UC Agriculture & Natural Resources

Nutrition and Health

Title

Healthalicious Cooking: Learning about Food and Physical Activity: Lesson 4. Make It Colorful: Choose Fruits and Veggies by Color!

Permalink

https://escholarship.org/uc/item/5g6269c9

Authors

Smith, Dorothy Horowitz, Marcel Neelon, Marisa et al.

Publication Date

2012

DOI

10.3733/ucanr.8453

Peer reviewed

University of California Department of Nutrition



http://anrcatalog.ucdavis.edu

Publication 8453 | January 2012



Healthalicious Cooking Learning about Food and Physical Activity

Lesson 4 - Make It Colorful: Choose Fruits and Veggies by Color

DOROTHY SMITH, UCCE Nutrition, Family, and Consumer Science Advisor, Amador and Calaveras Counties; MARCEL HOROWITZ, UCCE Youth Development, Nutrition, Family, and Consumer Science Advisor, Yolo County; MARISA NEELON, UCCE Nutrition, Family, and Consumer Science Advisor, Contra Costa County; THERESA SPEZZANO, UCCE Nutrition, Family, and Consumer Science Advisor, Stanislaus and Merced Counties; NANCIE LIPPITT, Program Representative, Department of Nutrition, UC Davis; TAMMY J. MCMURDO, Nutrition Program Representative, Department of Nutrition, UC Davis; LUCIA KAISER, UCCE Nutrition Specialist, Department of Nutrition, UC Davis

CONTENTS

Activities Timeline	
Lesson 4 Objectives	2
Background for Adult Leaders: What You Need to Know	3
Materials for Lesson 4	
Shopping List	
Physical Activity: Limbo	7
Goal Setting	7
Health Activity: Eat Your Colors!	
Cooking and Eating: Soft Tacos and Fruit	9
Cleanup	
Healthalicious Kaper Chart	12
Cleanup Chart	
Health Activity: Continued	
Handout: "Fruit and Vegetable Chart"	
Quick Write	16
Goal Setting	17
Take-Home Family Letter	18
References	19
Measurement Conversion Table	19



ACTIVITIES TIMELINE

Activity 1	Physical Activity: Limbo	15 minutes	Page 7
Activity 2	Goal Setting	5 minutes	Page 7
Activity 3	Health Activity: Eat Your Colors!	20 minutes	Page 8
Activity 4	Cooking and Eating Activity: Soft Tacos	60 minutes	Page 9
Activity 5	Cleanup	10 minutes	Page 11
Activity 6	Quick Write	5 minutes	Page 16
Activity 7	Goal Setting	5 minutes	Page 17

Total time = 2 hours

LESSON 4 OBJECTIVES

By the end of this lesson, kids will be able to

- explain why it is important to eat a variety of fruits and vegetables each day
- demonstrate how to identify fruits and vegetables in meals and categorize them by
- work as part of the team to prepare a meal and clean up the area afterwards

Health outcome: Use color to choose a variety of fruits and vegetables every day.

Life skill: Decision making





BACKGROUND FOR ADULT LEADERS: WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

Why eat a colorful variety of fruits and vegetables every day?

Fruits and vegetables contain vitamins, minerals, and other nutrients. Some of these nutrients give fruits and vegetables their color. These colorful plant nutrients, some of which are antioxidants, have many benefits. They can boost the body's immune system and help keep us healthy. You can use color to choose a variety of fruits and vegetables every day. A fruit or vegetable's color can be a clue to its health benefits. Most Americans—adults and kids alike—need to eat a wider variety of fruits and vegetables. The chart on the next page describes the benefits certain colored fruits and vegetables give our health.

LEADERS: CHECK RECIPE INGREDIENTS AND ASK PARENTS IF PARTICIPATING CHILDREN HAVE FOOD ALLERGIES.

Additional Resources

Produce for Better Health Foundation. 2009. Eat a colorful variety every day: Think variety, think color. Fruits & Veggies More Matters website, http://www.fruitsandveggiesmorematters.org/?page_id=45.



