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Best Practices for Achieving Compliance with the NIH Public Access Mandate

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# WELCOME

# Best Practices for Achieving Compliance with the NIH Public Access Mandate

Presented by:

Hanna Kim, Center Grant Administrator, Beckman Laser Institute and Medical Clinic
 Kim Frazer, Business Analyst, Electronic Research Administration, Office of Research
 Mitchell Brown, Librarian and Scholarly Communications Coordinator, Ayala Science Library

**University of California, Irvine** 



### Learning Objectives:

- 1. NIH Public Access Policy Definition
- 2. UCI's Approach to Compliance
- Best Practices for Achieving Compliance
- 4. Open Access as a Default
- 5. Resources



### What is the NIH Public Access Mandate?

The NIH Public Access Mandate requires public accessibility for all articles published on or after April 7, 2008, and are basedon research that received NIH funding.

The articles must be available on the NIH PubMed Central site (federal archive library free to the public) no later than 12 months from the publication date.



### How is this Mandate Enforced?

NIH will withhold continuing funding for non-compliance, per its 2013 announcement that states that NIH will...

"delay processing of an award if publications arising from it are not in compliance with the NIH public access policy."



## Why is Compliance Important to Us?

Compliance with the NIH Public Access Mandate means that research is available, free, and OPEN to everyone and continued and new funding is available for University research efforts.





# Why Open? Open in order to ....

- Be compliant → avoid delay in funding, option to apply for new funding
- Be transparent → responsible conduct of research
- Increase visibility → increased citations
- Increase global impact → everyone can benefit from and contribute to research for the greater good



### Examples of Non-Compliance at UC Irvine (UCI)

- Authors are not submitting their published manuscripts in the NIH Manuscript System.
- Authors are not approving manuscripts submitted by publishers/journals on their behalf, and the submission is stalled.
- Grant administrators are unable to locate the correct version of the manuscript needed for submission.
- Campus center grants are affected by individual author non-compliance.
- 5. Grants are being delayed due to non-compliance.



# UCI's Approach to Compliance Combines the Departments, Central Campus, and the Library

- Hanna Kim, Center Grant Administrator, Beckman Laser Institute and Medical Clinic (BLI)
- Kim Frazer, Business Analyst, Electronic Research Administration, Office of Research
- Mitchell Brown, Librarian and Scholarly Communications Coordinator, Ayala Science Library





### Compliance Solutions at UCI

In 2012, NIH withheld UCI BLI's center grant funding due to non-compliance, resulting in Hanna Kim becoming the subject matter expert at UCI



UCI Institute for Clinical & Translational Science (ICTS), another center grant recipient, began the Public Access Compliance Working Group to address the issues



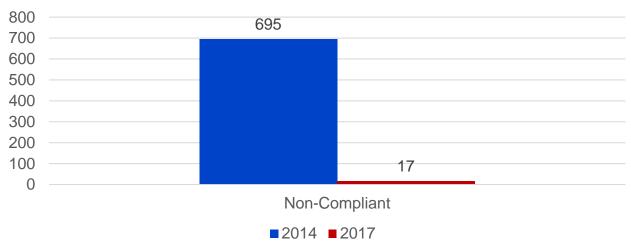
Team includes representatives from Office of Research, ICTS, Cancer Center, School of Medicine, Libraries, and BLI



# Compliance Results (2014 vs. 2017)

- October 2014 695 papers non-compliant
- October 2017 17 papers non-compliant







### Best Practices on the Department Level

- 1. Become compliant
- 2. Increase awareness
- 3. Maintain compliance



## What is Required for Compliance?

- The article is deposited in the NIH Manuscript Submission System (NIHMS) within 3 months from the publication date.
- Author receives the PubMed Central Identification Number (PMCID #) to be reported in NIH biosketches and annual reports.
- Article is made available to the public for free on PubMed Central, the full-text archive of the National Institute of Health's National Library of Medicine.



### The End Goal: PMCID Number

- PMCID # = PubMed Central Identification
   Number
- Different from the PMID number, which references the Pubmed.gov identification number.

