

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

Recent Work

Title

THE EFFECT OF THYROID EXTRACT ON SERUM LIPOPROTEINS AND SERUM CHOLESTEROL

Permalink

<https://escholarship.org/uc/item/3f85t4z6>

Authors

Strisower, B.
Gofman, J.
Galioni, E.
et al.

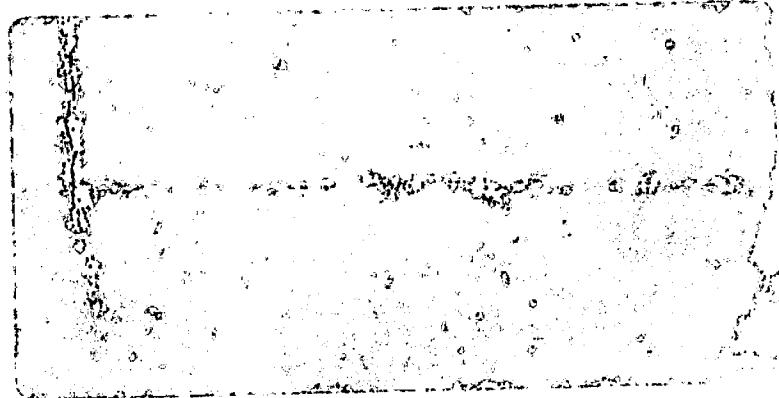
Publication Date

1953-10-22

2374
UCRL _____
cj
UNCLASSIFIED

UNIVERSITY OF
CALIFORNIA

*Radiation
Laboratory*



BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA

DISCLAIMER

This document was prepared as an account of work sponsored by the United States Government. While this document is believed to contain correct information, neither the United States Government nor any agency thereof, nor the Regents of the University of California, nor any of their employees, makes any warranty, express or implied, or assumes any legal responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by its trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise, does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States Government or any agency thereof, or the Regents of the University of California. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government or any agency thereof or the Regents of the University of California.

UCRL-2374

Unclassified-Health and Biology

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

Radiation Laboratory

Contract No. W-7405-eng-48

THE EFFECT OF THYROID EXTRACT ON SERUM
LIPOPROTEINS AND SERUM CHOLESTEROL

Beverly Strisower, John W. Gofman
Elmer F. Galioni, Albert A. Almada
and Alexander Simon.

October 22, 1953

Berkeley, California

THE EFFECT OF THYROID EXTRACT ON
SERUM LIPOPROTEINS AND SERUM CHOLESTEROL

Beverly Strisower, John W. Gofman*

Elmer F. Galioni, Albert A. Almada**

and Alexander Simon***

Radiation Laboratory, Department of Physics
University of California, Berkeley, California

October 22, 1953

INTRODUCTION

The critical role of thyroid function in lipid metabolism and transport is attested to by the wealth of significant clinical and experimental literature on this subject. In a series of classic reports, Hurxthal and his associates have pointed out the general trend toward elevation of serum cholesterol levels in hypothyroidism and myxedema and the trend toward low cholesterol levels in hyperthyroidism.^{1, 2, 3, 4, 5} In these same studies the removal of the thyroid gland surgically in hyperthyroidism was shown to result in a significant rise in serum cholesterol level. The Hurxthal findings have been, in the main, confirmed by other investigators.⁶ Recently the ablation of the thyroid gland in man by use of radioiodine (I^{131}) has been shown to result, on the average, in an elevation of the serum cholesterol level even in individuals not originally hyperthyroid.⁷ The therapy of myxedema with thyroid extract has been demonstrated to produce a fall in serum cholesterol levels in general.⁴ Further it has been pointed out by several observers that even in persons not clinically hypothyroid the administration of thyroid extract in adequate doses results in a lowering of the serum cholesterol level.^{4, 8, 9, 10} The mechanism by which thyroid function is related to control of serum lipid levels is by no means clear at this time.

*The Donner Lab., Dept. of Physics, and the Radiation Lab., University of California, Berkeley, California.

**The Stockton State Hospital of the Dept. of Mental Hygiene, Stockton, California

***Ass't Med. Supt., The Langley Porter Clinic, Dept. of Psychiatry, University of Calif. School of Med., San Francisco, California

It is now known that the total serum cholesterol level is made up of contributions from a host of lipoproteins, differing from each other both in physicochemical and chemical structure.^{11, 12, 13} The grossly differing lipoprotein patterns which give rise to identical total serum cholesterol levels undoubtedly bespeak significant metabolic differences. In one disease state the lipoproteins responsible for cholesterol elevation may be of an entirely different chemical structure from those producing an equivalent cholesterol elevation in another disease. Thus, xanthoma tendinosum is characterized by extreme elevations in Standard S_f 0-12 and usually Standard S_f 12-20 lipoproteins with unusually low Standard S_f 20-400 levels, whereas xanthoma tuberosum is characterized by gross elevations in Standard S_f 12-400 lipoproteins with unusually low Standard S_f 0-12 lipoproteins.¹⁴

It seems clear, therefore, that a more intimate understanding of the role of the thyroid in lipid metabolism might be aided by a determination of the influence of thyroid extract upon the various defined lipoprotein classes. The present study is concerned with the effect of thyroid extract upon all the low-density lipoprotein classes from Standard S_f 0 to Standard S_f 400.¹⁶

Experimental

Part of this study is based upon the responses to thyroid extract observed in nineteen schizophrenic patients, ranging in age from 19-49 years, and showing no evident physical deviations from normality. In addition, a separate series of four young clinically normal individuals was studied. In the group of schizophrenic patients an initial blood sample was obtained prior to the institution of thyroid administration. Subsequent blood sampling was done at regular intervals during the period of thyroid administration and at the same intervals over the two-month period following the cessation of administration of thyroid extract. Of the nineteen patients, eleven completed the entire course of thyroid administration, which involved one week on a dose of 3-1/2 grains of desiccated U.S.P. thyroid extract daily, an additional week on 7 grains daily, and then nine weeks on 10 grains daily. This group of eleven patients will be identified as Group A. The remaining

eight schizophrenic patients were studied on some modified dosage schedule, involving the use of less thyroid extract, because it was felt that there was some evidence of intolerance to the higher dosage of thyroid. This group will be designated as Group B.

In the group of four young normals a relatively short-term experiment was performed involving the use of 3 grains of thyroid extract daily for two to three weeks. In this group, designated as Group C, blood sampling was performed at three-to four-day intervals before, during, and after thyroid administration. This schedule allowed observation of more acute responses than was possible in the other groups.

Serum cholesterol determinations were performed on all samples by the method of Colman¹⁵ and the lipoprotein analyses by the ultracentrifugal method of Gofman et al.^{11,16} The lipoproteins were segregated into four classes, Standard S_f 0-12, Standard S_f 12-20, Standard S_f 20-100, and Standard S_f 100-400. Records of pulse rate, blood pressure, and body weight were obtained throughout the study. For Group A and Group B a protein-bound iodine determination on each patient determined six months after the course of thyroid administration was available to us. For Group C a protein-bound iodine determination was made before thyroid was given.

The analytical results of the serum cholesterol and lipoprotein measurements are presented in Tables I, II, and III for each of the individuals studied. A summary plot for Group A (patients completing the entire course of 10 grains of thyroid daily) averaging the individual cholesterol values, lipoprotein values, and body weights is given in Fig. 1. A similar summary plot for Group C is given in Fig. 2.