EAT A COLORFUL VARIETY EVERYDAY

Color	Examples	Benefits
red	cranberries red onion red pears tomatoes	May reduce the risk of cancer, heart disease, and complications from
dark orange	sweet potatoes cantaloupe carrots tangerine	diabetes. • May help control high blood pressure.
yellow/orange	summer squash lemon pineapple grapefruit	 Helps the body get rid of cancer-causing chemicals. May slow some effects of aging.
yellow/green	cabbage leeks honeydew melon kiwi fruit	 Helps maintain good vision. Strengthens the immune system.
green	broccoli green beans spinach asparagus	 May strengthen bones and teeth. Helps the body heal wounds.
white/tan	bananas cauliflower onions white corn	Keeps skin healthy.May reduce the risk of infection.
blue/purple	blueberries plums eggplant purple cabbage	May help lower cholesterol.



MATERIALS FOR LESSON 4

Physical Activity: Knots

- broom or pool foam noodle
- stereo/MP3 player and music (optional)

Health Activites

- Fruit and Vegetable Chart, one copy for each kid (reproducible sheet included)
- crayons (or colored pencils): purple, green, tan, orange/yellow, and red
- pencils or pens, one for each kid
- 3 pieces of fruit, different colors

Cooking and Eating Activity

(See shopping list on next page.) Menu: Soft tacos, fruit, and milk Serves 10

Equipment and supplies

- stickers
- markers
- New Food Taster's Club Chart
- 10 small bowls
- 2 graters
- 6 cutting boards
- 6 knives
- 10 spoons
- 2 can openers
- 2 pairs of oven mitts
- 2 tongs
- 10 plates, cups, and napkins
- 10 utensils
- 1 roll paper towels
- dilute bleach solution in a spray bottle (1 teaspoon of bleach added to 1 quart of water) (For equivalents between U.S. and metric systems of meaurement, a conversion table is provided at the end of this publication.)

Quick Write and Goal-Setting Activities

(can be used for all six lessons)

- binder with dividers, one divider per kid
- lined binder paper, 8-12 sheets per kid
- pencils or pens, one for each kid
- index cards, sticky notes, or paper, one for each kid

Take-Home Materials

- recipe
- Family Letter



Shopping List For Lesson 4

Serves 10 people

Use this checklist when grocery shopping for recipe ingredients to prepare for the lesson.

ot 20 corn tortillas, made with whole cornme
--

- 2 16-ounce cans nonfat refried beans
- 1 head of green or purple cabbage
- ☐ 1 32-ounce block low-fat cheddar cheese (4 cups needed)
- ☐ 4 medium tomatoes
- ☐ 2 avocados
- ☐ 1 bunch cilantro
- ☐ 2 3.8-ounce cans of sliced black olives
- ☐ 1 container fresh, mild salsa
- ☐ 1 container red taco sauce
- ☐ 1 container light sour cream or nonfat, plain yogurt (optional)
- ☐ 2 pounds red grapes, and/or 1 cantaloupe
- ☐ 1½ gallons 1 percent milk

Menu

- soft tacos
- fruit
- milk



Physical Activity Limbo

Number of players: 5 or more

Materials: music and a broom handle or foam pool noodle

Space needed: large area

Key Points

- It is important to be physically active every day to build strong bones and muscles and grow normally.
- Lots of kids do not get enough physical activity.
- Kids need at least 60 minutes per day of physical activity.
- Physical activity can be fun. Playing games like "Limbo" counts as physical activity.

Procedure

- 1. Adult leader plays music.
- 2. Two players stand at either end of a broom or pool noodle and hold it horizontally, approximately 5 feet above the ground.
- 3. Players take turns walking underneath the broom with their stomachs facing up. Players can only lean backwards, not forwards, and they cannot bump the broom.
- 4. Players holding the broom lower it by about 6 inches after the last player has gone underneath it.
- 5. Players again take turns walking underneath the broom.
- 6. Group repeats steps 4 and 5 until no player can walk underneath the broom.

