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Title

Ein Körnchen Sands

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Andrea Sordano

Ein Körnchen Sands

per mezzo-soprano, violoncello e pianoforte.

THE POEM

Stein, aus dem ich dich schnitzt,
als die Nacht ihre Wälder verheerte:
ich schnitzt dich als Baum
und hüllt dich ins Braun meines leisesten Spruchs
wie in Borke –

Ein Vogel,
der rundensten Träne entschlüpft,
regt sich wie Laub über dir:

du kannst warten,
bis unter allen den Augen ein Sandkorn
dir aufglimmt,
ein Körnchen Sands,
das mis träumen half,
als ich niedertaucht, dich zu finden –

Du treibst ihm die Wurzel entgegen,
die dich flügge macht, wenn der Boden von
Tod glüht,
du reckst dich empor,
und ich schweb dir voraus als ein Blatt,
das weiß, wo die Tore sich auftun.

From *Von Schwelle zu Schwelle. (From Threshold to Threshold) Gedichte.*
Deutsche Verlags-Anstalt, Stuttgart 1955.

BEHIND THE PIECE

It is arduous to describe a single poem by Paul Celan without including his whole *opera*. Most of his works are related and connected to each other. This connections can be spotted in both, between collections and among poems of the same collection. One of the main feature of his poetry, especially in the first period (1948-1955, year when he moved to Paris), is the usage of recurrent themes or scenaries. *Ein Körnchen Sands* starts with the word *Stein* [rock, stone]. The stone is an element that occurs in other poems (*Ich hörte sagen, In Gestalt eines Ebers...*) and is a metaphor of the petrified world of the «submerged». It is the nostalgic remembrance of the first *Threshold*, the shade of the tough past. This remembrance did not dissolve. It just took other shapes: a tree, a bird, a grain of sand.

The middle part of the poem introduces a marine scenery. In all his poems this refers to an amorous setting and suggest that Celan is most likely talking about a person he loved. Since this collection (*Von Schwelle zu Schwelle*) gathers poems written between 1945 and 1952 (his absconding period) he might be talking about Ruth Lackner. She was a Yiddish actress, probably his first love, who helped him to escape from the Nazi deportation. We can consider her as his saviour. She is probably *Ein Vogel* (the bird) who saved Celan from the *Boden von Tod* (the bottom of death).

Pain, despair, hope and love cohabit in this poem, united. The night, seat of the shadows, sanctioned this union. The feat of the night is to dominate not only the personal past, but all the terrible legacy of his generation.

In the music I tried to encorporate this union by using ambiguous harmonies, extraneous sounds, and conflicting sections, without being descriptive. The material is partially taken by a Schubert's lied *Letzte Hoffnung*, from *Die Winterreise*. This lied follows, almost exactly, the same dramatic structure of Celan's poem. Moreover, different elements appears in both poems and have the same role (e.g. the tree, the leaf, the wind, the earth). Even though these poems have been written in a very different period, they still have some connections. Thus, this was my mission as a composer. I tried to translate this connection in music and give to the audience the chance to feel the journey from suffering through hope... without reaching a real destination.

Andrea Sordano

NOTATION



Long fermata



Short fermata



Respectively: highest possible sound and lowest possible sound.

VOICE

A musical staff with a dynamic marking 'p' at the top. Below the staff, there are two arrows pointing right, followed by a note head with a dot, another arrow pointing right, and finally a cross-like symbol. Below the staff, the text '[a] - ls' is written.

Gradually from closed mouth, to open mouth.

CELLO

A musical staff showing three natural harmonics on the third string. The first harmonic is at the 12th fret, indicated by a square-headed note with a bracket labeled 'III'. The second harmonic is at the 7th fret, indicated by a square-headed note with a bracket labeled '(4)'. The third harmonic is at the 4th fret, indicated by a square-headed note with a bracket labeled '2'. The bow direction is shown as a curved line above the staff.

Natural harmonic, the square-headed note indicate the position of the finger on the string. The note in brackets is the effect. Where the effect note is not written, it means the is the same as the fingered note.

A musical staff showing a harmonic glissando. The 4th string is bowed from the 12th fret (labeled 'IV') down to the 4th fret (labeled '3'). The text 'harm. gliss.' is written above the staff.

Harmonic glissando from the highest position on 4th string. Gradually increase the bow pressure. The effect is an harmonic sound that gradually becomes noise.

A musical staff showing a combination of tremolo and glissando. The 4th string is bowed with a tremolo pattern, and the 3rd string has a glissando line from the 12th fret down to the 4th fret. The text 'gloss.' is written above the staff.

Tremolo with decreasing and increasing speed.

PIANO

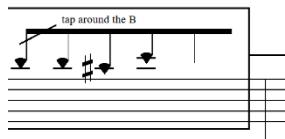


Chromatic cluster as low as possible.

The box indicate what has to be played inside the piano. Even when there is no „inside the piano“ indication.

The first simble indicate a pizzicato A-flat inside the piano.

In the 5/4 measure, the pianist has to play harmonics (pitched in the box) on the low B strings, by putting a finger on the right node.



This symble indicates that the pianist has to tap randomly the strings while keeping the pedal down.

OTHER NOTES

The work lasts about 7' 30".

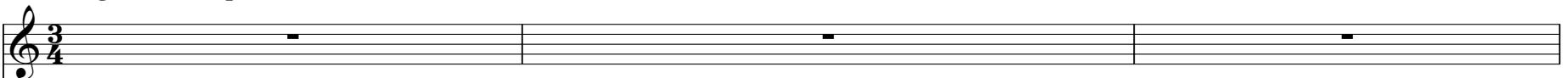
All the tremolos are intended to be played irregularly.

