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Contemporary Music Score Collection

Title

Alive

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Publication Date

2020

ALIVE

For piano, violin & cello

dur. ca 8'

Roxani Chatzidimitriou

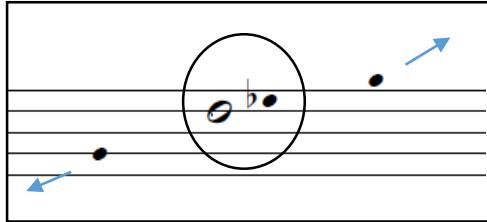
PROGRAMME NOTE

The piece “Alive” draws inspiration from the poem “Muere Lentamente” (“Dying slowly”) by Pablo Neruda. The importance of leading a meaningful life is the central idea of the poem. To truly live and experience life, you must follow your passions. You should escape from the restraints of habits that don’t allow you to live and change your old paths and attitude of inner self by taking risks and chasing your dreams. You will then start to feel “Alive”, as the title of the piece suggests.

In my composition, I tried to depict the power of habit through specific characteristic motifs that are based on the interval of a semitone as well as repetition (“stasis”).

The effort to escape from old habits and our desire to take risks is depicted musically in the sections where the melodic material is more prominent (“movement”).

Through the use of glissandi, I wanted to express musically a sort of weakness and the fear to take risks (return back to old habits).



The note D depicts the “habit” and functions as a magnet. The longer the distance from this note (bigger interval) the strongest the effort to escape from a “habit”.

Muere lentamente

He who becomes the slave of habit,
who follows the same routes every day,
who never changes pace,
who does not risk and change the color of his clothes,
who does not speak and does not experience,
dies slowly.

He or she who shuns passion,
who prefers black on white,

dotting ones "it's" rather than a bundle of emotions, the kind that make your eyes
glimmer,
that turn a yawn into a smile,
that make the heart pound in the face of mistakes and feelings,
dies slowly.

He or she who does not turn things topsy-turvy,
who is unhappy at work,
who does not risk certainty for uncertainty,
to thus follow a dream,
those who do not forego sound advice at least once in their lives,
die slowly.

He who does not travel, who does not read,
who does not listen to music,
who does not find grace in himself,
she who does not find grace in herself,
dies slowly.

He who slowly destroys his own self-esteem,
who does not allow himself to be helped,
who spends days on end complaining about his own bad luck, about the rain that never
stops,
dies slowly.

He or she who abandon a project before starting it, who fail to ask questions on subjects
he doesn't know, he or she who don't reply when they are asked something they do know,
die slowly.

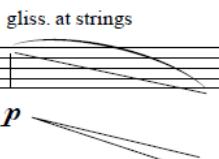
Let's try and avoid death in small doses,
reminding oneself that being alive requires an effort far greater than the simple fact of
breathing.

Only a burning patience will lead
to the attainment of a splendid happiness."

Pablo Neruda

PERFORMANCE NOTES

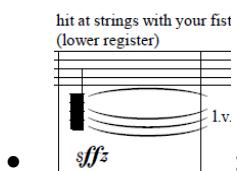
Piano



- : Glissando at strings.

A musical staff with a box containing three notes: a bass note, a eighth-note triplet, and a bass note. An extended arrow points to the right from the end of the staff. The dynamic marking 'ff' (fortissimo) is placed below the staff.

- : Repeat the pattern inside the box as indicated by the extended arrow.



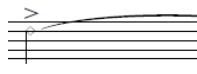
- : Hit at strings with your fist at the lowest register of the piano.

A musical staff with a box containing a note head with a red 'X' over it. The dynamic marking 'p' (pianissimo) is placed below the staff. The instruction 'damp the string' is written above the staff.

- : Damp the string of the piano with one hand while the other plays on the key.

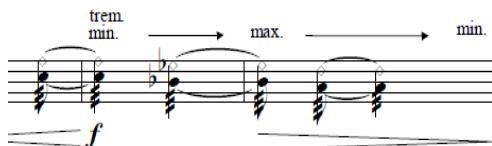
A musical staff with a box containing a note head with a red 'X' over it. An extended arrow points to the right from the end of the staff. The dynamics 'p', 'mp', and 'p' are placed below the staff.

- : Repeat the pattern inside the box as indicated by the extended line.



- **f** pluck the string : pluck the string (pizzicato) with fingertip, producing a deep and resonant sound.

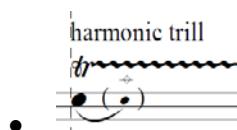
Strings



- **f** : Unmeasured tremolo. A gradual transition from minimum tremolo to maximum tremolo and then back to minimum tremolo.