Group A Case 1		TABLE I										Mean of all samples on 10 gr/day of thyroid								
Date		8/8	9/13	9/20	9/22	9/27	10/2	10/12	10/23	11/3	11/13	11/24	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/16	1/26		
Thyroid gr/day		0	3.5	7	7	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	Mean of all samples on 10 gr/day of thyroid	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cholesterol mg%		167			116		131	--	153	--	152	148		146	173	205	228	180	183	195
Standard S _f 0-12 mg%		272			218		174	170	203	199	227	188		194	291	257	347	426	280	347
Standard S _f 12-20 mg%		56			22		25	32	27	34	37	23		30	38	26	37	56	49	49
Standard S _f 20-100 mg%		101			59		102	114	100	87	98	77		96	72	49	71	60	49	74
Standard S _f 100-400 mg%		65			35		43	40	35	11	37	16		30	27	16	35	11	13	29
A.I.		66			42		47	50	49	43	53	39		47	53	42	60	63	47	61
Weight, lbs.		144		--		142	140	141	139	136	133			143	143	143	140	--	144	
Basal BP mm Hg		100	101	105	108	113	113	110	110	116	108			111	98	104	104	120	118	
Basal pulse rate			49*	48	58*	44*	51*	47*	48*	41*	16*			35*	50	64	60	64	70	
		72*	72	68*	80*	87*	86*	87*	88*	91*				82*	68	84	80	88	72	

* Mean of 2 or more measurements at 2-3 day intervals.

Group A Case 2

TABLE I - (Contd. . .)

AK 43 yr. Male Schizophrenic PBI = 5.1 µg

Date	8/3	9/13	9/20	9/22	9/27	10/2	10/12	10/23	11/3	11/13	11/24	Mean of all samples on 10 gr/day of thyroid	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/16	1/26
Thyroid gr/day	0	3.5	7	7	10	10	10	10	10	10	10		0	0	0	0	0	0
Cholesterol mg%	231		158		187	122	158	187	182	220		176	198	275	275	267	292	238
Standard S _f 0-12 mg%	299		180		172	140	216	267	250	206		209	208	412	430	407	469	370
Standard S _f 12-20 mg%	65		22		25	19	24	47	26	22		27	25	79	70	131	45	60
Standard S _f 20-100 mg%	91		53		52	31	45	69	43	55		49	65	46	72	55	45	78
Standard S _f 100-400 mg%	84		20		19	4	9	49	6	12		17	34	27	49	30	30	43
A.I.	72		35		34	23	35	56	38	36		37	43	68	76	79	68	69
Weight, lbs.	130		--		129	119	119	113	111	114			115	125	130	134	134	132
Basal BP mm Hg	120 70	120 78*	110 60	118 83*	120 60	128 79*	129 80*	140 79*	127 71*	108 65*			109 68*	116 68	120 60	130 72	134 70	120 78
Basal pulse rate		89*	92	99*	102	102*	99*	99*	89*	88*			85*	86	92	80	84	80

* Mean of 2 or more measurements made at 2-3 day intervals

Group A Case 3

TABLE I - (Contd. . .)

FG 33 yr. Male Schizophrenic PBI = 5.7 µg	Mean of all samples on 10 gr/day of thyroid	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/16	1/26
Date		8/8 9/13 9/20 9/22 9/27 10/2 10/12 10/23 11/3 11/13 11/24					
Thyroid gr/day	0 3.5 7 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				0 0 0 0 0 0		
Cholesterol mg%	225 167 164 204 144 162 154 148	163	198 208 210 215 213 210				
Standard S _f 0-12 mg%	371 260 231 225 233 217 232 240	230	293 344 326 354 450 347				
Standard S _f 12-20 mg%	68 29 31 36 43 36 24 47	36	43 29 26 43 47 40				
Standard S _f 20-100 mg%	54 63 78 107 70 90 94 77	86	76 95 62 60 74 76				
Standard S _f 100-400 mg%	39 54 27 35 27 54 26 32	34	25 48 46 16 36 34				
A.I.	65 52 47 54 48 53 48 51	50	55 65 56 53 72 61				
Weight, lbs.	166 -- 160 159 164 159 158 157	151	157 158 157 156 158				
Basal BP mm Hg	118 93 98 94 98 99 97 98 99 94 78 57* 58* 50* 59* 57* 50* 46* 50* 34*	106 32*	100 30 104 60 100 50 98 40 104 60				
Basal pulse rate	59* 64* 64* 69* 75* 81* 79* 80* 83*	86*	88 78 78 80 78				

* Mean of 2 or more measurements made at 2-3 day intervals.

Group A Case 4

TABLE I - (Contd...)

CE 37 yr. Male Schizophrenic PBI = 6.1 µg

Date	8/3	9/13	9/20	9/22	9/27	10/2	10/12	10/23	11/3	11/13	11/24	Mean of all samples on 10 gr/day of thyroid	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/16	1/26
Thyroid gr/day	0	3.5	7	7	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cholesterol mg%	201		170		148	124	136	155	130	146		140	190	275	260	205	250	200
Standard S _f 0-12 mg%	249		229		199	172	225	222	211	186		203	280	365	422	315	479	363
Standard S _f 12-20 mg%	57		24		24	19	27	27	31	17		24	29	42	63	32	63	49
Standard S _f 20-100 mg%	83		75		62	57	60	81	70	53		64	83	77	86	61	94	94
Standard S _f 100-400 mg%	50		29		56	6	12	29	6	22		22	36	34	75	26	52	38
A.I.	58		45		45	32	40	46	40	35		40	54	63	81	52	84	68
Weight, lbs.	168		--		175	170	163	166	166	161		173	170	180	183	186	191	
Basal BP mm Hg	100 60	130 75*	120 80	119 64*	128 70*	130 65*	123 68*	122 60*	128 72*	119 57*		125 70*	128 68	120 74	140 80	--	108 70	
Basal pulse rate		69*	62	80*	80*	88*	89*	79*	86*	79*		73*	78	78	80	--	78	

* Mean of 2 or more measurements made at 2-3 day intervals

Group A Case 5

TABLE I - (Contd...)

LH	29 yr. Male	Schizophrenic	PBI = 6.5 µg											Mean of all samples on 10 gr/day of thyroid						
Date	8/3	9/13	9/20	9/22	9/27	10/2	10/12	10/23	11/3	11/13	11/24		12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/16	1/26		
Thyroid gr/day	0	3.5	7	7	10	10	10	10	10	10	10		0	0	0	0	0	0		
Cholesterol mg%	199			148		138	107	110	--	128	138		124	190	257	257	275	266	260	
Standard S _f 0-12 mg%	241			258		224	146	177	228	201	177		192	233	528	404	394	553	390	
Standard S _f 12-20 mg%	73			21		21	20	12	38	24	20		23	27	64	42	55	80	43	
Standard S _f 20-100 mg%	42			29		62	47	31	85	46	29		50	40	42	39	30	59	61	
Standard S _f 100-400 mg%	10			4		14	16	17	36	22	7		19	11	29	15	10	29	6	
A. I.	46			35		39	29	28	51	36	28		35	37	76	57	56	85	58	
Weight, lbs.	125			---		131	126	122	122	121	119		118	122	122	132	131	126		
Basal BP mm Hg	108 70		103 71*	90 56	106 75*	103 54*	106 66*	99 57*	94 45*	105 65*	102 63*		120 68	120 76	110 80	112 70	118 70	94 70		
Basal pulse rate				85*	88	92*	92*	97*	91*	93*	92*		120	84	92	88	88	88		

* Mean of 2 or more measurements made at 2-3 day intervals

Group A Case 6

TABLE I - (Contd...)

