

UCLA

Contemporary Music Score Collection

Title

Solo Suite four 4 Timpani

Permalink

<https://escholarship.org/uc/item/26f0n5b3>

Author

Shun, Michael

Publication Date

2020

Solo Suite for 4 Timpani

Michael Shun

About the Piece:

This suite explores the rhythmic and melodic possibilities of the timpani. Despite being devised into three movements, the suite has been designed to be played without breaks in between movements.

The first movement is a theme and variations on an originally composed march theme. The slow and grand introduction slowly incorporates gestures to usher in the metric modulation to the march tempo. The variations explore inverting the theme, accelerating the rhythmic activity with sixteenth note triplets, and emphasizing the intervallic content by rolling on two drums simultaneously. Towards the end of the movement the theme is transformed with a gradual acceleration and deconstruction of the pitch content as the performer must gradually lower the pitch of each of the drums while the theme is played.

Inspired by the *Adagio* of Elliot Carter's "Eight Pieces for Four Timpani", the second movement is the transitional segment to set up the tuning scheme for the third movement. The *glissandi* create the melodic contour as each drum slowly approaches its target pitch. The thunderous climax is an aleatoric section that also revisits the previous movement's idea of rolling on two drums to create vertical sonorities.

The third movement has its inspirations in dance rhythms of Indian *kathak*. The overall shape of the piece is a large crescendo that slowly develops into the dance rhythm in its full form (7+9, or 2+2+3+2+3+2+2), immediately followed by a deconstruction of the material that features little "solos" on each drum.

Special thanks goes to composition mentor Professor Matthew Jaskot and percussion instructor Jonathan Hess for their respective insights in composition and performance.

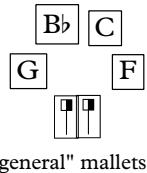
Performance Notes:

Like in Carter's timpani pieces, (N) stands for playing on the normal playing zones of the timpani, (R) for near the rim/bearing edge, and (C) for the center.

The triangle noteheads indicate indeterminate pitch. Triangles pointed down indicate playing the drum's lowest possible pitch, while triangles pointed up indicate its highest. These will vary across timpani sets.

Movement two should feel as though it is in free time, and noteheads in parentheses need not be accurate; the general contour should be the priority of each line.

Performance time c. 15 minutes



Solo Suite for 4 Timpani

I. Theme and Variations

Michael Shun

Maestoso $\text{♩} = 78$

Timpani

"general" mallets

(N)

ff *marcato*

10 (C) (N)

20 (C) **f** (C) [stems up] **pp** (R) [stems down]

28 stems down *cresc.* (C) (N) (N) [stems up] stems up *dim.* **mf**

34 **mf** (C) (N) **Tempo di Marcia** ($\text{♩} = \text{c. } 104$) **p** **f**

41 **mp**

49 Variation I: **f** **mp** *staccato*

3

57

(R)

p

65

(N)

f

II:

mf

72

p

78

p

84

sfz

p

mp

*Natural decay

dolce e cantabile

92

f

101

p

fp

sfz

p

111

ff

(C)

IV: *Maestoso* (♩=c.78)

120 (C)->(N) (N)->(R)----->(N)

sfp *p* *mf* *f*

128

mp

134 (R) (R)

sfz *fp* *sfp* *(R)* *(R)*

140 (R)->(N)

sfz *fp* *ff* *f*

147 V:

mp

152 (R) (N)

subito pp *subito f*

158

mp *p* *f*

VI: (♩=♩)

mf

5

170

177

184

accel.

moto perpetuo

* The accelerando should be gradual throughout the variation,
but should be played as fast as possible by the new metronome marking.

191

** marcato markings denote pedaling that drum down gradually to its lowest pitch by the end of each phrase.

199

203

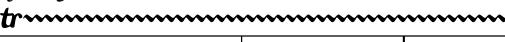
II. Intermezzo

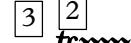

soft, roller mallets

Michael Shun
(lowest possible pitches)

Timpani

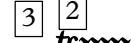
Largo $\text{♩} = \text{c.} 40$, freely

1 *tr* 

2  *tr* 

pp

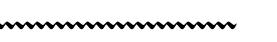
dampen

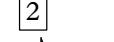
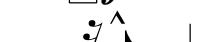
3  *tr* 

mp

(let ring from previous movement at lowest possible pitch)

Timp.

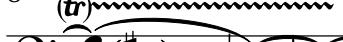
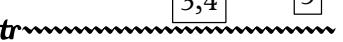
4 **1** *tr* 

2  *p* *tr* 

3 **f**  *tr*  **4**  *tr* 

sub. p

Timp.

8 **(tr)**  *tr*  **3,4**  **3** 

ppp **p**

Timp.

13 **2** **3** **2**  **3** **2**  **3**  **tr** 

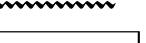
*pedal 3 up to D \flat
*pedal 2 up to G

Timp.

16 **3**  **2**  **tr**  **4**  *rapido*

sim. **3** **2** **1** **sub. mf**

Timp.

18 **p** *poco a poco crescendo* **1** **tr**  **4** **mf** **1** **tr** 

23

Timp.