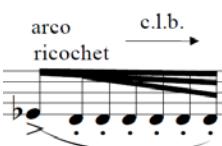
- Space notation: the distance between the notes corresponds with their duration. The bigger the distance, the longer the duration will be.



- Harmonic (timbre) trill: Alternate normal and artificial harmonic sound.



- **mf** ————— **p** : Seagull effect.

- 
- ***sffz*** ***p*** : The arrow indicates the gradual transition from normal bowing to “col legno battuto” (tapping with the wood side of the bow).

s.t. : sul tasto

s.p. : sul ponticello

ALIVE

Score

for piano, violin and cello
dur. ca 8'

Roxani Chatzidimitriou

A

Senza Tempo

Piano {

ca. 10" - - - - - ca. 5" - - - - -

Piano {

ca. 10" - - - - - ca. 5" - - - - -

Cello

= ca. 5" - - - - - ca. 9" - - - - - gradually slow down the tremolo

Pno. {

= ca. 5" - - - - - ca. 9" - - - - - gradually slow down the tremolo

Vc.

f s.p. slowly and continuously vary overtones by altering position and pressure of bow

Vc.

ff mf = ca. 7" - - - - - ca. 4" - - - - -

Pno. {

mp ca. 7" - - - - - ca. 4" - - - - -

Vc.

s.t. p p

B $\text{♪}=ca.120$

8va

Pno. *mf* *pp* *f*

Vln. *pp* *p*

Vc. *ord.* *s.t.* *f*

(8va)

Pno. *mp* *pp*

Vln. *pp* *f* ***

Vc. *ord.* *s.p.* *f*

8va -

Pno. { 9 *mf*

Vln. 9 *s.t.* * *Red.* ** Red.* *pp*

Vc. 9 *ord.* *mf* *p*

Meno Mosso

Sostenuto ♩=ca. 108

Pno.

Vln.

Vc.

Piu Mosso ♩=ca.132

always legato

Pno.

p poco a poco cresc.

Vln.

p poco a poco cresc.

Vc.

p poco a poco cresc.

16

s.t. → ord.

16

19

6

Pno.

6

Vln.

19

6

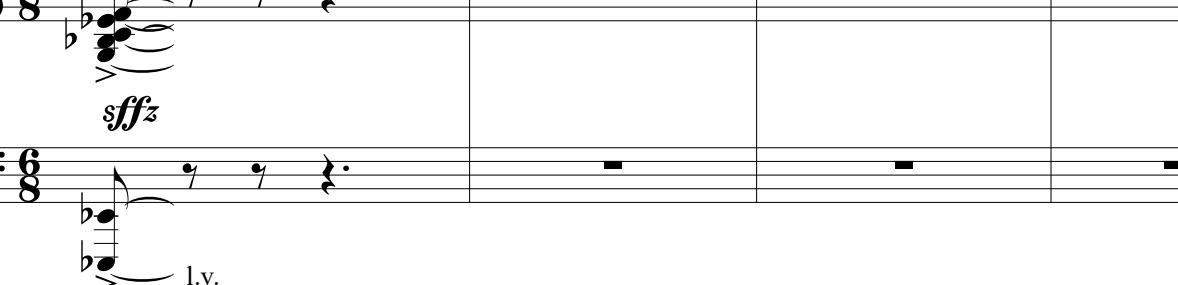
Vc.

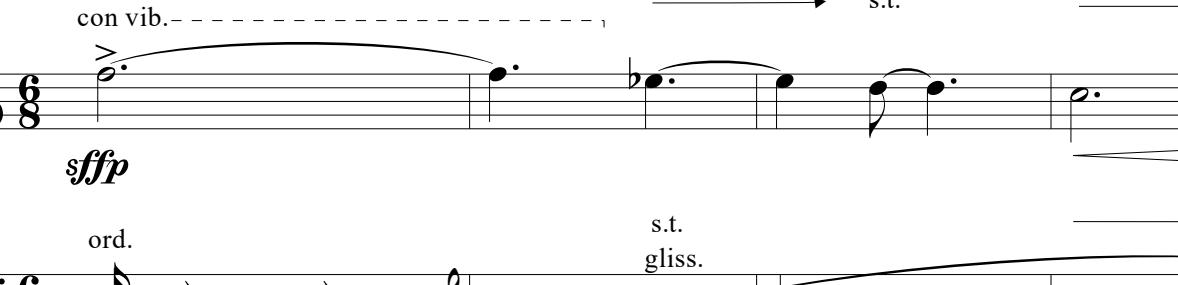
s.p.