SR 26 yr. Male Schizophrenic PBI = 5.4 µg

Date	8/1	9/13	9/20	9/22	9/27	10/2	10/12	10/23	11/3	11/13	11/24	Mean of all samples on 10 gr/day of thyroid	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/16	1/26
Thyroid gr/day	0	3.5	7	7	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cholesterol mg%	388		450		318	218	198	185	216	216		225	307	388	330	408	353	318
Standard S _f 0-12 mg%	467		477		286	248	245	220	240	237		246	401	371	436	443	495	385
Standard S _f 12-20 mg%	178		115		74	74	60	78	63	57		68	92	92	114	120	204	101
Standard S _f 20-100 mg%	318		176		118	104	103	81	104	80		98	96	82	98	120	116	74
Standard S _f 100-400 mg%	86		56		33	49	62	18	39	18		37	31	34	41	36	13	16
A.I.	149		108		68	65	64	53	60	51		60	78	74	88	93	108	72
Weight, lbs.	153		---		151	146	142	142	140	136		141	142	146	142	145	144	
Basal BP mm Hg	110	108	110	102	104	111	104	99	110	107		115	98	120	118	124	104	
Basal pulse rate		59*	68	62*	70*	71*	72*	72*	73*	68*		30*	35	70	64	80	58	
* Mean of 2 or more measurements made at 2-3 day intervals												80*	68	88	80	88	68	

Group A Case 7

TABLE I (Contd...)

OD 46 yr. Male

Schizophrenic PBI = 6.6 µg

Mean of all
samples on
10 gr/day
of thyroid

Date	8/3	9/13	9/20	9/22	9/27	10/2	10/12	10/23	11/3	11/13	11/24	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/15	1/26	
Thyroid gr/day	0	3.5	7	7	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cholesterol mg %	279			199		176	132	157	182	177	240	177	290	336	305	240	290	278
Standard S _f 0-12 mg %	412			261		180	179	223	273	252	341	241	470	522	431	406	347	426
Standard S _f 12-20 mg %	123			41		46	49	49	58	52	66	53	119	144	101	102	123	103
Standard S _f 20-100 mg %	170			105		97	94	101	166	112	86	109	224	134	131	130	130	148
Standard S _f 100-400 mg %	170			52		32	30	33	45	70	52	44	99	104	73	69	83	76
A.I.	122			61		49	48	54	74	66	70	60	124	119	96	93	94	100
Weight, lbs.	131		--		137	131	121	123	120	124			130	129	129	138	136	142
Basal BP mm Hg	150 70	109 61*	112 70	113 64*	110 55**	115 63*	115 61*	107 59*	114 61*	111 53*			114 54*	108 40	118 60	104 60	110 64	110 60
Basal Pulse rate		69*	76	82*	86*	98*	97*	90*	87*	78*			86*	84	78	78	74	74

* Mean of 2 or more measurements made at 2-3 day intervals

Group A Case 8		TABLE I - (Contd...)										Mean of all samples on 10 gr/day of thyroid							
EF	38 yr. Male Schizophrenic PBI=9.3 µg	8/3	9/13	9/20	9/22	9/27	10/2	10/12	10/23	11/3	11/13	11/24	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/16	1/26	
Date																			
Thyroid gr/day		0	3.5	7	7	10	10	10	10	10	10	10		0	0	0	0	0	
Cholesterol mg%		286		210		195	175	193	205	221	185		196	240	283	283	253	254	234
Standard S _f 0-12 mg%		374		305		338	286	423	278	411	302		340	464	516	497	444	473	420
Standard S _f 12-20 mg%		116		40		54	38	70	55	84	43		57	67	146	81	136	47	69
Standard S _f 20-100 mg%		117		85		114	80	123	71	132	84		101	141	97	67	74	54	86
Standard S _f 100-400 mg%		63		57		34	23	32	12	32	27		27	101	27	36	24	9	47
A.I.		89		62		69	53	82	52	85	57		66	100	99	82	85	67	77
Weight, lbs		161		--		163	154	154	148	147	142			144	140	146	146	142	126
Basal BP mm Hg		120 70		123 73*	128 70	132 78*	121 69*	126 74*	112 55*	115 60*	113 63*	116 47*		--	122 68	125 42	122 64	125 78	118 68
Basal pulse rate				75*	88	87*	92*	97*	93*	93*	85*	95*		--	78	78	84	84	88

* Mean of 2 or more measurements made at 2-3 day intervals

Group A Case 9		TABLE I - (Contd. . .)										Mean of all samples on 10 gr/day of thyroid																		
CC	36 yr. Male	Schizophrenic PBI = 6.4 µg											Date	8/8	9/13	9/20	9/22	9/27	10/2	10/12	10/23	11/3	11/13	11/24	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/16	1/26
Thyroid gr/day	0	3.5	7	7	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Cholesterol mg%	267		204		192	186	152	193	--	192		183		213	298	244	278	271	287											
Standard S _f 0-12 mg%	355		316		--	213	196	211	265	--		221		282	461	362	477	390	403											
Standard S _f 12-20 mg%	92		40		--	43	49	31	40	--		41		31	56	29	45	47	58											
Standard S _f 20-100 mg%	96		77		--	90	67	81	48	--		72		58	84	63	56	73	94											
Standard S _f 100-400 mg%	51		35		--	25	14	31	11	--		20		25	25	15	29	27	29											
A.I.	77		58		--	49	42	46	44	--		45		48	75	55	71	66	72											
Weight, lbs.	140		--		140	138	133	133	130	129				136	132	138	140	139	139											
Basal BP mm Hg	118	105	98	99	106	107	120	119	115	115				112	110	90	114	112	112											
Basal pulse rate			67*	68	79*	84*	92*	95*	93*	93*	89*			88*	76	78	76	75	80											

*Mean of 2 or more measurements made at 2-3 day intervals

Group A Case 10

TABLE I - (Contd...)

LB 29 yr. Male Schizophrenic PBI=6.5 μ g

Date	8/1	9/13	9/20	9/22	9/27	10/2	10/12	10/23	11/3	11/13	11/24	10 gr/day of thyroid	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/16	1/26
Thyroid gr/day	0	3.5	7	7	10	10	10	10	10	10	10		0	0	0	0	0	0
Cholesterol mg%	219		217		190	153	153	167	167	172		167	188	243	228	207	208	212
Standard S_f 0-12 mg%	364		283		290	229	254	231	272	331		268	311	405	359	395	367	332
Standard S_f 12-20 mg%	77		57		52	40	46	47	43	60		48	56	67	64	76	54	62
Standard S_f 20-100 mg%	89		75		99	104	112	110	129	110		111	146	114	102	98	65	69
Standard S_f 100-400 mg%	68		66		54	93	47	94	85	63		73	60	107	110	48	31	18
A.I.	77		63		65	64	61	67	72	74		67	87	91	84	78	63	59
Weight, lbs.	243				251	243	239	237	233	234			235	234	239	236	235	233
Basal BP mm Hg	100	103	102	105	101	111	108	106	114	104			102	105	132	120	--	180
Basal pulse rate		67*	62	56*	55*	60*	54*	55*	45*	36*			25*	40	50	60	--	70
*Mean of 2 or more measurements at 2-3 day intervals																		
													84*	92	88	80	--	88

*Mean of 2 or more measurements at 2-3 day intervals

Group A Case 11

TABLE I - (Contd. . .)

