#### UCLA

The Docket

Title

The Docket Vol. 38. No. 1

Permalink

https://escholarship.org/uc/item/7h93z4fw

Journal

The Docket, 38(1)

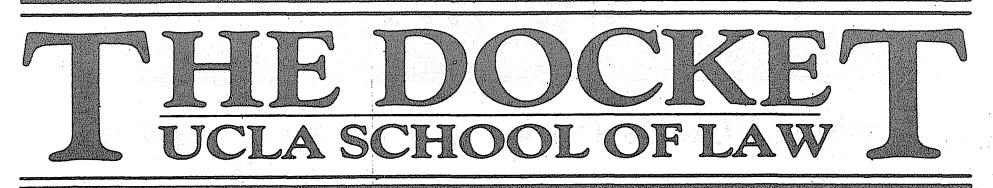
Author

UCLA Law School

Publication Date

1989-09-01

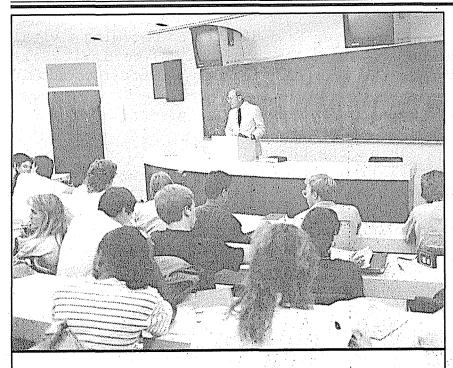
### **Class of 1992 Pictorial Issue**



**VOLUME 38, #1** 

DOCKET

**SEPTEMBER 1989** 



Yet another first year class enjoys an afternoon lecture on Civil Procedure, courtesy of Professor Bauman.

### Student Orgs Seek Changes in Diversity

#### by: Tom Hudson, 1L and Dennis Lee, 1L Staff Writers

Although the law school administration has expressed a commitment to the principle of diversity, student leaders feel that they have not been given enough input into the process. The diversity program aims at bringing people of differing backgrounds and life experiences into the law school. Such factors as work experience, cultural background, and physical handicaps, as well as race, are considered under the program. Not all diversity students are minority students and not all minority students are in the diversity program. Some<sup>b</sup> of the student dissatisfaction concerns the power vested in Dean Rappaport. "One person cannot speak for people of various backgrounds, regardless who he or she is," said Susan Roe, co-chairperson of APILSA, the Asian Pacific Islander Law Student Association. "We need greater student input to guarantee true diversification," she said. The process for reconsidering a

candidate formerly involved a commitee of faculty and students. "Now the appeals process only involves faculty members, so student groups can't advocate who would be a good candidate," said Derek Li, 3L.

Debbie Johnson, cochairperson of BALSA, the Black Law Student Association, suggested that the Admissions Committee should be restructured to provide for more student input by including two members of the Student Bar Association and one member of each ethnic law student association. She also recommends "smaller group meetings before the main committee meetings as a means of making meetings more fruitful."

### First Year Class Impressive

#### by: John Kirkland, 3L News Editor

The 324 students enrolled in the Class of 1992 were chosen in the most selective screening process in UCLAW history. Applications to UCLAW have increased a staggering 46 percent over the past two years, according to Assistant Dean of Admissions Michael Rappaport. This year's entering class was chosen from a pool of 6,534 applicants, the largest number ever.

The first year class is also one of the most academically impressive to date. Regular enrollees have an average LSAT score of approximately 42, and an average undergraduate GPA of approximately 3.6. Students admitted under UCLAW's Diversity Program have an average LSAT score of approximately 36, and an average GPA of undergraduate approximately 3.2.

Ninety-six undergraduate schools are represented in this year's entering class. This year marks the first time that UCLA was not the largest single undergraduate school represented. That distinction goes to Berkley. UCLA was a close second. Stanford was a distant third, followed by the University of Pennsylvania. All of the ivy league schools are represented, as well as many of the Big 10, and most of the Cal State schools. Other schools represented include Clarion State College, University of Toronto, Air Force Academy, University of the Phillipines, Southern Methodist University, and Empire State College.

career in law, said Rappaport. "Several years ago an applicant with a Ph.D. in molecular biology from Cal Tech would have gotten special notice," said Rappaport, "but today that wouldn't happen, they're just too common."

The Administration is proud of the wide diversity of its student body. The entering class is approximately 38 percent women, 14 percent Asian American, 13 percent Latino, 10 percent Black, and 1 percent Native American.

The Diversity Program gives special consideration to factors such as race, physical challenges, and ability to overcome adversity. Coming from a low income family is not itself considered a diversity factor because the school admits so many low income applicants under its regular admissions program. "There is no question that the full spectrum of economic backgrounds is represented in the school," said Rappaport.

This is the second year diversity students have been chosen under a new system, which gives more control to Dean Rappaport. Previously, diversity admission decisions were made by faculty-student committees. Under the current system, Rappaport makes the decision for most of the applicants, referring only close cases to the committee for decision. Rappaport says that the current system is more consistent, and therefore more fair to diversity applicants. Total class size is limited to approximately 320 students because of budget and funding considerations. Because of the high volume of qualified applicants and the limited class size, it is becoming increasingly difficult to make distinctions candidates, among said Rappaport. Numbers alone do

Johnson also expressed concern about the results of the

program. She said that many students are admitted under the diversity program who would have been admitted any way. Although generally pleased with BALSA and the current level of diversity, she said there could be further improvement: "We need to reach out to more disadvantaged people,

See Diversity, p.6

Rappaport attributes the recent rise in applications to an increase in the number of people with scientific and technical backgrounds applying to law school. Many more people with medical, engineering and computer degrees are opting for a

See Statistics, Page 6

**SEPTEMBER 1989** 

# View Points

#### Trashing UCLA's Trash LET YOUR VIEWPOINT BE **KNOWN**

Don't throw away this newspaper! RECYCLE it!!!

Thousands of pounds of paper, newspaper, plasticware, glass, tin and aluminum are discarded on the UCLA campus every week, all of which could be recycled. UCLA is one of the largest wasteproducers in Los Angeles, but does not have a campus-wide recycling program.

PAGE 2

A group of UCLA students at the Law School and the School of Urban Planning have banned together to prove that recycling, even on a small scale, is beneficial and necessary. Recycling bins have been placed in the student lounge. The Docket fully supports the efforts of these students to encourage recycling within the UCLAW community. The benefits of recycling are great indeed: recycling saves money, preserves valuable natural resources, protects wildlife from needless destruction, and demonstrates respect for our environment.

It is shameful that UCLA has yet to adopt a campus-wide recycling program. In the meantime, we all can do something about the senseless and needless waste: make recycling part of our daily routines. With a little effort, we can all break the habit of throwing used papers and containers into the trash and use the recycling bins instead. Recycling is a good habit, one to benefit our own lives and those of generations to come.

### Please Recycle This Paper. Use the Recycling Bins Located in the Student Lounge.

Submissions Needed by the Docket.