GOAL SETTING

- 1. Discuss how goal setting went since last lesson.
- 2. Have kids tell about the new foods they tried over the past week.

Sample questions

- Think about the goal you set last week.
- How easy or difficult was the goal to complete?
- If you found it easy to complete the goal, why?
- If you found it difficult to complete the goal, why?
- What would help you achieve the goal?
- What did you learn about yourself?

Goals from last lesson

- 1. Try at least one new whole grain during the week.
- 2. Eat one serving or one extra serving of a whole grain at least 3 days during the week.
- 3. Make a snack or meal with at least one whole grain during the week.





Health Activity Eat Your Colors!

Activity Question

Are you eating your colors? Use color to choose a variety of fruits and vegetables every day.

Key Points

- Color helps us to eat a variety of fruits and vegetables every day.
- Colorful fruits and vegetables contain important nutrients.
- Nutrients in colorful fruits and vegetables keep us healthy.

- 3 pieces of fruit, different colors
- Fruit and Vegetable Chart, one copy for each kid
- crayons (or colored pencils): purple, green, tan, orange/yellow, and red pencils or pens, one for each kid

Activity Note

This activity takes places in two parts: the beginning of the lesson and after eating and cleanup.

Preparation

- · Look over background information in "Background for Adult Leaders" section at the front of the lesson.
- Copy "Fruit and Vegetable Chart," one copy per kid.

Procedure

- 1. Adult leader *holds up* fruit and *asks:* "How are these pieces of fruit different?"
 - Some differences are: shape, taste, size, what they do for the body, and color.
 - "One difference is *color*! Color is very important for fruit and vegetables!"
- 2. Leader explains: "You can use color to eat a variety of fruits and vegetables every day! Different colored fruits and vegetables provide different vitamins and minerals. You need to eat a variety of fruits and vegetables each day to get the nutrients your body needs and to stay healthy."
- 3. Leader *asks* kids to name various fruits and vegetables that are red.
- **4.** Repeat with the color green.
- 5. Leader asks: "What color is a cucumber with the skin?" Green. "What color is a cucumber without the skin?"

White. "The color depends on if you eat the skin."

Trick question: "How about a banana?" Leader waits for response. "Do we usually eat the peel? So, what color is the banana?" White.

Trick question: "How about noodles?" Leader waits for response. "Are noodles a fruit or vegetable? No. They are neither. For this activity we are looking at fruits and vegetables

- 6. Leader says: "When we cook, think about the colors of the fruits and vegetables."
- 7. Leader *explains:* "We will continue with this activity after cooking and eating."

Additional Resources

Produce for Better Health Foundation. 2009. Eat a colorful variety every day: Think variety, think color. Fruits and Veggies More Matters website, http://www.fruitsandveggiesmorematters.org/?page_id=45.



Cooking and Eating Activity Soft Tacos

Serve with red grapes or cantaloupe, salsa, and 1 percent milk. Serves 10 people (each serving is 2 tacos)

Adult Leader Notes

- Ask about food allergies! Offer alternatives.
- Microwave or hot plate may be used to heat tortillas if oven is not available.
- Beans may be heated on stove top, microwave, or hot plate, if desired.
- Have kids wipe down food-preparation surfaces with dilute bleach solution before beginning.
- Review safe handling of electrical appliances and knives.

