UCSF

UC San Francisco Previously Published Works

Title

Predictive biomarkers of invasive carcinoma on excision in patients with a diagnosis of ductal carcinoma in situ of the breast by needle biopsy.

Permalink

https://escholarship.org/uc/item/6vn5k52h

Journal

Journal of Clinical Oncology, 32(15_suppl)

ISSN

0732-183X

Authors

Mori, Miki Krings, Gregor Chan, Loretta <u>et al.</u>

Publication Date

2014-05-20

DOI

10.1200/jco.2014.32.15_suppl.e12029

Copyright Information

This work is made available under the terms of a Creative Commons Attribution License, available at <u>https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/</u>

Peer reviewed



Journal of Clinical Oncology[®]

An American Society of Clinical Oncology Journal

Enter words / phrases / DOI / ISBN / authors / keywords / etc.

Newest Articles	Issues	Special Content	Authors	Subscribers	About	ASCO Publications	

BREAST CANCER—TRIPLE-NEGATIVE/CYTOTOXICS/LOCAL THERAPY

Journal of Clinical Oncology > List of Issues > Volume 32, Issue 15_suppl >

Predictive biomarkers of invasive carcinoma on excision in patients with a diagnosis of ductal carcinoma in situ of the breast by needle biopsy.

Miki Mori, Gregor Krings, Loretta Chan, Denise Wolf, Yunn-Yi Chen, Karla Kerlikowske.....

Show_More

Abstract Disclosures

Abstract

e12029

Background: DCIS diagnosed on needle biopsy may underestimate the presence of invasive cancer identified on subsequent excision. This study aims to identify clinicopathologic factors from pre-operative needle biopsies that are predictive of invasive cancer on subsequent surgical excision. Methods: The study population consisted of 69 breasts from 67 women initially diagnosed with only DCIS on needle biopsy at St. Luke's International Hospital, Japan from 2006 until 2008. Parameters analyzed included presenting clinical features, biopsy device, DCIS nuclear grade and morphology, and immunohistochemical expression of estrogen receptor (ER), progesterone receptor (PR), HER2, Ki-67, p16, p53 and cyclooxygenase-2 (COX2) in biopsy specimens. Associations between clinical, pathological, and immunohistochemical findings in initial biopsy specimens and the presence of invasive cancer on subsequent excision were analyzed for significance using univariate and multivariate analysis. **Results:** Of 69 breasts with only DCIS on initial needle biopsy, subsequent surgical excision revealed pure DCIS in 46 (66.7%) and invasive carcinoma in 23 (33.3%). By univariate analysis, pre-operative factors significantly associated with invasive disease on surgical excision included sampling by core needle biopsy rather than vacuum assisted biopsy (p<0.05), p53 positivity (p<0.01), and low ER expression (p<0.05) in needle biopsy samples. Multivariate analysis revealed two significant independent pre-operative predictors of invasive cancer on final pathology, namely age under 50 (p<0.05) and p53 positivity (p<0.05), with sampling by core needle biopsy trending toward significance (p=0.097). A regression model including age<50, p53 positivity, and sampling method predicted invasive disease with AUC=0.8 in the training set by ROC analysis. **Conclusions:** Age<50, sampling by core needle biopsy instead of a vacuum assisted device, and p53 positivity were associated .with subsequent invasive cancer on surgical excision. Women with these factors should consider excisional biopsy prior to deciding on definitive treatment.

© 2014 by American Society of Clinical Oncology



Track Citation

Add To Favorites

<u>Rights & Permissions</u>



COMPANION ARTICLES

No companion articles

ARTICLE CITATION

DOI: 10.1200/jco.2014.32.15_suppl.e12029 Journal of Clinical Oncology 32, no. 15_suppl

Published online May 20, 2014.

WE RECOMMEND

Inclusion of Tumor Biology Molecular Markers to Improve the Ductal Carcinoma In Situ Ipsilateral Breast Tumor Recurrence Nomogram Predictability Umashankar K. Ballehaninna et al., J Clin Oncol, 2010

Needle Biopsies for Noninvasive Breast Cancer: Routine Analysis Wastes Millions By The ASCO Post et al., Breast Cancer, 2016

Results of biopsies performed after breast conservation therapy for stage I-II breast cancer

E. E. Harris et al., J Clin Oncol, 2004 Needle Biopsies for Noninvasive Breast Cancer: Routine Analysis Wastes Millions

Axillary Sentinel Lymph Nodes Can Be Falsely Positive Due to Iatrogenic Displacement and Transport of Benign Epithelial Cells in Patients With Breast Carcinoma Ira J. Bleiweiss et al., J Clin Oncol, 2016

Needle biopsies for noninvasive breast cancer: Routine analysis wastes millions 🗹 MedicalXpress, 2016

Ductal Carcinoma in Situ at Core-Needle Biopsy: Meta-Analysis of Underestimation and Predictors of Invasive Breast Cancer 🖸 Meagan E. Brennan et al., Radiology, 2011

MR Imaging-guided 9-gauge Vacuumassisted Core-Needle Breast Biopsy: Initial Experience 🗹 Susan G. Orel et al., Radiology, 2006

Predictive factors for the presence of invasive components in patients diagnosed with ductal carcinoma in situ based on preoperative biopsy 🗹

Kwan Ho Lee et al., BMC Cancer, 2019 Upgrade Rate of Pure Flat Epithelial Atypia Diagnosed at Core Needle Biopsy: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis 🗹 Rifat A. Wahab et al., ., 2021

Powered by TREND MD



Content **Newest Articles** Archive Meeting Abstracts

Journal Information About **Editorial Roster** Contact Us Permissions

Resources Authors Reviewers Subscribers Institutions Advertisers

Submit Your Manuscript Subscribe to this Journal

JCO Oncology Practice JCO Global Oncology JCO Clinical Cancer Informatics

JCO Precision Oncology

Journal of Clinical Oncology

Publications

Journals

ASCO Educational Book ASCO Daily News **ASCO** Connection The ASCO Post



visit "Cookies Settings" and review our **Privacy Policy** and **Terms of Use**.

EXPERT

6.9

ANSWERS





Education ASCO eLearning ASCO Meetings Cancer.Net

Other Sites ASCO.org ASCO Author Services ASCO Career Center CancerLinQ Conquer Cancer Foundation TAPUR Study