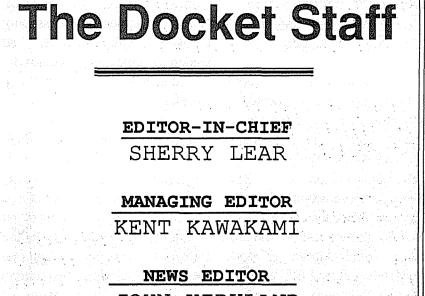
The Docket is dedicated to becoming a vital voice in the UCLAW community. We invite all interested students, faculty and staff to submit articles and letters for publication. Please limit your submissions to 1000 words.

It is the Docket's policy not to edit or editorialize about submissions from the UCLAW community. The Docket does reserve the right to refuse to publish submissions which are particularly offensive or libelous. Nonetheless, the Docket is dedicated to covering all sides of issues of importance to everyone in the UCLAW community.

Please write to or for the Docket. Staff positions are available for writers, editors and photographers. Contact Sherry Lear, 3L, by leaving a note in her box or at the Docket mailbox at the Information Desk.

**Dedication** 

I would like to dedicate this, my first issue as Editor-in-Chief, in memory of my cousin, James David Lear.



Jimmy was one of two Navy crewmen washed overboard the submarine Barbel on April 31, 1989. He was only 20 years old.

Thank you, Jimmy, for all the wonderful times. I truly cherish those summers and holidays we spent together. I know you are in a better place, but I miss you terribly. You are not only a part of my family, you are one of my very best friends.

#### Sherry Lear

#### JOHN KIRKLAND

#### STAFF

Jill Cooper Helen Glogovac James Harrison Thomas Hudson Dennis Lee

The Docket is published by the students of UCLA School of Law, 405 Hilgard Avenue, Los Angeles, CA, 90024; Telephone (213) 825-9437. The Docket does not accept responsibility for opinions expressed in the works of individual authors or for factual errors in contributions received. Copyright © 1 389

## THREE REASONS

#### WHY MORE STUDENTS ARE **CHOOSING KAPLAN-SMH BAR REVIEW COURSE**

#### INTENSIVE

and the

**QUESTION REVIEW:** Over eighteen hours of in-class question analysis by experienced law school professors is an integral part of every SMH and Kaplan-SMH Bar Review course at no extra cost.

#### NARRATIVE

**TEXTS:** The law you need to know for your bar exam is explained for you—not outlined—in our comprehensive texts.

### 3 UNPARALLELED

**CONVENIENCE:** Preparation for the bar exams of nine-teen jurisdictions is available at over 100 Stanley H. Kaplan Educational Centers nationwide (except in New England, D.C., Maryland, and New Mexico where courses are administered by SMH).

#### **PREPARATION FOR**

- California Colorado Connecticut Dist. of Columbia Florida
- Illinois Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan

New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico New York Pennsylvania

Rhode Island Texas Vermont Virginia

If you plan to practice in any of these jurisdictions, your first step should be to contact your campus rep or your local Stanley Kaplan Educational Center.



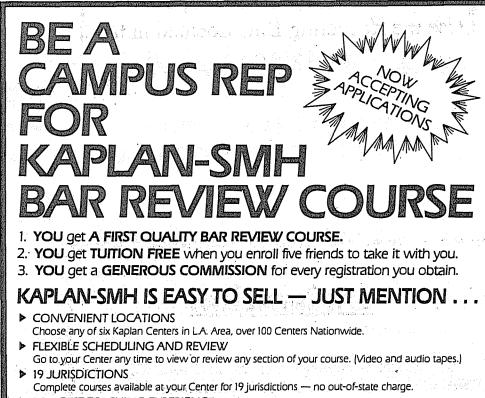
#### (800) 223.1782 (800) 343.9188

IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA, CONTACT

CANDICE VECCHIARELLI

#### BAR COORDINATOR

213-202-1924



LONGEST TEACHING EXPERIENCE

Kaplan — over 50 years the world's leading test preparation institution. SMH — 24 years of expert bar exam preparation LOCAL ON-STAFF ATTORNEYS  $e^{T} < 1 - \infty$ Available to answer questions and quide you throughil EASY-READING TEXTS - NOT MERELY OUTLINES Yes, you get truly great outlines and tables of contents, but the texts are written in CLEAR, COMPLETE PROSE, JUST LIKE YOU'LL HAVE TO PRODUCE ON YOUR EXAMI ONE PRICE GETS YOU EVERYTHING --- NO EXTRA CHARGES Big discounts for early registration and Kaplan LSAT alums. Free repeat courses. NEWEST, MOST ADVANCED METHODS AND MATERIALS 54 hours of lectures and question analysis by outstanding professors and attorneys • 6 MBE Texts, MBE Question Book, MBE Diagnostic Workbook • California Text, California Question Book Over 1500 practice questions
MBE Workshop
Say Workshop
California Performance Test Workshop • Two Practice Bar Exams under examlike conditions • Law School Course Outlines and Candice Vecchiarelli Lecture Tapes Bar Coordinator KAPLAN-SMH BAR REVIEW SERVICES Southern California 213-202-1924

DOCKET SEPTEMBER 1989 UCLAW STUDENTS FIGHT AGAINST HOMELESSNESS

BY: JAMES HARRISON, 1L Staff Writer

UCLAW students will be joining their peers from 13 other law schools, nationwide, in a program to raise funds for the homeless. Initiated at the Harvard Law School last year, this project, known as "The Firm Commitment," brings law firms and law students together in an effort to increase awareness about homelessness through the interview process.

Each Fall, law firm recruiters compete for the top students from the nation's best law schools. In an attempt to woo students to their firm, recruiters devote much attention and resources to interviewees. Students are often housed in luxury hotels and treated to lavish meals. Courted by top law firms, some students have chosen to forgo the highestpriced trappings of this recruitment ritual in order to devote needed resources to the homeless.

The program rechannels the excesses of the interview process into funds for the homeless. Students may participate in some or all phases of the program. They may choose to stay at less expensive hotels and eat at less expensive restaurants when interviewing with participating firms. The money the firms save on rooms and restaurants are then distributed to homeless projects in the host cities. Students may also choose to make travel arrangements with a designated travel agency which will then donate half of its commissions to the program.

Last year, more than 600 Harvard students and 120 law firms participated in the project, raising approximately \$35,000. In Los Angeles, 25 law firms have agreed to participate and more are expected to join the effort before the recruiting season begins. Funds raised by Los Angeles-based firms will be distributed by "Downtown Dollar Days," an organization based in downtown Los Angeles, to five homeless projects in the city. UCLAW organizers, with the assistance of the Placement Office, will have a comprehensive list of these firms at an information table in the lobby of the law school on September 13, 14, 18, 19, and 20.

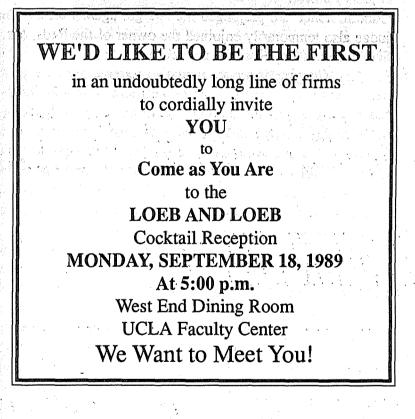
A core group of 10 students, led by Mark Neustadt 3L, has organized the effort at UCLA. Given the fact that little time and effort are required of interviewees, they believe that participation among UCLAW students will be high. While the project is not expected to reach the root causes of homelessness, organizers hope that the effort will ease the burden of the homeless and encourage a long-term commitment to the problem on the part of students and law firms. Said Mary O'Connell, a third-year student and organizer, "Some firms take recruiting to an excess, but as long as they are going to spend the money, they might as well give it to someone who is hungry."