Soft Taco Materials

- 10 small bowls
- 2 graters
- 6 cutting boards
- 6 knives
- 10 spoons
- 2 can openers
- 2 pairs of oven mitts
- 2 tongs

Soft Taco Ingredients

- 10 corn tortillas
- 2 16-ounces cans nonfat refried beans
- 1 head green cabbage
- 4 cups low-fat cheese
- 4 tomatoes
- 2 avocados
- 1 bunch of cilantro
- 2 3.8-ounce cans sliced black olives
- Fresh mild salsa, to taste
- Hot sauce, to taste
- Light sour cream or nonfat plain yogurt, to taste (optional)

Soft Taco Directions (continued on next page)

Menu

- soft tacos
- fruit
- milk

Calories from Fat 50



Cooking and Eating Activity (continued) Soft Tacos

Directions

- 1. Wipe counters with dilute bleach before starting. Pull hair back and wash hands thoroughly.
- 2. Preheat oven to 350°F (177°C).
- 3. Place tortillas in oven on oven racks and bake until warm and soft, approximately 5 minutes.
- 4. Wash all vegetables: cabbage, tomatoes, avocado, and cilantro.
- 5. Finely slice cabbage.
- 6. Chop tomatoes.
- 7. Peel and slice avocado lengthwise into 8 pieces.
- Wash and open cans of beans and olives.
- 9. Grate cheese.
- 10. Spread ¼ cup beans on each tortilla.
- 11. Next, place a thin layer of cabbage over entire tortilla.
- 12. Sprinkle ¼ cup cheese over cabbage.
- 13. Sprinkle 1 teaspoon of cilantro over cheese.
- 14. Place chopped tomatoes on tortilla.
- 15. Place a few sliced olives on taco and put one slice of avocado on top.
- 16. Sprinkle salsa or hot sauce over taco, if desired.
- 17. Top with sour cream or plain yogurt, if desired.

Nutrition Facts

Serving size 1 taco Servings Per Container 10

Amount Per Serving

Calories 210

Outorics 210	Odlorico	1101111	at oo
		% Daily	Value*
Total Fat 5g			8%
Saturated Fat	1.5g		8%
Trans Fat 0g			
Cholesterol 5mg	g		2%
Sodium 440mg			18%
Total Carbohyd	rate 29g		10%
Dietary Fiber	8g		32%
Sugars 5g			

Protein 11a

Vitamin A 8%	•	Vitamin C 100%
Calcium 20%	•	Iron 10%
*Percent Daily Values diet. Your daily values depending on your ca	s may	

	Calories:	2,000	2,500
Total Fat	Less than	65g	80g
Saturated Fat	Less than	20g	25g
Cholesterol	Less than	300mg	300 mg
Sodium	Less than	2,400mg	2,400mg
Total Carbohydr	ate	300g	375g
Dietary Fiber		25g	30g

Calories per gram: Fat 9 • Carbohydrate 4 • Protein 4



MEAL DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

- What do you think about the soft tacos?
- Is this a meal you would prepare at home with your family?
- What would your family think about this meal?
- To which different MyPyramid groups do foods from this meal belong?
- Why is it important to eat a variety of different colored fruits and vegetables?

EAT TOGETHER AS A GROUP. DISCUSS THE MEAL DISCUSSION **QUESTIONS, AND ENJOY!**

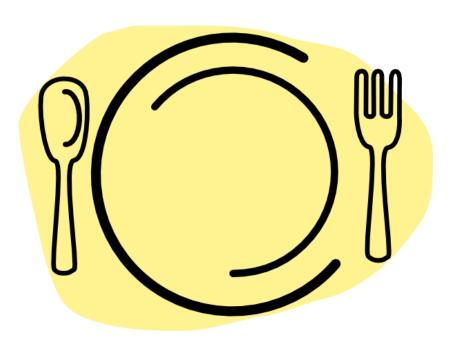
Have kids fill in the New Food Taster's Club Chart when they are finished eating.