SGC 41 yr. Male Schizophrenic PBI = 7.8 µg

Date	8/3	9/3	9/20	9/22	9/27	10/2	10/12	10/23	11/3	11/13	11/24	Mean of all samples on 10 gr/day of thyroid	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/6	1/26
Thyroid gr/day	0	3.5	7	7	10	10	10	10	10	10	10		0	0	0	0	0	0
Cholesterol mg%	257		169		169	139	150	212	144	167		164	246	315	288	222	210	276
Standard S _f 0-12 mg%	365		282		154	178	215	193	252	213		201	325	391	370	452	468	448
Standard S _f 12-20 mg%	45		31		23	18	23	34	45	24		28	40	35	51	43	52	123
Standard S _f 20-100 mg%	73		60		33	44	16	43	63	46		41	69	78	79	74	83	108
Standard S _f 100-400 mg%	32		29		13	22	4	18	42	37		23	16	23	30	34	25	47
A.I.	63		49		27	33	29	36	51	40		36	54	63	65	72	75	93
Weight, lbs.	120	--		126	121	112	113	108	106				116	123	119	124	130	130
Basal BP mm Hg	110	107	100	107	108	108	115	123	121	117			107	105	102	88	126	108
Basal pulse rate		51*	60	65	60*	67*	59*	71*	46*	42*			52*	45	60	54	68	68
	75*	80	88	96*	96*	92*	89*	90*	83*				90*	84	80	84	80	80

*Mean of 2 or more measurements made at 2-3 day intervals

Group B Case 1

TABLE II

MK 32 yr. Male Schizophrenic PBI = 6.0 µg

Date	8/3	9/13	9/20	9/22	9/26	10/2	10/12	10/23	11/2	11/13	11/24	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/16	1/26
Thyroid gr/day	0	3.5	7	7	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cholesterol mg%	238			161		181	177	211	227	216	197	215	228	204	213	227	218
Standard S_f 0-12 mg%	256			199		236	246	303	246	370	--	298	353	329	334	--	338
Standard S_f 12-20 mg%	112			21		18	16	23	22	40	--	22	24	21	18	--	31
Standard S_f 20-100 mg%	86			53		37	35	39	52	58	--	47	42	36	11	--	40
Standard S_f 100-400 mg%	40			14		22	11	8	40	13	--	22	15	6	4	--	13
A.I.	67			35		37	35	43	45	56	--	46	49	44	39	--	49
Weight, lbs.	132			--	--	132	141	--	--	133	131	133	129	--	121	128	
Basal BP mm Hg	120 60			--	--	130 70	123 71*	118 72*	123 63*	114 60*	117 45*	122 62*	160 95	128 80	--	128 80	124 80
Basal pulse rate		--	--	80	87*	96*	84*	74*	82*	93*	100	100	--	120	100		

*Mean of 2 or more measurements at 2-3 day intervals

1964 UCRLL-2314

Group B Case 2

TABLE II - (Contd...)

JG 34 yr. Male Schizophrenic PBI = 5.7 µg

Date	8/3	9/13	9/20	9/22	9/26	10/2	10/12	10/13	10/23	11/2	11/13	11/24	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/16	1/26
Thyroid gr/day	0	3.5	7	7	10	10	10	7	7	7	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cholesterol mg%	144			110		111	103		109	112	120	118	128	153	178	130	204	163
Standard S _f 0-12 mg%	200			153		166	139		195	181	155	160	186	239	288	330	410	287
Standard S _f 12-20 mg%	42			28		36	23		29	40	33	25	40	19	26	25	36	29
Standard S _f 20-100 mg%	71			51		82	66		66	49	47	56	52	66	82	50	81	60
Standard S _f 100-400 mg%	53			22		32	26		38	7	6	10	27	13	45	35	25	36
A.I.	49			33		43	34		43	35	31	32	39	41	56	52	66	51
Weight, lbs.	134		--		132	125		120	--	110	108	106	114	111	120	118	117	
Basal BP mm Hg	110 70	-	110 68*	106 46	106 60	116 63*	114 62*		114 67*	107 46*	111 56*	110 44*	112 58	108 40	120 45	108 62	104 55	110 70
Basal pulse rate			77*	88	84	88*	92*		93*	91*	92*	84*	118	82	100	92	72	100

*Mean of 2 or more measurements made at 2-3 day intervals.

Group B Case 3

TABLE II - (Contd...)

MD 22 yr. Male Schizophrenic PBI = 6.7 µg

Date	8/8	9/13	9/20	9/22	9/26	10/2	10/11	10/12	10/23	11/3	11/13	11/16	11/24	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/16	1/26
Thyroid gr/day	0	3.5	7	7	10	10	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cholesterol mg%	261			165		153		113	158	173	187		216	257	292	275	250	234	212
Standard S _f 0-12 mg%	300			220		191		136	223	214	243		320	426	417	412	442	383	298
Standard S _f 12-20 mg%	99			26		47		27	45	40	41		30	67	60	84	99	101	49
Standard S _f 20-100 mg%	128			61		82		48	67	86	58		56	101	65	80	72	85	105
Standard S _f 100-400 mg%	74			22		27		23	19	14	11		29	34	34	57	33	34	38
A.I.	83			41		46		31	45	46	44		52	78	70	80	80	77	63
Weight, lbs.	140							130				124							
Basal BP mm Hg	100			60															
Basal pulse rate																			

Group B Case 4

TABLE II - (Contd. . .)

AS 33 yr. Male Schizophrenic PBI = 6.2 µg

Date	8/1	9/13	9/20	9/22	9/28	10/2	10/12	10/23	11/2	11/13	11/24	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/16	1/26
Thyroid gr/day	0	3.5	7	7	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cholesterol mg%	316		260		307	283	302	262	271	280	328	385	372	334	338	320	
Standard S_f^{0-12} mg%	304		559		430	310	479	360	408	425	544	436	548	551	560	542	
Standard S_f^{12-20} mg%	67		84		103	49	128	82	107	65	121	95	105	110	116	112	
Standard S_f^{20-100} mg%	87		104		129	97	128	118	125	98	168	127	81	96	103	146	
Standard $S_f^{100-400}$ mg%	62		98		107	94	148	163	116	96	134	129	91	81	108	164	
A.I.	68		106		102	73	119	100	102	88	128	105	103	105	113	128	
Weight, lbs.	216					220				202							
Basal BP mm Hg	150																
Basal pulse rate																	

Group B Case 5

TABLE II - (Contd. . .)

DC 31 yr. Male Schizophrenic PBI = 8.4 µg

Date	8/8	9/13	9/20	9/22	9/26	10/2	10/12	10/13	10/23	11/3	11/13	11/22	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/16	1/26
Thyroid gr/day	0	3.5	7	7	10	10	10	7	7	7	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cholesterol mg%	336			170		201	195		187	212	206		295	356	--	275	254	254
Standard S _f 0-12 mg%	483			204		282	260		255	255	273		500	475	--	462	352	403
Standard S _f 12-20 mg%	149			45		97	72		80	60	89		87	175	--	108	69	58
Standard S _f 20-100 mg%	157			69		125	132		157	81	95		116	152	--	132	69	34
Standard S _f 100-400 mg%	65			40		53	41		57	16	32		58	103	--	33	11	20
A.I.	113			47		76	69		77	53	65		96	123	--	94	61	60
Weight, lbs.	196		---		196	190		188	188	185	185	190	187	--	188	190	190	
Basal BP mm Hg	130 80	114 55*	112 60	115 60	120 46*	118 42*		131 57*	118 30*	125 46*	127 23*	106 58	118 46	--	124 70	145 72	128 80	
Basal pulse rate		76*	72	80	84*	93*		93*	82*	89*	92*	76	80	--	72	76	78	

* Mean of 2 or more measurements made at 2-3 day intervals.

Group B Case 6

TABLE II - (Contd...)

