.4) = 0.3

PHI = 75.0000 T = 1000. THETA = 0.3000

CORRECTIONS(Y/N)? N

DO YOU WANT TO STORE THE SIMULATED SPECTRA(Y/N)? Y

IDENTIFICATION(20A2) = CU COVERED BY PB ISLANDS, 30% SURFACE COVERAGE

FILE NAME FOR THE NEW SPECTRAL SCAN (A12) = DY1CSMSSES030

DO YOU WANT TO EXECUTE THE PROGRAM AGAIN(Y/N)? N

STOP —

Listing of CSMSES

```

PROGRAM CSMSES
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO GENERATE SIMULATED ELLIPSO METER SPECTRA BASED UPON
C               EXPERIMENTALLY DETERMINED OR GENERATED REFRACTIVE INDEX
C               SPECTRA, AND OPERATOR INPUT FILM THICKNESSES AND VOID
C               FRACTIONS. THE THEORETICAL BASIS IS THE COHERENT
C               SUPERPOSITION MODEL, ALLOWING ONE TO TAKE INTO
C               ACCOUNT ISLAND FORMATION. THIS MODEL IS APPLICABLE
C               WHEN THE ISLANDS ARE SMALLER THAN THE COHERENCE LENGTH.
C
C   BY JOSEPH C. FARMER, DECEMBER 13,1981, LBL-MMRD, UCB.
C
C*****
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOF(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPHTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINP,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEF,ITIMEA.
COMMON/I/IGAGP,IGAGA,IGATP,IGATA
COMMON/J/NWL,NPOL,NCMP,NANA
COMMON/K/IHRSO,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHRSF,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
COMMON/FLMDAT/TNA,TNKA,TNF,TNKF,TNS,TNKS,WL,PHI1,T,DELC,PSIC
COMMON/CSMDAT/TNF1,TNKF1,TNF2,TNKF2,THETA
COMPLEX TN2,TN3,CPHI2,CPHI3,R1S,R1F,R2S,R2F,Z,RS,RP,RHO
REAL*4 DBLK(2),NAME(20),N(4,400),K(4,400)
1  FORMAT(I1)
C*****WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION OF DIGITAL ENCODER
TYPE 2
2  FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT DISK WITH WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION FOR THE
C DIGITAL ENCODER - "RETURN".')
ACCEPT 1,IWAIT
CALL WLCALC
C*****RI SPECTRA OF INCIDENT MEDIA INPUT FROM FLOPPY DISK
9  TYPE 10
10  FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT DISK WITH INCIDENT MEDIA RI SPECTRA
C - "RETURN".')
ACCEPT 1,IWAIT
CALL INPUT
DO 11 I=1,400
N(1,I)=POL(I)/1000.
11  K(1,I)=ANA(I)/1000.
C*****RI SPECTRA OF FILM COMPONENT #1 INPUT FROM FLOPPY DISK
TYPE 20
20  FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT DISK WITH FILM COMPONENT #1 RI SPECTRA
C - "RETURN".')
ACCEPT 1,IWAIT
CALL INPUT
DO 21 I=1,400
N(2,I)=POL(I)/1000.
21  K(2,I)=ANA(I)/1000.

```

Appendix 31 (continued).

```

C*****RI SPECTRA OF FILM COMPONENT #2 INPUT FROM FLOPPY DISK
  TYPE 30
  30 FORMAT(/,$ INSERT DISK WITH FILM COMPONENT #2 RI SPECTRA
    C - "RETURN".)
    ACCEPT 1,IWAIT
    CALL INPUT
    DO 31 I=1,400
      N(3,I)=POL(I)/1000.
  31 K(3,I)=ANA(I)/1000.
C*****RI SPECTRA OF SUBSTRATE INPUT FROM FLOPPY DISK
  TYPE 40
  40 FORMAT(/,$ INSERT DISK WITH SUBSTRATE RI SPECTRA
    C - "RETURN".)
    ACCEPT 1,IWAIT
    CALL INPUT
    DO 41 I=1,400
      N(4,I)=POL(I)/1000.
  41 K(4,I)=ANA(I)/1000.
C*****OPERATOR INPUTS ANGLE OF INCIDENCE, FILM THICKNESS, ETC.
  1000 TYPE 1001
  1001 FORMAT(/,$ ANGLE OF INCIDENCE(DEG,F10.4) = ')
    ACCEPT 1002,PHI1
  1002 FORMAT(F10.4)
    TYPE 1003
  1003 FORMAT(/,$ FILM THICKNESS(ANG,F10.0) = ')
    ACCEPT 1004,T
  1004 FORMAT(F10.0)
    TYPE 1005
  1005 FORMAT(/,$ FRACTION OF SURFACE COVERED BY FILM #1(F10.4) = ')
    ACCEPT 1006,THETA
  1006 FORMAT(F10.4)
    TYPE 1007,PHI1,T,THETA
  1007 FORMAT(/,$ PHI = ',F10.4,10X,' T = ',F10.0,10X,' THETA = ',F10.4)
  1008 TYPE 1009
  1009 FORMAT(/,$ CORRECTIONS(Y/N)? ')
    ACCEPT 1010,IF0
  1010 FORMAT(A1)
    IF(IF0.NE.1HN.AND.IF0.NE.1HY)GOTO 1008
    IF(IF0.EQ.1HY)GOTO 1000

```

Appendix 31 (continued).

```

C*****THE PSI-DELTA SPECTRA IS COMPUTED
  DO 2000 I=1,400
    TNA=N(1,I)
    TNKA=-K(1,I)
    TNF1=N(2,I)
    TNF2=N(3,I)
    TNKF1=-K(2,I)
    TNKF2=-K(3,I)
    TNS=N(4,I)
    TNKS=-K(4,I)
    WL=IWAVE(I)
    CALL FILM02
    IF(DELC.GT.180.)GOTO 100
    PDL(I)=DELC*100.
    GOTO 200
  100 PDL(I)=(DELC-360.)*100.
  200 ANA(I)=PSIC*100.
2000 CONTINUE
C*****THE PSI-DELTA SPECTRA IS STORED
  50 TYPE 51
  51 FORMAT(/,'% DO YOU WANT TO STORE THE SIMULATED SPECTRA(Y/N)? ')
    ACCEPT 52,IF1
  52 FORMAT(A1)
    IF(IF1.EQ.1HN)GOTO 60
    IF(IF1.NE.1HN.AND.IF1.NE.1HY)GOTO 50
    TYPE 53
  53 FORMAT(/,'% IDENTIFICATION(20A2) = ')
    ACCEPT 54,(ID(I),I=1,20)
  54 FORMAT(20A2)
    CALL OUTPUT
C*****THE OPERATOR EXECUTES THE PROGRAM AGAIN IF DESIRED
  60 TYPE 61
  61 FORMAT(/,'% DO YOU WANT TO EXECUTE THE PROGRAM AGAIN(Y/N)? ')
    ACCEPT 62,IF2
  62 FORMAT(A1)
    IF(IF2.NE.1HN.AND.IF2.NE.1HY)GOTO 60
    IF(IF2.EQ.1HN)STOP
  70 TYPE 71
  71 FORMAT(/,'% DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE RI DATA(A) OR
    C FILM THICKNESS(B)? ')
    ACCEPT 72,IF3
  72 FORMAT(A1)
    IF(IF3.NE.1HA.AND.IF3.NE.1HB)GOTO 70
    IF(IF3.EQ.1HA)GOTO 9
    IF(IF3.EQ.1HB)GOTO 1000
    STOP
    END

```

Appendix 31 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE FILM02
COMMON/FLMDAT/TN1, TNF, TNKF, TNS, TNKS, WL, PHI1, T, DELC, PSIC
COMMON/THETA/THETA
COMPLEX TN2, TN3, CPHI2, CPHI3, R1S, R1P, R2S, R2P, Z, RS, RP, RHO
COMPLEX RSX, RPX, RSY, RPY
TNF0=TNF
TNKF0=TNKF
PHI=0.01745329252*PHI1
CP=DCOS(PHI)
SP=DSIN(PHI)
TN3=CMPLX(TNS, -TNKS)
CPHI3=CSQRT(1.0-TN1**2*SP**2/(TN3**2))
TN2=CMPLX(TNF, -TNKF)
CPHI2=CSQRT(1.0-TN1**2*SP**2/(TN2**2))
R1S=(TN1*CP-TN2*CPHI2)/(TN1*CP+TN2*CPHI2)
R1P=- (TN1*CPHI2-TN2*CP)/(TN1*CPHI2+TN2*CP)
R2S=(TN2*CPHI2-TN3*CPHI3)/(TN2*CPHI2+TN3*CPHI3)
R2P=- (TN2*CPHI3-TN3*CPHI2)/(TN2*CPHI3+TN3*CPHI2)
Z=(0.0, 1.0)*(4.0*3.1415927*T/WL)*TN2*CPHI2
RS=(R1S+R2S*CEXP(-Z))/(1.0+R1S*R2S*CEXP(-Z))
RP=(R1P+R2P*CEXP(-Z))/(1.0+R1P*R2P*CEXP(-Z))
RSX=THETA*RS
RPX=THETA*RP
TNF=TN1
TNKF=0.
TN2=CMPLX(TNF, -TNKF)
CPHI2=CSQRT(1.0-TN1**2*SP**2/(TN2**2))
R1S=(TN1*CP-TN2*CPHI2)/(TN1*CP+TN2*CPHI2)
R1P=- (TN1*CPHI2-TN2*CP)/(TN1*CPHI2+TN2*CP)
R2S=(TN2*CPHI2-TN3*CPHI3)/(TN2*CPHI2+TN3*CPHI3)
R2P=- (TN2*CPHI3-TN3*CPHI2)/(TN2*CPHI3+TN3*CPHI2)
Z=(0.0, 1.0)*(4.0*3.1415927*T/WL)*TN2*CPHI2
RS=(R1S+R2S*CEXP(-Z))/(1.0+R1S*R2S*CEXP(-Z))
RP=(R1P+R2P*CEXP(-Z))/(1.0+R1P*R2P*CEXP(-Z))
RSY=(1.-THETA)*RS
RPY=(1.-THETA)*RP
RS=RSX+RSY
RP=RPX+RPY
TNF=TNF0
TNKF=TNKF0
RHO=RP/RS
PSIC=DATAN(CABS(RHO))/0.01745329252
DELC=DATAN2(AIMAG(RHO), REAL(RHO))/0.01745329252
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 32.

Demonstration of AISPEC - simulation of spectroscopic ellipsometer measurements
based upon the uniaxial anisotropic film model

.RUN DY1:AISPEC

INSERT DISK WITH WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION FOR THE DIGITAL ENCODER - "RETURN".

DO YOU WANT TO REVIEW ENCODER WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION PARAMETERS(Y/N)? N

INSERT AMBIENT MEDIUM RI DATA DISK - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1SOLN DAT

INSERT RI SPECTRA DISK FOR Z-AXIS - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1HIDYE DAT

INSERT RI SPECTRA DISK FOR X/Y-PLANE - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1RHOOBIDAT

INSERT SUBSTRATE RI DATA DISK - "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1SILVERDAT

ANGLE OF INCIDENCE(DEG,F10.4) = 75.

FILM THICKNESS(ANG,F10.0) = 32.

PHI = 75.0000 T = 32.

CORRECTIONS(Y/N)? N

DO YOU WANT TO STORE THE SIMULATED SPECTRA(Y/N)? Y

IDENTIFICATION(20A2) = DY1AISPECDEM

FILE NAME FOR THE NEW SPECTRAL SCAN (A12) = DY1AISPECDEM

DO YOU WANT TO EXECUTE THE PROGRAM AGAIN(Y/N)? N

STOP --

Appendix 32 (continued).

Recalling simulated spectroscopic data file

SPEC18.DAT	5 10-Sep-82	SPEC19.DAT	5 10-Sep-82
SPEC15.DAT	5 10-Sep-82	SUB016.DAT	5 10-Sep-82
SUB018.DAT	5 10-Sep-82	SUB019.DAT	5 10-Sep-82
SPEC17.DAT	5 10-Sep-82	SUB017.DAT	5 10-Sep-82
DYERI .DEM	5 21-Jan-83	AISPEC.DEM	5 21-Jan-83

64 Files, 849 Blocks

125 Free blocks

.R RECALL

DO YOU WANT TO REVIEW ENCODER WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION PARAMETERS(Y/N)? N

OUTPUT MODE: (1)RAW DATA
(2)PSI/DELTA
(3)COMPLEX REFRACTIVE INDEX
(4)VERDET COEFFICIENTS

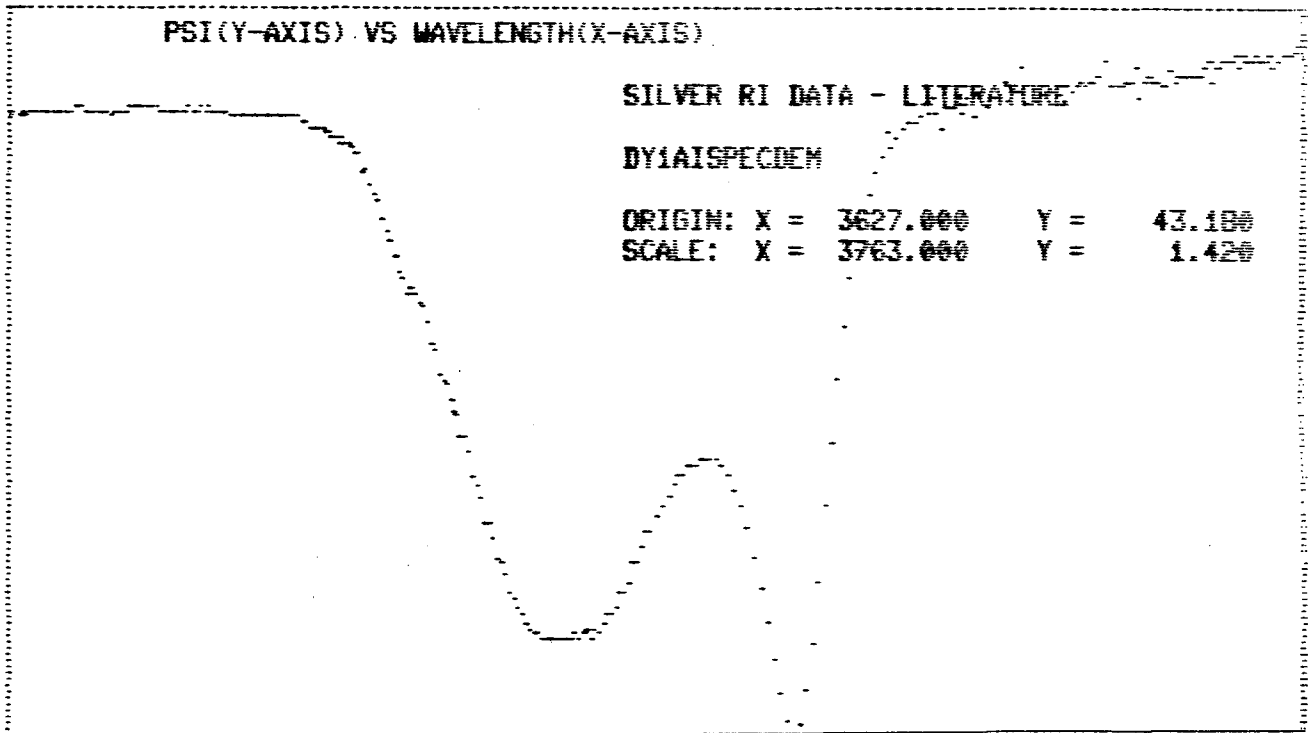
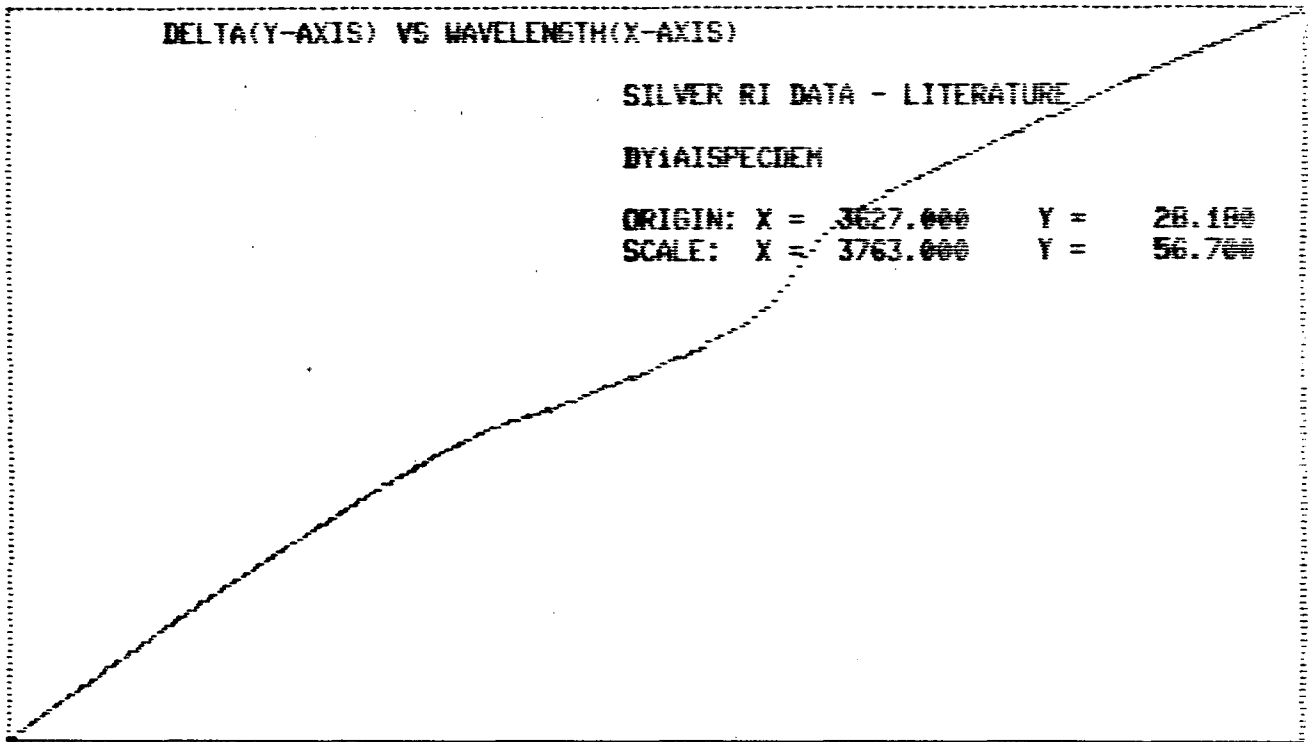
YOUR CHOICE: 2

INSERT THE DISK WITH THE DATA TO BE OUTPUT, THEN "RETURN".

NAME OF SPECTRA FILE TO BE RETRIEVED = DY1AISPECDEM

DO YOU WANT TO PLOT THE DATA(Y/N)? Y

Recalling simulated spectroscopic data file



Appendix 32 (continued).

Listing of AISPEC

```

PROGRAM AISPEC
C*****
C  OBJECTIVE:  TO GENERATE SIMULATED ELLIPSO METER SPECTRA BASED UPON
C              EXPERIMENTALLY DETERMINED OR GENERATED REFRACTIVE INDEX
C              SPECTRA, AND OPERATOR INPUT FILM THICKNESSES AND VOID
C              FRACTIONS.  THE THEORETICAL BASIS IS THE ANISOTROPIC
C              FILM MODEL FOR A UNIAXIAL ANISOTROPIC, HOMOGENEOUS
C              OVERLAYER.
C
C  BY JOSEPH C. FARMER, DECEMBER 13, 1981, LBL-MMRD, UCB.
C
C*****
COMMON/AI1/NO,N1ER,N1EI,N1OR,N1OI,N2R,N2I,WL,PHI,D,PSI,DEL
COMMON/AI2/R01PP,R12PP,R01SS,R12SS,RPP,RSS,RHO,N2,N1E,N1O
COMMON/A/NAVG(400),POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/NRATE,NSCAN,IPOL,IANA
COMMON/E/NAMEOP(20),ID(20)
COMMON/F/LMPTYP,LMPSER(10),LMPVLT,LMPAMP
COMMON/G/IPHTYP(10),IPMTDV
COMMON/H/IPHASP,IPHASA,IGAINF,IGAINA,IAMPLP,IAMPLA,ITIMEF,ITIMEA
COMMON/I/IGAGF,IGAGA,IGATF,IGATA
COMMON/J/NUL,NPOL,NCMP,NANA
COMMON/K/IHR50,IMINO,ISECO,ITICO,IHR5F,IMINF,ISECF,ITICF
COMMON/L/IDAY,IMON(3),IYRS,LMPHRS
COMMON/M/IWAVE(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
COMPLEX SPH12,CPH12,EX0,EX2,OR0,OR2,BETAP,BETAS
COMPLEX R01PP,R12PP,R01SS,R12SS,RPP,RSS,RHO,N2,N1E,N1O
REAL NO,N2R,N2I,N1ER,N1EI,N1OR,N1OI
DIMENSION FN(3,400),FK(3,400),AN(400),AK(400)
REAL*4 DBLK(2),NAME(20)
1  FORMAT(I1)
2  FORMAT(A1)
C*****WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION OF DIGITAL ENCODER
TYPE 3
3  FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT DISK WITH WAVELENGTH CALIBRATION FOR THE
C DIGITAL ENCODER - "RETURN".')
ACCEPT 1,IWAIT
CALL WLCALC
C*****AMBIENT MEDIUM RI SPECTRA INPUT FROM FLOPPY DISK
100 TYPE 4
4  FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT AMBIENT MEDIUM RI DATA DISK - "RETURN".')
ACCEPT 1,IWAIT
CALL INPUT
DO 1000 J=1,400
AN(J)=POL(J)/1000.
1000 AK(J)=ANA(J)/1000.