CLEANUP

Cleaning up is an important part of the cooking process. Kids learn from taking responsibility. Use the kaper chart on the next page with the kids during the cleanup process. A kaper chart shows each kid's or each group's job during cleanup. The

cleanup chart describes specific activities that are included under the kaper chart categories. The kaper chart rotates cleanup jobs each week and encourages sharing of responsibility between the kids. Do the following to get the kids organized to clean up:

- · Introduce the kaper chart. Explain that it will be used to organize the cleanup process, and assign each kid or group of kids a job each week.
- Divide the kids into six groups for the duration of the project.
- If fewer than six kids are participating in the project, divide the group and combine activities on the kaper chart as needed.
- Allow groups to pick a fun name to use for their group during this project. Write the name on the chart.
- Have the groups get started with cleanup.
- Remember, allow the kids to complete their assigned chores. Don't do the job for them! Kids take pride in cooking something from start to finish, including cleaning up afterwards.





Healthalicious Kaper Chart

Activity	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6
Set up	Group 1	Group 6	Group 5	Group 4	Group 3	Group 2
Wash up	Group 2	Group 1	Group 6	Group 5	Group 4	Group 3
Dry dishes	Group 3	Group 2	Group 1	Group 6	Group 5	Group 4
Wipe up	Group 4	Group 3	Group 2	Group 1	Group 6	Group 5
Put away	Group 5	Group 4	Group 3	Group 2	Group 1	Group 6
Sweep	Group 6	Group 5	Group 4	Group 3	Group 2	Group 1

Cleanup Chart

Cleanup job	Activity descriptions
Set up	Set table with plates, cups, utensils, and napkins.
	 Put water and milk on the table.
	 Set up serving area with hot pads and serving utensils.
Wash up	 Wash pots, pans, cooking utensils, and dishes used for cooking. (Everyone should wash their own plates, utensils, and cups after eating.)
Dry dishes	• Dry and put away all pots, pans, utensils, and dishes used for cooking.
Wipe up	Wipe and clean counters and serving area after cooking.
	Wipe and clean tables after eating.
Put away	Put away nonperishable food items.
Sweep	Put away tables and chairs, if necessary.
	Sweep and mop floors as needed.





Health Activity (continued) Eat Your Colors!

Activity 1 Question

Are you eating your colors? Use color to choose a variety of fruits and vegetables every day.

Procedure

- 1. Adult leader distributes copies of Fruit and Vegetable Chart, pencils, and crayons or colored pencils.
- 2. Kids write the days of the week, beginning with the day of the lesson, on the Fruit and Vegetable Chart.
- 3. Kids *color* the boxes on the Fruit and Vegetable Chart according to the color listed.
- 4. Kids write the fruits and vegetables that they are during the meal on the chart.

Example: cabbage, cilantro, and avocado under green

Example: tomatoes under red

Example: olives under blue/purple

5. Kids write in any other fruits and vegetables that they ate during the day (at any meal or snack in the morning, afternoon, or evening).

Examples:

- 100 percent orange juice for breakfast goes under orange.
- Raisins in cereal for breakfast go under blue/purple.
- Guacamole has avocado, which goes under green.
- Chicken pot pie has onions, carrots, and peas, which go under white, orange, and green.



Fruit and Vegetable Chart Example

Name:	Darnell	
i varric.	Duilleii	

Eat a colorful variety of fruits and vegetables this week!

- Directions: 1. Write the days of the week, beginning with today.
 - 2. Color the boxes with color names according to the color listed.
 - 3. Write the names of the fruits and vegetables you eat this week, according to their color. Example: cucumber with skin: green; cucumber without skin: white

Day of the week	Blue/Purple	Green	White	Yellow/Orange	Red
Wednesday		lettuce	onions	carrots orange	tomato sauce
Thursday	raisins	broccoli celery	cauliflower	7	apple
Friday					
Saturday					
Sunday					
Monday					
Tuesday					

My goal is to:	eat all colors of the rainbow this week
1VI) 9001 13 to.	

Eat a colorful variety of fruits and vegetables this week!

- Directions: 1. Write the days of the week, beginning with today.
 - 2. Color the boxes with color names according to the color listed.
 - 3. Write the names of the fruits and vegetables you eat this week according to their color. Example: cucumber with skin: green; cucumber without skin: white

Day of the Week	Blue/Purple	Green	White	Yellow/Orange	Red

Λ Λ.			
IVIV	, dost is to.	•	
1 V 1 Y	gour is to.	•	



QUICK WRITE

Key Point

Quick Writes help you learn more by thinking about your experiences and then jotting down your thoughts, feelings, or ideas.