TB 19 yr. Male Schizophrenic

Date	8/8	9/13	9/20	9/22	9/26	10/2	10/12	10/14	10/23	11/3	11/13	11/24	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/16
Thyroid gr/day	0	3.5	7	7	10	10	10	7	7	7	7	7	0	0	0	0	0
Cholesterol mg%	187			141		119	115		127	163	163	148	178	215	200	172	198
Standard S_f^{0-12} mg%	358			219		189	143		201	204	287	275	276	428	304	---	340
Standard S_f^{12-20} mg%	107			48		47	36		25	44	48	36	56	68	68	---	49
Standard S_f^{20-100} mg%	89			59		46	30		32	62	67	74	78	74	56	---	29
Standard $S_f^{100-400}$ mg %	20			26		12	9		13	8	15	21	25	25	39	---	9
A.I	74			45		37	27		32	40	51	50	55	72	59	---	49
Weight, lbs.	143			---		136	132		136	137	138	136	140	138	141	142	139
Basal BP mm Hg	112	114	104	100	113	105		104	101	106		97	105	100	115	100	100
	80	64*	48	40	53*	62*		62*	59*	69*		45*	64*	62	60	52	70
Basal pulse rate		83*	82	82	87*	87*		86*	86*	85*		84*	82*	84	72	72	80

* Mean of 2 or more measurements made at 2-3 day intervals.

Group B Case 7

TABLE II - (Contd...)

CB 49 yr. Male Schizophrenic PBI = 8.0 µg

Date	8/8	9/13	9/20	9/22	9/26	10/2	10/4	10/12	10/23	11/2	11/13	11/24	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/16	1/26
Thyroid gr/day	0	3.5	7	7	10	10	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	0	0	0	0	0	
Cholesterol mg%	318			242		206		201	215	234	237	221	253	278	303	298	292	320
Standard S _f 0-12 mg%	420			289		353		304	408	403	416	352	457	504	471	---	569	507
Standard S _f 12-20 mg%	104			44		64		51	72	95	94	48	60	87	147	---	65	88
Standard S _f 20-100 mg%	114			58		94		89	101	108	99	65	72	66	114	---	52	56
Standard S _f 100-400 mg%	58			32		38		27	36	51	38	14	18	10	48	---	22	19
A, I	90			52		70		60	77	85	82	57	72	79	101	---	81	79
Weight, lbs.	202			---	191		187	184	185	180		181	186	186	185	186	183	185
Basal BP mm Hg	136 96	115 57*	115 60	112 65	118 72*	132 42	117 65*	109 59*	113 63*	105 62*		105 60*	101 59*	100 50	125 50	110 68	130 70	100 60
Basal pulse rate		65*	84	80	85*	88	84*	78*	73*	79*		79*	78*	70	80	76	78	74

* Mean of 2 or more measurements made at 2-3 day intervals.

Group B Case 8

TABLE II - (Contd...)

WDM 27 yr. Male Schizophrenic PBI = 6.2 µg

Date	8/8	9/13	9/20	9/22	9/26	10/2	10/5	10/12	10/23	11/2	11/3	11/24	12/4	12/14	12/26	1/5	1/16	1/26
Thyroid gr/day	0	3.5	7	7	10	10	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cholesterol mg%	176			123	---		103	124	144	150		153	183	223	198	163	210	227
Standard S_f^{0-12} mg%	249			160		80	155	147	181	198		164	253	308	291	255	316	358
Standard S_f^{12-20} mg%	42			26		19	32	14	27	23		28	52	38	24	20	27	43
Standard S_f^{20-100} mg%	55			86		46	63	42	74	38		50	63	74	35	58	69	38
Standard $S_f^{100-400}$ mg%	10			30		12	23	15	27	21		15	40	38	22	22	27	22
A.I.	44			41		21	36	27	41	34		33	52	57	43	43	53	54
Weight, lbs.	114			---		108	102	96	101	111		111	124	120	121	121	119	122
Basal BP mm Hg	110 70	100 55*	115 68	98 58	109 47*	109 54*	113 60*	102 59*	111 64*	113 54*		102 46*	105 60*	110 40	110 70	130 78	110 78	148 80
Basal pulse rate		65*	84	76	79*	84	78*	65*	64*	72*		75*	78*	80	84	88	88	88

* Mean of 2 or more measurements made at 2-3 day intervals.

Group C Case 1

TABLE III

FG 25 yr. Male Normal PBI = 6.3 µg

Date	5/4	5/7	5/7	5/11	5/14	5/18	5/21	5/25	6/2	6/8
Thyroid gr/day	0	0	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	0
Cholesterol mg%	173	179		163	146	123	125	136	163	162
Standard S_f 0-12 mg%	215	213		188	175	159	164	193	233	242
Standard S_f 12-20 mg%	31	34		47	31	38	31	36	38	60
Standard S_f 20-100 mg%	90	38		63	63	36	60	81	43	103
Standard S_f 100-400 mg%	18	11		22	27	13	7	31	2	43
A.I.	46	36		42	39	31	34	45	38	60
Weight, lbs.	157	156		156	156	156	154	155	---	156
Basal BP mm Hg	130 80	120 75		140 80	132 78	128 66	120 75	126 82	114 74	
Basal pulse rate	86	72		94	72	88	80	96	80	

Group C Case 2

TABLE III - (Contd. . .)

BS 29 yr. Female Normal PBI = 6.7 µg

Date	5/4	5/7	5/7	5/11	5/14	5/18	5/21	5/25	5/28	6/1	6/8	6/15	6/25
Thyroid gr/day	0	0	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0
Cholesterol mg%	236	249		240	212	218	182	173	193	187	237	233	233
Standard S_f 0-12 mg%	345	358		334	269	291	291	287	298	316	356	361	327
Standard S_f 12-20 mg%	54	72		47	29	54	34	40	38	43	99	141	54
Standard S_f 20-100 mg%	25	45		16	22	47	11	16	38	34	20	60	49
Standard S_f 100-400 mg%	9	13		4	13	13	2	4	7	11	4	20	18
A.I.	50	59		45	38	49	37	39	44	47	57	75	54
Weight, lbs.	126	126		126	124	125	123	125	123	126	125		
Basal BP mm Hg	105 88	115 72		112 70	118 62	108 56	105 60	100 60	104 58	112 60			
Basal pulse rate	88	78		70	72	68	88	70	70	106			

Group C Case 3

TABLE III - (Contd. . .)

DP 34 yr. Female Normal PBI = 6.2 μ g

Date	5/4	5/7	5/7	5/11	5/14	5/18	5/21	5/25	6/1	6/8	6/15	6/22	6/30
Thyroid gr/day	0	0	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cholesterol mg%	153	154		132	146	118	123	132	147	115	140	160	---
Standard S_f 0-12 mg%	213	235		190	175	168	175	224	231	217	220	224	226
Standard S_f 12-20 mg%	20	27		18	18	20	27	25	16	16	25	29	29
Standard S_f 20-100 mg%	18	22		22	36	22	54	27	27	38	29	40	40
Standard S_f 100-400 mg%	4	4		9	13	9	16	7	2	7	13	18	13
A.I.	29	33		28	29	26	34	33	31	32	34	38	37
Weight, lbs.	174	172		173	173	173	170	172	173	---	---	176	
Basal BP mm Hg	110 70	110 70		130 80	115 72	120 68	100 75	110 72	112 72				
Basal pulse rate	70	66		78	79	90	78	68	70				

Group C Case 4

TABLE III - (Contd...)