#### Sample citation:

Hou J, Wright HJ, Chan N, Tran R, Razor Enova OV, Pota EO, Tromberg BJ. Correlating two-photon excited fluorescence imaging of breast cancer cellular redox state with seahorse flux analysis of normalized cellular oxygen consumption. J Biomed Opt. 2016 Jun 1;21(6):60503. doe: 10.1117/1.JBO.21.6.060503. PMID: 27300321

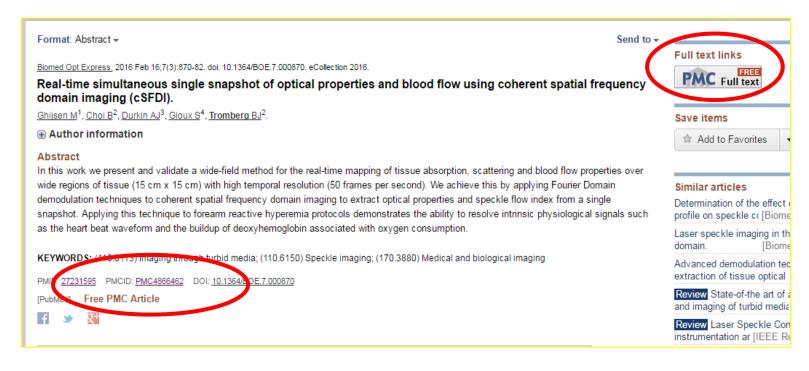
PMCID: PMC4906146



### Where do I find the PMCID #?

#### Excerpt from <a href="PubMed.gov">PubMed.gov</a>:

One way to check when a PMCID # has been assigned.

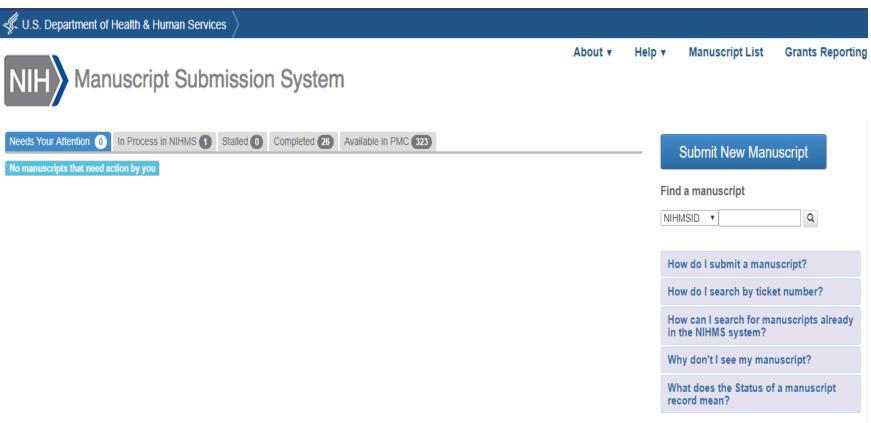




# Compliance Process Overview... Responsible for Steps 1, 2, and 4



# Step 1: Deposit File





# Step 1: Deposit File Submission by Journal or Publisher

 When the manuscript is submitted by the journal/publisher, the corresponding author will receive an email from NIHMS with a link to approve the manuscript submission.

From: nihms-help@ncbi.nlm.nih.gov

RE: [nights] NIHMS789598: Approve Submission of Manuscript

 Anyone can check the status of the manuscript within the NIHMS system.



# Step 1: Deposit File Submission by Author, PI, or Third Party

- Anyone with an Era Commons or a MyNCBI account can submit manuscripts or monitor manuscripts submitted by others.
- When a manuscript is submitted, it will be assigned an NIHMSID number.
- When the process is complete, it will be assigned a PMCID number.



### Get the Facts First!

### What the Submitter Needs to Know

- 1. Which grants were acknowledged in the manuscript?
- 2. Who is the PI on the grant (maybe more than one)?
- Who is the publisher and what is its policy about public access? Review copyright laws regarding which version can be uploaded to PubMed Central. <a href="http://www.sherpa.ac.uk/romeo/search.php">http://www.sherpa.ac.uk/romeo/search.php</a>
- 4. Many journals will submit the article on behalf of the author. Note: Open Access for a fee is not always what it seems.