United Way Member Agency

# PERKINS COIE LOS ANGELES \* SEATTLE PORTLAND \* WASHINGTON D.C.

Perkins Coie offers a dynamic and sophisticated practice with an unusually diverse and exciting client base. Our Los Angeles office provides a unique opportunity to work on substantial and complex matters in a small firm environment. The professional development of newer attorneys is a central concern of the firm.



The Los Angeles office of Perkins Coie will interview second and third year law students at the following schools:

Date

School

LOYOLA September 21, 1989 USC October 3, 1989 UCLA (L.A. Office) October 6, 1989 DORAZIO, BARNHORST & BONAR

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

INVITES SECOND-YEAR LAW STUDENTS FOR AN ON-CAMPUS INTERVIEW WITH THE FIRM ON OCTOBER 6, 1989

OUR PRACTICE INCLUDES GENERAL CIVIL LITIGATION, BUSINESS AND CORPORATE LAW, WITH AN EMPHASIS IN REAL ESTATE, LAND USE, BANKING AND ENVIRONMENTAL LAW, ESTATE PLANNING, TAX AND PROBATE LAW

IF YOUARE UNABLE TO ATTEND AN ON-CAMPUS INTERVIEW, PLEASE SUBMITA RESUME TO:

CYNTHIA J. GLANCY DORAZIO, BARNHORST & BONAR 438 CAMINO DEL RIO SOUTH, SUITE B-223 SAN DIEGO, CA 92108

OR CALL (619) 297-8900 FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

#### **SEPTEMBER 1989**

### FROM FACULTY ONLY

PAGE 5

### CLASSROOM BASEBALL BY: REGINALD ALLEYNE

Professor Alleyne has taught at the law school since 1969. He was on leave from 1975-1978 to chair California's first Public Employment Relations Board. He was law clerk to Judge Henry Edgerton of the U.S. Court of Appeals, D.C. Circuit, and a National Labor Relations Board Attorney for several years before coming to UCLAW. His latest publications are "Delawyerizing Labor Arbitration," in 50 Ohio State Law Journal, and "Actions To Stay and Compel Arbitration," a chapter in a treatise on Labor and Employment Arbitration, published by Matthew Bender. Professor Alleyne was recently elected president of the UCLA chapter of American Association of University Professors.

Baseball is reputedly a sexist topic to discuss in a law school classroom. More men than women are baseball fans, the argument goes, so male law students have an advantage over female law students whenever a professor uses baseball to illustrate a point of law. I think the argument is itself sexist. It incorrectly assumes that more men than women will understand anything a professor says about baseball. Pete Rose's case against the late Commissioner of Baseball, A. Bartlett Giamatti, helps prove the invalidity of the assumption. It illustrates, in a manner understandable to both sexes at all law schools, how subterranean tactical lawyering, with ostensibly dry procedural rules, can dramatically govern the outcome of a case.

Peter Rose managed the Cincinnati Reds baseball team. The Commissioner investigated gambling allegations made against Rose, including those that he bet on the Reds. Gambling by baseball personnel who can control the outcome of a game endangers the industry. Its success hinges on consumer confidence in the authenticity of games played.

Commissioner had prejudged the charges against Rose. The same judge also temporarily enjoined the owner of the Reds, Ms. Marge Schott, from firing Rose for any reason.

The Commissioner attempted to remove the case to what he perceived to be the more neutral courtroom of an appointed-for-life federal judge sitting in Columbus, Ohio, about 110 miles from a street in Cincinnati named Pete Rose Way. But the authority for removal to federal court was questionable. It could have taken months of appeals to finally resolve the issue of whether citizens from the same state were on opposite sides in Rose v. Giamatti, in violation of the complete diversity requirements of federal court jurisdiction based on diversity of citizenship.

Plaintiff Rose and one defendant, the Cincinnati Reds, were both citizens of Ohio, but the federal judge to whom the removal issue was addressed found that Rose's lawyers named the Reds as a defendant just to keep the case out of federal court. That decision was appealed to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit, which decided not to overturn it. Rose could have sought U.S. Supreme Court review, possibly delaying a final decision until next year's baseball season, but a combination of battered resources and public pressure to end the apparently endless legal wrangling, brought the matter to a close with a "settlement," withdrawing Rose's suit against the Commissioner and banning Rose from baseball for life, subject to a reinstatement attempt in one year as allowed by Major League Baseball Rule 15(b). LAW OFFICES ERVIN, COHEN & JESSUP. A PARTNERSHIP INCLUDING PROFESSIONAL CORPORATIONS NINTH FLOOR 9401 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA 90212-2974 (213) 273-6333

Ervin, Cohen & Jessup is a growing and dynamic general business law firm of appproximately 60 attorneys located in the heart of the financial district of Beverly Hills.

We offer a unique blend of challenging and sophisticated practice with an informal environment. Our flexible structure allows young attorneys to take important responsibility for major matters.

We are seeking outstanding second and third year students for our litigation, corporate, tax and real estate departments.

Interested students should see our recruiters on campus this Fall or write directly to:

> Mrs. Corrine Cooley Recruiting Coordinator Ervin, Cohen & Jessup 9401 Wilshire Boulevard

yet, indeed nearly impossible, to obtain an injunction to stop a pending discharge. The law regards the mere possibility of obtaining an afterthe-fact legal remedy, like money damages, as a reason not to grant the "extraordinary remedy" of injunctive relief.

To understand the ramifications of Rose v. Giamatti, one need not know anything like the distinction between the no-pause balk and the off-the-rubber balk, or how to apply the "reasonable expectation" clause of the infield fly rule. Baseball topics of that type are properly reserved for those who learned the game at the knee of an expert, no later than around the tenth year of life, and who systemically refined their knowledge with applied and theoretical skill training.

The theme so far expressed is supported by U.S. Supreme Court precedent. In Los Angeles Department of Water & Power v. Manhart, 435 U.S. 702 (1978), the employer required higher retirement fund premiums from women than from men, because women live longer than men and thus require more costly pension payments during retirement. The Supreme Court found unlawful sex discrimination. The primary victims of the illegal discrimination were those women

The case has an even more important law lesson. It demonstrates how the law better serves the wealthy and famous than others. Rose's salary as a manager was about \$500,000 per year. Not long ago, while a player, Rose's salary was about \$2,000,000 per year, commensurate with his then extraordinary player skills. Rose's fame and wealth may explain his unprecedented victory in an Ohio state court.

ſ

Could an assembly line worker, a waitress, or a construction industry laborer get an injunction to stop an investigation of his or her alleged job-related misconduct, and to prevent a pending discharge? Of course not, even assuming the employee could afford to pay a lawyer to make the attempt.

Injunctions like the kind Rose obtained are almost unheard of in employment law. It is hard to overturn a discharge in court. It is harder

retirees who died before any male co-employee who retired at the same time and under similar circumstances.