AT 26 yr. Male Normal PBI = 6.2 µg

Date	5/4	5/7	5/7	5/11	5/14	5/18	5/21	5/25	6/1	6/8	6/17	6/30
Thyroid gr/day	0	0	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0
Cholesterol mg%	135	137		126	112	106	102	119	127	137	135	---
Standard S_f 0-12 mg%	172	186		132	132	134	137	155	166	186	208	159
Standard S_f 12-20 mg%	58	18		34	31	36	27	18	40	47	49	43
Standard S_f 20-100 mg%	47	29		63	36	72	34	43	74	36	45	69
Standard S_f 100-400 mg%	4	11		20	11	29	9	4	11	2	20	40
A.I.	36	29		34	29	37	26	27	38	33	41	43
Weight, lbs.	163	165		163	164	163	164	165	165	164	---	
Basal BP mm Hg	115 65	120 75		130 80	142 68	130 68	110 73	124 74	126 62			
Basal pulse rate	90	69		74	79	98	78	98	80			

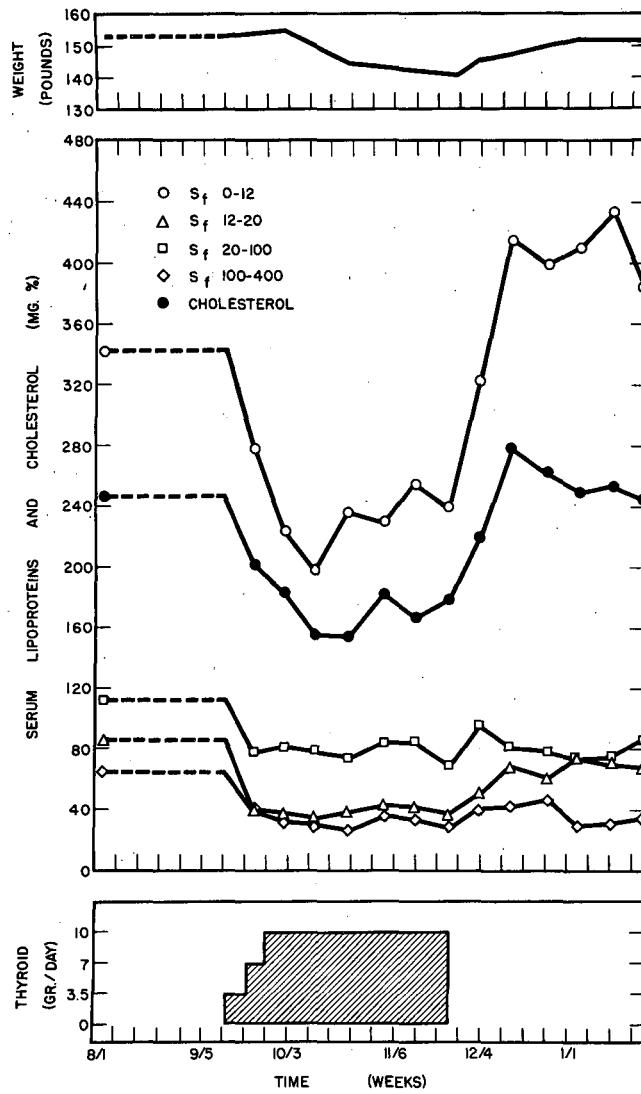


Figure 1

Weight, Standard S_f 0-12, Standard S_f 12-20, Standard S_f 20-100, Standard S_f 100-400 lipoproteins and Cholesterol curves are plotted for Group A Patients (those who completed the full course of thyroid administration).

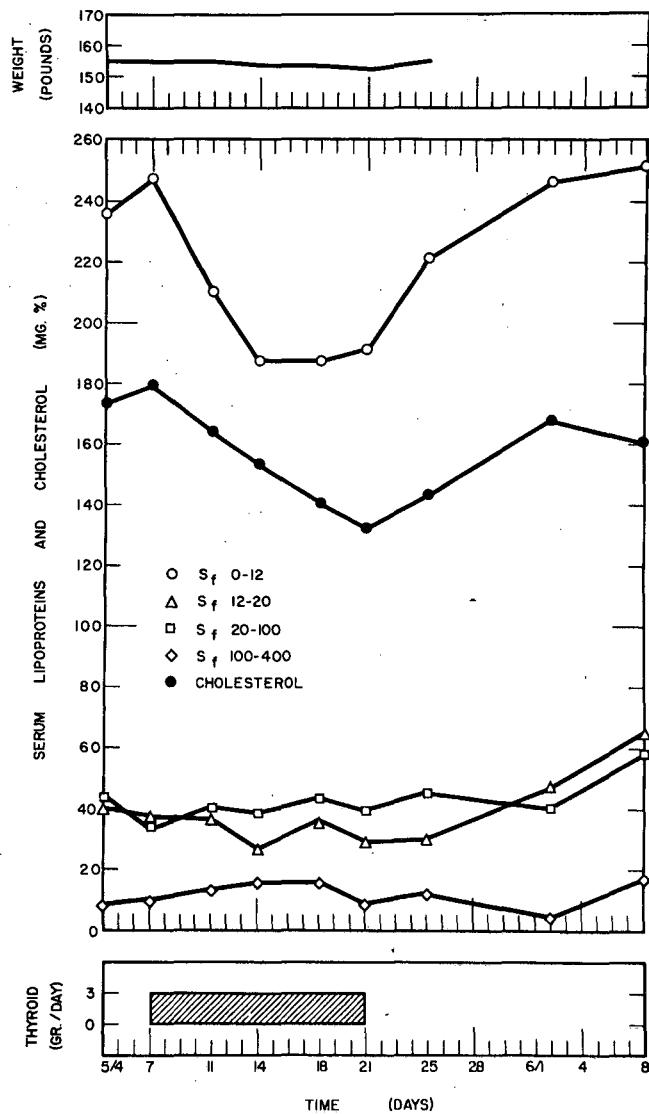


Figure 2

Weight, Standard S_f 0-12, Standard S_f 12-20, Standard S_f 20-100, Standard S_f 100-400 lipoproteins and Cholesterol curves are plotted for the individuals in Group C.

Results

In Group A, the mean serum cholesterol level, mean Standard S_f^{0-12} and mean Standard S_f^{12-20} all fell significantly ($p < 0.01$ in each case) during the period of thyroid administration, and then all three means rose significantly ($p < 0.01$ in each case) when the exogenous thyroid was withdrawn. Further, every individual patient showed a drop in each of these three measures when on thyroid extract. The responses in the Standard S_f^{20-400} (Standard S_f^{20-100} plus Standard $S_f^{100-400}$) lipoproteins were not as uniform. The change in Standard S_f^{20-400} lipoprotein level on thyroid extract is of borderline significance (p approximately 0.05). Eight of the eleven cases showed apparent decreases in Standard S_f^{20-400} level on thyroid administration.

It may be noted in Fig. 1 that there was a mean weight loss in the Group A patients amounting to twelve pounds for the entire eleven-week period on thyroid extract, or, approximately one pound weight loss per week. Every individual patient showed a decrease in body weight during thyroid administration. The mean weight of the group returned to the original mean weight within six weeks after the cessation of thyroid administration.

In the additional eight schizophrenic patients (Group B) the full dose of thyroid extract (10 grains daily) was not given for the entire nine-week period because there was some indication (pulse rate increase, irritability, or excessive weight loss) that intolerance to the large dose of thyroid was being encountered. These eight patients completed the experiment on either 3-1/2 or 7 grains of thyroid extract daily. The trends in serum cholesterol levels and lipoprotein levels in this group did not differ from those observed for Group A. However in Group B the reduction of daily thyroid dosage resulted in a rise of the serum lipoprotein and cholesterol values toward the prethyroid value.

