UC Merced

Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the Cognitive Science Society

Title

Relation between Perceptual Entropy and Symbolic Numeral Representation

Permalink https://escholarship.org/uc/item/5gr4f7vq

Journal Proceedings of the Annual Meeting of the Cognitive Science Society, 45(45)

Author Park, Hyekyung

Publication Date 2023

Peer reviewed

Relation between Perceptual Entropy and Symbolic Numeral Representation

Hyekyung Park

The Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio, United States

Abstract

Perceptual features, either magnitude (size, area) or non-magnitude dimensions (color, shape), affect number representation by changing signal-to-noise ratio. Clarity of signal about numerical value may explain why comparing Arabic numerals is faster than comparing dots. The present study manipulated signal-to-noise ratio to investigate the effect of perceptual noise on symbolic numeral representation. Noise was quantified based on perceptual entropy of Arabic numerals, which were presented either in a single (low entropy) or three colors (high entropy). Thirty-eight adults were asked to compare two Arabic numerals, presented in single-single, single-three, and three-three colors. RT decreased as numerical ratio (b = -0.20) and entropy ratio (b = -0.11) increased, indicating symbolic representation was affected by entropy. RT increased as sum of numerical values (b = 0.08) and sum of entropy values (b = 0.06) increased. The results suggest perceptual noise impaired numerical judgment even though adults are highly familiar with Arabic numerals.

In M. Goldwater, F. K. Anggoro, B. K. Hayes, & D. C. Ong (Eds.), *Proceedings of the 45th Annual Conference of the Cognitive Science Society*. ©2023 The Author(s). This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (CC BY).