Ein Körnchen Sands

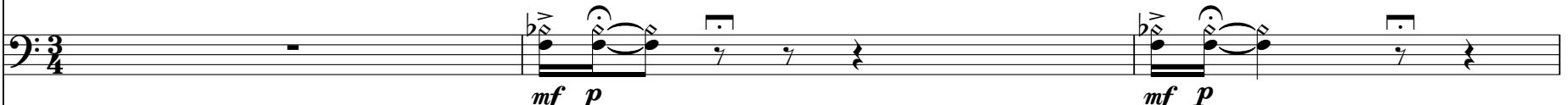
ANDREA SORDANO
poem by PAUL CELAN

Adagio. Con rispetto.

Mezzo-soprano

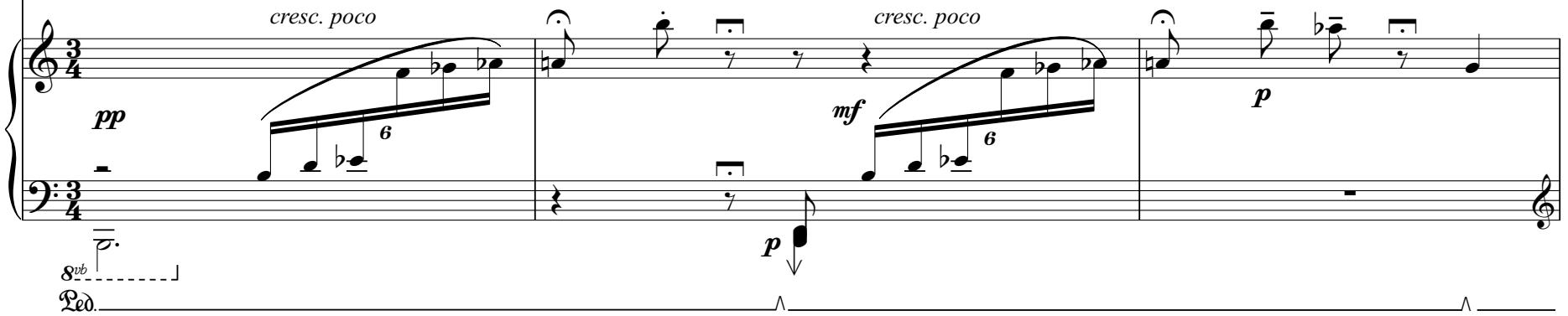


Violoncello



Adagio. Con rispetto.

Piano



2 4

Mzs

Vlc.

p

III
harm. gliss.

pp

I MSP
harm. gliss.

p

INSIDE THE PIANO

mf

p semper

8vb

Pf

10

Mzs

Vlc.

8va II

pizz.

arco

IV

III

tap around the B

legato

Pf

17

Mzs Stein [n]

Vlc. harm. gliss. IV ff f

Pf ff gliss. 6

23

Mzs Stein - [n] aus dem ich dich schnitzt

Vlc. MSP IV harm. gliss. ff f pizz. arco una corda m.s.

Pf ff 6

28 *a tempo*

Mzs als die Nacht ih-re Wäl-der ver-her-te ich schnitzt dich als Baum und hüllt dich ins Braun

Vlc.

a tempo
ord.

Pf

34

Mzs - [n] mei - nes lei-ses-ten Spruchs wie in Bor - ke Ein

Vlc.

MSP → ord. → MSP → ord. → ord.

p sub. pp subito p

Pf

3

8vb

39

Mzs Vo - gel__ Ein Vo - gel__ der run - des - ten Trä - ne ent-schlüpft regt
 (III) II MSP (II) arco MSP 8va

Vlc. MSP pizz. mf pp subito

Pf cresc. 6 3 pp subito 6 8vb

44

Mzs sich wie Laub ü-ber dir__ du kannst war - ten, bis
 (8) ord.

Vlc. sul t. mf

Pf p 3 p esitando

48

Mzs un - ter al - len den Au - gen bis un - ter al - len den Au - gen ein Sand korn dir

Vlc. → PSP → sul tasto → ord. → MSP → ord.

Pf

55

Mzs auf - glimt ein körn - chen Sands das mir träu - men

Vlc.

Pf

Lento, con libertà

59

Mzs half ord. [a] - ls [i] - ch nie - der - tau -
Vlc. MSP sul t. MSP
p subito *mf* *p*
Lento, con libertà

Pf *f* *pp* *mf* *pp sempre*

63

Mzs cht [a] - ls [i] - ch nie - der -
Vlc. ord. III harm. gliss. MSP sul t. cresc.
cresc.

8

Tempo primo

67

Mzs *accel.* - - - - taucht Du treibst du treibst ihm die Wur - zel ent -

Vlc. ff f mf pp

accel. - - - -

Pf

Tempo primo

ff pp ppp & 3 3 3 3

72

Mzs ge - gen, die dich flüg - ge macht wenn der Bo - den von Tod

Vlc. gliss. gliss. IV △ harm gliss. ff

ff 6 8va - - - - ff ff ff ff ff ff

Pf

Molto Lento

77

Mzs *mf* *p* *p dolce*

glüht, von Tod glüht_ du reckst dich em-por_____ III und ich schweb dir vor-aus als ein Blatt, das

Vlc. *mf* *p* *pizz.* *8va* *arco*

Molto rit. *p* *Molto Lento* *pp*

Pf

mf *p*

p *Molto Lento*

8vb

84

Mzs

weiß_____ wo die To - re sich auf - tun

sul t. *3* → PSP sul t. *pizz.* *morendo*

Vlc. *pp*

tap around the B

ppp

morendo

ppp

ppp

ppp

ppp

ppp