Materials

- three-ring binder with binder dividers
- lined binder paper, six sheets per kid
- pencils or pens, one for each kid

Procedure

- 1. As a group, kids *recall* or list the general activities of the lesson.
 - "What physical activity did we do?"
 - "What health activity did we do?"
 - "What meal did we prepare?"
- 2. Adult leader then *distributes* paper and pencils or pens.
- 3. Leader has kids *write* the following:
 - across top of paper: name, date, and title ("5 Things That I Learned Today")
 - down the side of the paper: numbers 1 to 5
 - thoughts and feelings, etc., about activities or experiences
- 4. Leader asks if anyone would like to *share* one of the things they learned during the lesson. *Wait* for responses from kids.
- 5. Kids *put* sheets in Quick Write binder.

Activity Notes

- See Lesson 1 of *Healthalicious Cooking* for Quick Write instructions and examples.
- Ask open questions. Open questions require more than a yes/no answer. See curriculum background for more information about open questions.
- Have kids recall lesson activities before they begin to write.
- Kids who have trouble writing can have another person help them write down their thoughts.
- Emphasize that there are no correct answers. Spelling and grammar do not matter.
- Adult leader keeps the Quick Write binder. At the last lesson, return the Quick Writes to kids. Alternatively, leader may ask the kids to write their names and five things they learned on the back of the Family Letter.





GOAL SETTING

Materials

- Fruit and Vegetable Chart, one copy for each kid
- pencils or pens, one for each kid

- 1. Adult leader has kids *choose* one of the following goals:
 - Eat each color of fruits and vegetables from the chart a
 - Eat at least three different colored fruits and vegetables at least 3 days this week.
 - Make a snack or meal with three different colors of fruits and vegetables this week.
 - Try a new fruit or vegetable
- 2. Kids write their goals on the bottom of the Fruit and Vegetable Chart.
- 3. Leader asks: "Where are you going to post the goal?" Have kids share.
- 4. Leader asks: "Who are you going to tell about the goal?" Have kids share.

CLOSING THE LESSON

- 1. Adult leader explains that kids will learn to plan a menu at the next lesson.
 - The meal planned at the next lesson will include
 - food from all food groups
 - at least two colors of fruits and vegetables
 - at least one whole grain
- 2. Leader reminds kids to bring recipes to share at the next lesson. Kids might be encouraged to find a recipe that requires a particular skill they enjoy using (such as grating, cracking an egg, etc.).
- 3. Leader explains that the group will vote on which recipes to make at the final lesson.
- 4. Leader reminds kids to keep trying new foods over the next week and to keep practicing their cooking skills.



Take-Home Family Letter Lesson 4

Date:				
to eat a variety of fruits and vegetables. We prepare	mily, ek your child learned how to use color to choose fruits and vegetables and why it is important variety of fruits and vegetables. We prepared and ate a healthy version of soft tacos with lots vegetables. Your child also enjoyed physical activity			
During this lesson your child also learned about go next lesson. Please check the space below to find on the goal and encourage him or her to achieve it.				
Homework: Have your child bring a favorite recipe include as many of the MyPyramid food groups as children's recipes to plan the final celebration meal. The time and date for the next lesson is	possible. At our next lesson, we will use the			
Leader's signature				
My Goal I will work on accomplishing the following t	his week:			
I plan to ask	_ to help me work on my goal.			
Child's signature				



REFERENCES

Produce for Better Health Foundation. 2009. Eat a colorful variety every day: Think variety, think color. Fruits & Veggies More Matters website, http://www.fruitsandveggiesmorematters.org/?page_id=45. USDA Center for Nutrition Policy and Promotion. 2005. MyPyramid for kids. MyPyramid.gov website, http://teamnutrition.usda.gov/resources/mpk_poster2.pdf.

