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Title Pursuit-Evasion Games Using Sensor Networks (MAS 11)

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S Center for Embedded Networked Sensing

Pursuit-Evasion Games Using Sensor Networks

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Robotic Embedded Systems Laboratory/Embedded Networks Laboratory – enl.usc.edu/projects/peg/index.html

Pursuit-Evasion Game and Sensor Networks

Game Formulation

- Multi-agent teams of pursuers collaborating and trying to catch the evaders, who try to escape from the pursuers
 - Requirements for the formulation of the game and policies — Time optimal pursuit and evasion policies
 - Use of sensor network for gathering the evader/other pursuer locations
 - Suitable to be applied to a sensor network setup and different evasion policies

Sensor Network

- A Distributed Sensor for Localization of Evaders
 Sense the location of the evader
- Long range communication among the pursuers
- Problems to be addressed in evader localization using sensor networks
 - Communication delay
 - Packet loss
 - Sensing errors in the sensing nodes

Our Approach

- Pursuit/Evasion Policies
 - Optimal, near or non-optimal policies
 - Generally for one pursuer-one evader games
 - Main modules
 - Task Evaluation
 - Task Allocation

Implementation:

Pursuer/Evader Agents

- Pioneer 2 wheeled robots
 - Odometer
 - SICK LMS 200 laser scanner
 - On-board 802.11b wireless communication
 - Linux based OS

- Discrete World Model
- Limits number of possible states agents can arrive at
- Simplifies path planning, task evaluation and task allocation

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Sensor Network Test bed: Tutornet

- Implemented on the 3rd and 4th floor of Ronald Tutor Hall building on University Park Campus
- Hierarchical network architecture
- Sensor Network Components

Sensor Network Layout



Some Results

Received Signal Strength Indication based evader localization



More collaborations among the pursuers are needed for capturing faster evaders in the shortest amount of time (pursuer speed = 0.8 m/s)



Future Work

- Better estimation of evader location
- Increasing robustness of the pursuit policies against network delay and sensing errors
- Finding and testing suboptimal policies with high performance and lower computational requirements for real time implementations

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- Control System Architecture

Odometer