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Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the Cognitive Science Society

Title

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Permalink

https://escholarship.org/uc/item/23c8s4jp

Journal

Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the Cognitive Science Society, 43(43)

ISSN

1069-7977

Authors

Solanki, Prachi Cesario, Joseph

Publication Date

2021

Peer reviewed

Stereotypes as Bayesian Judgements of Social Groups

Prachi Solanki

Michigan State University, Lansing, Michigan, United States

Joseph Cesario

Michigan State University, East Lansing, Michigan, United States

Abstract

A stereotype is a generalization about people within a certain category—and category information is often used to make probabilistic predictions about people within a particular group. The current work examines whether stereotypes can be understood in terms of conditional probabilities as per Bayesian reasoning. For instance, the stereotype of Germans as efficient can be understood as the conditional probability of someone being efficient given that they are German. Whether such representations follow Bayes' rule was tested in a replication and extension of McCauley and Stitt's (1978) original studies. Across two experiments, we found that people's judgements of eight different social groups were appropriately Bayesian i.e., their direct posterior predictions were in line with what Bayes' rule suggests they should be, given subjects' priors and likelihood ratios. For any given social group, it was also the case that traits with a high calculated diagnostic ratio distinguished stereotypic from non-stereotypic traits.