# Step 2: Initial Approval Done by the Reviewer regardless of the Submitter

Submitter	Reviewer
Journal/Publisher	Corresponding Author (by default)
Author, PI, or Third Party (e.g., Department Research Administrator)	Any of the Authors or any PI on one of the linked NIH funding*

\*Note: The Third Party Submitter can assign the Reviewer role but <u>cannot</u> be the Reviewer.



# Step 3: NIHMS Conversion Look for email for Final Approval (Step 4)



# Step 4: Final Approval The Solution for Stalled Submissions

- If the assigned Reviewer does not approve the submission within one week, the manuscript will be "STALLED."
- 2. If this happens, another author or the PI on NIH funding can "CLAIM" the manuscript.
- To avoid delays, anyone with a MyNCBI account can "WATCH the manuscript."



### Life After the PMCID Number

Now that you are "compliant," what's next?

### For continuing awards:

- In MyNCBI, you need to LINK each publication with the appropriate NIH grant.
- REPORT in the NIH Research Performance Progress Report (RPPR). If the publication is properly linked to the NIH grant in MyNCBI, you can select it in the RPPR Publications section.

#### For new awards:

 Add PMCID number to citations in NIH Biosketch and Other Support documents.



### Role of the DRA in the Compliance Process

#### 1. EDUCATE

- Benefits of compliance: transparency, visibility, global impact
- Negative impact of non-compliance: delay in funding, may not be awarded new funding

#### 2. FACILITATE

- Get the process started by submitting the manuscripts for the authors/PIs
- Provide training resources
- Remind authors that the publisher often submits for them, but they still need to enter NIHMS and approve TWICE (initial and final approval)



## Prevention is key...Maintenance saves time

- Manuscripts should be dealt with as soon as they are accepted for publication.
- Periodically request the PIs' CVs and request auto-emails from MyNCBI and/or Google Scholar for your PIs' publications.
- Review copyright policies of the journals where your PIs frequently submit articles.
- Elicit the help of your Librarian.





# Open in Order to...

A way of thinking about Open Access to solve problems

- 1. "Open" Access = Immediate Access + Full Reuse
- 2. Set the Default to "Open" in Research and Education
- 3. Not just "Open" for Open's Sake, but Open in Order to...

  Opening access to research data in order to...prevent a Zika pandemic.
- 4. We need to Reward "Open" in Meaningful Ways



## Digital Object Identifier (DOI)

- A Digital Object Identifier (DOI) is a unique alphanumeric string assigned by registration agency to identify content and provide a persistent link to its location on the Internet.
- The publisher assigns a DOI when your article is published and made available electronically.
- This is a unique identifier for the published article.
- Currently, over 148 million DOI has been assigned by the DOI Foundation (10/2017).



# Why should researchers register for ORCiD (Open Researcher and Contributor ID)?

- Provides researchers with a unique digital identifier, to ensure that authorship and professional activities are recognized correctly.
- Registration is easy. There are just three steps...
  - REGISTER Get your unique ORCID identifier Register now!
    Registration takes 30 seconds.
  - 2 ADD YOUR INFO

Enhance your ORCID record with your professional information and link to your other identifiers (such as Scopus or ResearcherID or LinkedIn).

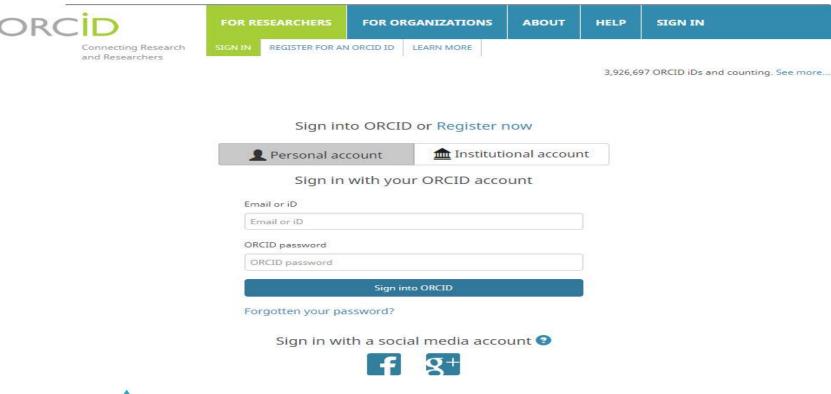


Include your ORCID identifier on your Webpage, when you submit publications, apply for grants, and in any research workflow to ensure you get credit for your work.