They were victimized by the valid generalization that women live longer than men. Similarly, generalizations about how baseball fans are distributed between the sexes deprive law school baseball fans, including female baseball fans, of instructive baseball lore, easily crafted to the comprehension level of all law students.

Chilled baseball speech is particularly cost-ineffective here at UCLA Law School. The UCLAW faculty has substantial numbers of knowledgeable baseball fans who must now suffer from the repressing yoke of a potential and undeserved "sexist" label. Among the UCLAW professors who deserve the highest possible baseball-knowledge rating are William Warren, Kristine Knaplund, Gary Schwartz, Alison Anderson, Peter Arenela and Julien Eule. Many other UCLAW faculty members would rank at least in the 80th percentile of an SBAT. Hopefully, this article will have a liberating influence on all law school community baseball fans. Baseballism, like some other irrational

"-isms" that plague our society, has no legitimate place in a law school classroom.

Emphysema

can take your breath away

AMERICAN 불 LUNG ASSOCIATION

It's a matter of life and breath°

**Chronic Bronchitis** 

can take your breath away

AMERICAN S LUNG ASSOCIATION

It's a matter of life and breath<sup>®</sup>

SEVERSON & WERSON

ONE EMBARCADERO CENTER + SAN FRANCISCO + CALIFORNIA 94111 +

(415) 398-3344

#### **SEPTEMBER 1989**

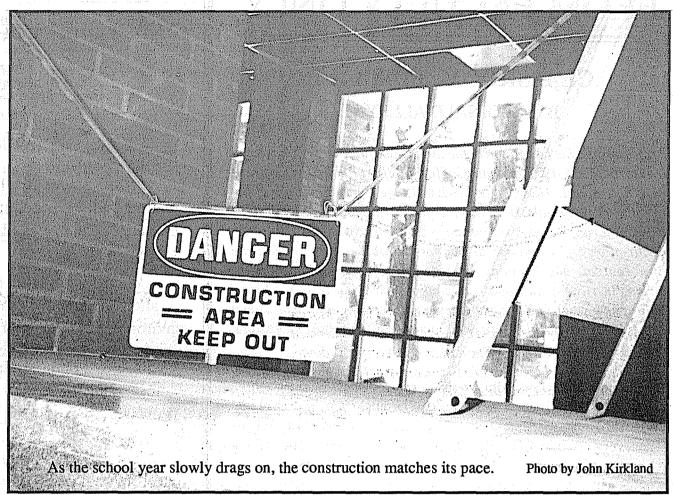
### First Year

PAGE 6

#### cont. from page 1

not accurately reflect the competitiveness of the admissions process because virtually all of the applicants are extremely well qualified, with excellent undergraduate records and LSAT scores. Each year several hundred students are turned away who would have been accepted the year before.

Approximately 12 second year students were admitted as transfer students this Fall. Competition among transfer applicants is even more intense than among regular applicants. Students must have done extremely well at their former schools to be admitted as transfers, typically placing first or second in their first year class. §



### Diversity

cont. from page 1

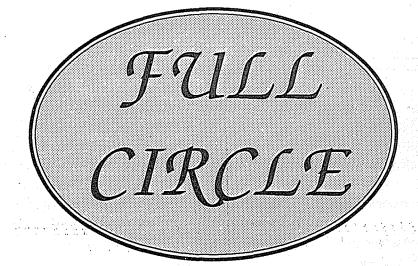
more people with rich cultural backgrounds, and more people who've been out of school for a while." Roe said, "GPA and LSAT do not take into account other factors like family commitments and working that may have

#### affected academic performance."

Li criticized the current methods of evaluating the success of the diversity program. He suggested that there are applicable criteria other than bar passage rates in determining the success of graduating law students. "There is no systematic process for evaluating other work; the administration should look at the amount of pro bono work and community-related activities engaged in by the students," he said. The community as a whole benefits from diversity in ways not measured by grades, he said.

**Proponents of the diversity** program point to the advantages which they feel all law students enjoy as the result of interacting with people of differing backgrounds and lifestyles. Johnson said, "One thing that makes UCLA so unique is that it provides a rich and diverse community, profiting both the students and the legal community." People who do not interact with people of differing backgrounds fail to expand their horizons, Roe said. The goal of the diversity program includes providing academic support to its members. Roe said, "It is not enough to just admit people under the program. We must also make sure they make it to the legal profession."

Cordially invite all interested students to interview with us October 3, 1989 and October 4, 1989 or attend our reception on October 3, 1989 Hacienda Room, Faculty Center 5:30 – 7:00 p.m.



The following in an editorial which ran in the March 20, 1984 issue of the Docket under the title "Federalist Society Chapter Formed". The author was Avery Goodman. From time to time, the Docket will run old articles, columns and editorials from previous issues. We hope you enjoy these "blasts" from the past. The times are always a changing!

For several years now, UCLA School of Law, as well as other law schoools, throughout the nation, has been dominated by a virulent sort of leftist/liberalism which tolerates little dissent, and ridicules those who hold different points of view. In many cases, liberalism is now taught as if it were the law! Thankfully, however, liberalism is not the law. There should be room to express all points of view, not just the leftist/liberal orthodoxy accepted and endorsed by many students and faculty.

The Federalist Society is a national association of lawyer, legal scholars, and students which seeks to change bipartisan debate to the law school arena. It is an unfortunate circumstance that many groups on campus, sponsored by taxpayer money, do not even attempt to show both sides in their presentations. The recent "Nuclear Disarmament Conference", sponsored by the National Lawyer's Guild, and other leftwing organizations, is only one example of a program, paid for by University funds, in which no attempt was made to present the alternative viewpoint. Although such an abuse of University funding is forbidden by the campus bylaws, at the UCLA School of Law it has become commonplace, and seemingly sanctioned by the administration.

The Federalist Society is a group of concerned individuals, most of whom would be classified as "conservative", or "libertarian" in the parlance of the day. It is open to all who seek bipartisan debate at this University and others. Currently, we have several very active chapters at Harvard, Yale, U. Chicago, U. Texas, U.S.C., U. Mich., Berkeley, and other law schools. New chapters are being formed at a very rapid pace.

Our goal is to sponsor debates, in which all points of

### BARTON, KLUGMAN & OETTING

On September 28, 1989, Barton, Klugman & Oetting will be conducting interviews for second and third year law students. We look forward to seeing you there.

We are a mid-sized, downtown law firm in existence for over 25 years with a reputation for high quality legal work. The firm specializes in business and commercial litigation, corporate and commercial practice, as well as estate planning and probate.

If you are not available to interview on September 28, 1989, but are interested in our firm, please call or write to us at:

Hiring Partner Barton, Klugman & Oetting 333 South Grand Avenue Suite 3700 Los Angeles, CA 90071-1599 (213) 621 4000

is diama any

BURKLEY, MOORE, GREENBERG & LYMAN

view will be heard and encouraged. We will present nationally known legal and political authorities to the campus and to the community. Unlike many of the leftist/liberal organizations, we will always present both alternatives. The Federalist Society will achieve the esteem of others, not through clever fabrications or hypocritical deeds. Rather, it will gain the respect and admiration of the community through a steadfast adherence to the principles of free speech and democratic action. In this, we will be assisted at all times by other chapters and by the national organization.