1

4

1

molto dim.

sfz

sim.

28

Timp.

p

ad lib. drums 2-4

c. 6''

mp

4

31

Timp.

ad lib. drums
1-3 c.6"

mf

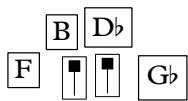
ad lib. 2-3
c.12"

sffz

niente

Gradually end decrescendo
rolling on the lowest drum.

III. *Kathak*-esque



Michael Shun

Vivace ♩. = 130

Musical score for Timpani (Timp.) part, page 10. The score consists of two staves. The first staff starts with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a dynamic marking of f . It features a series of eighth-note strokes on the first, third, and fifth beats of each measure. The second staff begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a dynamic marking of ff . It contains eighth-note strokes on the first and third beats of each measure. The score is labeled '(N)' above the measures.

Musical score for Timpani (Timp.) starting at measure 15. The score consists of a single staff in bass clef. The time signature changes from 4/4 to 9/8, then back to 4/4. The notes include eighth and sixteenth notes, with some slurs and grace marks. The dynamic is indicated by a forte symbol (F).

20

Timp.

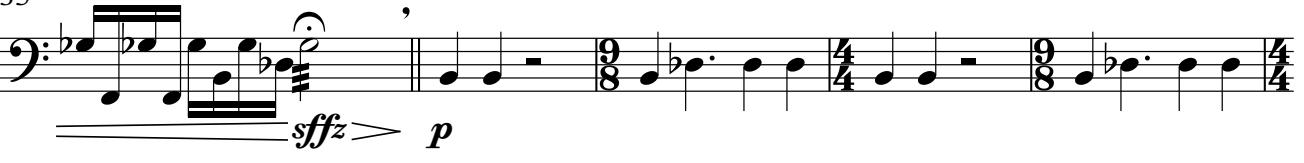
(N)

Musical score for Timpani (Timp.) part, measure 25. The score shows a bass clef, a 4/4 time signature, and a key signature of one flat. The measure consists of six groups of notes. The first two groups are eighth-note pairs with grace notes, each preceded by a ' $<$ ' symbol below the staff. The third group is a single eighth note. The fourth group is a sixteenth-note cluster with a grace note, preceded by a horizontal line with three dashes below the staff. The fifth group is a single eighth note. The sixth group is a eighth-note pair with grace notes, preceded by a ' $>$ ' symbol above the staff. The dynamic marking 'mf' is placed below the staff under the fifth group.

Musical score for Timpani (Timp.) part, measure 28. The score shows a continuous rhythmic pattern of eighth-note pairs and sixteenth-note groups. Measure 28 begins with a bass note followed by a pair of eighth notes. The time signature changes frequently: 9/8, 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 2/4, 3/8, and 2/4. The dynamic is generally forte.

Musical score for Timpani (Timp.) at measure 32. The score consists of two staves. The top staff shows a bass clef, a 3/8 time signature, and a dynamic marking of *mp*. The bottom staff shows a bass clef, a 4/4 time signature, and a dynamic marking of *mp*. The music features eighth-note patterns with various accidentals (flat, sharp, natural) and rests.

35

Timp. 

40

Timp. 

44

Timp. 

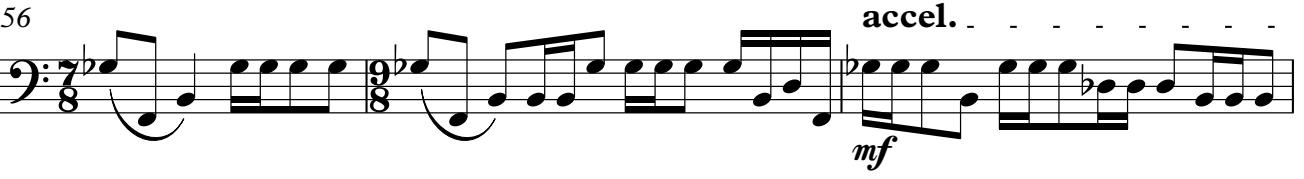
48

Timp. 

52

Timp. 

56

Timp. 

59

Timp. 

62

Timp. 

64

Timp. 

67

Timp. 

10

70 Timp. *ff* *mp*

73 Timp.

75 Timp. *niente* *sub. f* *mp*

79 Timp. *f* *pp*

82 Timp. *sim.* (2+2+2+3+3+2+2) *mp* *f* *mp*

85 Timp. *mp* *f* *mp* *f* *mp*

87 Timp. *f* *mp*

88 Timp. *f*

89 Timp. *mp*

90 Timp. *f*

128 (tr) ~~~~~ ,
 Tim.  ***ppp*** *poco a poco rit.* ***fff***
 highest possible pitch. **a tempo**

136 ***tr*** ***molto rit.*** $\text{♩} = 130$
 Tim.  ***5*** ***4*** ***8*** ***4*** ***pp*** ***sffz***
 grad. return to F.

139
 Tim.  ***f*** ***mf***

142
 Tim. 

144
 Tim. ***ff*** **(05/16/17)**