```

Appendix 32 (continued).

```

C*****FILM COMPONENTS' RI SPECTRA INPUT FROM FLOPPY DISK
  TYPE 2001
2001 FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT RI SPECTRA DISK FOR Z-AXIS - "RETURN".')
  ACCEPT 1,IWAIT
  CALL INPUT
  DO 2002 J=1,400
  FN(1,J)=POL(J)/1000.
2002 FK(1,J)=ANA(J)/1000.
  TYPE 3001
3001 FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT RI SPECTRA DISK FOR X/Y-PLANE - "RETURN".')
  ACCEPT 1,IWAIT
  CALL INPUT
  DO 3002 J=1,400
  FN(2,J)=POL(J)/1000.
3002 FK(2,J)=ANA(J)/1000.
C*****SUBSTRATE RI SPECTRA INPUT FROM FLOPPY DISK
  TYPE 10
  10 FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT SUBSTRATE RI DATA DISK - "RETURN".')
  ACCEPT 1,IWAIT
  CALL INPUT
  DO 5000 J=1,400
  POL(J)=POL(J)/1000.
5000 ANA(J)=ANA(J)/1000.
C*****ANGLE OF INCIDENCE AND FILM THICKNESS INPUT FROM CRT
140 TYPE 11
  11 FORMAT(/,'$ ANGLE OF INCIDENCE(DEG,F10.4) = ')
  ACCEPT 22,PHI1
  22 FORMAT(F10.4)
145 TYPE 12
  12 FORMAT(/,'$ FILM THICKNESS(ANG,F10.0) = ')
  ACCEPT 23,T
  23 FORMAT(F10.0)
  TYPE 13,PHI1,T
  13 FORMAT(/,' PHI = ',F10.4,10X,' T = ',F10.0)
150 TYPE 14
  14 FORMAT(/,'$ CORRECTIONS(Y/N)? ')
  ACCEPT 2,IFO
  IF(IFO.NE.1HN.AND.IFO.NE.1HY)GOTO 150
  IF(IFO.EQ.1HY)GOTO 140

```

Appendix 32 (continued).

```
C*****THE PSI-DELTA SPECTRA IS COMPUTED FROM INPUT SPECTRA
  DO 6000 J=1,400
    NO=AN(J)
    N1ER=FN(1,J)
    N1EI=FK(1,J)
    N1OR=FN(2,J)
    N1OI=FK(2,J)
    N2R=POL(J)
    N2I=ANA(J)
    PHI=PHI1
    D=T
    WL=IWAVE(J)
    CALL AIFILM
    POL(J)=DEL*100.
    ANA(J)=PSI*100.
    IF(DEL.LE.180.)GOTO 6000
    POL(J)=(DEL-360.)*100.
6000 CONTINUE
C*****THE COMPUTED PSI-DELTA SPECTRA IS STORED ON DISK
180 TYPE 15
15 FORMAT(/,'$ DO YOU WANT TO STORE THE SIMULATED SPECTRA(Y/N)? ')
   ACCEPT 2,IF1
   IF(IF1.NE.1HN.AND.IF1.NE.1HY)GOTO 180
   IF(IF1.EQ.1HN)GOTO 190
   TYPE 16
16 FORMAT(/,'$ IDENTIFICATION(20A2) = ')
   ACCEPT 24,(ID(I),I=1,20)
24 FORMAT(20A2)
   CALL OUTPUT
C*****OPERATOR CAN EXECUTE PROGRAM AGAIN WITHOUT LOADING BUFFER
190 TYPE 17
17 FORMAT(/,'$ DO YOU WANT TO EXECUTE THE PROGRAM AGAIN(Y/N)? ')
   ACCEPT 2,IF2
   IF(IF2.NE.1HN.AND.IF2.NE.1HY)GOTO 190
   IF(IF2.EQ.1HN)STOP
   GOTO 100
   STOP
   END
```

Appendix 32 (continued).

SUBROUTINE AIFILM

```

C*****
C   OBJECTIVE: TO COMPUTE DELTA AND PSI FOR A UNIAXIALLY ANISOTROPIC
C           FILM
C*****
COMMON/AI1/NO,N1ER,N1EI,N1OR,N1OI,N2R,N2I,WL,PHI,D,PSI,DEL
COMMON/AI2/R01PP,R12PP,R01SS,R12SS,RPP,RSS,RHO,N2,N1E,N1O
COMPLEX SPHI2,CPHI2,EX0,EX2,OR0,OR2,BETAP,BETAS
COMPLEX R01PP,R12PP,R01SS,R12SS,RPP,RSS,RHO,N2,N1E,N1O
REAL NO,N2R,N2I,N1ER,N1EI,N1OR,N1OI
N1E=CHPLX(N1ER,N1EI)
N1O=CHPLX(N1OR,N1OI)
N2=CMPLX(N2R,N2I)
PI=3.1415927
PHI0=PHI*0.01745329252
SPHI0=SIN(PHI0)
SPHI2=NO*SIN(PHI0)/N2
CPHI0=COS(PHI0)
CPHI2=CSQRT(1.-SPHI2*SPHI2)
EX0=CSQRT(N1E*N1E-NO*NO*SPHI0*SPHI0)
EX2=CSQRT(N1E*N1E-N2*N2*SPHI2*SPHI2)
OR0=CSQRT(N1O*N1O-NO*NO*SPHI0*SPHI0)
OR2=CSQRT(N1O*N1O-N2*N2*SPHI2*SPHI2)
R01PP=( N1O*N1E*CPHI0-NO*EX0)/(N1O*N1E*CPHI0+NO*EX0)
R12PP=(-N1O*N1E*CPHI2+N2*EX2)/(N1O*N1E*CPHI2+N2*EX2)
R01SS=( NO*CPHI0-OR0)/(NO*CPHI0+OR0)
R12SS=(-N2*CPHI2-OR2)/(N2*CPHI2+OR2)
BETAP=(0.0,1.0)*4.0*PI*(N1O/N1E)*EX0*(D/WL)
BETAS=(0.0,1.0)*4.0*PI*OR0*(D/WL)
RPP=(R01PP+R12PP*CEXP(-BETAP))/(1.+R01PP*R12PP*CEXP(-BETAP))
RSS=(R01SS+R12SS*CEXP(-BETAS))/(1.+R01SS*R12SS*CEXP(-BETAS))
RHO=RPP/RSS
PSI=DATAN(CABS(RHO))/0.01745329252
DEL=DATAN2(AIMAG(RHO),REAL(RHO))/0.01745329252
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 33.

Demonstration of EMAFIT

.RUN DY1:EMAFIT

INSERT DATA DISK - "RETURN".

TNA = 1.34

INPUT = 1.3400

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N

-TNKA = 0.

INPUT = 0.0000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N

TNF = 2.

INPUT = 2.0000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N

-TNKF = 3.

INPUT = 3.0000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N

TNS = 0.2

INPUT = 0.2000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N

-TNKS = 2.5

INPUT = 2.5000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N

PHI1 = 75.

INPUT = 75.0000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N

ML = 5145.

```

ML      = 5145.
INPUT = 5145.0000
DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N
DEPOSIT MW          = 207.
INPUT = 207.0000
DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N
DEPOSIT DENSITY(GM/CM3) = 11.
INPUT = 11.0000
DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N
DEPOSIT VALENCE     = 2.
INPUT = 2.0000
DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N
ELECTRODE AREA(CM2) = 3.
INPUT = 3.0000
DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N
TSTART = 29.
INPUT = 29.0000
DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N
TFINAL = 119.
INPUT = 119.0000
DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N
NITER = 4
INPUT = 4
DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N
119. 60.492 43.330 7.992 -0.000 0.982 0.000
STOP —

```

Appendix 33 (continued).

Data file created by EMAFIT from PLTDAT

.DIR

22-Jan-83

PBCU57.DAT	16	24-Nov-81	PBAG11.DAT	16	25-Nov-81
PBCU58.DAT	16	25-Nov-81	PBAG12.DAT	16	27-Nov-81
PBCU59.DAT	16	29-Nov-81	PBCUG0.DAT	15	29-Nov-81
PBCU61.DAT	15	29-Nov-81	PBCUG2.DAT	15	29-Nov-81
PBCU63.DAT	16	30-Nov-81	PBCUG4.DAT	16	30-Nov-81
PBCU65.DAT	16	30-Nov-81	PBCUG6.DAT	15	30-Nov-81
PBCU67.DAT	15	30-Nov-81	PBCUG8.DAT	15	30-Nov-81
PBCU69.DAT	20	30-Nov-81	PBCU70.DAT	19	01-Dec-81
PBCU71.DAT	20	01-Dec-81	PBCU72.DAT	19	01-Dec-81
PBCU73.DAT	20	01-Dec-81	TRNSLT.514	1	09-Nov-81
TRNSLT.555	1	07-Nov-81	TRNSLT.DAT	1	08-Jan-82
PLTDAT.070	82	08-Jan-82	CSMFIT.070	47	24-Jan-82
EMAFIT.070	47	24-Jan-82	PLTDAT.073	82	08-Jan-82
CSMFIT.073	68	26-Jan-82	PLTDAT.072	82	28-Jan-82
CSMFIT.072	47	28-Jan-82	EMAFIT.072	47	28-Jan-82
PLTDAT.DAT	82	08-Jan-82	EMAFIT.DAT	1	22-Jan-83

....created file

32 Files, 904 Blocks

70 Free blocks

Appendix 33 (continued).

Listing of EMAFIT

```

PROGRAM EMAFIT
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE:  TO INTEGRATE THE CURRENT PASSED DURING A FIXED
C               WAVELENGTH EXPERIMENT AND COMPUTE A DEPOSIT THICKNESS
C               AND FILM MICRO-POROSITY CONSISTENT WITH ELLIPSO-METER
C               MEASUREMENTS USING THE COHERENT SUPERPOSITION MODEL
C               AS A BASIS.
C
C   BY JOSEPH C. FARMER, LBL-MMRD, UCB, 1-20-82
C
C*****
COMMON/FLMDAT/TNA,TNKA,TNF,TNKF,TNS,TNKS,WL,PHI1,T,DELC,PSIC
COMPLEX TN2,TN3,CPhi2,CPhi3,R1S,R1F,R2S,R2P,Z,RS,RF,RHO
COMPLEX E,EH,EF,SUM
DIMENSION ID(20)
TYPE 100
100 FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT DATA DISK - "RETURN".')
ACCEPT 101, IWAIT
101 FORMAT(I1)
OPEN(UNIT=1,NAME='DY1:PLTDAT.DAT',TYPE='OLD')
OPEN(UNIT=2,NAME='DY1:EMAFIT.DAT',TYPE='NEW')
1 FORMAT(F10.4)
2 FORMAT(I5)
3 FORMAT(/,5X,20A2)
4 FORMAT(1X,F9.0,7(1X,F9.3))
5 FORMAT(/,' INPUT = ',F10.4)
6 FORMAT(/,'$ DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? ')
7 FORMAT(A1)
8 FORMAT(/,' INPUT = ',I5)
C*****THE REFRACTIVE INDICES OF THE SYSTEM ARE INPUT BY OPERATOR
110 TYPE 10
10 FORMAT(/,'$ TNA = ')
ACCEPT 1, TNA
TYPE 5, TNA
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 110
111 TYPE 11
11 FORMAT(/,'$-TNKA = ')
ACCEPT 1, TNKA
TYPE 5, TNKA
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 111
112 TYPE 12
12 FORMAT(/,'$ TNF = ')
ACCEPT 1, TNF
TYPE 5, TNF
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 112

```

Appendix 33 (continued).

```

113 TYPE 13
13 FORMAT(/, '$-TNKF = ')
ACCEPT 1, TNKF
TYPE 5, TNKF
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 113
116 TYPE 16
16 FORMAT(/, '$ TNS = ')
ACCEPT 1, TNS
TYPE 5, TNS
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 116
117 TYPE 17
17 FORMAT(/, '$-TNKS = ')
ACCEPT 1, TNKS
TYPE 5, TNKS
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 117
C*****THE ANGLE OF INCIDENCE AND WAVELENGTH ARE INPUT
118 TYPE 18
18 FORMAT(/, '$ PHI1 = ')
ACCEPT 1, PHI1
TYPE 5, PHI1
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 118
119 TYPE 19
19 FORMAT(/, '$ WL = ')
ACCEPT 1, WL
TYPE 5, WL
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 119
C*****THE PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF THE DEPOSIT ARE INPUT
120 TYPE 20
20 FORMAT(/, '$ DEPOSIT MW = ')
ACCEPT 1, DEPMW
TYPE 5, DEPMW
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 120
121 TYPE 21
21 FORMAT(/, '$ DEPOSIT DENSITY(GM/CM3) = ')
ACCEPT 1, DEPRHO
TYPE 5, DEPRHO
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 121

```

```

122 TYPE 22
22 FORMAT(/, '$ DEPOSIT VALENCE          = ')
   ACCEPT 1,DEPVAL
   TYPE 5,DEPVAL
   TYPE 6
   ACCEPT 7,IFLAG
   IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 122
123 TYPE 23
23 FORMAT(/, '$ ELECTRODE AREA(CM2)      = ')
   ACCEPT 1,AREA
   TYPE 5,AREA
   TYPE 6
   ACCEPT 7,IFLAG
   IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 123
C*****THE LIMITS OF CURRENT INTEGRATION ARE SET
124 TYPE 24
24 FORMAT(/, '$ TSTART = ')
   ACCEPT 1,TSTART
   TYPE 5,TSTART
   TYPE 6
   ACCEPT 7,IFLAG
   IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 124
125 TYPE 25
25 FORMAT(/, '$ TFINAL = ')
   ACCEPT 1,TFINAL
   TYPE 5,TFINAL
   TYPE 6
   ACCEPT 7,IFLAG
   IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 125
C*****THE NUMBER OF ITERATIONS OF THE "POROSITY" ARE SPECIFIED
126 TYPE 26
26 FORMAT(/, '$ NITER = ')
   ACCEPT 2,NITER
   TYPE 8,NITER
   TYPE 6
   ACCEPT 7,IFLAG
   IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 126
   READ(1,3)(ID(I),I=1,20)
   WRITE(2,3)(ID(I),I=1,20)
200 READ(1,4)TIME1,POL,ANA,POT,CUR,DELM,PSIM
   IF(TIME1.LT.TSTART)GOTO 200
   TIME0=TIME1
   CUR0=0.
   Q=0.
   ERRFIT=1.E06
   DTHETA=1./NITER
C*****DIELECTRIC CONSTANTS ARE COMPUTED FROM REFRACTIVE INDICES
   EH=CMPLX(TNA,-TNKA)
   EF=CMPLX(TNF,-TNKF)
   EH=EH*EH
   EF=EF*EF
   SUM=(EF-EH)/(EF+2.*EH)

```

Appendix 33 (continued).

```

C*****THE DATA TO BE FIT IS INPUT FROM "PLTDAT.DAT"
      300 READ(1,4)TIME1,POL,ANA,POT,CUR,DELM,PSIM
C*****THE TOTAL SPECIFIC CHARGE PASSED (MICROCOULOMBS/CM2) AND THE
C      COMPACT FILM THICKNESS BASED ON THIS CHARGE BALANCE (ANGSTROMS)
C      ARE COMPUTED BY INTEGRATION
      Q=Q+(TIME1-TIME0)*(CUR+CUR0)/(1.2E02*AREA)
      TO=(-Q*DEPMW)/(9.64846E04*DEPVAL*DEPRHO)
      TO=TO*100.
C*****THE FILM MICRO POROSITY IS VARIED GIVING AN APPARANT FILM OPTICAL
C      PROPERTIES MINIMIZING THE COMPOSITE ERROR BETWEEN MEASURED AND
C      PREDICTED VALUES OF PSI AND DELTA. PREDICTED VALUES ARE BASED
C      ON BRUGGEMAN'S EFFECTIVE MEDIA APPROXIMATION (EMA)
      THETA=-DTHETA
      DO 1000 J=1,NITER
      THETA=THETA+DTHETA
      T=TO/(1.-THETA)
      E=SUM*(1.-THETA)
      E=EH*(1.+2.*E)/(1.-E)
      E=CSQRT(E)
      TNF=REAL(E)
      TNKF=-AIMAG(E)
      CALL FILM
      ERROR=ABS(DELC-DELM)+ABS(PSIC-PSIM)
      IF(ERROR.GT.ERRFIT)GOTO 1000
      QFIT=Q/1.E06
      TFIT=T
      THETAF=THETA
      DELFIT=DELC
      PSIFIT=PSIC
      ERRFIT=ERROR
1000 CONTINUE
C*****THE CALCULATED FILM PROPERTIES ARE OUTPUT TO "EMAFIT.DAT"
      TYPE 4,TIME1,DELFIT,PSIFIT,ERRFIT,QFIT,TFIT,THETAF
      WRITE(2,4)TIME1,DELFIT,PSIFIT,ERRFIT,QFIT,TFIT,THETAF
      TIME0=TIME1
      CUR0=CUR
      ERRFIT=1.E06
      IF(TIME1.GE.TFINAL)STOP
      GOTO 300
      END

```

Demonstration of CSMFIT

```
.RUN DY1:CSMFIT
```

```
INSERT DATA DISK - "RETURN".
```

```
TNA = 1.34
```

```
INPUT = 1.3400
```

```
DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N
```

```
-TNKA = 0.
```

```
INPUT = 0.0000
```

```
DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N
```

```
TNF1 = 2.
```

```
INPUT = 2.0000
```

```
DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N
```

```
-TNKF1 = 3.
```

```
INPUT = 3.0000
```

```
DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N
```

```
TNF2 = 1.34
```

```
INPUT = 1.3400
```

```
DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N
```

```
-TNKF2 = 0.
```

```
INPUT = 0.0000
```

```
DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N
```

```
TNS = 0.2
```

```
INPUT = 0.2000
```

```
DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N
```

```
-TNKS = 2.5
```

INPUT = 2.5000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N

PHI1 = 75.

INPUT = 75.0000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N

ML = 5145.

INPUT = 5145.0000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N

DEPOSIT MW = 207.

INPUT = 207.0000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N

DEPOSIT DENSITY(GM/CM3) = 11.

INPUT = 11.0000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N

DEPOSIT VALENCE = 2.

INPUT = 2.0000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N

ELECTRODE AREA(CM2) = 3.

INPUT = 3.0000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N

TSTART = 29.

INPUT = 29.0000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N

TFINAL = 119.

INPUT = 119.0000

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N

NITER = 4

INPUT = 4

DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? N

119. 60.493 43.140 7.600 -0.000 3.928 0.750

STOP —

Appendix 34 (continued).

Data file created by CSMFIT from PLTDAT

```

.DIR
 22-Jan-83
PBCU57.DAT 16 24-Nov-81    PBAG11.DAT 16 25-Nov-81
PBCU58.DAT 16 25-Nov-81    PBAG12.DAT 16 27-Nov-81
PBCU59.DAT 16 29-Nov-81    PBCUG0.DAT 15 29-Nov-81
PBCU61.DAT 15 29-Nov-81    PBCUG2.DAT 15 29-Nov-81
PBCU63.DAT 16 30-Nov-81    PBCUG4.DAT 16 30-Nov-81
PBCU65.DAT 16 30-Nov-81    PBCUG6.DAT 15 30-Nov-81
PBCU67.DAT 15 30-Nov-81    PBCUG8.DAT 15 30-Nov-81
PBCU69.DAT 20 30-Nov-81    PBCU70.DAT 19 01-Dec-81
PBCU71.DAT 20 01-Dec-81    PBCU72.DAT 19 01-Dec-81
PBCU73.DAT 20 01-Dec-81    TRNSLT.514 1 09-Nov-81
TRNSLT.555 1 07-Nov-81    TRNSLT.DAT 1 08-Jan-82
PLTDAT.070 82 08-Jan-82    CSMFIT.070 47 24-Jan-82
ENAFIT.070 47 24-Jan-82    PLTDAT.073 82 08-Jan-82
CSMFIT.073 68 26-Jan-82    PLTDAT.072 82 28-Jan-82
CSMFIT.072 47 28-Jan-82    ENAFIT.072 47 28-Jan-82
PLTDAT.DAT 82 08-Jan-82    ENAFIT.DAT 1 22-Jan-83
CSMFIT.DAT 1 22-Jan-83.....created file
 33 Files, 905 Blocks
 69 Free blocks

```

Appendix 34 (continued).

Listing of CSMFIT

```

PROGRAM CSMFIT
C*****
C   OBJECTIVE:  TO INTEGRATE THE CURRENT PASSED DURING A FIXED
C               WAVELENGTH EXPERIMENT AND COMPUTE A DEPOSIT THICKNESS
C               AND SURFACE COVERAGE CONSISTENT WITH ELLIPSOMETER
C               MEASUREMENTS USING THE COHERENT SUPERPOSITION MODEL
C               AS A BASIS.
C
C   BY JOSEPH C. FARMER, LBL-MMRD, UCB, 1-20-82
C
C*****
COMMON/FLMDAT/TNA,TNKA,TNF,TNKF,TNS,TNKS,WL,PHI1,T,DELC,PSIC
COMMON/CSMDAT/TNF1,TNKF1,TNF2,TNKF2,THETA
COMPLEX TN2,TN3,CPHI2,CPHI3,R1S,R1P,R2S,R2P,Z,RS,RP,RHO
DIMENSION ID(20)
TYPE 100
100 FORMAT(/,'$ INSERT DATA DISK - "RETURN".')
ACCEPT 101,IWAIT
101 FORMAT(I1)
OPEN(UNIT=1,NAME='DY1:PLTDAT.DAT',TYPE='OLD')
OPEN(UNIT=2,NAME='DY1:CSMFIT.DAT',TYPE='NEW')
1 FORMAT(F10.4)
2 FORMAT(I5)
3 FORMAT(/,5X,20A2)
4 FORMAT(1X,F9.0,7(1X,F9.3))
5 FORMAT(/,' INPUT = ',F10.4)
6 FORMAT(/,'$ DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE ENTRY(Y/N)? ')
7 FORMAT(A1)
8 FORMAT(/,' INPUT = ',I5)
C*****THE REFRACTIVE INDICES OF THE SYSTEM ARE INPUT BY OPERATOR
110 TYPE 10
10 FORMAT(/,'$ TNA = ')
ACCEPT 1,TNA
TYPE 5,TNA
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7,IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 110
111 TYPE 11
11 FORMAT(/,'$-TNKA = ')
ACCEPT 1,TNKA
TYPE 5,TNKA
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7,IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 111

```


Appendix 34 (continued).

