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Factors That Affect Reactions and Outcomes to Not Being Made Chief Resident

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for each student. EBM expertise and previous grading experience with the Fresno test varied among the graders. Each grader submitted scores on a separate spreadsheet and were blinded to their colleague's responses during the grading process. The scores for each of the twelve questions in addition to the total score were collected for every test. Cronbach's alpha (C. alpha) was used to determine the IRR of the test.

**Results:** 97 tests were scored by two independent graders. There was good IRR for the total scores (C. alpha = 0.90). Of the twelve questions, ten had good IRR (C. alpha = 0.77-0.97) and two had acceptable IRR (C. alpha = 0.64-0.69).

Conclusions: IRR for scoring the Fresno test in our group of graders was consistent with the original developers of the tool. Next steps could explore the variability of IRR among the individual questions and by experience level of grader. For complete external validation, further research is needed to better understand the meaning behind a learner's score and its relationship to the learner's level of knowledge.

#### Table.

	Question	Cronbach's alpha
Q1	Write a focused clinical question for this patient encounter that will help you organize a search of the clinical literature for an answer.	D.94
C)Z	Where might clinicians go to find an answer to questions like these? Name as mamy possible types or categories of information sources as you can. You may feel that some are better than others, but discuss as many as you can to demonstrate your awareness of the strengths and weathresses of common information sources in clinical practice. Describe the most important advantages and disadvantages for each type of information source you list.	D.90
Q3	internations same you rec.  If you were to search Meditine for original research on this question, describe what your search strategy would be. Be as specific as you can about which topics and search categories (fields) you would search. Explain your rationale for taking this approach. Describe how you might limit your search if necessary and explain your reasoning.	0.64
Q4	What type of study (study design) would best be able to address this question. Why?	0.77
Q5	When you find a report of original research on this question, what characteristics of the study will you consider to determine if it is relevant? Include examples.	D.78
Q6	When you find a report of original research on this question, what characteristics of the study will you consider to determine if its findings are valid? Include examples.	D.87
Ω7	When you find a report of original research on this question, what characteristics of the findings will you consider to determine their magnitude and significance? I	D 69
Q#	A recent study of the disgnostic accuracy of arterial blood gas in diagnosis of pulmonary embolus included 212 patients with suspected pulmonary embolus, 40 of whom were subsequently determined to have pulmonary embolus. Of those with pulmonary embolus, 41 had abnormal alreadur-arterial congent gradient ((A-4)DO2). Of the 163 patients determined not to have pulmonary embolus is [18] had abnormal (A-4)DO2.  1) Based on these results, the servisitive of (A-4)DO2 for pulmonary embolus is [19] based on these results, the specificity of (A-4)DO2 for pulmonary embolus is [19] based on these results, the openitive predictive value of (A-4)DO2 for pulmonary embolus is [19] based on these results, the full considerable of the openitive predictive value of (A-4)DO2 for pulmonary embolus is [19] based on these results, the fluid-fluid ordinary embolus is [19] based on these results, the fluid-fluid ordinary embolus is [19] based on these results, the fluid-fluid ordinary embolus is [19] based on these results, the fluid-fluid ordinary embolus is [19] based on these results, the fluid-fluid ordinary embolus is [19] based on these results, the fluid-fluid ordinary embolus is [19].	0.87
Q9	A recent randomized trial found that 29% of diabetic with coronary heart disease (CHD) treated with provential insuffered a recurrent coronary event during 5 years of follow-up, while 37% of the plauebo group suffered recurrent coronary events.  i) The absolute risk reduction for recurrent events is	D.92
Cira	The recent HBIS study compared women on estrogen supplements to women on placebo. Results revealed a relative risk of venous thromboembolic events of 2.89 for the women on estrogen. This suggests that	0.97

# 20 Factors That Affect Reactions and Outcomes to Not Being Made Chief Resident

Amanda Smith, Matthew Hysell

**Background:** Most literature surrounding chief residents discusses process and qualities which predict selection. There is little discussion regarding the potential negative impact on qualified candidates who went unselected.

**Objectives:** We sought to identify the impact of non-

selection on non-clinical participation (recruiting, teaching, research, etc.) in both the final year of residency and as an attending. We assessed different news delivery styles, resident reaction to the news and delivery, and unanswered questions about the process.

Methods: All graduated candidates who had applied for chief at a single community-based residency but did not get the positions were identified and contacted via phone or text. Consent was obtained. Approximately 30-minute interviews were recorded, with participant permission, and transcribed. A predetermined set of questions were asked regarding their reaction to the news, how they were told, reasons they were given, and how this affected their participation during the final year of residency and as an attending. Common themes were identified.

**Results:** We were able to connect with 10 out of 13 (77%) potential participants. See table 1.

Conclusion: While our former residents did not feel significant downstream effects of not being made chief as attendings, most felt significantly decreased motivation to participate in non-clinical activities as residents. Most of our residents had significant questions about why they had not been selected.

Table 1.

Торіс	Theme	Sub-theme
Means delivery setting	With entire residency	Better to know prior to general
		announcement
		Public disappointment
	Which menter/program	Trust
	director	Respect
How candidates felt	Why not selected	What did other residents say
		Who made the decision
		What were my shortcomings
	1	l
	Concerns they did not fit the	No transparency with criteria
	mold	Warnen felt they needed to be
		cheerleaders
		Social role vs administrative role
	l	l_
	Qualified candidates were	Respect for fellow residents
	selected	
	l	l
	Negative responses to others'	Fellow residents expected some to be chief made news harder
	support	
		Faculty who said that they would have supported
		candidates for chief
Downstream effects	As returned as	
Liumentusin eileus	As attending	Most felt none at ultimate job  Some had decreased motivation
	1	to stay on as attending
	1	IN 2015 ON BY BUILDING
	As senior resident	Did not appreciate being asked
	70 SOIM IESMEIIL	to take on additional leadership
	1	roles when not made chief
	1	IGIS WINSI NOLMARE UNKS

# 21 Feedback on Feedback: Improving Quantity of Individualized Comments from Faculty on Student Evaluations

Morgan Wilbanks, Sam Corbo, Tom Yang, Nancy Jacobson, McKenna Knych

**Background:** The Standardized Letter of Evaluation