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# Ernest O. Lawrence Radiation Laboratory

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L. D. Hartsough, V. F. Zackay, and E. R. Parker
August 1967

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HIGH FIELD CHARACTERISTICS OF  ${
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L. D. Hartsough, V. F. Zackay, and E. R. Parker

August 1967

## HIGH FIELD CHARACTERISTICS OF Nb (Al, Ge)

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#### ABSTRACT

The upper resistive critical field for a  $Nb_3(Al_{0.9}Ge_{0.1})$  compound, prepared by hot pressing, was found to be in excess of 200 kilogauss at  $4.2^{\circ}K$ .

Recently Matthias, et al. have discovered that the addition of Ge to Nb<sub>3</sub>Al produces a compound more nearly approaching the ideal stoichiometry. The compound Nb<sub>3</sub>(Al<sub>0.8</sub>Ge<sub>0.2</sub>) had a T<sub>c</sub> above 20°K. Other investigators have reported high critical fields for compounds having the Al5 structure and high T<sub>c</sub>. Critical fields in excess of 200 kilogauss have been reported for Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn<sup>2</sup> and V<sub>3</sub>Ga. Since Matthias, et al. did not report any critical field data, we have made several Nb<sub>3</sub>(Al,Ge) alloys and tested them in high magnetic fields.

Elemental powders of Nb, Al, and Ge were mixed in various proportions. They were sintered at a low pressure in a hot press for 10 min at 1150°C. They were then pressed at 500 psi for 5 min at 1150°C, and at the same pressure for 15 min at 1650°C. Dense specimens having dimensions about 0.25×0.25×1.0 cm were obtained. The critical temperatures, detected by the change in inductance of a coil surrounding the sample, were in the neighborhood of 18°K for all samples. For the high field measurements the specimens were reduced to about 10<sup>-2</sup> cm<sup>2</sup> in cross section; currents ranged from 8 to 20 amperes. The upper resistive critical field, H<sub>r</sub>, was measured at 4.2°K by a pulse technique. The field was perpendicular to the current.

The existence of the Al5 structure was confirmed by x-ray diffraction, which also revealed the presence of  $Nb_2Al$  ( $\sigma$ -tetragonal) and possibly Nb. Microscopic examination also showed that the specimens were multiphase materials. The current density was estimated from the microstructure.

Figure 1 shows the  $J_c$  vs H data. The line corresponds to the field at which normal resistance was completely restored in the specimen having

a nominal composition Nb(Al<sub>0.9</sub>Ge<sub>0.1</sub>). This composition exhibited the highest fields of the samples tested.

The authors wish to thank Bruce Arnold for preparing the specimens and M. Suenaga for assistance with the field measurements. This work was supported by the United States Atomic Energy Commission.

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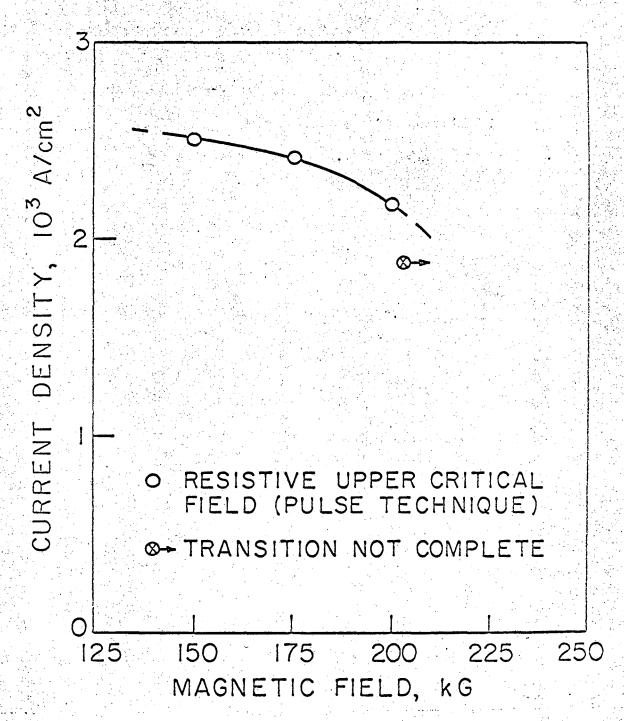


Fig. 1 The upper resistive critical field vs current density, measured at 4.2°K, for a hot pressed material having a nominal composition of Nb<sub>3</sub>(Al<sub>0.9</sub>Ge<sub>0.1</sub>).

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