```

112 TYPE 12
  12 FORMAT(/, '$ TNF1 = ')
    ACCEPT 1, TNF1
    TYPE 5, TNF1
    TYPE 6
    ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
    IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 112
113 TYPE 13
  13 FORMAT(/, '$-TNKF1 = ')
    ACCEPT 1, TNKF1
    TYPE 5, TNKF1
    TYPE 6
    ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
    IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 113
114 TYPE 14
  14 FORMAT(/, '$ TNF2 = ')
    ACCEPT 1, TNF2
    TYPE 5, TNF2
    TYPE 6
    ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
    IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 114
115 TYPE 15
  15 FORMAT(/, '$-TNKF2 = ')
    ACCEPT 1, TNKF2
    TYPE 5, TNKF2
    TYPE 6
    ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
    IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 115
116 TYPE 16
  16 FORMAT(/, '$ TNS = ')
    ACCEPT 1, TNS
    TYPE 5, TNS
    TYPE 6
    ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
    IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 116
117 TYPE 17
  17 FORMAT(/, '$-TNKS = ')
    ACCEPT 1, TNKS
    TYPE 5, TNKS
    TYPE 6
    ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
    IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 117

```

Appendix 34 (continued).

```

C*****THE ANGLE OF INCIDENCE AND WAVELENGTH ARE INPUT
118 TYPE 18
18 FORMAT(/,'$ PHI1 = ')
ACCEPT 1,PHI1
TYPE 5,PHI1
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7,IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 118
119 TYPE 19
19 FORMAT(/,'$ WL = ')
ACCEPT 1,WL
TYPE 5,WL
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7,IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 119
C*****THE PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF THE DEPOSIT ARE INPUT
120 TYPE 20
20 FORMAT(/,'$ DEPOSIT MW = ')
ACCEPT 1,DEPMW
TYPE 5,DEPMW
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7,IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 120
121 TYPE 21
21 FORMAT(/,'$ DEPOSIT DENSITY(GM/CM3) = ')
ACCEPT 1,DEPRHO
TYPE 5,DEPRHO
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7,IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 121
122 TYPE 22
22 FORMAT(/,'$ DEPOSIT VALENCE = ')
ACCEPT 1,DEPVAL
TYPE 5,DEPVAL
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7,IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 122
123 TYPE 23
23 FORMAT(/,'$ ELECTRODE AREA(CM2) = ')
ACCEPT 1,AREA
TYPE 5,AREA
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7,IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 123

```

```

C*****THE LIMITS OF CURRENT INTEGRATION ARE SET
124 TYPE 24
24 FORMAT(/, '$ TSTART = ')
ACCEPT 1, TSTART
TYPE 5, TSTART
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 124
125 TYPE 25
25 FORMAT(/, '$ TFINAL = ')
ACCEPT 1, TFINAL
TYPE 5, TFINAL
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 125
C*****THE NUMBER OF ITERATIONS OF THE "COVERAGE" ARE SPECIFIED
126 TYPE 26
26 FORMAT(/, '$ NITER = ')
ACCEPT 2, NITER
TYPE 8, NITER
TYPE 6
ACCEPT 7, IFLAG
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 126
READ(1,3)(ID(I),I=1,20)
WRITE(2,3)(ID(I),I=1,20)
200 READ(1,4)TIME1,POL,ANA,POT,CUR,DELM,PSIM
IF(TIME1.LT.TSTART)GOTO 200
TIME0=TIME1
CUR0=0.
Q=0.
ERRFIT=1.E06
DTHETA=1./NITER
C*****THE TOTAL CHARGE PASSED (MICRO COULOMBS) AND THE FILM THICKNESS
C BASED ON THIS CHARGE BALANCE (ANGSTROMS) ARE COMPUTED
300 READ(1,4)TIME1,POL,ANA,POT,CUR,DELM,PSIM
THETA=-DTHETA
Q=Q+(TIME1-TIME0)*(CUR+CUR0)/(1.2E02*AREA)
DO 1000 J=1,NITER
THETA=THETA+DTHETA
T=(-Q*DEPHW)/(9.64846E04*DEPVAL*DEPRHO*(1.-THETA))
T=T*100.

```

Appendix 34 (continued).

```
C*****PSI AND DELTA ARE PREDICTED BASED ON CSM MODEL FOR COMPARISON
C    WITH EXPERIMENTALLY DETERMINED VALUES...THE COVERAGE MINIMIZING
C    THE COMPOSITE ERROR IS SELECTED AS THE CORRECT VALUE FOR THIS
C    SINGLE ADJUSTABLE PARAMETER
    CALL FILM02
    ERROR=ABS(DELC-DELM)+ABS(PSIC-PSIM)
    IF(ERROR.GT.ERRFIT)GOTO 1000
    QFIT=Q/1.E06
    TFIT=T
    THETA F=THETA
    DELFIT=DELC
    PSIFIT=PSIC
    ERRFIT=ERROR
1000 CONTINUE
    TYPE 4,TIME1,DELFIT,PSIFIT,ERRFIT,QFIT,TFIT,THETA F
    WRITE(2,4)TIME1,DELFIT,PSIFIT,ERRFIT,QFIT,TFIT,THETA F
    TIME0=TIME1
    CUR0=CUR
    ERRFIT=1.E06
    IF(TIME1.GE.TFINAL)STOP
    GOTO 300
    END
```

Appendix 35.

Directory of Tektronix 4662 Interactive Plotter Software Disk DY1:

22-Jan-83					
PL10LB.OBJ	304	23-Mar-80	TEKPLT.SAV	25	05-May-82
INPUT.FOR	3	06-May-82	SPCTRA.TST	5	11-Mar-82
WLCALC.OLD	1	06-May-82	WLCALC.FOR	2	06-May-82
IOTEST.SAV	35	06-May-82	SPCTRA.DAT	5	06-May-82
IOTEST.FOR	2	06-May-82	TEK001.FOR	1	06-May-82
TEKPLT.FOR	2	06-May-82	TEK001.SAV	52	06-May-82
RANGES.FOR	1	06-May-82	LABEL.SAV	50	08-May-82
SCALE.FOR	1	06-May-82	LABEL.FOR	2	08-May-82
TEST.SAV	19	09-May-82	TEST.FOR	2	09-May-82
AXIOLD.FOR	5	10-May-82	AXIOLD.SAV	53	10-May-82
TEK002.FOR	5	10-May-82	TEK002.SAV	60	10-May-82
TEK003.FOR	6	11-May-82	TEK003.SAV	41	11-May-82
RANGES.001	1	11-May-82	AXES02.001	2	11-May-82
AXES03.001	2	12-May-82	WLCALC.NEW	1	23-Jul-82
RANGES.002	1	01-Aug-82	RANGES.003	1	03-Aug-82
AXES02.002	1	03-Aug-82	AXES02.003	1	03-Aug-82
AXES02.004	1	03-Aug-82	RANGES.004	1	03-Aug-82
RANGES.005	1	03-Aug-82	AXES02.005	1	03-Aug-82
RANGES.006	1	03-Aug-82	AXES02.006	1	03-Aug-82
LABMOD.FOR	3	17-Aug-82	LABMOD.OBJ	7	17-Aug-82
LABMOD.SAV	50	17-Aug-82	AXINEW.FOR	6	17-Aug-82
AXINEW.OBJ	18	17-Aug-82	AXINEW.SAV	54	17-Aug-82
AXINEW.LST	15	17-Aug-82	AXES.SAV	54	17-Aug-82
RANGES.007	1	20-Aug-82	AXES02.007	1	20-Aug-82
RANGES.008	1	20-Aug-82	AXES02.008	1	20-Aug-82
AXES03.002	1	22-Aug-82	AXES03.003	1	24-Aug-82
AXES03.004	1	24-Aug-82	RANGES.009	1	08-Sep-82
RANGES.09A	1	08-Sep-82	AXES02.009	1	10-Sep-82
AXES03.05A	1	26-Sep-82	AXES03.005	2	26-Sep-82
AXES03.006	2	30-Sep-82	AXES03.06A	2	30-Sep-82
AXES02.010	1	08-Jan-83	RANGES.010	1	08-Jan-83
AXES02.011	1	08-Jan-83	RANGES.011	1	08-Jan-83
RANGES.012	1	08-Jan-83	AXES02.012	1	08-Jan-83
RANGES.013	1	08-Jan-83	AXES02.013	1	08-Jan-83
WLCALC.DAT	1	23-Jul-82	RANGES.DAT	1	12-Jan-83
AXES.DAT	2	12-Jan-83			

71 Files, 934 Blocks

40 Free blocks

Appendix 36.

Demonstration of AXES and LABMOD - labeling axes and positions on graph

```
.RUN AXES .....running AXES
OPTION(I2) = 1
DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THE ORIGIN(Y/N)? N
.RUN LABMOD .....running LABMOD
X-POSITION(I4): 400
Y-POSITION(I4): 400
ROTATION ANGLE: 45.
LABELING(30A1): JOE FARMER
X-SIZE(I3) : 30
Y-SIZE(I3) : 45
MORE LABELS(Y/N)? Y
X-POSITION(I4): 300
Y-POSITION(I4): 200
ROTATION ANGLE: 0.
LABELING(30A1): DEMONSTRATION OF AXES & LABMOD
X-SIZE(I3) : 45
Y-SIZE(I3) : 60
MORE LABELS(Y/N)? N
```

Appendix 36 (continued).

Listing of AXES

```

PROGRAM AXES
COMMON/TEKTOP/IX,IY,ISX,ISY,NCHAR,ANGLE,IARRAY(30)
DIMENSION LABELX(30),LABELY(30),NX(4,10),NY(2,10)
TYPE 1
1 FORMAT(/,'$ OPTION(I2) = ')
ACCEPT 2,MOPT
2 FORMAT(I2)
OPEN(UNIT=1,NAME='DY1:AXES.DAT',TYPE='OLD')
1000 READ(1,1001)NOPT
READ(1,1002)(LABELY(I),I=1,30)
READ(1,1002)(LABELX(I),I=1,30)
READ(1,1001)NTICY
DO 100 III=1,NTICY
100 READ(1,1003)(NY(II,III),II=1,2)
READ(1,1001)NTICX
DO 200 III=1,NTICX
200 READ(1,1004)(NX(II,III),II=1,4)
IF(NOPT.NE.MOPT)GOTO 1000
1001 FORMAT(1X,I2)
1002 FORMAT(1X,30A1)
1003 FORMAT(1X,2A1)
1004 FORMAT(1X,4A1)
CLOSE(UNIT=1,DISPOSE='SAVE')
CALL INITT(120)
CALL TERM(1,1)
CALL PLINIT(1)
CALL PLOW
IDX=0
IDY=0
300 IX=IDX+50
IY=IDY+50
CALL MOVABS(IX,IY)
310 TYPE 320
320 FORMAT(/,'$ DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE THE ORIGIN(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 330,IFLAG
330 FORMAT(A1)
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HY.AND.IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 310
IF(IFLAG.EQ.1HN)GOTO 370
TYPE 340
340 FORMAT(/,'$ IDX = ')
ACCEPT 360,IDX
TYPE 350
350 FORMAT(/,'$ IDY = ')
ACCEPT 360,IDY
360 FORMAT(I5)
GOTO 300
370 CONTINUE

```

Appendix 36 (continued).

```

CALL DRWREL(600,0)
CALL DRWREL(0,400)
CALL DRWREL(-600,0)
CALL DRWREL(0,-400)
IX=IDX+15
IY=IDY+150
ISX=50
ISY=75
NCHAR=30
ANGLE=90.
DO 2000 I=1,NCHAR
2000 IARRAY(I)=LABELY(I)
CALL TEKTYF
IX=IDX+25
IY=IDY+450
ISX=45
ISY=60
NCHAR=2
ANGLE=0.
DO 4000 III=1,NTICY
DO 3000 II=1,NCHAR
3000 IARRAY(II)=NY(II,III)
CALL TEKTYF
ISTOP1=450+IDY
ISTOP2=50+IDY
IF(IY.GE.ISTOP1.OR.IY.LE.ISTOP2)GOTO 3500
IIX=50+IDX
CALL MOVABS(IIX,IY)
CALL DRWREL(10,0)
IIX=640+IDX
CALL MOVABS(IIX,IY)
CALL DRWREL(10,0)
3500 IY=IY-(400./(NTICY-1))
4000 CONTINUE
IX=IDX+225
IY=IDY+10
ISX=50
ISY=75
NCHAR=30
ANGLE=0.
DO 5000 I=1,NCHAR
5000 IARRAY(I)=LABELX(I)
CALL TEKTYF
IX=IDX+650
IY=IDY+35
ISX=45
ISY=60
NCHAR=4
ANGLE=0.

```


Appendix 36 (continued).

```
DO 7000 III=1,NTICX
DO 6000 II=1,NCHAR
6000 IARRAY(II)=NX(II,III)
CALL TEKTYF
ISTOP3=650+IDX
ISTOP4=50+IDX
IF(IX.GE.ISTOP3.OR.IX.LE.ISTOP4)GOTO 6500
IIY=50+IDY
CALL MOVABS(IX,IIY)
CALL DRWREL(0,10)
IIY=440+IDY
CALL MOVABS(IX,IIY)
CALL DRWREL(0,10)
6500 IX=IX-(600./(NTICX-1))
7000 CONTINUE
CALL HOME
CALL EXIT
STOP
END
```

Appendix 37.

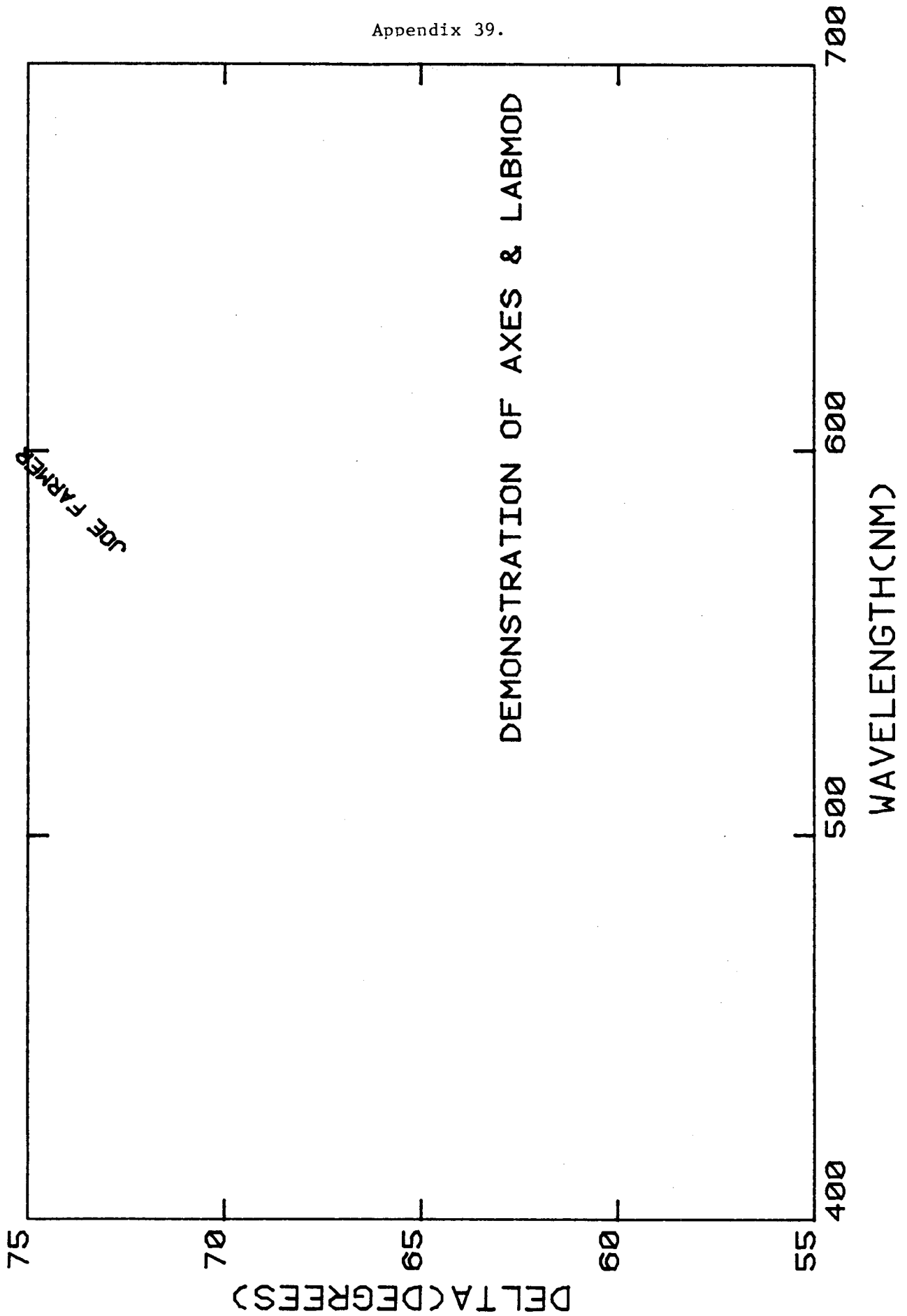
Input Data File AXES.DAT

01		03		05
	DELTA(DEGREES)		DELTA(DEGREES)	
	WAVELENGTH(NM)		WAVELENGTH(NM)	
05		04		05
75		80		4
70		70		3
65		60		2
60		50		1
55		04		0
04		700		04
700		600		700
600		500		600
500		400		500
400		04		400
02			PSI(DEGREES)	06
	PSI(DEGREES)		WAVELENGTH(NM)	
	WAVELENGTH(NM)			
04		04		06
40		50		0
38		40		-1
36		30		-2
34		20		-3
04		04		-4
700		700		-5
600		600		04
500		500		700
400		400		600
				500
				400

Appendix 38

Listing of LABMOD

```
PROGRAM LABEL
DIMENSION IARRAY(30)
CALL INITT(120)
CALL TERM(1,1)
CALL PLINIT(1)
CALL PLON
10 CONTINUE
TYPE 20
20 FORMAT(/,'$ X-POSITION(I4): ')
ACCEPT 30,IX
30 FORMAT(I4)
TYPE 40
40 FORMAT(/,'$ Y-POSITION(I4): ')
ACCEPT 50,IY
50 FORMAT(I4)
CALL MOVABS(IX,IY)
TYPE 60
60 FORMAT(/,'$ ROTATION ANGLE: ')
ACCEPT 70,ANGLE
70 FORMAT(F10.2)
TYPE 80
80 FORMAT(/,'$ LABELING(30A1): ')
ACCEPT 90,(IARRAY(I),I=1,30)
90 FORMAT(30A1)
TYPE 100
100 FORMAT(/,'$ X-SIZE(I3) : ')
ACCEPT 110,ISX
110 FORMAT(I3)
TYPE 120
120 FORMAT(/,'$ Y-SIZE(I3) : ')
ACCEPT 130,ISY
130 FORMAT(I3)
CALL LINROT(ANGLE)
CALL PLCHAR(ISX,ISY)
CALL A1OUT(30,IARRAY)
135 TYPE 140
140 FORMAT(/,'$ MORE LABELS(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 150,IFLAG
150 FORMAT(A1)
IF(IFLAG.NE.1HY.AND.IFLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 135
160 IF(IFLAG.EQ.1HY)GOTO 10
CALL HOME
CALL EXIT
END
```



Appendix 40.

Demonstration of TEK002 - plotting spectroscopic ellipsometer data files

.RUN TEK002

LOAD DISK & TYPE SPECTRA FILE NAME: DYIRESLT242

P/WL PLOT(A), A/WL PLOT(B), OR A/P PLOT(C)? A

DOTTED(A) OR CONTINUOUS(B) LINES? B

MORE PLOTTED SPECTRA(Y/N)? N

.RUN LABMOD

X-POSITION(I4): 200

Y-POSITION(I4): 200

ROTATION ANGLE: 0.

LABELING(30A1): EXAMPLE EXECUTION OF TEK002

X-SIZE(I3) : 60

Y-SIZE(I3) : 75

MORE LABELS(Y/N)? N

Appendix 40 (continued).

Listing of TEK002

```

PROGRAM TEK002
COMMON/A/POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/B/WL(400)
COMMON/C/WLMAX,WLMIN,PMAX,PMIN,PSCALE,AMAX,AMIN,ASCALE
COMMON/TEKPLT/X(400),Y(400)
CALL RANGES
CALL WLCALC
DO 100 I=1,399
100 WL(I)=((WL(I)-WLMIN)/(WLMAX-WLMIN))*600
200 CALL INPUT
DO 300 I=1,399
POL(I)=(POL(I)/PSCALE-PMIN)+400./(PMAX-PMIN)
300 ANA(I)=(ANA(I)/ASCALE-AMIN)+400./(AMAX-AMIN)
400 TYPE 500
500 FORMAT(/,'$ P/WL PLOT(A), A/WL PLOT(B), OR A/P PLOT(C)? ')
ACCEPT 600,FLAG1
600 FORMAT(A1)
IF(FLAG1.NE.1HA.AND.FLAG1.NE.1HB.AND.FLAG1.NE.1HC)GOTO 400
IF(FLAG1.NE.1HA)GOTO 800
DO 700 I=1,399
X(I)=WL(I)
700 Y(I)=POL(I)
GOTO 1200
800 CONTINUE
IF(FLAG1.NE.1HB)GOTO 1000
DO 900 I=1,399
X(I)=WL(I)
900 Y(I)=ANA(I)
GOTO 1200
1000 CONTINUE
IF(FLAG1.NE.1HC)GOTO 400
DO 1100 I=1,399
X(I)=POL(I)
1100 Y(I)=ANA(I)
1200 CONTINUE
CALL TEKPLT
1250 TYPE 1300
1300 FORMAT(/,'$ MORE PLOTTED SPECTRA(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 1400,FLAG2
1400 FORMAT(A1)
IF(FLAG2.NE.1HY.AND.FLAG2.NE.1HN)GOTO 1250
IF(FLAG2.EQ.1HY)GOTO 200
CALL EXIT
STOP
END

```

Appendix 40 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE TEKPLT
COMMON/TEKPLT/X(400),Y(400)
CALL INITT(120)
CALL TERM(1,1)
CALL FLINIT(1)
CALL PLOM
100 TYPE 200
200 FORMAT(/,'$ DOTTED(A) OR CONTINUOUS(B) LINES? ')
ACCEPT 300,FLAG
300 FORMAT(A1)
IF(FLAG.NE.1HA.AND.FLAG.NE.1HB)GOTO 100
CALL MOVABS(50,50)
CALL DRWREL(600,0)
CALL DRWREL(0,400)
CALL DRWREL(-600,0)
CALL DRWREL(0,-400)
IF(FLAG.EQ.1HB)GOTO 500
IF(FLAG.NE.1HA)GOTO 100
DO 400 I=1,399
IX=X(I)+50.
IY=Y(I)+50.
IF(IX.GT.650.OR.IX.LT.50)GOTO 400
IF(IY.GT.450.OR.IY.LT.50)GOTO 400
CALL PNTABS(IX,IY)
400 CONTINUE
GOTO 700
500 CONTINUE
DO 600 I=2,399
IX=X(I-1)+50
IY=Y(I-1)+50
IF(IX.GT.650.OR.IX.LT.50)GOTO 600
IF(IY.GT.450.OR.IY.LT.50)GOTO 600
CALL MOVABS(IX,IY)
IX=X(I)-X(I-1)
IY=Y(I)-Y(I-1)
CALL DRWREL(IX,IY)
600 CONTINUE
700 CALL HOME
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 40 (continued).