### Connecting Research and Researchers

### https://orcid.org/signin







# Open in order to: Create a system for sharing knowledge that is optimized to serve the needs of humanity.

- Heather Joseph, Executive Director (SPARC), Scholarly Publishing and Academic Resources Coalition
- Opening access to research articles in order to...speed up progress towards curing Parkinson's disease
- Opening access to research data in order to...prevent a Zika pandemic





# **RESOURCES**



### UCI's Office of Research YouTube Page

NIH Public Access Mandate Video

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cQmW24ErHa4



### Office of Research





### NIHMS Frequently Asked Questions

### https://www.nihms.nih.gov/db/sub.cgi?page=faq

#### Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)

For questions and answers about the NIH Public Access Policy, please refer to the Public Access Frequently Asked Questions web page.

#### For All Users

What is NIHMS?

What funding agencies does NIHMS support?

When should a manuscript be submitted to NIHMS?

What steps are involved in the NIHMS process?

How do I sign in to NIHMS?

What is the relationship/difference between a Submitter, Reviewer, Reviewer (Pending), Verified Author, PI, and Watcher in NIHMS?

What do statuses mean in NIHMS?

#### For Submitters

Who can submit manuscripts to NIHMS?

How do I submit manuscripts to NIHMS?

What files should I submit?

Do I have to submit supplemental material?

What file format should I use?

What is the release delay or embargo period?

How do I find out if a manuscript has already been submitted?



## Online Training from NIH

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IIEBtfnSqMA





### Question 1

True or False?

NIH Public Access Mandate requires all NIH funded publications to have a PMID number.



### Question 1

**Answer: False.** 

The Mandate requires a PMCID (PubMed Central Identification) number, which indicates that the publication will be available in the Public Archive free of charge to the within 12 months from the date of publication.



### Question 2

What is the name of the system for depositing the manuscript requiring compliance?

- 1. MyNCBI?
- 2. NIHMS?



# Quiz Question 2

**Answer: NIHMS** 

- The NIHMS (NIH Manuscript Submission) is the system for depositing and tracking journal articles in the submission process.
- MyNCBI (National Center for Biotechnology Information) is the system for linking the manuscript to the appropriate NIH funding.



### Question 3

What is ORCiD?
What does it stand for and what is it for?



# Quiz Question 3

### **Answer:**

# ORCiD = Open Researcher and Contributor ID

ORCiD provides the researcher with a unique digital identifier, to ensure that authorship and professional activities are recognized correctly.



### We are the Best Resource!



Samwise: I can't carry it for you, but I can carry you! Come on.





# Remember: The Road to Open (and Compliance) begins with You

- Seek Training: Become familiar with the NIH
   Manuscript System and MyNCBI (National Center for
   Biotechnology Information) and get that PMCID
   number.
- 2. Share the reasons for Open Access: Compliance, Transparency, Visibility, and Global Impact.
- 3. Find Campus Partners: Facilitate change at your institution and beyond.

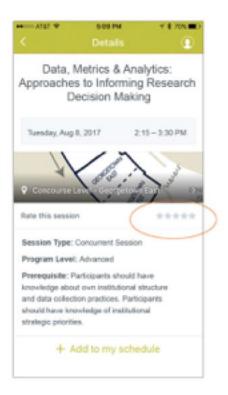






### PLEASE RATE THIS SESSION

 In Guidebook, search the schedule and open the session you are attending.



Open the details of the session and highlight the number of stars the session earned.



Scroll down to enter the session survey and answer four multiple choice questions.