Stark, C. 2004. Revitalize your recipes for better health. Food For Health Newsletter, Division of Nutritional Sciences, Cornell Cooperative Extension. North Dakota State University website, http://library.ndsu. edu/repository/bitstream/handle/10365/5054/fn432.pdf?sequence=1.

MEASUREMENT CONVERSION TABLE

U.S. customary	Conversion factor for U.S. customary to metric	Conversion factor for metric to U.S. customary	Metric
teaspoon (tsp)	4.93	0.20	milliliter (ml)
tablespoon (tbsp)	14.79	0.06	milliliter (ml)
ounce (oz)	28.35	0.035	gram (g)
fluid ounce (fl oz)	29.57	0.03	milliliter (ml)
cup (c)	236.59	0.004	milliliter (ml)
quart (qt)	0.95	1.06	liter (I)
gallon (gal)	3.785	0.26	liter (I)
pound (lb)	0.454	2.20	kilogram (kg)
inch (in)	2.54	0.39	centimeter (cm)
foot (ft)	0.305	3.28	meter (m)
yard (yd)	0.91	1.09	meter (m)

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Special thanks to other Health Promotion and Chronic Disease Prevention Workgroup members, including Gloria Barrett, Mary Blackburn, Christine Bruhn, Margaret Collins, Susan Donohue, Anna Martin, Diane Metz, and Francene Steinberg. We would also like to thank the following counties for participating in the pilot testing of the curriculum: Amador, Calaveras, Contra Costa, Solano, and Yolo.



FOR MORE INFORMATION

To order or obtain ANR publications and other products, visit the ANR Communication Services online catalog at http://anrcatalog. ucdavis.edu or phone 1-800-994-8849. You can also place orders by mail or FAX, or request a printed catalog of our products from

University of California Agriculture and Natural Resources Communication Services 1301 S. 46th Street Building 478 - MC 3580 Richmond, CAalifornia 94804-4600 Telephone 1-800-994-8849 510-642-2431 FAX 510-643-5470

E-mail: anrcatalog@ucdavis.edu

©2012 The Regents of the University of California

Agriculture and Natural Resources

All rights reserved.

Publication 8453

ISBN-13: 978-1-60107-758-5

The University of California Division of Agriculture & Natural Resources (ANR) prohibits discrimination against or harassment of any person participating in any of ANR's programs or activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity, pregnancy (which includes pregnancy, childbirth, and medical conditions related to pregnancy or childbirth), physical or mental disability, medical condition (cancer-related or genetic characteristics), genetic information (including family medical history), ancestry, marital status, age, sexual orientation, citizenship, or service in the uniformed services (as defined by the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994: service in the uniformed services includes membership, application for membership, performance of service, application for service, or obligation for service in the uniformed services) or any person in any of its programs or activities.

University policy also prohibits retaliation against any employee or person participating in any of ANR's programs or activities for bringing a complaint of discrimination or harassment pursuant to this policy. This policy is intended to be consistent with the provisions of applicable State and

Inquiries regarding the University's equal employment opportunity policies may be directed to Linda Marie Manton, Affirmative Action Contact, University of California, Davis, Agriculture and Natural Resources, One Shields Avenue, Davis, CA 95616, (530) 752-0495. For information about ordering this publication, telephone 1-800-994-8849. For assistance in downloading this publication, telephone 530-754-3927.

To simplify information, trade names of products have been used. No endorsement of named products is intended, nor is criticism implied of similar products that are not mentioned.

An electronic copy of this publication can be found at the ANR Communication Services catalog website, http://anrcatalog.ucdavis.edu.



This publication has been anonymously peer PEER reviewed for technical accuracy by University of California scientists and other qualified profes-

sionals. This review process was managed by ANR Associate Editor for Food and Nutrition Cathi Lamp.

web-1/12-LR/Tony Immordino, designer