```
SUBROUTINE RANGES
COMMON/C/WLMAX,WLMIN,PMAX,PMIN,PSCALE,AMAX,AMIN,ASCALE
OPEN(UNIT=1,NAME='DY1:RANGES.DAT',TYPE='OLD')
READ(1,100)WLMAX,WLMIN,PMAX,PMIN,PSCALE,AMAX,AMIN,ASCALE
100 FORMAT(8(1X,F6.0))
CLOSE(UNIT=1,DISPOSE='SAVE')
RETURN
END
```

```
SUBROUTINE WLCALC
COMMON/B/WL(400)
OPEN(UNIT=1,NAME='DY1:WLCALC.DAT',TYPE='OLD')
READ(1,100)IU,IL,A1,B1,R1,A2,B2,R2
100 FORMAT(2(1X,I3),2(1X,F8.4),1X,F8.2,1X,F6.4))
CLOSE(UNIT=1,DISPOSE='SAVE')
DO 30 I=1,400
IF(I.LE.IL.AND.I.GE.IU)GOTO 10
IF(I.GT.IL)GOTO 20
COUNT=I
WL(I)=A1*COUNT+B1
GOTO 30
10 COUNT=I
WL(I)=A2*COUNT+B2
GOTO 30
20 COUNT=I-400
WL(I)=A1*COUNT+B1
30 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```

```
SUBROUTINE TEKTYP
COMMON/TEKTYP/IX,IY,ISX,ISY,NCHAR,ANGLE,IARRAY(30)
CALL MOVABS(IX,IY)
CALL LINROT(ANGLE)
CALL PLCHAR(ISX,ISY)
CALL A1OUT(NCHAR,IARRAY)
RETURN
END
```


Appendix 40 (continued).

```

SUBROUTINE INPUT
REAL*4 BDLK(2),NAME(20)
COMMON/A/POL(400),ANA(400)
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
TYPE 100
100 FORMAT(/,'$ LOAD DISK & TYPE SPECTRA FILE NAME: ')
ACCEPT 200,(NAME(I),I=1,3)
200 FORMAT(3A4)
N=IRAD50(12,NAME,BDLK)
ICHAN=IGETC(I)
IF(ICHAN.LT.0)STOP 'CANNOT ALLOCATE CHANNEL'
IF(IFETCH(ICHAN).LT.0)STOP 'FETCH FAIL'
IF(LOOKUP(ICHAN,BDLK).LT.0)STOP 'BAD LOOKUP'
IBLOCK=1
DO 300 I=1,256
300 IBUFF(I)=0
CALL READ
DO 1000 I=1,200
1000 POL(I)=IBUFF(I)
CALL READ
DO 1010 I=1,200
1010 ANA(I)=IBUFF(I)
CALL READ
DO 1020 I=1,200
1020 POL(I+200)=IBUFF(I)
CALL READ
DO 1030 I=1,200
1030 ANA(I+200)=IBUFF(I)
CALL CLOSEC(ICHAN)
CALL IFREEC(ICHAN)
RETURN
END

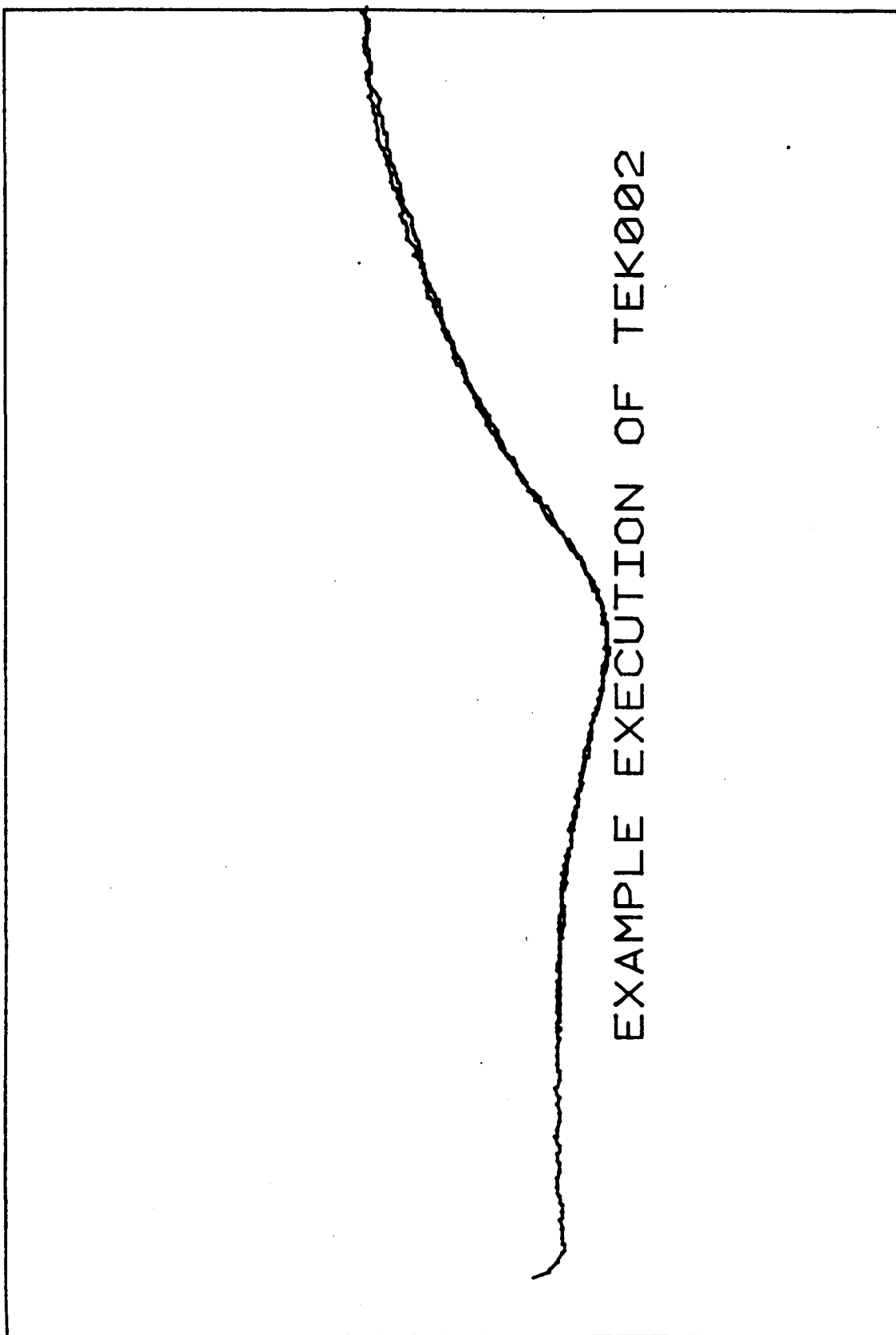
SUBROUTINE READ
COMMON/N/ICHAN,IBLOCK,IFLAG,IBUFF(256)
IERROR=IREADW(256,IBUFF,IBLOCK,ICHAN)
IF(IERROR.LT.0)STOP 'FATAL READ'
IBLOCK=IBLOCK+1
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 41.

Input Data File RANGES.DAT

7000. 4000. 95. 45. 100. 50. 20. 100.
/123456/123456/123456/123456/123456/123456/123456/123456/



Appendix 43 (continued).

Listing of TEK003

```

PROGRAM TEK003
DIMENSION ARRAY(8),ID(20)
TYPE 10
ACCEPT 1,IWAIT
999 OPEN(UNIT=1,NAME='DY1:PLTDAT.DAT',TYPE='OLD')
READ(1,5)(ID(I),I=1,20)
TYPE 5,(ID(I),I=1,20)
1000 TYPE 20
ACCEPT 1,ICHANX
TYPE 30
ACCEPT 2,XMAX
TYPE 40
ACCEPT 2,XMIN
TYPE 50
ACCEPT 1,ICHANY
TYPE 60
ACCEPT 2,YMAX
TYPE 70
ACCEPT 2,YMIN
TYPE 80
ACCEPT 2,TSTART
TYPE 90
ACCEPT 2,TFINAL
2000 TYPE 100
ACCEPT 3,FLAG
IF(FLAG.EQ.1HY)GOTO 1000
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY.AND.FLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 2000
3000 TYPE 200
ACCEPT 3,FLAG
IF(FLAG.NE.1HA.AND.FLAG.NE.1HB)GOTO 3000
CALL INITT(120)
CALL TERM(1,1)
CALL PLINIT(1)
CALL PLGN
CALL MOVABS(50,50)
CALL DRWREL(600,0)
CALL DRWREL(0,400)
CALL DRWREL(-600,0)
CALL DRWREL(0,-400)
IF(FLAG.EQ.1HB)GOTO 5000
4000 CONTINUE
READ(1,4)(ARRAY(I),I=1,8)
IF(ARRAY(1).GE.TFINAL)GOTO 7000
IF(ARRAY(1).LE.TSTART)GOTO 4001
IX=(ARRAY(ICHANX)-XMIN)*600./(XMAX-XMIN)+50
IY=(ARRAY(ICHANY)-YMIN)*400./(YMAX-YMIN)+50
IF(IX.GT.650.OR.IX.LT.50)GOTO 4001
IF(IY.GT.450.OR.IY.LT.50)GOTO 4001
CALL PNTABS(IX,IY)

```

Appendix 43 (continued).

```

4001 CONTINUE
      GOTO 4000
5000 CONTINUE
      READ(1,4)(ARRAY(I),I=1,8)
      IF(ARRAY(1).LE.TSTART)GOTO 5000
      READ(1,4)(ARRAY(I),I=1,8)
      X0=(ARRAY(ICHANX)-XMIN)*600./(XMAX-XMIN)
      Y0=(ARRAY(ICHANY)-YMIN)*400./(YMAX-YMIN)
6000 IX=X0+50
      IY=Y0+50
      IF(IX.GT.650.OR.IX.LT.50)GOTO 6001
      IF(IY.GT.450.OR.IY.LT.50)GOTO 6001
      CALL MOVABS(IX,IY)
      READ(1,4)(ARRAY(I),I=1,8)
      IF(ARRAY(1).GE.TFINAL)GOTO 7000
      IF(ARRAY(1).LE.TSTART)GOTO 6001
      X=(ARRAY(ICHANX)-XMIN)*600./(XMAX-XMIN)
      Y=(ARRAY(ICHANY)-YMIN)*400./(YMAX-YMIN)
      IX=X-X0
      IY=Y-Y0
      X0=X
      Y0=Y
      CALL DRWREL(IX,IY)
6001 CONTINUE
      GOTO 6000
7000 CALL HOME
8000 TYPE 300
      ACCEPT 3,FLAG
      IF(FLAG.NE.1HY.AND.FLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 8000
      CLOSE(UNIT=1,DISPOSE='SAVE')
      IF(FLAG.EQ.1HY)GOTO 999
  1  FORMAT(I1)
  2  FORMAT(F10.0)
  3  FORMAT(A1)
  4  FORMAT(1X,F9.0,7(1X,F9.3))
  5  FORMAT(/,5X,20A2)
 10  FORMAT(/, '$ INSERT DATA DISK & RETURN. ')
 20  FORMAT(/, '$ ICHANX(I1) = ')
 30  FORMAT(/, '$ XMAX(F10.0) = ')
 40  FORMAT(/, '$ XMIN(F10.0) = ')
 50  FORMAT(/, '$ ICHANY(I1) = ')
 60  FORMAT(/, '$ YMAX(F10.0) = ')
 70  FORMAT(/, '$ YMIN(F10.0) = ')
 80  FORMAT(/, '$ TSTART      = ')
 90  FORMAT(/, '$ TFINAL      = ')
100  FORMAT(/, '$ CORRECTIONS(Y/N)? ')
200  FORMAT(/, '$ DOTTED(A) OR CONTINUOUS(B) LINES? ')
300  FORMAT(/, '$ MORE PLOTS(Y/N)? ')
      STOP
      END

```

Appendix 43.

Demonstration of TEK003 - plotting information in data file PLTDAT.DAT

.RUN TEK003

INSERT DATA DISK & RETURN.

CU(111)44/5E-3PE/1M NACL04/10MIN/NO DYE

ICHANX(I1) = 1

XMAX(F10.0) = 30599.

XMIN(F10.0) = 59.

ICHANY(I1) = 6

YMAX(F10.0) = 80.

YMIN(F10.0) = 50.

TSTART = 50.

TFINAL = 30599.

CORRECTIONS(Y/N)? N

Appendix 44.

A Portion of the Input Data File PLTDAT.DAT

```

CU(111)W4/SE-3PB/1M NACLO4/10MIN/NO DYE
 59.  104.814  52.063 -601.196 -202.433  60.372  37.937  0.000
119.  104.814  52.063 -600.586 -202.433  60.372  37.937  0.000
179.  104.814  52.063 -600.586 -201.416  60.372  37.937  0.000
239.  104.804  52.074 -600.586 -201.416  60.393  37.926  0.000
299.  104.825  52.063 -600.586 -201.416  60.351  37.937  0.000
359.  104.825  52.074 -600.586 -201.416  60.351  37.926  0.000
419.  104.835  52.074 -600.586 -201.416  60.330  37.926  0.000
479.  104.814  52.074 -599.976 -201.416  60.372  37.926  0.000
539.  104.814  52.053 -599.976 -201.416  60.372  37.947  0.000
599.  104.814  52.074 -599.976 -200.399  60.372  37.926  0.000
659.  104.825  52.063 -599.976 -200.399  60.351  37.937  0.000
719.  104.814  52.084 -599.976 -200.399  60.372  37.916  0.000
779.  104.825  52.063 -599.976 -201.416  60.351  37.937  0.000
839.  104.835  52.074 -599.976 -201.416  60.330  37.926  0.000
899.  104.804  52.053 -599.976 -200.399  60.393  37.947  0.000
959.  104.825  52.063 -599.976 -200.399  60.351  37.937  0.000
1019. 104.825  52.074 -599.976 -200.399  60.351  37.926  0.000
1079. 104.814  52.063 -599.976 -200.399  60.372  37.937  0.000

```

Definition of numeric values:

- Column 1. time, tics (1/60 second units)
- Column 2. polarizer azimuth, degrees
- Column 3. analyzer azimuth, degrees
- Column 4. cell potential, millivolts (with respect to reference electrode).
- Column 5. cell current, microamps
- Column 6. delta, degrees
- Column 7. psi, degrees
- Column 8. zeros, due only to length of format statement in TRNSLT

X-AXIS: 50 TO 30500 TICS

X = COLUMN # 1

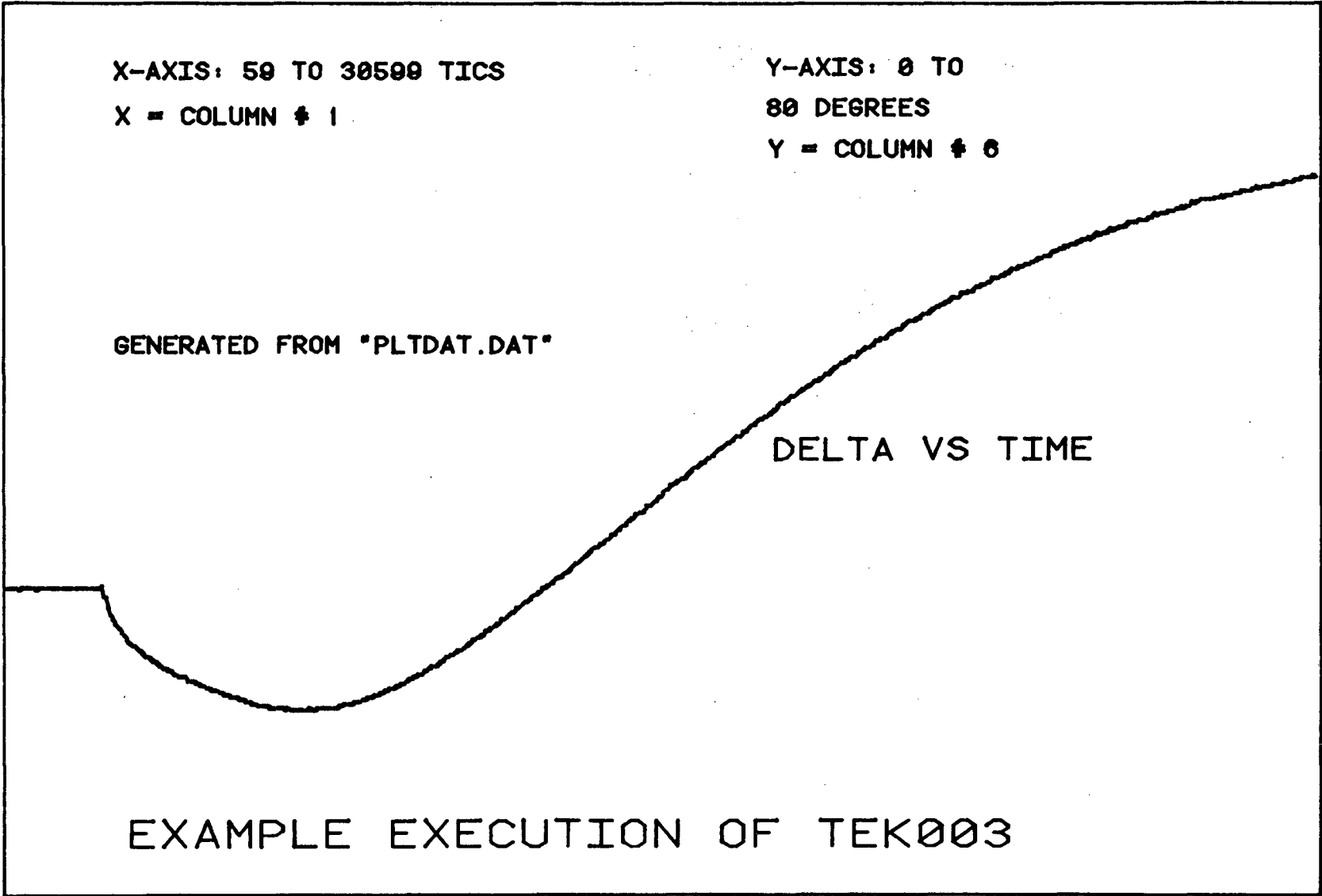
Y-AXIS: 0 TO

80 DEGREES

Y = COLUMN # 0

GENERATED FROM "PLTDAT.DAT"

DELTA VS TIME



EXAMPLE EXECUTION OF TEK003

Appendix 46.

Directory of Model Optimization Programs Disk DY1:

21-Nov-82					
FILM01.FOR	6	27-May-81	AIFILM.FOR	3	30-May-81
PLOT .FOR	5	28-Aug-81	CSFILM.FOR	3	28-Aug-81
FILM02.FOR	4	28-Aug-81	CSFLOT.FOR	5	28-Aug-81
EMA .FOR	2	01-Aug-81	EMAFIT.FOR	6	01-Aug-81
EKATIM.FOR	5	27-Oct-81	MULTIF.FOR	5	01-Sep-82
FLMTST.FOR	2	01-Sep-82	REFIND.FOR	2	01-Sep-82
PROEMA.FOR	13	01-Sep-82	PROLIN.FOR	13	02-Sep-82
MODEL1.FOR	13	06-Sep-82	MODEL2.FOR	15	12-Sep-82
MODEL3.FOR	14	12-Sep-82	CSFIT .FOR	6	29-Sep-82
CSHTST.FOR	4	29-Sep-82	FILM .FOR	3	14-Dec-81
GOGOGO.FOR	19	19-Nov-82	AIGOGO.FOR	11	12-Nov-82
WLGOGO.FOR	18	13-Nov-82	OHGOGO.FOR	15	19-Nov-82
EKATST.FOR	6	20-Nov-82	BRUGMN.FOR	6	20-Nov-82
26 Files, 204 Blocks					
80 Free blocks					

Appendix 47.

```

PROGRAM SEARCH
DIMENSION B(20),T(20),D(20),EN(20)
COMMON Y,X(20)
OPEN(UNIT=1,NAME='DY1:SEARCH.DAT',TYPE='OLD')
READ(1,1)NVAR,NF,EF
TYPE 1,NVAR,NF,EF
READ(1,2)(B(I),I=1,NVAR)
TYPE 3,(B(I),I=1,NVAR)
READ(1,2)(D(I),I=1,NVAR)
TYPE 4,(D(I),I=1,NVAR)
NT=0
50 CONTINUE
DO 300 I=1,NVAR
DO 100 J=1,NVAR
100 X(J)=B(J)
CALL ERROR
E0=Y
X(I)=B(I)-D(I)
CALL ERROR
E1=Y
X(I)=B(I)+D(I)
CALL ERROR
E2=Y
IF(E0.LT.E1.AND.E0.LT.E2)GOTO 200
IF(E1.LT.E0.AND.E1.LT.E2)GOTO 201
IF(E2.LT.E0.AND.E2.LT.E1)GOTO 202
200 T(I)=B(I)
EN(I)=E0
GOTO 300
201 T(I)=B(I)-D(I)
EN(I)=E1
GOTO 300
202 T(I)=B(I)+D(I)
EN(I)=E2
300 CONTINUE
DO 350 J=1,NVAR
B(J)=T(J)
350 X(J)=T(J)
CALL ERROR
ET=Y
NT=NT+1
IF(ET.GT.E0)GOTO 998
IF(NT.EQ.NF)GOTO 999
IF(ET.LE.EF)GOTO 1000
GOTO 50
998 TYPE 5
GOTO 1000
999 TYPE 6
1000 TYPE 7,(X(I),I=1,NVAR)
TYPE 8,ET
1 FORMAT(5X,I5,5X,I5,1X,F9.3)
2 FORMAT(3(1X,F9.3))
3 FORMAT(/,' STARTING VALUES: ',3(1X,F9.3,','))
4 FORMAT(/,' INCREMENTS : ',3(1X,F9.3,','))
5 FORMAT(/,' NO CONVERGENCE : ')
6 FORMAT(/,' NOT FINISHED : ')
7 FORMAT(/,' FINAL VALUES : ',3(1X,F9.3,','))
8 FORMAT(/,' FINAL ERROR : ',1X,F9.3)
STOP
END

```

Objective subroutine optimized:

```

SUBROUTINE ERROR
COMMON Y,X(20)
Y=1.+X(1)*X(2)*X(3)-X(1)*X(1)+X(2)*X(2)-15.*X(3)
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 48.