The national society sponsors many activities, year round, including an annual conference (sponsored by the Harvard chapter this year) and a current job bank. We urge those students who share our beliefs to seek us out, join us, and enjoy the comradery of those who share common goals. We will be holding a meeting in the near future. The time, day and room number will be posted. We look forward to seeing you and sharing ideas! IS PLEASED TO ANNOUNCE THAT WE WILL BE INTERVIEWING SECOND AND THIRD YEAR LAW STUDENTS ON TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, AT THE UCLA GUEST HOUSE. WE ALSO INVITE THE RESUMÉS OF OTHER INTERESTED STUDENTS.

### Letters to the Editor:

#### To The Editor:

PAGE 8

During a very long and extremely hostile year at UCLA law school, where I was duly enrolled, I was confronted with a trial by ordeal that no citizen should expect in an American University—especially, not a law school.

At that time, Dean L. Dale Coffman autocratically ran the law school. He also taught torts. In the torts class, Dean Coffman espoused his political views. While praising former Senator Joseph McCarthy, he challenged the class to name anyone who had been wrongfully accused by McCarthy. I mentioned the name of former Secretary of State, Dean Acheson. Needless to say, history has proven Dean Coffman's position false, since McCarthyism is synonymous with pernicious evil.

In a subsequent talk I had with Dean Coffman, he told me he believed in racial segregation. When I objected, he said that "Liberals" with a capital "L" would be weeded out of law school, and that if I did not conform to his views, I would not be allowed back in the law school.

So oppressive was the atmosphere, that my fellow students became frightened to be seen with me. Still, I persisted in school. It was important not to give in to hostility and falsehoods; not only for my sake, but that of the law school!

Law students should be free to discuss any and all issues confronting our government and judiciary. How many Chinese students recently ground to death by Communist government tanks would understand this concept of freedom? Students should be free to question dogma and injustice -- especially, in an American law school! I told Dean Coffman that I could not, in good conscience, conform to his falsehoods.

I took my examinations, but never could get an explanation of how they were graded. I put Dean Coffman on notice that the grading was held in question with legal action pending. Dean Coffman destroyed my examinations. My case was of ultimate benefit to later generations of law students, since law exams are now taken under the anonymous, numbering system. (Law students do not put their names on exams as they did when I was at UCLA law school.) This came about about after some law school faculty finally got some backbone and ousted Coffman as Dean.

My beloved mother died at the UCLA Medical Center in 1982. For many reasons, I has hoped that the UCLA Law School would render justice in my case before she died. Shortly after he death, I went to see Dean Susan Westerberg-Prager in 1982. While I was talking to Dean Prager, I could not help but be painfully remember how Dean Coffman had tried to frighten me off by trying to intimidate my mother. She was a very brave American citizen.

It is important to note that Dean Prager wrote me saying it was "unrealistic" for her to be a "fact-finder" regarding my case! Among other things, it is an absolutely irrefutable fact that Dean Coffman wrongfully destroyed my law school examinations. Dean Prager and her predecessors cannot honestly excuse Coffman's disgraceful act of destroying evidence, thereby depriving, me of due process. It remains a disgrace in the history of the law school.

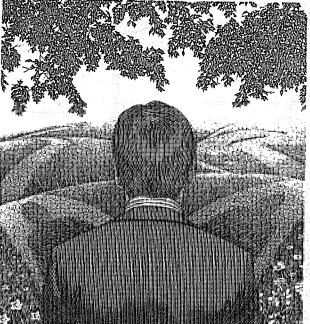
After all these years, it is still important that I get my law degree. It is just as imperative that the UCLA Law School learn how to render justice. The law school is still worth fighting for!

> With love for my fellow citizens, Alex Cota

The opinions expressed in this letter do not necessarily reflect the views of the Docket Editorial Staff. If you have a comment, an opinion, something to get off your chest, a question, or praise, write a letter to the Docket and air your views. All letters are left unedited as much as possible.

### BEHOLD THE FAMOUS CASE OF LEFT PATH VS. RIGHT PATH.

Left Path vs. Right Path. The one case for which law school never prepared you. If you are an outstanding second year law student, we offer a direction to be considered.



Our summer associates were paid a salary of \$ per week. In addition, we offer a series of social events, plus encourage you to take advantage of professional, educational and recreational opportunities with our partners and other associates. Our first-year associates receive an annual salary of \$ ,000.00, as well as an excellent benefits package. Our firm offers an outstanding opportunity to the highly motivated law student. We anticipate significant growth in the size of our firm over the next several years and are looking for the right people to become a part of that growth. Our interview

新新 S. 1996年2月19日年 南田市部市南部

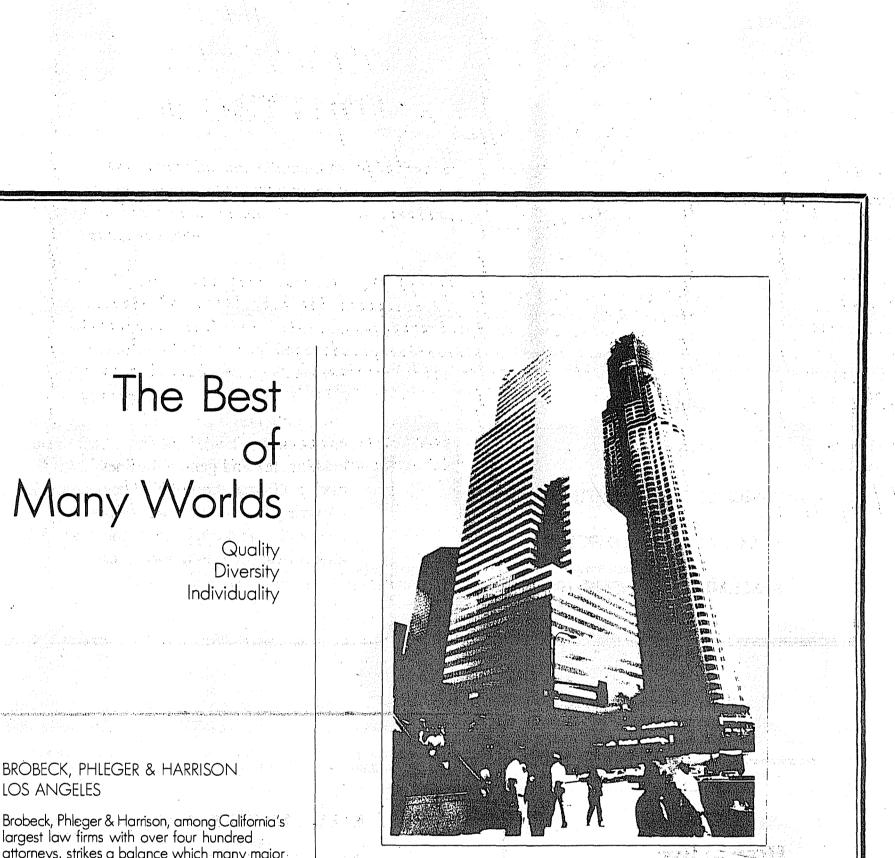
de la forma de la compañía

Palmieri, Tyler, Wiener, Wilhelm & Waldron (formerly the Newport Beach office of Kindel & Anderson) is a lawyer firm specializing in real estate, litigation, business/tax and estate planning. As a summer associate, you will be exposed to the full range of our practice: from client meetings to business transaction closings to court appearances. As an associate, you will be given significant responsibilities over major matters at an early point in your career. In short, our goal is to have you "learn by doing."

