

Human and Automated Facial Recognition Performance: A Preliminary Assessment

Dragana Calic

The University of Adelaide

Brett McLindin

Defence Science and Technology Organisation (DSTO)

Abstract: Human facial recognition (FR) performance has received a substantial amount of attention from the field of Cognitive Science. Previous research has identified that the assessment of live performance (i.e., real life or operational) of human operators conducting FR tasks is limited (Kemp, Towell & Pike, 1997