Listing of OHGOGO

```

PROGRAM OHGOGO
COMMON/SEARCH/Y,X(20),Y0(20)
COMMON/FLMDAT/TNA,TNKA,TNF,TNKF,TNS,TNKS,WL,PHI1,T,DELC,PSIC
COMMON/THETA/THETA
COMPLEX TN2,TN3,CPH13,R1S,R1P,R2S,R2P,Z,RS,RP,RHO
COMPLEX E,E1,E2,A,B,ROOT1,ROOT2
DIMENSION B1(20),B0(20),D(20),EN(20),EN1(20)
OPEN(UNIT=1,NAME='DY1:OHGOGO.DAT',TYPE='OLD')
3000 TYPE 11
ACCEPT 12,FLAG
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY.AND.FLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 3000
2000 READ(1,1)NVAR,NERR,NF,EF,ALPHA
IF(NVAR.EQ.999)STOP
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3001
PRINT 1,NVAR,NERR,NF,EF,ALPHA
3001 TYPE 1,NVAR,NERR,NF,EF,ALPHA
READ(1,2)(Y0(I),I=1,NERR)
READ(1,2)(B0(I),I=1,NVAR)
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3002
PRINT 3,(B0(I),I=1,NVAR)
3002 TYPE 3,(B0(I),I=1,NVAR)
READ(1,2)(D(I),I=1,NVAR)
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3003
PRINT 4,(D(I),I=1,NVAR)
3003 TYPE 4,(D(I),I=1,NVAR)
ETO=1.E09
NT=0
50 CONTINUE
DO 300 I=1,NVAR
E00=0.0
E10=0.0
E20=0.0
IF(D(I).EQ.0.0)GOTO 200
DO 100 J=1,NVAR
100 X(J)=B0(J)
CALL ERROR
E00=Y
X(I)=B0(I)-D(I)
CALL ERROR
E10=Y
X(I)=B0(I)+D(I)
CALL ERROR
E20=Y

```

Appendix 48 (continued).

```

      IF(E00.LT.E10.AND.E00.LT.E20)GOTO 200
      IF(E10.LT.E00.AND.E10.LT.E20)GOTO 201
      IF(E20.LT.E00.AND.E20.LT.E10)GOTO 202
200 B1(I)=B0(I)
      GOTO 300
201 B1(I)=B0(I)-B(I)
      GOTO 300
202 B1(I)=B0(I)+B(I)
300 EN(I)=0.5*(E10+E20)-E00
      DO 350 J=1,NVAR
      B0(J)=B1(J)
350 X(J)=B0(J)
      CALL ERROR
      ET=Y
      DO 357 I=1,NVAR
      IF(D(I).NE.0.0)GOTO 355
      EN(I)=0.000
      EN1(I)=0.000
      GOTO 357
355 EN(I)=EN(I)/(D(I)+D(I))
      IF(EN(I).NE.0.0)GOTO 356
      EN1(I)=0.
      GOTO 357
356 EN1(I)=ET/EN(I)
357 CONTINUE
      NT=NT+1
      IF(ET.GT.ETO)GOTO 998
      IF(NT.EQ.NF)GOTO 999
      IF(ET.LE.EF)GOTO 1000
      DO 360 J=1,NVAR
360 D(J)=ALPHA*D(J)
      ETO=ET
      GOTO 50
998 TYPE 5
      IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3004
      PRINT 5
3004 CONTINUE
      GOTO 1000
999 TYPE 6
      IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3005
      PRINT 6
3005 CONTINUE

```

Appendix 48 (continued).

```

1000 TYPE 7,(X(I),I=1,NVAR)
      TYPE 13,(EN(I),I=1,NVAR)
      TYPE 14,(EN1(I),I=1,NVAR)
      TYPE 8,ET
      TYPE 9,(Y0(I),I=1,NERR)
      TYPE 10,(Y0(I),I=1+NERR,NERR+NERR)
      IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3006
      PRINT 7,(X(I),I=1,NVAR)
      PRINT 13,(EN(I),I=1,NVAR)
      PRINT 14,(EN1(I),I=1,NVAR)
      PRINT 8,ET
      PRINT 9,(Y0(I),I=1,NERR)
      PRINT 10,(Y0(I),I=1+NERR,NERR+NERR)
3006 CONTINUE
      1 FORMAT(3(5X,I5),2(1X,F9.3))
      2 FORMAT(3(1X,F9.3))
      3 FORMAT(/,' STARTING VALUES: ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
      4 FORMAT(/,' INCREMENTS      : ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
      5 FORMAT(/,' NO CONVERGENCE : ')
      6 FORMAT(/,' NOT FINISHED  : ')
      7 FORMAT(/,' FINAL VALUES  : ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
      8 FORMAT(/,' FINAL ERROR    : ',1X,F9.3)
      9 FORMAT(/,' MEASURED VALUES: ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
     10 FORMAT(/,' CALCULATED     : ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
     11 FORMAT(/,' $ PRINTER IN SYSTEM(Y/N)? ')
     12 FORMAT(A1)
     13 FORMAT(/,' VARIANCE COEF 1: ',5(1X,E9.2,';'))
     14 FORMAT(/,' VARIANCE COEF 2: ',5(1X,E9.2,';'))
      GOTO 2000
      STOP
      END

```

Appendix 48 (continued).

Objective subroutine optimized by OHGOGO

```
SUBROUTINE ERROR
COMMON/SEARCH/Y,X(20),Y0(20)
COMMON/FLMDAT/TNA,TNKA,TNF,TNKF,TNS,TNKS,WL,PHI1,T,DELC,PSIC
COMMON/THETA/THETA
COMPLEX TN2,TN3,CPHI3,R1S,R1P,R2S,R2P,Z,RS,RP,RHO
COMPLEX E,E1,E2,A,B,ROOT1,ROOT2
TNA=X(1)
TNKA=X(2)
TNF=X(3)
TNKF=X(4)
TNS=X(5)
TNKS=X(6)
WL=X(7)
PHI1=X(8)
T=X(9)
IF(T.LE.0.0)GOTO 10
CALL FILM
CALL REFINO
10 CONTINUE
TNF=X(10)
TNKF=X(11)
T=X(12)
THETA=X(13)
DELM=Y0(1)
PSIM=Y0(2)
IF(T.LE.0.0)GOTO 20
CALL EMA
CALL FILM
20 CONTINUE
Y0(3)=DELC
Y0(4)=PSIC
Y=(DELC-DELM)**2+(PSIC-PSIM)**2
Y=SQRT(Y)
RETURN
END
```

Appendix 48 (continued).

Input Data File OHGOGO.DAT

13	2	200	0.001	0.975
72.060	43.270			
1.340	0.000	1.270		
4.230	0.176	3.219		
5145.000	75.000	5.450		
2.000	3.000	0.000		
1.000	0.000	0.000		
0.000	0.000	0.005		
0.005	0.000	0.000		
0.000	0.000	0.010		
0.000	0.000	0.000		
0.000	0.000	0.000		
999	999	999	0.000	0.000

123456789/123456789/123456789/123456789/123456789/123456789/

Numeric values defined:

- Line 1. total number of input parameters which can be optimized, number of terms involved in sum-of-squares calculation (delta and psi), maximum number of iterations, desired tolerance for optimization, contraction factor.
- Line 2. measured value of delta, measured value of psi.
- Line 3. n of incident medium, k of incident medium, n of film closest to substrate.
- Line 4. k of film, n of substrate, k of substrate.
- Line 5. wavelength, angle-of-incidence, thickness of film closest to substrate.
- Line 6. n of second porous film, k of second film, thickness of second film.
- Line 7. volume fraction of deposit in second film, value read but not used, value read but not used.
- Line 8. increments (step size) of values listed in line 3 used in search.
- Line 9. increments (step size) of values listed in line 4 used in search.
- Line 10. increments (step size) of values listed in line 5 used in search.
- Line 11. increments (step size) of values listed in line 6 used in search.
- Line 12. increments (step size) of values listed in line 7 used in search.
- Line 13. terminates reading of input data file (reading stops when 999 is read).

Notes:

If a value listed in lines 3 through 7 has its respective step size listed in lines 8 through 9 set to zero, this value is taken as a constant in the optimization; it is not optimized and retains its starting (original) value.

Delta, psi, and the angle-of-incidence are given in degrees; thickness and wavelength are given in angstroms; and extinction coefficients (k) are entered as positive values.

This example is for optimization of a single compact film model (second film thickness set to zero and not varied).

Appendix 48 (continued).

OHGOGO output to line printer

```

13      2      200      0.010      0.975

STARTING VALUES:      1.340;      0.000;      1.270;      4.230;      0.176;
3.219; 5145.000;      75.000;      5.450;      2.000;
3.000;      0.000;      1.000;

INCREMENTS      :      0.000;      0.000;      0.005;      0.005;      0.000;
0.000;      0.000;      0.000;      0.010;      0.000;
0.000;      0.000;      0.000;

FINAL VALUES      :      1.340;      0.000;      1.293;      4.267;      0.176;
3.219; 5145.000;      75.000;      5.523;      2.000;
3.000;      0.000;      1.000;

VARIANCE COEF 1:      0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.85E+01; 0.39E+01; 0.00E+00;
0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; -0.11E-02; 0.00E+00;
0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00;

VARIANCE COEF 2:      0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.81E-03; 0.18E-02; 0.00E+00;
0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; -0.62E+01; 0.00E+00;
0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00;

FINAL ERROR      :      0.007

MEASURED VALUES:      72.060;      43.270;

CALCULATED      :      72.054;      43.274;

```

Numeric values defined:

First line same as line 1 in OHGOGO.DAT
Starting values same input values in the same order
as in lines 3 through 7 of OHGOGO.DAT.
Increments same initial step sizes in the same
order as in lines 8 through 12 of
OHGOGO.DAT.
Final values values of parameters after optimization
listed in the same order as in lines
3 through 7 of OHGOGO.DAT.
Variance coef 1 numeric estimates of the partial deri-
vative defined by equation 26 of chapter
5 for each optimized parameter.
Variance coef 2 numeric estimates of the variances de-
fined by equation 23 of chapter 5 for
each optimized parameter assuming df=1.

Appendix 48 (continued).

Final error	sum-of-squares error after optimization of parameters in ellipsometer model .
Measured values	measured values of delta and psi, respectively.
Calculated values	calculated values of delta and psi, respectively; values predicted with optimized parameters.

Appendix 49.

Listing of GOGOGO

```

PROGRAM GOGOGO
COMMON/SEARCH/Y,X(20),Y0(20)
COMMON/FLMDAT/TNA,TNKA,TNF,TNKF,TNS,TNKS,WL,PHI1,T,DELC,PSIC
COMMON/THETA/THETA
COMPLEX TN2,TN3,CPHI3,R1S,R1P,R2S,R2P,Z,RS,RP,RHO
COMPLEX E,E1,E2,A,B,ROOT1,ROOT2
DIMENSION B1(20),B0(20),D(20),EN(20),EN1(20)
OPEN(UNIT=1,NAME='DY1:GOGOGO.DAT',TYPE='OLD')
3000 TYPE 11
ACCEPT 12,FLAG
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY.AND.FLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 3000
2000 READ(1,1)NVAR,NERR,NF,EF,ALPHA
IF(NVAR.EQ.999)STOP
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3001
PRINT 1,NVAR,NERR,NF,EF,ALPHA
3001 TYPE 1,NVAR,NERR,NF,EF,ALPHA
READ(1,2)(Y0(I),I=1,NERR)
READ(1,2)(B0(I),I=1,NVAR)
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3002
PRINT 3,(B0(I),I=1,NVAR)
3002 TYPE 3,(B0(I),I=1,NVAR)
READ(1,2)(D(I),I=1,NVAR)
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3003
PRINT 4,(D(I),I=1,NVAR)
3003 TYPE 4,(D(I),I=1,NVAR)
NT=0
50 CONTINUE
DO 300 I=1,NVAR
E00=0.0
E10=0.0
E20=0.0
IF(D(I).EQ.0.0)GOTO 200
DO 100 J=1,NVAR
100 X(J)=B0(J)
CALL ERROR
E00=Y
X(I)=B0(I)-D(I)
CALL ERROR
E10=Y
X(I)=B0(I)+D(I)
CALL ERROR
E20=Y

```

Appendix 49 (continued).

```
IF(E00.LT.E10.AND.E00.LT.E20)GOTO 200
IF(E10.LT.E00.AND.E10.LT.E20)GOTO 201
IF(E20.LT.E00.AND.E20.LT.E10)GOTO 202
200 B1(I)=B0(I)
    GOTO 300
201 B1(I)=B0(I)-D(I)
    GOTO 300
202 B1(I)=B0(I)+D(I)
300 EN(I)=0.5*(E10+E20)-E00
    DO 350 J=1,NVAR
    B0(J)=B1(J)
350 X(J)=B0(J)
    CALL ERROR
    ET=Y
    DO 357 I=1,NVAR
    IF(D(I).NE.0.0)GOTO 355
    EN(I)=0.000
    EN1(I)=0.000
    GOTO 357
355 EN(I)=EN(I)/(D(I)*D(I))
    IF(EN(I).NE.0.0)GOTO 356
    EN1(I)=0.
    GOTO 357
356 EN1(I)=ET/EN(I)
357 CONTINUE
    NT=NT+1
    IF(ET.GT.E00)GOTO 998
    IF(NT.EQ.NF)GOTO 999
    IF(ET.LE.EF)GOTO 1000
    DO 360 J=1,NVAR
360 D(J)=ALPHA*D(J)
    GOTO 50
998 TYPE 5
    IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3004
    PRINT 5
3004 CONTINUE
    GOTO 1000
999 TYPE 6
    IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3005
    PRINT 6
3005 CONTINUE
```

Appendix 49 (continued).

```

1000 TYPE 7,(X(I),I=1,NVAR)
      TYPE 13,(EN(I),I=1,NVAR)
      TYPE 14,(EN1(I),I=1,NVAR)
      TYPE 8,ET
      TYPE 9,(Y0(I),I=1,NERR)
      TYPE 10,(Y0(I),I=1+NERR,NERR+NERR)
      IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3006
      PRINT 7,(X(I),I=1,NVAR)
      PRINT 13,(EN(I),I=1,NVAR)
      PRINT 14,(EN1(I),I=1,NVAR)
      PRINT 8,ET
      PRINT 9,(Y0(I),I=1,NERR)
      PRINT 10,(Y0(I),I=1+NERR,NERR+NERR)
3006 CONTINUE
      1 FORMAT(3(5X,I5),2(1X,F9.3))
      2 FORMAT(3(1X,F9.3))
      3 FORMAT(/,' STARTING VALUES: ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
      4 FORMAT(/,' INCREMENTS      : ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
      5 FORMAT(/,' NO CONVERGENCE : ')
      6 FORMAT(/,' NOT FINISHED  : ')
      7 FORMAT(/,' FINAL VALUES  : ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
      8 FORMAT(/,' FINAL ERROR   : ',1X,F9.3)
      9 FORMAT(/,' MEASURED VALUES: ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
     10 FORMAT(/,' CALCULATED    : ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
     11 FORMAT(/,' $ PRINTER IN SYSTEM(Y/N)? ')
     12 FORMAT(A1)
     13 FORMAT(/,' VARIANCE COEF 1: ',5(1X,E9.2,';'))
     14 FORMAT(/,' VARIANCE COEF 2: ',5(1X,E9.2,';'))
      GOTO 2000
      STOP
      END

```

Appendix 49 (continued).

Objective subroutine optimized by GOGOGO

```

SUBROUTINE ERROR
COMMON/SEARCH/Y,X(20),Y0(20)
COMMON/FLMDAT/TNA,TNKA,TNF,TNKF,TNS,TNKS,WL,PHI1,T,DELC,PSIC
COMMON/THETA/THETA
COMPLEX TN2,TN3,CPHI3,R1S,R1P,R2S,R2P,Z,RS,RP,RHO
COMPLEX E,E1,E2,A,B,ROOT1,ROOT2
TNA=X(1)
TNKA=0.
TNF=X(2)
TNKF=X(3)
TNS=X(4)
TNKS=X(5)
WL=X(6)
PHI1=X(7)
T=X(8)
CALL FILM
CALL REFINO
TNF=X(9)
TNKF=X(10)
T=X(11)
THETA=X(12)
IF(T.EQ.0.)GOTO 10
CALL EMA
CALL FILM
CALL REFINO
TNF=X(13)
TNKF=X(14)
T=X(15)
THETA=X(16)
IF(T.EQ.0.)GOTO 10
CALL CSFILM
10 CONTINUE
DELM=Y0(1)
PSIM=Y0(2)
Y0(3)=DELC
Y0(4)=PSIC
Y=(DELC-DELM)**2+(PSIC-PSIM)**2
Y=SQRT(Y)
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 49 (continued).

Modified version of FILM02 required by GOGOGO

```

SUBROUTINE CSFILM
COMMON/FLMDAT/TNA,TNKA,TNF,TNKF,TNS,TNKS,WL,PHI1,T,DELC,PSIC
COMMON/THETA/THETA
COMPLEX TN2,TN3,CPHI2,CPHI3,R1S,R1P,R2S,R2P,Z,RS,RP,RHO
COMPLEX RSX,RPX,RSY,RPY
TN1=TNA
TNF0=TNF
TNKF0=TNKF
PHI=0.01745329252*PHI1
CP=DCOS(PHI)
SP=DSIN(PHI)
TN3=CMPLX(TNS,-TNKS)
CPHI3=CSQRT(1.0-TN1**2*SP**2/(TN3**2))
TN2=CMPLX(TNF,-TNKF)
CPHI2=CSQRT(1.0-TN1**2*SP**2/(TN2**2))
R1S=(TN1*CP-TN2*CPHI2)/(TN1*CP+TN2*CPHI2)
R1P=- (TN1*CPHI2-TN2*CP)/(TN1*CPHI2+TN2*CP)
R2S=(TN2*CPHI2-TN3*CPHI3)/(TN2*CPHI2+TN3*CPHI3)
R2P=- (TN2*CPHI3-TN3*CPHI2)/(TN2*CPHI3+TN3*CPHI2)
Z=(0.0,1.0)*(4.0*3.1415927*T/WL)*TN2*CPHI2
RS=(R1S+R2S*CEXP(-Z))/(1.0+R1S*R2S*CEXP(-Z))
RP=(R1P+R2P*CEXP(-Z))/(1.0+R1P*R2P*CEXP(-Z))
RSX=THETA*RS
RPX=THETA*RP
TNF=TN1
TNKF=0.
TN2=CMPLX(TNF,-TNKF)
CPHI2=CSQRT(1.0-TN1**2*SP**2/(TN2**2))
R1S=(TN1*CP-TN2*CPHI2)/(TN1*CP+TN2*CPHI2)
R1P=- (TN1*CPHI2-TN2*CP)/(TN1*CPHI2+TN2*CP)
R2S=(TN2*CPHI2-TN3*CPHI3)/(TN2*CPHI2+TN3*CPHI3)
R2P=- (TN2*CPHI3-TN3*CPHI2)/(TN2*CPHI3+TN3*CPHI2)
Z=(0.0,1.0)*(4.0*3.1415927*T/WL)*TN2*CPHI2
RS=(R1S+R2S*CEXP(-Z))/(1.0+R1S*R2S*CEXP(-Z))
RP=(R1P+R2P*CEXP(-Z))/(1.0+R1P*R2P*CEXP(-Z))
RSY=(1.-THETA)*RS
RPY=(1.-THETA)*RP
RS=RSX+RSY
RP=RPX+RPY
TNF=TNF0
TNKF=TNKF0
RHO=RP/RS
PSIC=DATAN(CABS(RHO))/0.01745329252
DELC=DATAN2(AIMAG(RHO),REAL(RHO))/0.01745329252
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 49 (continued)

Input Data File GOGOGO.DAT

17	2	100	0.050	1.00
65.000	38.000			
1.340	0.000	1.293		
4.267	0.176	3.219		
5145.000	75.000	5.523		
2.000	3.000	300.000		
0.500	2.000	3.000		
10000.000	0.200	0.000		
0.000	0.000	0.000		
0.000	0.000	0.000		
0.000	0.000	0.000		
0.000	0.000	0.000		
0.000	0.000	0.000		
100.000	0.010	0.000		
999	999	999	0.000	0.000

123456789/123456789/123456789/123456789/123456789/123456789/123456789/

Numeric values defined:

- Line 1. total number of input parameters which can be optimized, number of terms involved in sum-of-squares calculation (delta and psi), maximum number of iterations, desired tolerance for optimization, contraction factor.
- Line 2. measured value of delta, measured value of psi
- Line 3. n of incident medium, k of incident medium, n of film closest to substrate.
- Line 4. k of film closest to substrate, n of substrate, k of substrate.
- Line 5. wavelength, angle-of-incidence, thickness of film closest to substrate.
- Line 6. n of second porous film, k of second porous film, thickness of second porous film.
- Line 7. volume fraction of deposit in second film, n of islands, k of islands.
- Line 8. thickness of islands, fraction of surface covered by islands, value read but not used
- Line 9. increments (step sizes) of values listed in line 3 used in search.
- Line 10. increments (step sizes) of values listed in line 4 used in search.
- Line 11. increments (step sizes) of values listed in line 5 used in search.
- Line 12. increments (step sizes) of values listed in line 6 used in search.
- Line 13. increments (step sizes) of values listed in line 7 used in search.
- Line 14. increments (step sizes) of values listed in line 8 used in search.
- Line 15. terminates reading of data file (reading stops when 999 is read).

Notes:

If a value listed in lines 3 through 8 has its respective step size listed in lines 9 through 14 set to zero, this value is taken as a constant in the optimization; it is not optimized and retains its starting (original) value.

