## **UC Berkeley**

## **Energy Use in Buildings Enabling Technologies**

#### **Title**

A Disaggregated Thermostat: Enhancing Comfort, Energy Efficiency, and Demand Response

#### **Permalink**

https://escholarship.org/uc/item/28w033n2

#### **Authors**

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#### **Publication Date**

2007

## **A Disaggregated Thermostat:**

**Enhancing Comfort, Energy Efficiency, and Demand Response** 

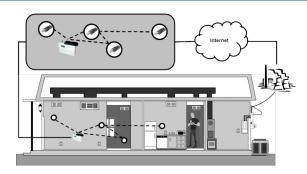
## Vision

Design and implement a wireless sensor network enabled residential energy management system that reliably balances occupant satisfaction and energy savings preferences with automatic, reactive short-term load shedding and long-term energy reduction.

	Old Way	New Way
Actuates	On/Off	On/Off
Uses	Single sensor	Multiple sensors
Measures	°F	°F, RH
Controls	°F	Comfort,
Aware	n/a	price, weather

# **Methods**

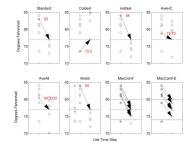
- ·Simulations to evaluate multi-sensor HVAC control with distributed sensing for 4 house designs, 4 comfort offsets, 2 operational modes, and 2 weather profiles.
- Wireless communication performance site surveys to characterize packet-level communication.
- Design and development of autonomous embedded agent system for in-situ system pilot tests.
- •Real world and testbed deployments of HVAC control with distributed sensing.



### Research

# **Questions**

- · How can an HVAC system react differently given environmental conditions from all rooms?
- ·How does an HVAC system tradeoff comfort and energy consumption?
- ·How can an HVAC system react differently given electricity price information?



# **Findings**