In Group C, consisting of four young normal adults, there was in every case a significant fall in serum cholesterol level and Standard S_f^{0-12} lipoprotein level evident in the two-week period on the dosage schedule of 3 grains of thyroid extract daily.

Discussion

In the group of schizophrenic patients receiving 10 grains of thyroid extract daily and in the group of normal laboratory workers receiving 3 grains of thyroid daily, it has been possible to confirm the effect of thyroid extract in depression of serum cholesterol levels. The lowering of serum cholesterol level is paralleled

by significant lowering of the Standard S_f 0-12 and Standard S_f 12-20 lipoproteins. The response in the Standard S_f 20-400 lipoproteins is less uniform and is only of borderline significance from these data. In exploring the mechanism by which exogenous thyroid extract produces such lipoprotein and cholesterol alterations the alterations in weight found in Group A patients deserve consideration. During the period of administration of 10 grains of thyroid extract this group lost, on the average, one pound of weight per week. From our own previous work¹⁷ and that of Walker et al.^{18, 19}, it is known that lipoprotein and cholesterol levels will, on the average, fall during a period of negative caloric balance (i.e. weight loss) induced by restriction of dietary caloric intake (using low-fat, low calorie diets). It is possible that part, at least, of the lipoprotein and cholesterol drops observed in the present experiment with thyroid extract is related to the concomitant negative caloric balance. If this be the case, the present data would indicate that negative caloric balance induced by the calorogenic action of thyroid extract may affect lipoprotein and cholesterol levels in a manner analogous to that observed with negative caloric balance induced by food calorie restriction. However, it is also possible that the presently observed cholesterol and lipoprotein lowering are related to some action of administered thyroid extract wholly separate from its calorogenic action. Clarification of this issue could be obtained by maintaining a group of patients on thyroid extract over a sufficiently long period of time to stabilize body weights. If the lipoprotein and cholesterol lowering is maintained in spite of a steady body weight, it would then appear that the thyroid effect is not primarily related to the negative caloric balance. Such a long-term experiment is now in progress, utilizing a daily dose of 3 grains of thyroid extract, which dose is adequate to produce significant lipoprotein lowering.

The serum lipoproteins of the Standard S_f 0-400 band are of especial interest because of evidence which has been developed showing that these lipoproteins are strongly related to human coronary atherosclerosis and clinical coronary heart disease¹⁶. In that work it was shown that the best statistical combination of the lipoprotein information is obtained as a single value, which has been designated as the atherogenic index value (A.I value). The A.I value is determined by the following equation:

$$A.I = (\text{mg percent Standard } S_f 0-12) + (1.75 \times \text{Standard } S_f 12-400)$$

To obtain A.I values from the present data, the sum of Standard S_f^{12-20} , Standard S_f^{20-100} , and Standard $S_f^{100-400}$ lipoproteins is first obtained to provide the Standard S_f^{12-400} value and then the above equation is applied. The A.I values have been calculated for all points during this experiment of thyroid administration (Table I) and the average values are plotted for Group A patients in Fig. 3. This plot demonstrates that a marked reduction in atherogenic index value is observed during the period of thyroid administration. Whether this marked reduction is maintained once the negative caloric balance disappears will be determined in the long-term experiment now in progress.

Protein-bound iodine values were within the so-called normal range (4-8 micrograms %) for all cases studied, except for one case with a value of 9.3 $\mu\text{g}\%$. Thus with this criterion no case could be regarded as demonstrating thyroid hypofunction. Yet in every case a marked effect of thyroid administration upon lipoproteins was observed. There appears to be an impression current that exogenous thyroid extract is without effect in clinically euthyroid individuals. This impression is at variance with Greer's demonstration²⁰ of the suppression of radioiodine uptake in clinically euthyroid persons produced by thyroid extract and is at variance with the results on cholesterol and lipoproteins herein reported. Possibly part of the difficulty resides in the fact that there is considerable disagreement as to criteria for optimal thyroid function. Clinical features, caloric expenditure, radioiodine uptake, protein-bound iodine level, and cholesterol level have all been considered as criteria. In frank myxedema or overt hyperthyroidism the diagnosis is generally not contested. However between these extremes exists a region where the criteria for adequacy of thyroid function are at best equivocal. Hurxthal suggested that hypercholesterolemia, when not explainable on any other basis, may be considered as possibly of thyroid origin, and is a rational indication for thyroid administration.⁴ In the present study it is shown that exogenous thyroid extract is capable of reducing cholesterol and lipoprotein levels over a wide range of initial values of both measures. Further in Table IV it is demonstrated for the Group A and Group B patients that thyroid produces significantly greater reduction in cholesterol and Standard S_f^{0-20} lipoproteins, as measured in milligrams percent reduction, in individuals starting with high cholesterol and lipoprotein levels than in those patients with initially low values. The question may be raised as to the existence of optimal thyroid function in a person with elevated lipoprotein levels and who responds to thyroid administration with a lowering in level.²¹ From the point of view of development of atherosclerosis,

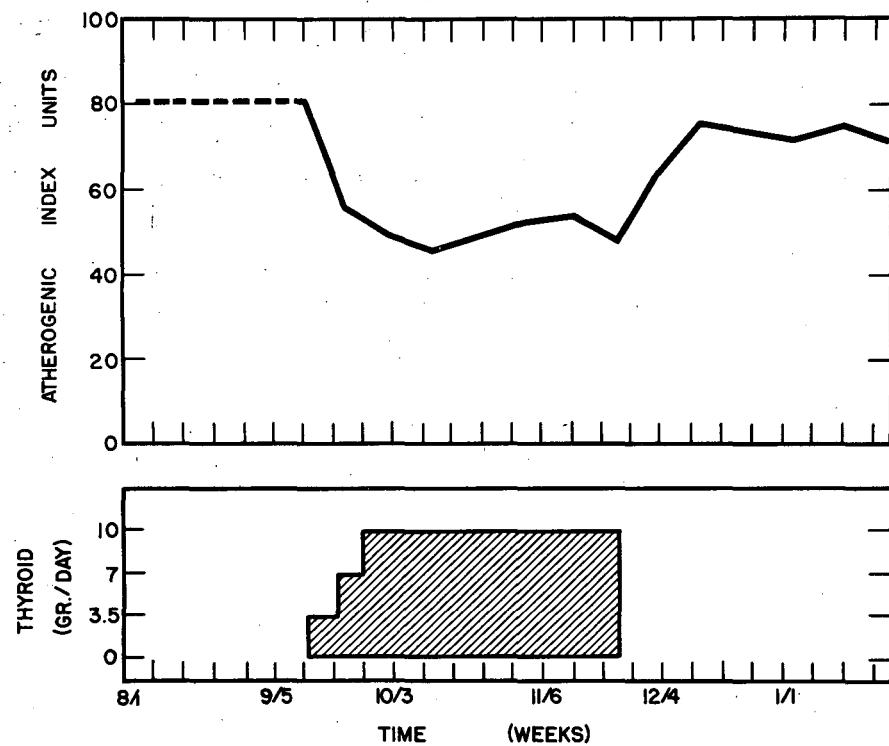


Figure 3
Atherogenic Index values are plotted for Group A Patients.