Delta, psi, and the angle-of-incidence are given in degrees; thickness and wavelength are given in angstroms; and extinction coefficients (k) are entered as positive values.

Any film structure which can be simulated by OHGOGO can also be simulated by GOGOGO (by assuming island thickness to be zero); however, the converse is not true.

This example is for optimization of a layer of islands sitting on a two-layer film. The two layer film consists of a compact layer (5.523 angstroms thick) covered by a more porous layer (300 angstroms thick, 50% porosity). Parameters specific to these first two layers are not varied in this example.

Appendix 49 (continued).

GOGOGO output to line printer

```

      17      2      100      0.050      1.000
STARTING VALUES:      1.340;      0.000;      1.293;      4.267;      0.176;
      3.219; 5145.000;      75.000;      5.523;      2.000;
      3.000; 300.000;      0.500;      2.000;      3.000;
10000.000;      0.200;

INCREMENTS      :      0.000;      0.000;      0.000;      0.000;      0.000;
      0.000;      0.000;      0.000;      0.000;      0.000;
      0.000;      0.000;      0.000;      0.000;      0.000;
      100.000;      0.010;

NOT FINISHED      :

FINAL VALUES      :      1.340;      0.000;      1.293;      4.267;      0.176;
      3.219; 5145.000;      75.000;      5.523;      2.000;
      3.000; 300.000;      0.500;      2.000;      3.000;
5400.000;      0.530;

VARIANCE COEF 1:  0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00;
0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00;
0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00;
0.51E-04; 0.30E+04;

VARIANCE COEF 2:  0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00;
0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00;
0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00;
0.33E+04; 0.57E-04;

FINAL ERROR      :      0.168

MEASURED VALUES:      65.000;      38.000;

CALCULATED      :      64.923;      38.149;

```

Numeric values defined:

First line same as line 1 in GOGOGO.DAT.
Starting values same input values in the same order
as in lines 3 through 8 of GOGOGO.DAT.
Increments values of parameters after optimization
listed in the same order as in lines
9 through 14 of GOGOGO.DAT.
Final values values of parameters after optimization
listed in the same order as in lines
3 through 8 of GOGOGO.DAT.
Variance coef 1 numeric estimates of the partial deri-
vative defined by equation 26 of chapter
5 for each optimized parameter.
Variance coef 2 numeric estimates of the variances de-
fined by equation 23 of chapter 5 for
each optimized parameter assuming df=1.

Appendix 49 (continued).

Final error sum-of-squares error after optimization
of parameters in ellipsometer model.
Measured values measured values of delta and psi, respec-
tively
Calculated values calculated values of delta and psi, re-
spectively; values predicted with opti-
mized parameters.

Appendix 50.

Listing of WLGOGO

```

PROGRAM WLGOGO
COMMON/SEARCH/Y,X(20),Y0(20,40),NDAT
COMMON/FLMDAT/TNA,TNKA,TNF,TNKF,TNS,TNKS,WL,PHI1,T,DELC,PSIC
COMMON/THETA/THETA
COMPLEX TN2,TN3,CPHI3,R1S,R1P,R2S,R2P,Z,RS,RP,RHO
COMPLEX E,E1,E2,A,B,ROOT1,ROOT2
DIMENSION B1(20),B0(20),D(20),EN(20),EN1(20)
OPEN(UNIT=1,NAME='DY1:WLGOGO.DAT',TYPE='OLD')
3000 TYPE 11
ACCEPT 12,FLAG
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY.AND.FLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 3000
2000 READ(1,1)NVAR,NY0,NF,EF,ALPHA
IF(NVAR.EQ.999)STOP
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3001
PRINT 1,NVAR,NY0,NF,EF,ALPHA
3001 TYPE 1,NVAR,NY0,NF,EF,ALPHA
READ(1,2)(B0(I),I=1,NVAR)
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3002
PRINT 3,(B0(I),I=1,NVAR)
3002 TYPE 3,(B0(I),I=1,NVAR)
READ(1,2)(D(I),I=1,NVAR)
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3003
PRINT 4,(D(I),I=1,NVAR)
3003 TYPE 4,(D(I),I=1,NVAR)
30 READ(1,15)NDAT
IF(NDAT.EQ.9999)GOTO 40
READ(1,2)Y0(1,NDAT),Y0(2,NDAT),(Y0(I,NDAT),I=5,NY0)
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3007
PRINT 16,Y0(1,NDAT),Y0(2,NDAT),(Y0(I,NDAT),I=5,NY0)
3007 TYPE 16,Y0(1,NDAT),Y0(2,NDAT),(Y0(I,NDAT),I=5,NY0)
NDAT1=NDAT
GOTO 30
40 NDAT=NDAT1
ETO=1.E09
NT=0
50 CONTINUE
DO 300 I=1,NVAR
E00=0.0
E10=0.0
E20=0.0
IF(D(I).EQ.0.0)GOTO 200
DO 100 J=1,NVAR
100 X(J)=B0(J)

```

Appendix 50 (continued).

```

CALL ERROR
E00=Y
X(I)=B0(I)-D(I)
CALL ERROR
E10=Y
X(I)=B0(I)+D(I)
CALL ERROR
E20=Y
IF(E00.LT.E10.AND.E00.LT.E20)GOTO 200
IF(E10.LT.E00.AND.E10.LT.E20)GOTO 201
IF(E20.LT.E00.AND.E20.LT.E10)GOTO 202
200 B1(I)=B0(I)
    GOTO 300
201 B1(I)=B0(I)-D(I)
    GOTO 300
202 B1(I)=B0(I)+D(I)
300 EN(I)=0.5*(E10+E20)-E00
    DO 350 J=1,NVAR
        B0(J)=B1(J)
350 X(J)=B0(J)
    CALL ERROR
    ET=Y
    DO 357 I=1,NVAR
        IF(D(I).NE.0.0)GOTO 355
        EN(I)=0.000
        EN1(I)=0.000
        GOTO 357
355 EN(I)=EN(I)/(D(I)*D(I))
        IF(EN(I).NE.0.0)GOTO 356
        EN1(I)=0.
        GOTO 357
356 EN1(I)=ET/(EN(I)*(2.*NDAT-NVAR))
357 CONTINUE
    NT=NT+1
    IF(ET.GT.ETO)GOTO 998
    IF(NT.EQ.NF)GOTO 999
    IF(ET.LE.EF)GOTO 1000
    DO 360 J=1,NVAR
360 D(J)=ALPHA*D(J)
        ET0=ET
        GOTO 50
998 TYPE 5
        IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3004
        PRINT 5
3004 CONTINUE
        GOTO 1000
999 TYPE 6
        IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3005
        PRINT 6
3005 CONTINUE

```

Appendix 50 (continued).

```

1000 TYPE 7,(X(I),I=1,NVAR)
      TYPE 13,(EN(I),I=1,NVAR)
      TYPE 14,(EN1(I),I=1,NVAR)
      TYPE 8,ET
      DO 7000 J=1,NDAT
      TYPE 9,(Y0(I,J),I=1,2)
7000 TYPE 10,(Y0(I,J),I=3,4)
      IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3006
      PRINT 7,(X(I),I=1,NVAR)
      PRINT 13,(EN(I),I=1,NVAR)
      PRINT 14,(EN1(I),I=1,NVAR)
      PRINT 8,ET
      DO 7001 J=1,NDAT
      PRINT 9,(Y0(I,J),I=1,2)
7001 PRINT 10,(Y0(I,J),I=3,4)
3006 CONTINUE
      1 FORMAT(3(5X,I5),2(1X,F9.3))
      2 FORMAT(7(1X,F9.3))
      3 FORMAT(/,' STARTING VALUES: ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
      4 FORMAT(/,' INCREMENTS      : ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
      5 FORMAT(/,' NO CONVERGENCE : ')
      6 FORMAT(/,' NOT FINISHED  : ')
      7 FORMAT(/,' FINAL VALUES  : ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
      8 FORMAT(/,' FINAL ERROR   : ',1X,F9.3)
      9 FORMAT(/,' MEASURED VALUES: ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
     10 FORMAT(/,' CALCULATED    : ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
     11 FORMAT(/,' $ PRINTER IN SYSTEM(Y/N)? ')
     12 FORMAT(A1)
     13 FORMAT(/,' VARIANCE COEF 1: ',5(1X,E9.2,';'))
     14 FORMAT(/,' VARIANCE COEF 2: ',5(1X,E9.2,';'))
     15 FORMAT(5X,I5)
     16 FORMAT(/,' KNOWN PARAMETERS: ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
      GOTO 2000
      STOP
      END

```

Appendix 50 (continued).

Objective subroutine optimized by WLGOGO

```

SUBROUTINE ERROR
COMMON/SEARCH/Y,X(20),Y0(20,40),NDAT
COMMON/FLMDAT/TNA,TNKA,TNF,TNKF,TNS,TNKS,WL,PHI1,T,DELC,PSIC
COMMON/THETA/THETA
COMPLEX TN2,TN3,CPHI3,R1S,R1F,R2S,R2F,Z,RS,RP,RHO
COMPLEX E,E1,E2,A,B,ROOT1,ROOT2
Y=0.
DO 100 J=1,NDAT
DELM=Y0(1,J)
PSIM=Y0(2,J)
TNA =Y0(5,J)
TNKA=Y0(6,J)
TNF =Y0(7,J)
TNKF=Y0(8,J)
TNS =Y0(9,J)
TNKS=Y0(10,J)
WL  =Y0(11,J)
PHI1=Y0(12,J)
T   =X(1)
IF(T.EQ.0.0)GOTO 10
CALL FILM
CALL REFINO
10 CONTINUE
TNA =Y0(13,J)
TNKA =Y0(14,J)
TNF =Y0(15,J)
TNKF =Y0(16,J)
THETA=X(2)
CALL EHA
TNA =Y0(5,J)
TNKA =Y0(6,J)
T   =X(3)
IF(T.EQ.0.0)GOTO 20
CALL FILM
CALL REFINO
20 CONTINUE
TNF =X(4)
TNKF =X(5)
THETA=X(6)
T   =X(7)*10000.
IF(T.EQ.0.0)GOTO 30
CALL CSFILM
30 CONTINUE
Y0(3,J)=DELC
Y0(4,J)=PSIC
Y=Y+(DELM-DELC)**2+(PSIM-PSIC)**2
100 CONTINUE
Y=SQRT(Y)
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 50 (continued).

Input Data File WLGOGO.DAT

7	16	100	5.000	1.000		
62.000	0.530	260.000	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.500	0.005	1.000	0.100	0.100	0.000	0.000
1						
58.690	32.990	1.352	0.000	2.611	4.438	0.645
2.766	4248.000	75.000	1.352	0.000	2.811	4.438
2						
50.070	31.730	1.344	0.000	2.490	3.588	0.612
2.610	5586.000	75.000	1.344	0.000	2.490	3.588
3						
53.450	36.110	1.335	0.000	1.644	3.377	0.100
3.560	6991.000	75.000	1.335	0.000	1.644	3.377
4						
52.730	30.990	1.347	0.000	2.466	3.707	0.880
2.725	5155.000	75.000	1.347	0.000	2.466	3.707
5						
49.970	33.580	1.341	0.000	2.447	3.480	0.190
2.980	5998.000	75.000	1.341	0.000	2.447	3.480
6						
51.030	34.470	1.340	0.000	2.373	3.409	0.133
3.201	6242.000	75.000	1.340	0.000	2.373	3.409
7						
51.850	35.350	1.338	0.000	2.228	3.357	0.098
3.359	6504.000	75.000	1.338	0.000	2.228	3.357
8						
52.870	36.390	1.337	0.000	2.049	3.351	0.050
3.484	6748.000	75.000	1.337	0.000	2.049	3.351
9						
57.240	31.120	1.351	0.000	2.225	4.152	0.845
2.762	4492.000	75.000	1.351	0.000	2.225	4.152
10						
55.480	30.880	1.349	0.000	2.391	3.920	0.912
2.759	4756.000	75.000	1.349	0.000	2.391	3.920
9999						

Appendix 50 (continued).

Numeric values of WLGOGO.DAT defined

- Line 1. total number of input parameters (wavelength independent) which can be optimized, number of terms involved in sum-of-squares calculation (delta and psi), maximum number of iterations, desired tolerance for optimization, contraction factor.
- Line 2. wavelength independent model parameters which can be optimized
 - a) thickness of first compact layer, angstroms.
 - b) volume fraction of component #1 in second composite layer.
 - c) thickness of second composite layer, angstroms.
 - d) effective refractive index of islands.
 - e) effective extinction coefficient of islands.
 - f) effective surface coverage by islands.
 - g) effective island thickness, microns.
- Line 3. increments (step sizes) of values listed in line 2 used in search; listed in same order as corresponding parameter values in line 2.
- Line 4. data point number
- Line 5. measured delta, measured psi, incident medium refractive index, incident medium extinction coefficient, refractive index of film closest to substrate, extinction coefficient of film closest to substrate, refractive index of substrate.
- Line 6. extinction coefficient of substrate, wavelength, angle-of-incidence, component #2 refractive index (second composite layer), component #2 extinction coefficient, component #1 refractive index, component #1 extinction coefficient.
- Line 7. see line 4.
- Line 8. see line 5.
- Line 9. see line 6.
- Line 34. reading of data file terminated when "999" values is read.

Notes:

Input values for 10 different data points, each corresponding to a different wavelength, are given in WLGOGO.DAT. More data points could have been included.

The refractive indices of the islands are assumed to be wavelength independent, which is a reasonable assumption if optical constants are linear and do not change appreciably over the spectral range of the measurements.

Appendix 50 (continued).

WLGOGO output to line printer

	7	16	100	5.000	1.000		
STARTING VALUES:	82.000;	0.530;	260.000;	1.000;	0.000;		
	0.000;	0.000;					
INCREMENTS :	0.500;	0.005;	1.000;	0.100;	0.100;		
	0.000;	0.000;					
KNOWN PARAMETERS:	58.690;	32.990;	1.352;	0.000;	2.811;		
	4.438;	0.645;	2.766;	4248.000;	75.000;		
	1.352;	0.000;	2.811;	4.438;			
KNOWN PARAMETERS:	50.070;	31.730;	1.344;	0.000;	2.490;		
	3.588;	0.612;	2.610;	5586.000;	75.000;		
	1.344;	0.000;	2.490;	3.588;			
KNOWN PARAMETERS:	53.450;	38.110;	1.335;	0.000;	1.644;		
	3.377;	0.100;	3.560;	6991.000;	75.000;		
	1.335;	0.000;	1.644;	3.377;			
KNOWN PARAMETERS:	52.730;	30.990;	1.347;	0.000;	2.466;		
	3.707;	0.880;	2.725;	5155.000;	75.000;		
	1.347;	0.000;	2.466;	3.707;			
KNOWN PARAMETERS:	49.970;	33.580;	1.341;	0.000;	2.447;		
	3.480;	0.190;	2.980;	5998.000;	75.000;		
	1.341;	0.000;	2.447;	3.480;			
KNOWN PARAMETERS:	51.030;	34.470;	1.340;	0.000;	2.373;		
	3.409;	0.133;	3.201;	6242.000;	75.000;		
	1.340;	0.000;	2.373;	3.409;			
KNOWN PARAMETERS:	51.850;	35.350;	1.338;	0.000;	2.228;		
	3.357;	0.098;	3.359;	6504.000;	75.000;		
	1.338;	0.000;	2.228;	3.357;			
KNOWN PARAMETERS:	52.870;	36.390;	1.337;	0.000;	2.049;		
	3.351;	0.050;	3.484;	6748.000;	75.000;		
	1.337;	0.000;	2.049;	3.351;			
KNOWN PARAMETERS:	57.240;	31.120;	1.351;	0.000;	2.225;		
	4.152;	0.845;	2.762;	4492.000;	75.000;		
	1.351;	0.000;	2.225;	4.152;			
KNOWN PARAMETERS:	55.480;	30.880;	1.349;	0.000;	2.391;		
	3.920;	0.912;	2.759;	4756.000;	75.000;		
	1.349;	0.000;	2.391;	3.920;			

Appendix 50 (continued).

NOT FINISHED :

FINAL VALUES : 71.000; 0.540; 256.000; 1.000; 0.000;
0.000; 0.000;

VARIANCE COEF 1: 0.12E-02; 0.38E+04; 0.13E-02; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00;
0.00E+00; 0.00E+00;

VARIANCE COEF 2: 0.33E+03; 0.10E-03; 0.32E+03; 0.00E+00; 0.00E+00;
0.00E+00; 0.00E+00;

FINAL ERROR : 5.235

MEASURED VALUES: 58.690; 32.990;delta and psi,
respectively

CALCULATED : 58.637; 29.783;

MEASURED VALUES: 50.070; 31.730;

CALCULATED : 50.733; 31.327;

MEASURED VALUES: 53.450; 38.110;

CALCULATED : 55.139; 36.288;

MEASURED VALUES: 52.730; 30.990;

CALCULATED : 52.391; 31.098;

MEASURED VALUES: 49.970; 33.580;

CALCULATED : 50.455; 32.889;

MEASURED VALUES: 51.030; 34.470;

CALCULATED : 51.215; 33.701;

MEASURED VALUES: 51.850; 35.350;

CALCULATED : 52.322; 34.545;

MEASURED VALUES: 52.870; 36.390;

CALCULATED : 53.607; 35.308;

MEASURED VALUES: 57.240; 31.120;

CALCULATED : 55.464; 32.003;

MEASURED VALUES: 55.480; 30.880;

CALCULATED : 54.003; 31.304;

Appendix 50 (continued).

Numeric values in WLGOGO output defined

First line same as line 1 of WLGOGO.DAT
Starting values same as line 2 of WLGOGO.DAT
Increments same as line 3 of WLGOGO.DAT
Known parameters same as lines 5 and 6 of WLGOGO.DAT,
etc.
Final values optimized model parameters corresponding
to the starting values given in line 2
of WLGOGO.DAT; listed in the same order.
Variance coef 1 numeric estimates of the partial derivative
defined by equation 26 of chapter 5 for each
model parameter; a measure of the model
sensitivity to each parameter; larger
values are indicative of greater
sensitivity.
Variance coef 2 numeric estimates of the variances of
model parameters (the number of degrees-of-
freedom is determined by the number of
wavelength independent adjustable parameters
and the total number of data points); these
values can be used directly (with correspond-
ing value of t-statistic) to estimate the
confidence intervals of model parameters.
Final error total sum-of-squares error between model
predictions and measured values of delta and
psi for all data points read.
Measured values measured values of delta and psi, respectively.
Calculated values calculated values of delta and psi, respectively;
based upon optimized values of model parameters.

Appendix 51.

Listing of AIGOGO

```

PROGRAM AIGOGO
COMMON/AIMOD1/NO,N1ER,N1EI,N1OR,N1OI,N2R,N2I,WL,PHI,T,PSI,DEL
COMMON/AIMOD2/R01PP,R12PP,R01SS,R12SS,RPP,RSS,RHO,N2,N1E,N1O
COMPLEX SPHI2,CPHI2,EX0,EX2,OR0,OR2,BETAF,BETAS
COMPLEX R01PP,R12PP,R01SS,R12SS,RPP,RSS,RHO,N2,N1E,N1O
REAL NO,N2R,N2I,N1ER,N1EI,N1OR,N1OI
COMMON/SEARCH/Y,X(20),Y0(20)
DIMENSION B1(20),B0(20),D(20),EN(20),EN1(20)
OPEN(UNIT=1,NAME='DY1:AIGOGO.DAT',TYPE='OLD')
3000 TYPE 11
ACCEPT 12,FLAG
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY.AND.FLAG.NE.1HR)GOTO 3000
2000 READ(1,1)NVAR,NERR,NF,EF,ALPHA
IF(NVAR.EQ.999)STOP
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3001
PRINT 1,NVAR,NERR,NF,EF,ALPHA
3001 TYPE 1,NVAR,NERR,NF,EF,ALPHA
READ(1,2)(Y0(I),I=1,NERR)
READ(1,2)(B0(I),I=1,NVAR)
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3002
PRINT 3,(B0(I),I=1,NVAR)
3002 TYPE 3,(B0(I),I=1,NVAR)
READ(1,2)(D(I),I=1,NVAR)
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3003
PRINT 4,(D(I),I=1,NVAR)
3003 TYPE 4,(D(I),I=1,NVAR)
NT=0
50 CONTINUE
DO 300 I=1,NVAR
E00=0.0
E10=0.0
E20=0.0
IF(D(I).EQ.0.0)GOTO 200
DO 100 J=1,NVAR
100 X(J)=B0(J)
CALL ERROR
E00=Y
X(I)=B0(I)-D(I)
CALL ERROR
E10=Y
X(I)=B0(I)+D(I)
CALL ERROR
E20=Y

```

Variation:

ETO=1.E09

NT=0

50 CONTINUE

Appendix 51 (continued).