### PALMIERI, TYLER, WIENER, WILHELM & WALDRON

4000 MacArthur Boulevard, East Tower — Suite 1000 Newport Beach, California 92660 (714) 851-9400





group handles complex commercial real estate finance transactions on behalf of lenders and borrowers, as well as acquisitions, dispositions and leasing work for corporate clients, and land use planning for real estate developers. The trusts and estates practice includes planning, administration and litigation. The office also practices state and federal taxation law and administrative law.

Located at the center of downtown's financial district, the Los Angeles office is just minutes away from many points of interest popular among Angelenos, including the Music Center, Chinatown, Dodger Stadium, Little Tokyo and the Museum of Contemporary Art, as well as several of the finest restaurants in the city. Los Angeles, the emerging financial and business center of the Pacific Rim, offers a fertile environment for expansion of Brobeck's Los Angeles office, which is anticipated to become a focal point for growth in the next decade.

#### BROBECK PHLEGER & HARRISON

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

444 South Flower Street Los Angeles. California 90017 (213) 489-4060

### LOS ANGELES

Brobeck, Phleger & Harrison, among California's largest law firms with over four hundred attorneys, strikes a balance which many major multi-office law firms have failed to achieve. Despite extensive interaction among Brobeck's network of offices, each branch office has maintained its own distinct personality.

The Los Angeles office offers the best of many worlds. Located in one of the most exciting urban centers in the United States, Brobeck's Los Angeles office provides young attorneys with a challenging practice, generated in part by the state-wide network of offices and a diverse client base, and an intimate, casual working atmosphere not found in other "megafirms."

The Los Angeles office was established in 1976 with four attorneys. Due to dramatic expansion and diversification of Southern California practice, the office has grown to almost 70 lawyers, practicing virtually every aspect of the law. The litigation group handles a broad range of sophisticated legal matters, from complex antitrust and securities litigation, to lender liability, toxic tort, labor and trademark cases. Attorneys in the corporate group represent a wide variety of domestic and international clients, including major financial institutions and public and private corporations in the areas of banking and finance, leveraged buy-outs, mergers and acquisitions and bankruptcy. The real estate

For more information about professional opportunities for attorneys and law students at the Los Angeles office of Brobeck, Phleger & Harrison, please contact our Recruiting Coordinator at (213) 489-4060.

SAN FRANCISCO SAN DIEGO PALO ALTO NEWPORT BEACH **PAGE 19** 

**SEPTEMBER 1989** 

#### LOEB AND LOEB MCCUTCHEN, BLACK, **VERLEGER & SHEA** SPECIALIZING IN AREAS OF LITIGATION Of Los Angeles, California TRUSTS AND ESTATES, is pleased to announce that it will be interviewing TAX, interested 2nd and 3rd year students on September 25 and 26, 1989. REAL ESTATE, ENTERTAINMENT, The McCutchen firm consists of 87 INSOLVENCY AND WORKOUT, lawyers specializing in all major areas of civil litigation (including admiralty, CORPORATE environmental, products liability and constitutional law), corporate, real estate, AND LABOR banking, tax and general business law. We have a 60-year tradition of excellence in WILL BE INTERVIEWING lawyering from written and oral advocacy, to FOR THE counselling and effective negotiation. We LOS ANGELES OFFICE look forward to seeing you on campus. ON SEPTEMBER 18 AND 19, 1989

### How to live with someone who's living with cancer.

HIS SPACE CONTRIBUTED AS A PUBLIC SERVICE

When one person gets cancer, everyone in the family suffers.

Nobody knows better than we do how much help and understanding is needed. That's why our service and rehabilitation programs emphasize the whole family, not just the

**KLEIN, WEGIS & DUGGAN** LAWYERS A PARTNERSHIP INCLUDING PROFESSIONAL CORPORATIONS ANNOUNCES THE WITHDRAWAL OF THOMAS M. DUGGAN AS A PARTNER IN THE FIRM

AND THE CHANGE OF THE FIRM NAME TO KLEIN, WEGIS, DeNATALE, HALL, GOLDNER & MUIR

THE FIRM WILL CONTINUE TO MAINTAIN I'S OFFICES AT THE:

ARCO TOWER 4550 CALIFORNIA AVENUE, SECOND FLOOR BAKERSFIELD, CALIFORNIA 93309

cancer patient.

Among our regular services we provide information and guidance to patients and families, transport patients to and from treatment, supply home care items and assist patients in their return to everyday life.

life is what concerns us. The life of cancer patients. The lives of their families. So you can see we are even more than the research organization we are so well known to be.

No one faces cancer alone.

#### AMERICAN CANCER SOCIETY

Ad No. 1285-P (2" × 5") Created as a public service by D'Arcy, MacManus Masius, Inc.

#### MAILING ADDRESS P.O. BOX 11172

#### BAKERSFIELD, CALIFORNIA 93389 1172

(805) 395-1000

UNITED STATES (800) 221-8537

CALIFORNIA (800) 221-8536

THE FIRM WILL CONTINUE TO SPECIALIZE IN LITIGATION WITH AN EMPHASIS IN AREAS OF PERSONAL INJURY, PRODUCTS LIABILITY MEDICAL MALPRACTICE, REAL ESTATE, BANKING AND COMMERCIAL MATTERS

ANTHONY J KLEIN ROBERT & KRONICK RALPH & WEGIS THOMAS V DENATALE, JR JOHN C HALL GREGORY A MUTR BARRY L GOLDNER

J L ROSENLIEB FREDERICK C. KUMPEL LIBBIE STULL DAVID J. COOPER ANDRES O RICO MARK J GARIBALDI DENISE MARTIN

19

WHAT DISTINGUISHES JEFFER, MANGELS, BUTLER & MARMARO FROM THE OTHER TOP-TIER LOS ANGELES FIRMS?

We were pleased to hear repeatedly from students last year that Jeffer, Mangels, Butler & Marmaro has developed a reputation on the law school campuses as "one of the most exciting places to work" among the top-tier Los Angeles law firms. We were also pleased by the large quantity of applications from highly qualified students for our twenty-one summer associate positions -- it made for a number of very difficult hiring decisions, but also has made us among the most selective firms in the country. It was a very successful recruiting year.

You have probably read or heard about some of the other measures of our success -- about our "Fortune 500" client base that includes entertainment studios and a major league baseball team, about the achievements of a number of our lawyers, and about the number of "high-profile" cases and business transactions with which we have been involved.

What you may not have heard, however, is the underlying firm philosophy that we believe has greatly contributed to our success. We have taken this opportunity to explain this philosophy.

1. "The practice of law requires ingenuity, creativity and an inquisitive mind." We like to hire people who are looking for intellectual challenges in their daily life. We want lawyers who will examine a client's problem, think carefully about it and search for creative solutions. We encourage our young lawyers to constantly ask questions, not to merely look for a form file. We are looking for lawyers who want responsibility quickly and are willing to learn how to get it.

