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## Recent Work

### Title

Reactor neutrino measurement of  $\theta_{13}$

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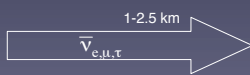
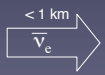
# Reactor Neutrino Measurement of $\theta_{13}$

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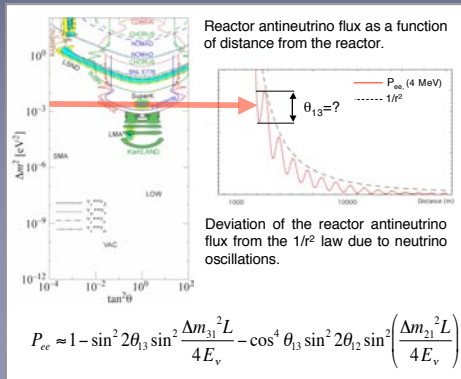
<http://theta13.lbl.gov/>

## Measuring $\theta_{13}$ at a Reactor



A novel reactor antineutrino experiment

- 2 or 3 antineutrino detectors
- variable baseline



With multiple detectors and a variable baseline a next-generation reactor neutrino experiment has the opportunity to discover subdominant neutrino oscillations associated with the atmospheric mass splitting and make a measurement of  $\theta_{13}$ .

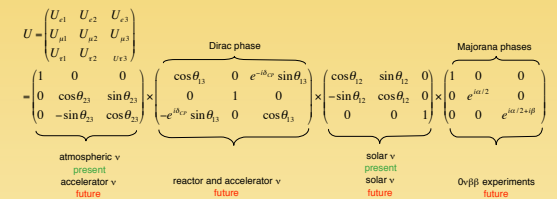
A reactor neutrino oscillation experiment

- is a disappearance experiment
- searches for deviations from  $1/r^2$  law in relative  $\bar{\nu}_e$  flux and spectral shape between detectors
- uses a baseline of  $O(1 \text{ km})$
- encounters no matter effects

## Understanding the $U_{MNS}$ Neutrino Mixing Matrix

Results of the SNO solar neutrino experiment, the KamLAND reactor antineutrino experiment, and the evidence from the Super-Kamiokande atmospheric neutrino experiment have established the massive nature of neutrinos and point to a novel phenomenon called *neutrino oscillations*. In the framework of neutrino oscillations the mass and flavor eigenstates of 3 active species are related through the  $U_{MNS}$  matrix.

### Past, Present and Future Experiments



A variety of experiments are needed to determine all elements of the neutrino mixing matrix. The angle  $\theta_{13}$  associated with the subdominant oscillation is still undetermined!

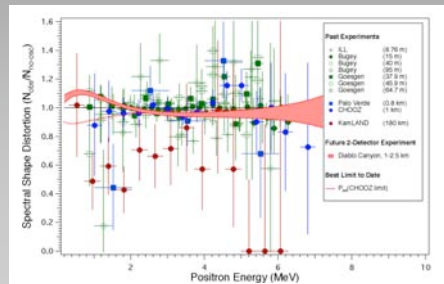
solar	$\theta_{12} = 33^\circ$	large
atmospheric	$\theta_{23} \approx 45^\circ$	maximal
Chooz, Palo Verde, SK	$\tan^2 \theta_{13} < 0.03$ at 90% CL	small ... at best

Future reactor neutrino experiments with multiple detectors have the opportunity to measure the last undetermined mixing angle  $\theta_{13}$ . Knowing  $\theta_{13}$  will be critical for establishing the feasibility of CP violation searches in the lepton sector.

## Understanding the Role of $\theta_{13}$ in Neutrino Oscillation Physics

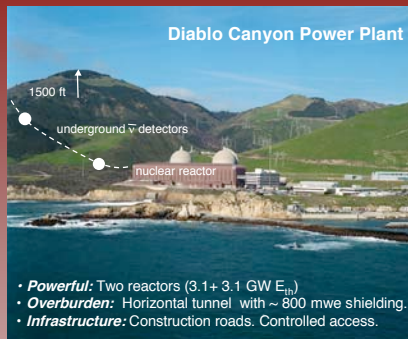
- Why are the mixing angles *large, maximal, and small*?
- Is there CP, T, or CPT violation in the lepton sector?
- Is there a connection between the lepton and the baryon sector?
- Understanding the role of neutrinos in the early Universe:
- Can leptogenesis explain the baryon asymmetry?

## Towards a Precision Reactor Neutrino Oscillation Experiment

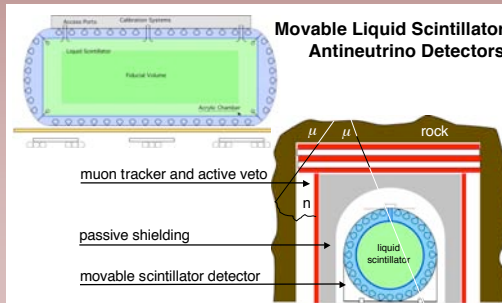


Results from past reactor neutrino experiments (statistical error) compared to the expected statistical sensitivity of a next-generation, 2-detector reactor oscillation experiment. The expected sensitivity is  $\sin^2 2\theta_{13} \sim 0.01-0.02$ .

## Diablo Canyon, California - An Ideal Site?



- **Powerful:** Two reactors (3.1 + 3.1 GW  $E_{th}$ )
- **Overburden:** Horizontal tunnel with  $\sim 800$  mwe shielding.
- **Infrastructure:** Construction roads. Controlled access.



Modular and movable detectors with a volume of  $\sim 100$  tons combined with an active muon veto allow a precision measurement of  $\theta_{13}$ . A variable baseline is critical for controlling systematics and demonstrating the subdominant oscillation effect associated with  $\theta_{13}$ .