```

      IF(E00.LT.E10.AND.E00.LT.E20)GOTO 200
      IF(E10.LT.E00.AND.E10.LT.E20)GOTO 201
      IF(E20.LT.E00.AND.E20.LT.E10)GOTO 202
200  B1(I)=B0(I)
      GOTO 300
201  B1(I)=B0(I)-B(I)
      GOTO 300
202  B1(I)=B0(I)+B(I)
300  EN(I)=0.5*(E10+E20)-E00
      DO 350 J=1,NVAR
      B0(J)=B1(J)
350  X(J)=B0(J)
      CALL ERROR
      ET=Y
      DO 357 I=1,NVAR
      IF(D(I).NE.0.0)GOTO 355
      EN(I)=0.000
      EN1(I)=0.000
      GOTO 357
355  EN(I)=EN(I)/(D(I)*D(I))
      IF(EN(I).NE.0.0)GOTO 356
      EN1(I)=0.
      GOTO 357
356  EN1(I)=ET/EN(I)
357  CONTINUE
      NT=NT+1
      IF(ET.GT.E00)GOTO 998
      IF(NT.EQ.NF)GOTO 999
      IF(ET.LE.EF)GOTO 1000
      DO 360 J=1,NVAR
360  D(J)=ALPHA*D(J)
      GOTO 50
998  TYPE 5
      IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3004
      PRINT 5
3004 CONTINUE
      GOTO 1000
999  TYPE 6
      IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3005
      PRINT 6
3005 CONTINUE

```

```

1000 TYPE 7,(X(I),I=1,NVAR)
      TYPE 13,(EN(I),I=1,NVAR)
      TYPE 14,(EN1(I),I=1,NVAR)
      TYPE 8,ET
      TYPE 9,(Y0(I),I=1,NERR)
      TYPE 10,(Y0(I),I=1+NERR,NERR+NERR)
      IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 3006
      PRINT 7,(X(I),I=1,NVAR)
      PRINT 13,(EN(I),I=1,NVAR)
      PRINT 14,(EN1(I),I=1,NVAR)
      PRINT 8,ET
      PRINT 9,(Y0(I),I=1,NERR)
      PRINT 10,(Y0(I),I=1+NERR,NERR+NERR)
3006 CONTINUE
      1 FORMAT(3(5X,I5),2(1X,F9.3))
      2 FORMAT(3(1X,F9.3))
      3 FORMAT(/,' STARTING VALUES: ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
      4 FORMAT(/,' INCREMENTS      : ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
      5 FORMAT(/,' NO CONVERGENCE : ')
      6 FORMAT(/,' NOT FINISHED  : ')
      7 FORMAT(/,' FINAL VALUES  : ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
      8 FORMAT(/,' FINAL ERROR   : ',1X,F9.3)
      9 FORMAT(/,' MEASURED VALUES: ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
     10 FORMAT(/,' CALCULATED    : ',5(1X,F9.3,';'))
     11 FORMAT(/,' $ PRINTER IN SYSTEM(Y/N)? ')
     12 FORMAT(A1)
     13 FORMAT(/,' VARIANCE COEF 1: ',5(1X,E9.2,';'))
     14 FORMAT(/,' VARIANCE COEF 2: ',5(1X,E9.2,';'))
      GOTO 2000
      STOP
      END

```

Appendix 51 (continued).

Objective subroutine optimized by AIGOGO

```
SUBROUTINE ERROR
COMMON/SEARCH/Y,X(20),Y0(20)
COMMON/AIMOD1/N0,N1ER,N1EI,N1OR,N1OI,N2R,N2I,WL,PHI,T,PSI,DEL
COMMON/AIMOD2/R01PF,R12PP,R01SS,R12SS,RPP,RSS,RHO,N2,N1E,N1O
COMPLEX SPHI2,CPHI2,EX0,EX2,OR0,OR2,BETAP,BETAS
COMPLEX R01PF,R12PP,R01SS,R12SS,RPP,RSS,RHO,N2,N1E,N1O
REAL N0,N2R,N2I,N1ER,N1EI,N1OR,N1OI
N0=X(1)
N1ER=X(2)
N1EI=X(3)
N1OR=X(4)
N1OI=X(5)
N2R=X(6)
N2I=X(7)
WL=X(8)
PHI=X(9)
T=0.
CALL AIFILM
DELO=DEL
PSIO=PSI
T=X(10)
CALL AIFILM
DELM=Y0(1)
PSIM=Y0(2)
DELC=DEL-DELO
PSIC=PSI-PSIO
Y0(3)=DELC
Y0(4)=PSIC
Y=(DELC-DELM)**2+(PSIC-PSIM)**2
Y=SQRT(Y)
RETURN
END
```

Appendix 51 (continued).

Input Data File AIGOGO.DAT

10	2	100	0.100	1.000
1.580	-3.550			
1.340	2.000	2.000		
2.000	2.000	0.830		
2.780	4460.000	75.000		
25.000	0.000	0.000		
0.000	0.010	0.020		
0.010	0.020	0.000		
0.000	0.000	0.000		
0.250	0.000	0.000		
10	2	100	0.100	1.000
1.520	-3.370			
1.340	2.000	2.000		
2.000	2.000	0.830		
2.780	4460.000	75.000		
25.000	0.000	0.000		
0.000	0.010	0.020		
0.010	0.020	0.000		
0.000	0.000	0.000		
0.250	0.000	0.000		

Numeric values defined:

- Line 1. total number of input parameters which can be optimized, number of terms involved in sum-of-squares calculation (delta and psi), maximum number of iterations, desired tolerance for optimization, contraction factor.
- Line 2. delta and psi, respectively; given as "differences" from initial measured values.
- Line 3. incident medium refractive index, extraordinary refractive index of film, extraordinary extinction coefficient of film.
- Line 4. ordinary refractive index of film, ordinary extinction coefficient of film, substrate refractive index.
- Line 5. extinction coefficient of substrate, wavelength, angle-of-incidence.
- Line 6. thickness of film, value read but not used, value read but not used.
- Line 7. increments (step sizes) of parameters listed in line 3 used in search.
- Line 8. increments of parameters listed in line 4.
- Line 9. increments of parameters listed in line 5.
- Line 10. increments of parameters listed in line 6.

Notes:

Two sets of data for optimization are given, lines 1 through 10 and lines 11 through 20, respectively. Reading of data file terminated by "999" value.

Appendix 51 (continued).

Numeric values in AIGOGO output defined

First line same as line 1 in AIGOGO.DAT.
Starting values same input values in the same order as
in lines 3 through 6 of AIGOGO.DAT.
Increments same initial step sizes in the same order
as in lines 7 through 10 of AIGOGO.DAT.
Final values values of parameters after optimization
listed in the same order as in lines 3
through 6 of AIGOGO.DAT.
Variance coef 1 numeric estimates of the partial derivative
defined by equation 26 of chapter 5 for each
optimized parameter.
Variance coef 2 numeric estimates of the variances defined
by equation 23 of chapter 5 for each opti-
mized parameter assuming $df=1$.
Final error sum-of-squares error after optimization of
parameters in ellipsometer model.
Measured values measured values of delta and psi, respect-
ively.
Calculated values calculated values of delta and psi, respect-
ively; values predicted with optimized para-
meters.

Notes:

This program was written to interpret second order optical effects (birefringent monolayer) and uses "differences" in delta and psi, instead of absolute values.

Appendix 51 (continued).

AIGOGO output to line printer

	10	2	100	0.100	1.000		
STARTING VALUES:			1.340;	2.000;	2.000;	2.000;	2.000;
	0.830;	2.780;	4460.000;	75.000;	25.000;		
INCREMENTS	:		0.000;	0.010;	0.020;	0.010;	0.020;
	0.000;	0.000;	0.000;	0.000;	0.250;		
FINAL VALUES	:		1.340;	2.140;	1.180;	2.070;	2.840;
	0.830;	2.780;	4460.000;	75.000;	33.750;		
VARIANCE COEF 1:			0.00E+00;	0.62E+00;	0.66E+01;	0.76E+01;	0.10E+03;
	0.00E+00;	0.00E+00;	0.00E+00;	0.00E+00;	0.35E-01;		
VARIANCE COEF 2:			0.00E+00;	0.89E-01;	0.83E-02;	0.72E-02;	0.53E-03;
	0.00E+00;	0.00E+00;	0.00E+00;	0.00E+00;	0.16E+01;		
FINAL ERROR	:		0.055				
MEASURED VALUES:			1.580;	-3.550;			
CALCULATED	:		1.603;	-3.500;			
	10	2	100	0.100	1.000		
STARTING VALUES:			1.340;	2.000;	2.000;	2.000;	2.000;
	0.830;	2.780;	4460.000;	75.000;	25.000;		
INCREMENTS	:		0.000;	0.010;	0.020;	0.010;	0.020;
	0.000;	0.000;	0.000;	0.000;	0.250;		
FINAL VALUES	:		1.340;	2.170;	1.180;	2.040;	2.820;
	0.830;	2.780;	4460.000;	75.000;	32.750;		
VARIANCE COEF 1:			0.00E+00;	0.81E+00;	0.55E+01;	0.11E+02;	0.91E+02;
	0.00E+00;	0.00E+00;	0.00E+00;	0.00E+00;	0.25E-01;		
VARIANCE COEF 2:			0.00E+00;	0.82E-01;	0.12E-01;	0.60E-02;	0.73E-03;
	0.00E+00;	0.00E+00;	0.00E+00;	0.00E+00;	0.27E+01;		
FINAL ERROR	:		0.066				
MEASURED VALUES:			1.520;	-3.370;			
CALCULATED	:		1.532;	-3.305;			

Appendix 52.

Listing of FLMTST

```

PROGRAM FLMTST
COMMON/FLMDAT/TN1, TNF, TNKF, TNS, TNKS, WL, PHI1, T, DELC, PSIC
COMPLEX TN2, TN3, CPHI2, CPHI3, R1S, R1P, R2S, R2P, Z, RS, RP, RHO
TYPE 1
1 FORMAT(/, '$ TN1 = ')
ACCEPT 10, TN1
TYPE 2
2 FORMAT(/, '$ TNF = ')
ACCEPT 10, TNF
TYPE 3
3 FORMAT(/, '$ TNKF = ')
ACCEPT 10, TNKF
TYPE 4
4 FORMAT(/, '$ TNS = ')
ACCEPT 10, TNS
TYPE 5
5 FORMAT(/, '$ TNKS = ')
ACCEPT 10, TNKS
TYPE 6
6 FORMAT(/, '$ WL = ')
ACCEPT 10, WL
TYPE 7
7 FORMAT(/, '$ PHI1 = ')
ACCEPT 10, PHI1
100 TYPE 8
8 FORMAT(/, '$ T = ')
ACCEPT 10, T
CALL FILM
TYPE 9, DELC, PSIC
9 FORMAT(/, 1X, 'DELTA = ', F10.4, 10X, 'PSI = ', F10.4)
10 FORMAT(F10.4)
GOTO 100
STOP
END

```

Appendix 52 (continued).

Demonstration of FLMTST

TNI = 1. incident medium refractive index
TNF = 1.38 film refractive index
TNKF = 0. film extinction coefficient
TNS = 0.93 substrate refractive index
TNKS = 2.39 substrate extinction coefficient
ML = 5461. wavelength, angstroms
PHI1 = 75. angle-of-incidence, degrees
T = 400. film thickness, angstroms
DELTA = 55.7827 PSI = 41.1170
T = 200. another film thickness, angstroms
DELTA = 61.1009 PSI = 38.8784
T = 100. etc.

Appendix 53.

Listing of EMATST

```

PROGRAM EMATST
COMMON/FLMDAT/TNA,TNKA,TNF,TNKF,TNS,TNKS,UL,PHI1,T,DELTA,PSIC
COMMON/THETA/THETA
1 TYPE 2
2 FORMAT(/, '$ IS THERE A PRINTER IN THE SYSTEM(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 3,FLAG
3 FORMAT(A1)
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY.AND.FLAG.NE.1HN)GOTO 1
4 TYPE 5
5 FORMAT(/, '$ ARE DELTA AND PSI TO BE COMPUTED(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 3,FLAG1
IF(FLAG1.NE.1HY.AND.FLAG1.NE.1HN)GOTO 4
TYPE 10
10 FORMAT(/, '$ N2 = ')
ACCEPT 100,TNA0
TYPE 15
15 FORMAT(/, '$ K2 = ')
ACCEPT 100,TNKA0
TYPE 20
20 FORMAT(/, '$ N1 = ')
ACCEPT 100,TNF0
TYPE 30
30 FORMAT(/, '$ K1 = ')
ACCEPT 100,TNKF0
TYPE 40
40 FORMAT(/, '$ X1 = ')
ACCEPT 100,THETA
TNA=TNA0
TNKA=TNKA0
TNF=TNF0
TNKF=TNKF0
CALL EMA
TYPE 200,TNF0,TNKF0
TYPE 205,TNA0,TNKA0
TYPE 210,TNF,TNKF,THETA
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 45
PRINT 200,TNF0,TNKF0
PRINT 205,TNA0,TNKA0
PRINT 210,TNF,TNKF,THETA
45 CONTINUE

```

Appendix 53.(continued).

```

IF(FLAG1.NE.1HY)STOP
TYPE 50
50 FORMAT(/,'$ NA = ')
ACCEPT 100,TNA1
TYPE 55
55 FORMAT(/,'$ NS = ')
ACCEPT 100,TNS
TYPE 60
60 FORMAT(/,'$ KS = ')
ACCEPT 100,TNKS
TYPE 65
65 FORMAT(/,'$ WL = ')
ACCEPT 100,WL
TYPE 70
70 FORMAT(/,'$ PHI= ')
ACCEPT 100,PHI1
TYPE 75
75 FORMAT(/,'$ T = ')
ACCEPT 100,T
TNA=TNA1
TNKA=0.
CALL FILM
TYPE 215,TNS,TNKS,TNA
TYPE 220,WL,PHI1
TYPE 225,T,DELC,FSIC
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 80
PRINT 215,TNS,TNKS,TNA
PRINT 220,WL,PHI1
PRINT 225,T,DELC,FSIC
80 CONTINUE
6 TYPE 7
7 FORMAT(/,'$ ARE MULTIPLE CALCULATIONS TO BE DONE(Y/N)? ')
ACCEPT 3,FLAG2
IF(FLAG2.NE.1HY.AND.FLAG2.NE.1HN)GOTO 6
IF(FLAG2.NE.1HY)STOP
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 85
PRINT 230
85 CONTINUE
90 TYPE 40
ACCEPT 100,THETA
TYPE 75
ACCEPT 100,T

```

Appendix 53.(continued).

```

TNF=TNFO
TNKF=TNKFO
TNA=TNAO
TNKA=TNKAO
CALL EMA
TNA=TNA1
TNKA=0.
CALL FILM
TYPE 230
TYPE 235,T,THETA,TNF,TNKF,DELC,PSIC
IF(FLAG.NE.1HY)GOTO 95
PRINT 235,T,THETA,TNF,TNKF,DELC,PSIC
95 CONTINUE
GOTO 90
100 FORMAT(F10.4)
200 FORMAT(/, ' N1 = ',F6.3,' - ',F6.3,' I')
205 FORMAT(/, ' N2 = ',F6.3,' - ',F6.3,' I')
210 FORMAT(/, ' N = ',F6.3,' - ',F6.3,' I',5X,'X1 = ',F6.3)
215 FORMAT(/, ' NS = ',F6.3,' - ',F6.3,' I',5X,'NA = ',F6.3)
220 FORMAT(/, ' WL = ',F10.0,5X,' PHI = ',F10.4)
225 FORMAT(/, ' T = ',F10.0,5X,' DELC = ',F10.4,5X,' PSIC = ',F10.4)
230 FORMAT(/,5X,' T',9X,' X1',8X,' NF',8X,' KF',5X,' DELTA',5X,' PSI')
235 FORMAT(/,7(1X,F9.3))
RETURN
END

```

Appendix 53 (continued).

EMATST output to line printer

N1 = 1.301 - 4.271I
 N2 = 1.340 - 0.000I
 N = 1.340 - 0.000I X1 = 0.000
 NS = 0.176 - 3.219I NA = 1.340
 WL = 5145. PHI = 75.0000
 T = 6. DELC = 71.4059 PSIC = 43.7224

T	X1	NF	KF	DELTA	PSI
5.532	0.250	1.824	0.831	70.653	43.464
5.532	0.410	1.617	1.442	70.611	43.385
5.532	0.860	1.185	3.718	71.668	43.360
5.532	1.000	1.301	4.271	72.057	43.270
5.532	0.500	1.423	1.794	70.660	43.394
5.532	0.100	1.677	0.151	70.959	43.664
5.532	0.200	1.841	0.616	70.704	43.517
5.532	0.300	1.780	1.030	70.624	43.426
5.532	0.400	1.636	1.405	70.610	43.387
5.532	0.600	1.169	2.297	70.838	43.440
5.532	0.700	1.083	2.922	71.172	43.443
5.532	0.800	1.138	3.447	71.491	43.396
5.532	0.900	1.218	3.886	71.782	43.335

Definition of numeric values:

N1 complex refractive index of film component #1.
 N2 complex rerractive index of film component #2.
 N apparent complex refractive index of composite film at X1.
 X1 volume fraction of component #1 in film.
 NS complex refractive index of substrate.
 WL wavelength
 PHI angle-of-incidence

Appendix 53 (continued).

T thickness of composite film, angstroms
DELTA calculated values of delta, also given as DELTA
PSIC calculated values of psi, also given as PSI
NF real part of the composite film complex refractive index
 calculated from N1, N2, and X1.
KF imaginary part of the composite film complex refractive index
 calculated from N1, N2, and X1.

Notes:

This example is taken from the work discussed in chapter 5 regarding the Bruggeman model of the Pb underpotential monolayer on Ag(111).

Optical properties of the underpotential layer were estimated at full coverage by OHGOGO; the substrate refractive index was measured at zero coverage.

Appendix 54.

Listing of CSFIT

```
PROGRAM CSFIT
COMMON/FLKDAT/TN1, TNF, TNKF, TNS, TNKS, WL, PHI1, T, DELC, PSIC
COMMON/THETA/THETA
COMPLEX TN2, TN3, CPHI3, R1S, R1P, R2S, R2P, Z, RS, RP, RHO
COMPLEX RSX, RPX, RSY, RPY
97 FORMAT(I3)
98 FORMAT(A1)
99 FORMAT(F10.4)
TYPE 1
1 FORMAT(/, '$ PHI = ')
ACCEPT 99, PHI1
TYPE 2
2 FORMAT(/, '$ WL = ')
ACCEPT 99, WL
TYPE 10
10 FORMAT(/, '$ NO = ')
ACCEPT 99, TN1
TYPE 20
20 FORMAT(/, '$ NF = ')
ACCEPT 99, TNF
TYPE 25
25 FORMAT(/, '$ KF = ')
ACCEPT 99, TNKF
TYPE 30
30 FORMAT(/, '$ NS = ')
ACCEPT 99, TNS
TYPE 35
35 FORMAT(/, '$ KS = ')
ACCEPT 99, TNKS
100 CONTINUE
TYPE 40
40 FORMAT(/, '$ DELM = ')
ACCEPT 99, DELM
TYPE 45
45 FORMAT(/, '$ PSIM = ')
ACCEPT 99, PSIM
TYPE 50
50 FORMAT(/, '$ THICKNESS = ')
ACCEPT 99, T
TYPE 55
55 FORMAT(/, '$ THETA = ')
ACCEPT 99, THETA
CALL FILM02
ERROR=SQRT((DELM-DELC)**2+(PSIM-PSIC)**2)
```

Appendix 54.(continued).

```

PRINT 250,PHI1,WL,TN1,TNF,TNRF,TNS,TNRS,DELM,DELC,PSIM,PSIC
C,ERROR,T,THETA
250 FORMAT(//,' ANGLE OF INCIDENCE = ',F3.0,5X,' WAVELENGTH = ',F5.0,
C          //,' AMBIENT REFRACTIVE INDEX = ',F5.2,
C          /,' FILM REFRACTIVE INDEX = ',F5.2,' - ',F5.2,' I',
C          /,' SUBSTRATE REFRACTIVE INDEX = ',F5.2,' - ',F5.2,' I',
C          //,' MEASURED VALUE OF DELTA = ',F7.2,' CALCULATED....'
C,F7.2,
C          /,' MEASURED VALUE OF PSI = ',F7.2,' CALCULATED....'
C,F7.2,
C          /,' ERROR BY SUM OF SQUARES = ',F7.2,
C          /,' CORRESPONDING THICKNESS = ',F6.0,
C          /,' APPARANT SURFACE COVERAGE = ',F8.4)
TYPE 300
300 FORMAT(/,' $ MORE CALCULATIONS? ')
ACCEPT 98,ANSWER
IF(ANSWER.EQ.1HY)GOTO 100
STOP
END

```

Appendix 54 (continued).

CSFIT output to line printer

ANGLE OF INCIDENCE = 75. WAVELENGTH = 5145.

AMBIENT REFRACTIVE INDEX = 1.34
FILM REFRACTIVE INDEX = 1.29 - 4.08I
SUBSTRATE REFRACTIVE INDEX = 0.17 - 3.22I

MEASURED VALUE OF DELTA = 0.00 CALCULATED.... 71.46
MEASURED VALUE OF PSI = 0.00 CALCULATED.... 43.73
ERROR BY SUM OF SQUARES = 83.78
CORRESPONDING THICKNESS = 5.
APPARANT SURFACE COVERAGE = 0.1000

ANGLE OF INCIDENCE = 75. WAVELENGTH = 5145.

AMBIENT REFRACTIVE INDEX = 1.34
FILM REFRACTIVE INDEX = 1.29 - 4.08I
SUBSTRATE REFRACTIVE INDEX = 0.17 - 3.22I

MEASURED VALUE OF DELTA = 0.00 CALCULATED.... 71.51
MEASURED VALUE OF PSI = 0.00 CALCULATED.... 43.69
ERROR BY SUM OF SQUARES = 83.80
CORRESPONDING THICKNESS = 5.
APPARANT SURFACE COVERAGE = 0.2000

Notes:

This example is taken from the work discussed in chapter 5 regarding the coherent superposition model of the Pb underpotential monolayer on Ag(111).

Optical properties of the underpotential layer were estimated at full coverage by OHGOGO; the substrate refractive index was measured at zero coverage.

Appendix 55.

Listing of PSIDEL

```

PROGRAM PSIDEL
INTEGER PFLAG,AFLAG,CFLAG,FLAG,OPTION
TYPE 95
95 FORMAT(/,'$',1X,'STANDARD(1) OR ROTATED(2) AXIMUTH ANGLES (I1)? ')
ACCEPT 96,OPTION
96 FORMAT(I1)
TYPE 97
97 FORMAT(/,2X,'ENTER THE POLARIZER, ANALYZER, AND COMPENSATOR
C ANGLES (3(1X,F6.2)):')
ACCEPT 98,P,A,C
98 FORMAT(3(1X,F6.2))
D=0.
S=0.
PFLAG=0
IF(P.LE.180.)PFLAG=400
IF(P.LE.135.)PFLAG=300
IF(P.LE. 90.)PFLAG=200
IF(P.LE. 45.)PFLAG=100
AFLAG=0
IF(A.LE.180.)AFLAG=20
IF(A.LE. 90.)AFLAG=10
CFLAG=0
IF(C.EQ.45.)CFLAG=1
IF(C.EQ.135.)CFLAG=2
FLAG=PFLAG+AFLAG+CFLAG
TYPE 99,P,A,C,FLAG
99 FORMAT(/,2X,'P=',F6.2,2X,'A=',F6.2,2X,'C=',F6.2,2X,'FLAG=',I3)
IF(OPTION.NE.2)GOTO 180
IF(FLAG.NE.312)GOTO 10
D=270.-2.*P
S=90.-A
10 CONTINUE
IF(FLAG.NE.411)GOTO 20
D=2.*P-270.
S=90.-A
20 CONTINUE
IF(FLAG.NE.122)GOTO 30
D=90.-2.*P
S=A-90.
30 CONTINUE
IF(FLAG.NE.221)GOTO 40
D=2.*P-90.
S=A-90.
40 CONTINUE
IF(FLAG.NE.321)GOTO 50
D=2.*P-90.
S=A-90.

```

Appendix 55 (continued).