2. "Take your work very seriously, but do not take yourself too seriously." Pomposity is not an admired trait at Jeffer, Mangels, Butler & Marmaro -- but a good sense of humor is a treasured commodity. Treat the non-legal staff with common human decency, not an air of superiority. Work to de-mystify the practice of law, not to preserve rigid formalities. The result of this philosophy is not only an informal, enjoyable daily office atmosphere, but also an office where people are friends rather than mere business colleagues.

3. "We have a life outside the office as well." We are mothers, fathers, wives, husbands, avid movie-goers, and community volunteers, as well as lawyers. We not only have responsibilities beyond the office, but also derive enjoyment and satisfaction from our lives outside the office. We expect our lawyers to work hard, to be perfectionists about the quality of work we turn out and to care deeply about our clients' problems. But when your work is done for the day, turn out the lights and go home -- your life should not revolve exclusively around your job.

We will be interviewing second-year students at U.C.L.A. on September 18, 1989 and third-year students on September 19, 1989. We also invite a number of students from the "overflow" list to interview at our offices. Please come see us.

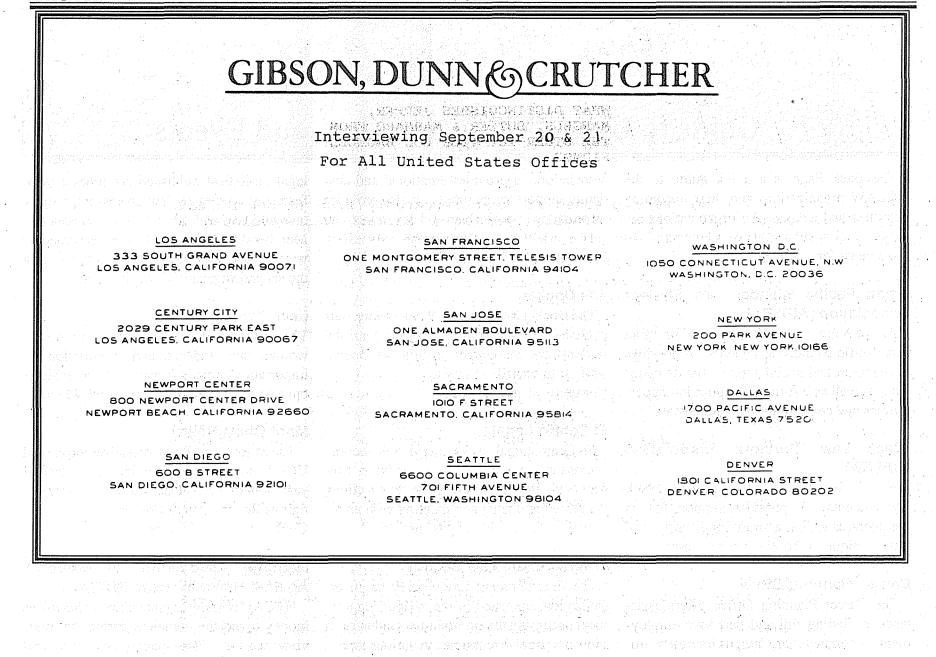
#### JEFFER, MANGELS, BUTLER & MARMARO

Los Angeles San Francisco Newport Beach

来迎到短期被告究 PAGE 21

素調測的時后 DOCKET

的法院会师 SEPTEMBER 1989



LUCK ]

CLASSES, 1ST

YEARS

GOOD LUCK OIN

INTERVIEWS, 2ND

AND 3RD YEARS

eer of set

SEPTEMBER 1989

#### PAGE 22

# The Back Page

### **Guide to UCLAW Organizations and Events**

The Back Page is a quick guide to the UCLAW organizations and their upcoming activities and events. All organizations are encouraged to submit announcements of future events for publication.

#### Asian Pacific Islander Law Student The Docket Association (APILSA)

APILSA is a student organization for Asian and Pacific Island law students. It provides educational and social support for its members, as well as information about job opportunities and community outreach events.

#### Black Law Students Association (BALSA)

BALSA is a student organization for Black law students. It provides support for its members, as well as a forum for discussion of issues unique to the Black community.

#### Career Planning Office

The Career Planning Office offers assistance in finding full and part time employment. It conducts On-Campus Interview Programs during the Fall and Spring semesters. These are brokerage programs for summer and full time positions.

#### Date Event Description

- Fall On-Campus Interview 9/18 Program begins
- Fall On-Campus Interview 11/3Program ends

Contact: Bill McGeary, Dodd 77

#### Chicano Law Review (CLR)

The CLR publishes articles, comments, book reviews, and case notes written by practitioners, professors, and law students. It provides a forum for legal issues that effect the Latino community, and other minority, low income, or descriminated communities. All students are encouraged to submit articles for publication.

Contact: Mabell Aguilar, 3L

#### Child Care Coalition (CCC)

CCC is a group of interested UCLAW parents and non-parents, who advocate establishassociation. It provides emotional and academic support for members. It also provides information about lesbian and gay issues, and acts as an advocacy group for minority issues. Contact: Jane Wheeler, 2L

The Docket is the UCLAW newspaper. It is published seven times per academic year. All students are encouraged to join the Docket staff, or to contribute articles. Contact: Sherry Lear, 3L

#### El Centro Legal

El Cento Legal seeks to aid low income persons who are in need of legal advice. Students volunteer their time to work in a clinic, interviewing clients and meeting with an attorney to discuss the clients' problems.

#### **Entertainment Law Society**

The Entertainment Law Society is an organization interested in the various legal issues concerning the entertainment industry. It sponsors panel discussions on various topics, as well as other projects, and happy hours.

#### Environmental Law Journal (ELJ)

The ELJ is a student-run journal that publishes articles by professors, practitioners and students concerning environmental and land use issues. It encourages all members to submit articles for publication. The Society organizes career forums and panel discussions related to environmental law, and sponsors the UCLAW recycling program. Contact: Harriet Pearson, 3L

#### Federal Communications Law Journal (FCLJ)

The FCLJ is the official publication of the Federal Communications Bar Association. It is published three times per year, and is devoted to communications law and related fields.

Contact: Anthony Klien, 3

#### International Law Society

The International Law Society is a student

legal periodical published six times a year, featuring articles by law professors, judges, law students, and other legal commentators. Membership on the Law Review is earned by way of a one week writing competition during the second semester of the first year.

#### Law Women's Union

The Law Women's Union provides support to women law students, and information on important women's issues. Membership is open to all students, both men and women.

#### Moot Court Board

The Moot Court Board organizes the annual UCLA Moot Court Competion among second year students. Finalists compete in the prestigious Roscoe Pound Competition. Contact: Darcy Calkins

#### National Association of Students Against Homelessness (NASAH)

NASAH is a new organization, which raises money to aid the homeless during the interview season. Participating law firms and students agree to less expensive meals and hotels, and the difference is donated. Contact: Mark Neustadt, 3L

#### National Black Law Journal (NBLJ)

The NBLJ is a periodical published three times per year, which addresses legal, social, and political issues of concern to Blacks and other traditionally under represented minority groups. All students are encouraged to participate.