TABLE IV

Correlations of Thyroid-Induced Drop in Serum Cholesterol and Standard S_f 0-20 Lipoprotein Levels with Initial Levels

(a) For Serum Cholesterol

Correlation coefficient (Pearson r) = + 0.70

95% Confidence limits; 0.44 r 0.96

99% Confidence limits; 0.36 r 1.0

(b) For Standard S_f 0-20 Lipoproteins

Correlation coefficient (Pearson r) = + 0.72

95% Confidence limits; 0.48 r 0.96

99% Confidence limits; 0.41 r 1.0

In this calculation, comparison was made for the sixteen group A and Group B patients who received the full 10-grain dose for at least one week of the experimental period. The drop in levels was measured either as milligrams percent cholesterol or lipoproteins, comparing initial values with those obtained in the first blood sampling in each case after institution of 10 grains of thyroid.

we would not regard elevated lipoprotein levels as optimal. On this basis individuals in this study who had initially elevated lipoprotein levels and whose levels dropped during thyroid administration may possibly have actually been hypothyroid with respect to the lipid metabolic function of the thyroid. Inasmuch as there has been no clearcut demonstration that all functions influenced by the thyroid need parallel each other, apparent clinical euthyroidism or protein-bound iodine levels within a so-called normal range could still be consistent with thyroid inadequacy with respect to serum lipid regulation. If, ultimately, one regards thyroid function as inadequate in an individual with elevated lipoprotein levels and who responds to thyroid extract by a lowering of these lipoproteins, it would be of primary interest to determine the basis for such inadequacy. The administration of thyroid extract in all likelihood would in many cases suppress thyroid function in ostensibly euthyroid individuals, as Greer has shown. The probable reason for the observed lipoprotein and cholesterol reduction is that in spite of decreased output of thyroid hormone, there is still available from the exogenous supply enough hormone to provide a greater than usual circulating hormone level. A more fundamental approach would be directed toward the basis for the thyroid inadequacy. Such simple possibilities as a relative lack of precursors in the synthesis of thyroid hormone deserve investigation. Current estimates of daily iodine requirements, for example, are based upon the crude criterion of an intake estimated to be adequate for the prevention of palpable goiter formation. Whether such an amount is sufficient to provide for optimal thyroid function has not been adequately demonstrated. Iodide administration is currently being studied in a fraction of the individuals we have shown to respond to thyroid extract by lipoprotein and cholesterol lowering. Other possible precursor deficiencies may be considered, or alternatively consideration may need to be given to an inadequacy in the thyroid gland itself. On the other hand, the observed findings with thyroid extract may represent a pharmacologic effect, unrelated to any real inadequacy of thyroid function. Further investigations of the mechanism of the lipoprotein and cholesterol lowering in apparently euthyroid individuals should help answer some of these questions.

Summary

- 1) The administration of thyroid extract in doses of 10 grains daily resulted uniformly in significant lowering of serum cholesterol, Standard S_f 0-12 lipoproteins, and Standard S_f 12-20 lipoproteins in nineteen schizophrenic patients. Lowering of serum cholesterol and Standard S_f 0-12 lipoproteins was observed in all of four normals given 3 grains of thyroid daily. Responses were of borderline significance

in the lipoproteins of the Standard S_f 20-400 band.

2) Protein-bound iodine determinations were above 4 $\mu\text{g} \%$ in all cases studied, so that for this criterion, at least, thyroid hypofunction was not present in any of the subjects.

3) The lipoprotein and cholesterol lowering was accompanied by a state of negative caloric balance in these experiments.

4) The magnitude of the drop in serum cholesterol or Standard S_f 0-20 lipoproteins was positively correlated with the initial levels of both measures. The question is raised as to whether this suggests that inadequate thyroid function, at least with respect to lipid metabolism, is present in individuals with elevated lipoprotein and cholesterol values, where other overt causes for the elevation are absent.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The authors gratefully acknowledge the assistance of the Pilot Study personnel of Stockton State Hospital for administering the thyroid extract, for measuring blood pressures, pulse rates, and weights, and for drawing the blood samples. We also wish to express our appreciation for the assistance of the technical group at Donner Laboratory (including Oliver deLalla, Arthur Tamplin, Virgil Herring, David Colman) for the ultracentrifugal and cholesterol analyses.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. R. L. Mason, H. M. Hunt, and L. M. Hurxthal, Blood Cholesterol Values in Hyperthyroidism and Hypothyroidism; Their Significance. *New England J. Med.*, 203, 1273 (1930)
2. L. M. Hurxthal, Blood Cholesterol in Thyroid Disease (I), *Archives of Internal Medicine* 51, 22, (1933)
3. L. M. Hurxthal, Blood Cholesterol in Thyroid Disease (II), *Arch. Int. Med.* 52, 86, (1933)
4. L. M. Hurxthal, Blood Cholesterol in Thyroid Disease (III), *Arch. Int. Med.* 53, 762, (1934)
5. L. M. Hurxthal, Blood Cholesterol and Hypometabolism, *Arch. Int. Med.* 53, 825, (1934)
6. J. P. Peters, and Evelyn B. Man, The Interrelations of Serum Lipids in Patients with Thyroid Disease, *J. Clin. Invest.* 22, 715, (1943)
7. H. L. Blumgart, A. S. Freedberg, and G. S. Kurland, Hypercholesterolemia, Myxedema and Atherosclerosis, *Am. J. Med.* 14, 665, (1953)
8. M. Levy and E. Levy, Thyroxin Therapy of Hypercholesterolemia, *Presse Med.* 40, 240, Feb. 13, (1932)
9. C. I. Parhon, and I. Ornstein, Influence of Thyroxin on Cholesterol and Lipemia, *Compt. Rend. Soc. de biol.* 108, 303 Oct. 16, (1931)
10. A. G. Duncan, Effect of Thyroid Administration on the Blood Cholesterol, *J. Mental Sc.* 77, 332, April, (1931)
11. J. W. Gofman, F. T. Lindgren, H. Elliott, W. Mantz, J. Hewitt, B. Strisower, V. Herrying, and T. P. Lyon, The Role of Lipids and Lipoproteins in Atherosclerosis, *Science*, 111, 166, (1950)
12. F. T. Lindgren, H. A. Elliott, and J. W. Gofman, The Ultracentrifugal Characterization and Isolation of Human Blood Lipids and Lipoproteins with Applications to the Study of Atherosclerosis, *J. Phys. and Colloid Chem.* 55, 80, (1951)
13. H. B. Jones, J. W. Gofman, F. T. Lindgren, T. P. Lyon, D. M. Graham, B. Strisower, and A. V. Nichols, Lipoproteins in Atherosclerosis, *Am. J. Med.* 11, 358, (1951)
14. J. McGinley, H. Jones, and J. Gofman, Lipoproteins and Xanthomatous Diseases, *J. of Invest. Derm.* 19, 71, (1952)
15. D. Colman, An Improved Method for Determination of Total Cholesterol in Serum. To be published.

16. J. W. Gofman, B. Strisower, O. deLalla, A. Tamplin, H. B. Jones, and F. Lindgren, Index of Coronary Artery Atherogenesis, Modern Medicine, 119-140, June 15, (1953)
17. J. W. Gofman, Diet and Lipotropic Agents in Atherosclerosis, Bull. New York Acad. Med. 28, 279, (1952)
18. W. J. Walker, and J. A. Wier, Plasma Cholesterol Levels During Rapid Weight Reduction, Circulation 3, 864, (1951)
19. W. J. Walker, E. L. Lawry, D. E. Love, G. B. Mann, S. B. Levine, and F. J. Stare, Effect of Weight Reduction and Caloric Balance on Serum Lipoproteins and Cholesterol Levels, Am. J. Med. 14, 654, (1953)
20. M. A. Greer, The Effect on Endogenous Thyroid Activity of Feeding Desiccated Thyroid to Normal Human Subject, New England J. Med. 244, 385, Mar. 15, (1951)
21. P. Menof, The Thyroid Treatment of Essential Hypertension, So. African Medical Journal, 26, 967, Dec. 6, (1952)