```

50 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.422)GOTO 60
  D=450.-2.*P
  S=A-90.
60 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.111)GOTO 70
  D=2.*P-90.
  S=90.-A
70 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.212)GOTO 80
  D=270.-2.*P
  S=90.-A
80 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.322)GOTO 90
  D=450.-2.*P
  S=A-90.
90 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.421)GOTO 100
  D=2.*P-90.
  S=A-90.
100 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.112)GOTO 110
  D=270.-2.*P
  S=90.-A
110 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.211)GOTO 120
  D=2.*P+90.
  S=90.-A
120 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.311)GOTO 130
  D=2.*P+90.
  S=90.-A
130 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.412)GOTO 140
  D=630.-2.*P
  S=90.-A
140 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.121)GOTO 150
  D=2.*P+270.
  S=A-90.
150 CONTINUE
  IF(FLAG.NE.222)GOTO 160
  D=450.-2.*P
  S=A-90.
160 CONTINUE
  IF(D.EQ.0.0.AND.S.EQ.0.0)TYPE 170
  IF(D.EQ.0.0.AND.S.EQ.0.0)STOP
170 FORMAT(/,1X,'*PROBABLE ELLIPSO METER ANGLE CONVERSION ERROR IN
  C SUBROUTINE "PSIDEL" DETECTED;',/,',EXECUTION TERMINATED*')

```

Appendix 55 (continued).

```

        GOTO 1180
180 CONTINUE
    IF(OPTION.NE.1)GOTO 1180
    IF(FLAG.NE.121)GOTO 1010
    D=90.-2.*P
    S=180.-A
1010 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.222)GOTO 1020
    D=2.*P-90.
    S=180.-A
1020 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.311)GOTO 1030
    D=270.-2.*P
    S=A
1030 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.412)GOTO 1040
    D=2.*P-270.
    S=A
1040 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.112)GOTO 1050
    D=90.+2.*P
    S=A
1050 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.211)GOTO 1060
    D=270.-2.*P
    S=A
1060 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.322)GOTO 1070
    D=2.*P-90.
    S=180.-A
1070 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.421)GOTO 1080
    D=450.-2.*P
    S=180.-A
1080 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.111)GOTO 1090
    D=270.-2.*P
    S=A
1090 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.212)GOTO 1100
    D=2.*P+90.
    S=A
1100 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.321)GOTO 1110
    D=450.-2.*P
    S=180.-A
1110 CONTINUE
    IF(FLAG.NE.422)GOTO 1120
    D=2.*P-90.
    S=180.-A

```

```

1120 CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.122)GOTO 1130
      D=2.*P+270.
      S=180.-A
1130 CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.221)GOTO 1140
      D=450.-2.*P
      S=180.-A
1140 CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.312)GOTO 1150
      D=2.*P+90.
      S=A
1150 CONTINUE
      IF(FLAG.NE.411)GOTO 1160
      D=630.-2.*P
      S=A
1160 CONTINUE
      IF(D.EQ.0.0.AND.S.EQ.0.0)TYPE 170
      IF(D.EQ.0.0.AND.S.EQ.0.0)STOP
1180 CONTINUE
      IF(OPTION.EQ.1.OR.OPTION.EQ.2)GOTO 2010
      TYPE 2000
2000 FORMAT(/,1X,'*INCORRECT OPTION CODE SPECIFIED IN SUBROUTINE
      C "PSIDEL" SO EXECUTION WAS TERMINATED*')
2010 CONTINUE
      TYPE 3000,D,S
3000 FORMAT(/,2X,'DELTA=',F6.2,2X,'PSI=',F6.2)
      STOP
      END

```

Demonstration of PSIDEL

.RUN DY1:PSIDEL

STANDARD(1) OR ROTATED(2) AXINUTH ANGLES (I1)? 2

ENTER THE POLARIZER, ANALYZER, AND COMPENSATOR ANGLES (3(1X,F6.2)):

015.00 060.00 045.00

P= 15.00 A= 60.00 C= 45.00 FLAG=111

DELTA=-60.00 PSI= 30.00

STOP —

Appendix 56.

Substrate refractive index calculation for Texas Instruments 59 Calculator

000	76	LBL	049	42	STD
001	11	A	050	17	17
002	42	STD	051	42	STD
003	10	10	052	02	02
004	91	R/S	053	00	0
005	76	LBL	054	42	STD
006	12	B	055	01	01
007	42	STD	056	36	PGM
008	11	11	057	05	05
009	91	R/S	058	17	B*
010	76	LBL	059	43	RCL
011	13	C	060	01	01
012	42	STD	061	65	X
013	12	12	062	43	RCL
014	91	R/S	063	16	16
015	76	LBL	064	95	=
016	14	D	065	42	STD
017	42	STD	066	18	18
018	13	13	067	43	RCL
019	91	R/S	068	02	02
020	76	LBL	069	65	X
021	15	E	070	43	RCL
022	60	DEG	071	16	16
023	43	RCL	072	95	=
024	11	11	073	42	STD
025	38	SIN	074	19	19
026	42	STD	075	43	RCL
027	14	14	076	18	18
028	43	RCL	077	85	+
029	11	11	078	01	1
030	30	TAN	079	95	=
031	42	STD	080	42	STD
032	15	15	081	01	01
033	43	RCL	082	43	RCL
034	13	13	083	19	19
035	30	TAN	084	42	STD
036	42	STD	085	02	02
037	16	16	086	43	RCL
038	43	RCL	087	18	18
039	12	12	088	94	+/-
040	65	X	089	85	+
041	02	2	090	01	1
042	65	X	091	95	=
043	89	π	092	42	STD
044	55	÷	093	03	03
045	03	3	094	43	RCL
046	06	6	095	19	19
047	00	0	096	94	-/-
048	95	=	097	42	STD
			098	04	04

Appendix 56 (continued).

099	36	PGM	148	42	STD
100	04	04	149	04	04
101	18	C'	150	36	PGM
102	43	RCL	151	04	04
103	01	01	152	13	C
104	55	+	153	36	PGM
105	43	RCL	154	05	05
106	15	15	155	15	E
107	95	=	156	43	RCL
108	42	STD	157	01	01
109	21	21	158	65	*
110	43	RCL	159	43	RCL
111	02	02	160	10	10
112	55	+	161	65	*
113	43	RCL	162	43	RCL
114	15	15	163	14	14
115	95	=	164	95	=
116	42	STD	165	42	STD
117	22	22	166	01	01
118	43	RCL	167	43	RCL
119	21	21	168	02	02
120	42	STD	169	65	*
121	01	01	170	43	RCL
122	43	RCL	171	10	10
123	22	22	172	65	*
124	42	STD	173	43	RCL
125	02	02	174	14	14
126	36	PGM	175	95	=
127	05	05	176	42	STD
128	13	C	177	02	02
129	43	RCL	178	91	R/S
130	01	01	179	00	0
131	85	+	180	00	0
132	01	1	181	00	0
133	95	=	182	00	0
134	42	STD	183	00	0
135	01	01	184	00	0
136	36	PGM	185	00	0
137	05	05	186	00	0
138	14	D	187	00	0
139	36	PGM	188	00	0
140	05	05	189	00	0
141	15	E	190	00	0
142	43	RCL	191	00	0
143	21	21	192	00	0
144	42	STD	193	00	0
145	03	03	194	00	0
146	43	RCL	195	00	0
147	22	22	196	00	0

Appendix 56 (continued).

A Guide to Using the TI-59 Substrate Refractive Index Calculation Program

1. Load the program from the two card tracks (1 and 2).:

1, "load track 1"
2, "load track 2"

2. Enter necessary values. For example, given

incident medium refractive index = 1.00
angle-of-incidence = 75 degrees
delta = 65 degrees
psi = 38 degrees

the key sequence would be:

1, A
75, B
65, C
38, D, E

the display will show the substrate extinction coefficient:

-2.049199888

the substrate refractive index is recalled with the key sequence:

RCL, 01

the display will show the substrate refractive index:

0.6785396928

the substrate extinction coefficient is recalled with the key sequence:

RCL, 02

new values of delta and psi can be entered:

69, C, 44, D, E -2.280649787 RCL, 01
0.1005854271

Appendix 57.

Simple homogeneous, isotropic film calculation for Texas Instruments 59 Calculator

000	76	LBL	049	09	09
001	11	A	050	42	STD
002	99	PRT	051	02	02
003	42	STD	052	71	SBR
004	00	00	053	33	X ²
005	70	RAD	054	43	RCL
006	43	RCL	055	01	01
007	05	05	056	98	ADV
008	65	X	057	99	PRT
009	89	←	058	42	STD
010	55	+	059	12	12
011	01	1	060	43	RCL
012	08	8	061	02	02
013	00	0	062	99	PRT
014	95	=	063	42	STD
015	39	CDS	064	13	13
016	42	STD	065	71	SBR
017	18	18	066	44	SUM
018	43	RCL	067	43	RCL
019	05	05	068	10	10
020	65	X	069	42	STD
021	89	←	070	01	01
022	55	+	071	43	RCL
023	01	1	072	11	11
024	08	8	073	42	STD
025	00	0	074	02	02
026	95	=	075	71	SBR
027	38	SIN	076	33	X ²
028	42	STD	077	43	RCL
029	19	19	078	01	01
030	53	(	079	98	ADV
031	43	RCL	080	99	PRT
032	07	07	081	42	STD
033	33	X ²	082	14	14
034	54	)	083	43	RCL
035	65	X	084	02	02
036	53	(	085	99	PRT
037	43	RCL	086	42	STD
038	19	19	087	15	15
039	33	X ²	088	43	RCL
040	54	)	089	07	07
041	95	=	090	65	X
042	42	STD	091	43	RCL
043	26	26	092	18	18
044	43	RCL	093	95	=
045	08	08	094	42	STD
046	42	STD	095	26	26
047	01	01	096	00	0
048	43	RCL	097	93	.
			098	42	STD

Appendix 57 (continued).

099	27	27	RCL	27	149	43	RCL
100	43	08	08	08	150	08	08
101	08	08	STD	42	151	42	STD
102	42	STD	01	01	152	01	01
103	01	01	RCL	43	153	43	RCL
104	43	RCL	09	09	154	09	09
105	09	09	STD	42	155	42	STD
106	42	STD	02	02	156	02	02
107	02	02	RCL	43	157	43	RCL
108	43	RCL	12	18	158	18	18
109	12	12	STD	42	159	42	STD
110	42	STD	03	03	160	03	03
111	03	03	RCL	00	161	00	0
112	43	RCL	13	93	162	93	STD
113	13	13	STD	42	163	42	STD
114	42	STD	04	04	164	04	04
115	04	04	SBR	71	165	71	SBR
116	71	SBR	YX	45	166	45	YX
117	45	YX	SBR	71	167	71	SBR
118	71	SBR	FX	94	168	94	FX
119	94	FX	RCL	43	169	43	RCL
120	43	RCL	01	01	170	01	01
121	01	01	+>	+>	171	94	+>
122	98	ADV	ADV	98	172	98	ADV
123	99	PRT	PRT	99	173	99	PRT
124	42	STD	42	42	174	42	STD
125	16	16	RCL	22	175	22	22
126	43	RCL	02	02	176	43	RCL
127	02	02	PRT	+>	177	02	02
128	99	PRT	STD	94	178	94	+>
129	42	STD	17	99	179	99	PRT
130	17	17	RCL	42	180	42	STD
131	43	RCL	07	23	181	23	23
132	07	07	STD	43	182	43	RCL
133	42	STD	01	08	183	08	08
134	01	01	0	42	184	42	STD
135	00	0	STD	01	185	01	01
136	93	93	STD	43	186	43	RCL
137	42	STD	02	09	187	09	09
138	02	02	RCL	42	188	42	STD
139	43	RCL	12	12	189	02	02
140	12	12	STD	43	190	43	RCL
141	42	STD	03	12	191	12	12
142	03	03	RCL	42	192	42	STD
143	43	RCL	13	03	193	03	03
144	13	13	STD	43	194	43	RCL
145	42	STD	04	13	195	13	13
146	04	04	SBR	42	196	42	STD
147	71	SBR	LNX	04	197	04	04
148	23	23		71	198	71	SBR

Appendix 57 (continued).

199	23	LNK	249	43	RCL
200	43	RCL	250	10	10
201	10	10	251	42	STD
202	42	STD	252	01	01
203	01	01	253	43	RCL
204	43	RCL	254	11	11
205	11	11	255	42	STD
206	42	STD	256	02	02
207	02	02	257	43	RCL
208	43	RCL	258	12	12
209	14	14	259	42	STD
210	42	STD	260	03	03
211	03	03	261	43	RCL
212	43	RCL	262	13	13
213	15	15	263	42	STD
214	42	STD	264	04	04
215	04	04	265	71	SBR
216	71	SBR	266	45	YX
217	45	YX	267	71	SBR
218	71	SBR	268	34	FX
219	34	FX	269	43	RCL
220	43	RCL	270	01	01
221	01	01	271	94	+/-
222	98	ADV	272	98	ADV
223	99	PRT	273	99	PRT
224	42	STD	274	42	STD
225	18	18	275	24	24
226	43	RCL	276	43	RCL
227	02	02	277	02	02
228	99	PRT	278	94	+/-
229	42	STD	279	99	PRT
230	19	19	280	42	STD
231	43	RCL	281	25	25
232	08	08	282	43	RCL
233	42	STD	283	16	16
234	01	01	284	42	STD
235	43	RCL	285	26	26
236	09	09	286	43	RCL
237	42	STD	287	17	17
238	02	02	288	42	STD
239	43	RCL	289	27	27
240	14	14	290	43	RCL
241	42	STD	291	18	18
242	03	03	292	42	STD
243	43	RCL	293	28	28
244	15	15	294	43	RCL
245	42	STD	295	19	19
246	04	04	296	42	STD
247	71	SBR	297	29	29
248	23	LNK	298	71	SBR

Appendix 57 (continued).

299	43	RCL	349	04	04
300	43	RCL	350	18	C'
301	01	01	351	43	RCL
302	98	ADV	352	01	01
303	99	PRT	353	98	ADV
304	42	STD	354	99	PRT
305	12	12	355	42	STD
306	43	RCL	356	16	16
307	02	02	357	43	RCL
308	99	PRT	358	02	02
309	42	STD	359	99	PRT
310	13	13	360	42	STD
311	43	RCL	361	17	17
312	22	22	362	53	(
313	42	STD	363	43	RCL
314	26	26	364	01	01
315	43	RCL	365	65	*
316	23	23	366	43	RCL
317	42	STD	367	01	01
318	27	27	368	54)
319	43	RCL	369	85	+
320	24	24	370	53	(
321	42	STD	371	43	RCL
322	28	28	372	02	02
323	43	RCL	373	65	*
324	25	25	374	43	RCL
325	42	STD	375	02	02
326	29	29	376	54)
327	71	SBR	377	95	=
328	43	RCL	378	94	FX
329	43	RCL	379	22	INV
330	01	01	380	30	TAN
331	98	ADV	381	65	*
332	99	PRT	382	01	1
333	42	STD	383	08	8
334	14	14	384	00	0
335	43	RCL	385	55	+
336	02	02	386	89	π
337	99	PRT	387	95	=
338	42	STD	388	98	ADV
339	15	15	389	99	PRT
340	43	RCL	390	42	STD
341	12	12	391	18	18
342	42	STD	392	43	RCL
343	03	03	393	02	02
344	43	RCL	394	55	+
345	13	13	395	43	RCL
346	42	STD	396	01	01
347	04	04	397	95	=
348	36	PGM	398	22	INV

Appendix 57 (continued).

399	30	TAN	449	42	STD
400	65	*	450	28	28
401	01	1	451	01	1
402	08	8	452	93	.
403	00	0	453	00	0
404	55	÷	454	42	STD
405	89	π	455	01	01
406	95	=	456	00	0
407	99	PRT	457	93	.
408	42	STD	458	00	0
409	19	19	459	42	STD
410	91	R/S	460	02	02
411	76	LBL	461	43	RCL
412	33	X ²	462	27	27
413	36	PGM	463	42	STD
414	05	05	464	03	03
415	13	C	465	43	RCL
416	43	RCL	466	28	28
417	01	01	467	42	STD
418	42	STD	468	04	04
419	27	27	469	36	PGM
420	43	RCL	470	04	04
421	02	02	471	17	B ⁺
422	42	STD	472	36	PGM
423	28	28	473	05	05
424	43	RCL	474	14	D
425	26	26	475	92	RTN
426	42	STD	476	76	LBL
427	01	01	477	34	FX
428	00	0	478	71	SBR
429	93	.	479	35	1/X
430	42	STD	480	36	PGM
431	02	02	481	04	04
432	43	RCL	482	12	B
433	27	27	483	43	RCL
434	42	STD	484	01	01
435	03	03	485	42	STD
436	43	RCL	486	24	24
437	28	28	487	43	RCL
438	42	STD	488	02	02
439	04	04	489	42	STD
440	36	PGM	490	25	25
441	04	04	491	71	SBR
442	18	C ⁺	492	35	1/X
443	43	RCL	493	36	PGM
444	01	01	494	04	04
445	42	STD	495	17	B ⁺
446	27	27	496	43	RCL
447	43	RCL	497	24	24
448	02	02	498	42	STD

Appendix 57 (continued).

499	03	03	548	42	STD
500	43	RCL	549	28	28
501	25	25	550	43	RCL
502	42	STD	551	02	02
503	04	04	552	42	STD
504	36	PGM	553	29	29
505	04	04	554	92	RTN
506	18	C*	555	76	LBL
507	92	RTN	556	44	SUM
508	76	LBL	557	00	0
509	35	1/X	558	93	.
510	43	RCL	559	00	0
511	26	26	560	42	STD
512	42	STD	561	01	01
513	01	01	562	04	4
514	43	RCL	563	93	.
515	27	27	564	65	X
516	42	STD	565	89	Y
517	02	02	566	65	X
518	43	RCL	567	43	RCL
519	28	28	568	00	00
520	42	STD	569	55	+
521	03	03	570	43	RCL
522	43	RCL	571	06	06
523	29	29	572	95	=
524	42	STD	573	42	STD
525	04	04	574	02	02
526	92	RTN	575	43	RCL
527	76	LBL	576	08	08
528	23	LNK	577	42	STD
529	36	PGM	578	03	03
530	04	04	579	43	RCL
531	13	C	580	09	09
532	43	RCL	581	42	STD
533	01	01	582	04	04
534	42	STD	583	36	PGM
535	26	26	584	04	04
536	43	RCL	585	13	C
537	02	02	586	43	RCL
538	42	STD	587	12	12
539	27	27	588	42	STD
540	92	RTN	589	03	03
541	76	LBL	590	43	RCL
542	45	YX	591	13	13
543	36	PGM	592	42	STD
544	04	04	593	04	04
545	13	C	594	36	PGM
546	43	RCL	595	04	04
547	01	01	596	13	C

Appendix 57 (continued).

597	43	RCL	646	42	STD
598	01	01	647	04	04
599	94	+/-	648	36	PGM
600	42	STD	649	04	04
601	01	01	650	13	C
602	43	RCL	651	01	1
603	02	02	652	93	.
604	94	+/-	653	42	STD
605	42	STD	654	03	03
606	02	02	655	00	0
607	36	PGM	656	93	.
608	05	05	657	42	STD
609	17	B*	658	04	04
610	43	RCL	659	36	PGM
611	01	01	660	04	04
612	42	STD	661	12	B
613	20	20	662	43	RCL
614	43	RCL	663	01	01
615	02	02	664	42	STD
616	42	STD	665	14	14
617	21	21	666	43	RCL
618	92	RTN	667	02	02
619	76	LBL	668	42	STD
620	43	RCL	669	15	15
621	43	RCL	670	43	RCL
622	20	20	671	20	20
623	42	STD	672	42	STD
624	01	01	673	01	01
625	43	RCL	674	43	RCL
626	21	21	675	21	21
627	42	STD	676	42	STD
628	02	02	677	02	02
629	43	RCL	678	43	RCL
630	26	26	679	28	28
631	42	STD	680	42	STD
632	03	03	681	03	03
633	43	RCL	682	43	RCL
634	27	27	683	29	29
635	42	STD	684	42	STD
636	04	04	685	04	04
637	36	PGM	686	36	PGM
638	04	04	687	04	04
639	13	C	688	13	C
640	43	RCL	689	43	RCL
641	28	28	690	26	26
642	42	STD	691	42	STD
643	03	03	692	03	03
644	43	RCL	693	43	RCL
645	29	29	694	27	27

Appendix 57 (continued).

695	42	STD
696	04	04
697	36	PGM
698	04	04
699	12	B
700	43	RCL
701	14	14
702	42	STD
703	03	03
704	43	RCL
705	15	15
706	42	STD
707	04	04
708	36	PGM
709	04	04
710	18	C'
711	92	RTN
712	00	0
713	00	0
714	00	0
715	00	0
716	00	0
717	00	0
718	00	0
719	00	0

Appendix 57 (continued).

A Guide to Using the TI-59 Film Calculation Program

1. Partition calculator memory with the following key sequence:

3, 2nd, Op, 17, RST

the display will show 719.29

2. Load the program from the four card tracks (1, 2, 3, and 4):

1, "load first card, track 1"

2, "load first card, track 2"

3, "load second card, track 3"

4, "load second card, track 4"

3. Store model parameter values into registers. For example, given

angle-of-incidence = 75°

wavelength = 5461 angstroms

incident medium refractive index = 1.00

film refractive index = 1.38

film extinction coefficient = 0.00

substrate refractive index = 0.93

substrate extinction coefficient = -2.39

the key sequence would be:

75, STO, 05

5461, STO, 06

1, STO, 07

1.38, STO, 08

0, STO, 09

0.93, STO, 10

-2.39, STO, 11

Then, assuming a film thickness of 400 angstroms:

RST, 400, A

after several seconds, the display will show delta 55.78°

One obtains psi by recalling it from memory:

RCL, 18

the display will show 41.12°

One obtains delta again:

RCL, 19

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