Contact: Stephanie Jackson, 3L

#### Pacific Basin Law Journal (PBLJ)

The PBLJ is a student run law journal dedicated to international and comparative law concerning the economic sphere within the Pacific Basin. It will be publishing a special issue on China this year, devoted to the recent events in Tian An Men Square. Contact: Nargis Choudry

#### Phi Alpha Delta (PAD)

PAD is an international law fraternity. The McKenna Chapter at UCLAW offers various social, academic, and educational events to its members.

ing a day care center at UCLAW for students with children. The group sponsored "Child Care Awareness Day" last year, and plans additional activities this year. Contact: Sara Feldman, 3L

**Christian Legal Society** 

The Christian Legal Society is composed of students committed to maintaining a christian presence within the UCLAW comunity. It promotes activities such as bible studies, panel discussions, guest speakers, weekend excursions, and prayer meetings. Contact: Joseph Wu, 3L

**Commitee on Gay and Lesbian Issues** (COGLI) COGLI is a lesbian and gay law students

groupfor students interested in international and comparative law, and human rights. It sponsors various events of interest in international law.

Date Time **Event Description** 9/21 5:00pm International Law Forum in Room 1359

#### La Raza

La Raza Law Students Association promotes issues of importance to Latino law students. It sponsors tutorials, mentor programs, and social gatherings, to aid members and increase student awareness. Membership is open to anyone.

#### Law Review

The UCLA Law Review is a student run

Public Interest Law Foundation (PILF) PILF provides support for public interest projects within the legal system. Each year it raises money to be used to allow students to work in public interest jobs. Contact: Lisa McLeod

#### **Student Bar Association (SBA)**

The SBA is the student government at UCLAW. Elections are held near the beginning of the Fall semester for first years, and near the end of the Spring semester for second and third years. §

Contact: Joseph Freschi, 3L



### IS COMMITTED TO HELPING UCLA STUDENTS IN LAW SCHOOL AND IN PREPARATION FOR THE BAR EXAM!

Here are just a few of the ways how:

• LIVE BAR REVIEW LECTURES - During the summer, BAR/BRI is the only bar review to offer live lectures!

- TAPE LISTENING UCLA Students, who are BAR/BRI enrollees, will have unlimited access to audiotape listening of any BAR/BRI lecture at the BAR/BRI offices!
  - SERVICE BAR/BRI will continue to offer the quickest and most efficient service to UCLA students. Exchanging BAR/BRI outlines can be done at your convenience through the BAR/BRI reps or our bookmoblies. BAR/BRI's full time staff of attorneys are always available for tutoring.

For further information contact one of your campus representatives listed below, or call BAR/BRI at (213) 287-2360

Cordon Baesel George Choi Toni Goodin Class of 1990 Darcy Calkins Cathy Daniels-Reed Francis J. James

Hoi Chan Joseph Freschi Sean Kepler

Eric Nesbitt Jay Rappaport

#### Victor Cannon Callie Glanton Richard Verches

3280 MOTOR AVENUE

LOS ANGELES, CA'90034

(213) 287-2360

Stella Park Mark Silverman

Class of 1991 Barbara H. Choi Debra Johnson Dawn Weeks

#### Class of 1992 Cindy Kassman

332 GOLDEN GATE AVENUE

SAN FRANCISCO. CA 94102

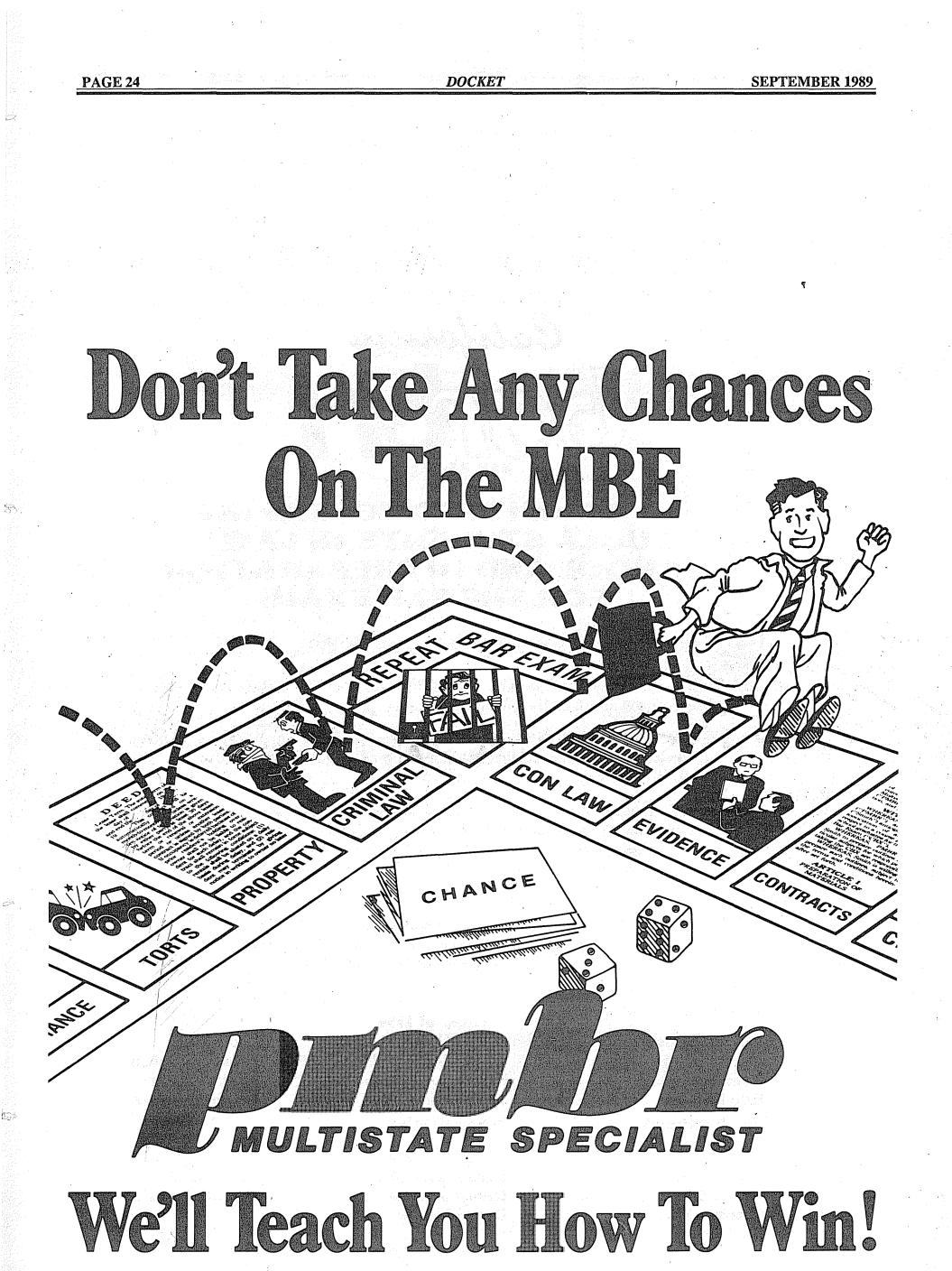
(415) 441-5600

(916) 441-0677

**Michael Perez** 

#### Mary Chun Lisa Schechter

1407 FIRST AVENUE SAN DIEGO, CA 92101 (619) 236-0623





#### NATIONWIDE TOLL FREE NUMBER: (800) 523-0777