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Title

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Permalink

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Journal

BMC Microbiology, 13(1)

ISSN

1471-2180

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Publication Date

2013-08-06

DOI

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1186/1471-2180-13-183>

Peer reviewed

CORRECTION

Open Access

Correction: Global analysis of host response to induction of a latent bacteriophage

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Correction

After the publication of this work [1], we became aware that the legends for Figures 2, 3 and 4 were not in the correct order.

The legends should be as follows:

Figure 2: *Escherichia coli* lambda lysogen DNA and average transcript levels after treatment with 10 J/m² UV light. The x-axis is the position of genes on the *E. coli* chromosome. The *E. coli* origin is at the 0 position on the x-axis. The lambda integration site *attB* is indicated by the vertical line. The y-axis is the log ratio of treated to untreated cells. **A).** Average transcription (100 bins) along the *E. coli* chromosome at 20, 40, 60 minutes after exposure to UV light. **B).** Ratio of DNA 60 minutes after treatment with UV light relative to DNA of untreated cells.

Figure 3: Functional categorization of *E. coli* genes during lambda phage induction. Histograms count number of genes significantly up-regulated (black) or down-regulated (grey) at each time interval. Genes were grouped according to the NCBI COG classification scheme [49]. Categories with an (*) were enriched in down-regulated genes (Fisher exact test, false discovery rate < 0.05): carbon catabolism, cell processes, cell structure, central metabolism energy metabolism, and transport.

Figure 4: **A)** Diagram of the linear (integrated) lambda phage genome, color-coded by lifecycle stage (blue = lysogenic, yellow = early lytic, red = late lytic). **B)** (wild type phage) and **C)** (Lambda-P27): gene expression ratios during prophage induction are shown relative to an untreated "mock induction" control and log₂ transformed. Genes arranged by order on the lambda genome.

Received: 5 August 2013 Accepted: 5 August 2013
Published: 6 August 2013

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Reference

1. Osterhout RE, Figueroa IA, Keasling JD, Arkin AP: Global analysis of host response to induction of a latent bacteriophage. *BMC Microbiol* 2007, **7**:82.

doi:10.1186/1471-2180-13-183

Cite this article as: Osterhout et al.: Correction: Global analysis of host response to induction of a latent bacteriophage. *BMC Microbiology* 2013 **13**:183.

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