# **UC Merced**

# **Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the Cognitive Science Society**

## **Title**

The Learnability of Goal-directedness in Jazz Music

## **Permalink**

https://escholarship.org/uc/item/36g4456v

# **Journal**

Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the Cognitive Science Society, 43(43)

## **ISSN**

1069-7977

#### **Authors**

Harasim, Daniel O'Donnell, Timothy Rohrmeier, Martin Alois

## **Publication Date**

2021

Peer reviewed

# The Learnability of Goal-directedness in Jazz Music

#### **Daniel Harasim**

École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, Lausanne, Switzerland

#### Timothy O'Donnell

McGill University, Montreal, Quebec, Canada

#### Martin Rohrmeier

École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne, Lausanne, Switzerland

#### **Abstract**

Musicians and listeners perceive dependency structures between musical events such as chords and keys. Music theory postulates the goal-directedness of such dependencies, which manifests in formal grammar models as right-headed (head-final, left-branching) phrase structure. Goal-directedness has a direct cognitive interpretation; dependencies that point forward in time can be understood as creating expectation, and the empirical correlates of this relationship are a topic of current psychological research.

This study presents a computational grammar model that represents the abstract concept of headedness but does not encode properties specific to music. Bayesian grammar learning is applied to infer a grammar for Jazz and its headedness proportions from a corpus of Jazz-chord sequences. The results show that the inferred grammar is right-headed. A second simulation using artificial data was conducted to verify the correct functionality of the headedness induction. The goal-directedness of Jazz harmony is thus demonstrated to be learnable without music-specific prior knowledge.