6

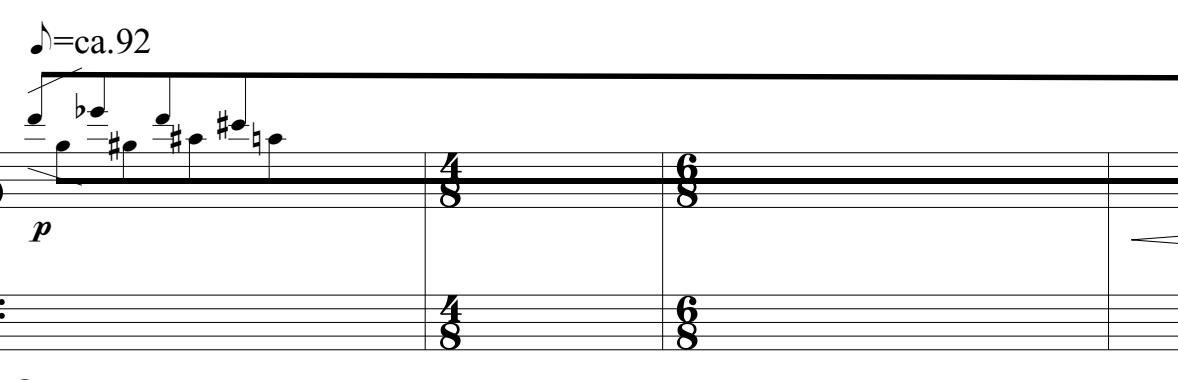
C

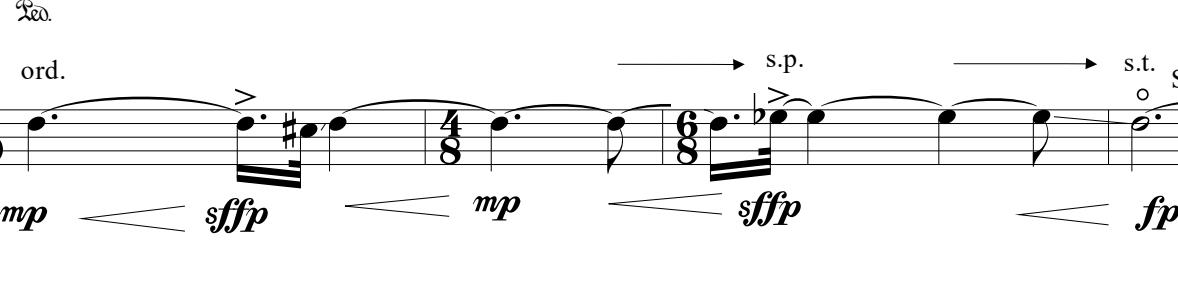
rall. - - - - -

Pno. { 23 

Vln. { 23 

Vc. { 23 

Pno. { 27 

Vln. { 27 

Vc. { 

ALIVE

31

Pno. { *mp* | *p* }

Vln. { *ord.* | *con vib. -*, *mp cantabile*, *mf* }

Vc. { *s.t.* | *3* | *6* | - | *3* | *6* | - | *4* | *8* }

==

36

Pno. { *mf* | *p* | *mp* }

Vln. { *con vib. - - -*, *mf*, *mp* }

Vc. { *4* | *6* | *3* | *4* | - | *4* | *8* }

==

36

Pno. { *mf* | *p* | *mp* }

Vln. { *con vib. - - -*, *mf*, *mp* }

Vc. { *4* | *6* | *3* | *4* | - | *4* | *8* }

s.p.

p

D ♩=ca.96
always legato

Pno.

41 **fp** **mf**

***z** * simile

Vln. **p** **mf** espress.

Vc. **sffp** **mp** **con vib.** **ricochet**

Pno. **p** **f** **p**

Vln. **con vib.** **f** **mp**

Vc. **gliss.** **con vib.** **3** **mf** **mp** **> ricochet** **gliss.**

ALIVE

Pno.

47

mf

p

Ped. * Ped. * Ped. * Ped. *

Vln.

47

f

p < *sff*

gliss.

Vc.

p

accel.

Pno.

50

f

mp

ff

Ped. * Ped. 3 3 3 3 *

Vln.

50

mp < *sff*

p

sf *fp* *sff*

Vc.

sfp

sff *sf* *sf* *sf* *p*

ff

Piu Mosso
Con fuoco ♩=ca.108

52

Pno. { always legato

*p*³

Vln.

Vc.

52

mp *mf* *mp*

f espress. *mp* *f*

56

Pno. {

Vln.

Vc.

56

mf *f* *mf*

ALIVE

59

Pno.

Vln.

Vc.

fp

fp

fp

con vib. - - - - -

con vib. - - - - -

con vib. - - - - -

Reo. * Reo. *

62

Pno.

mf

poco a poco cresc.

Reo. * Reo. * Reo. * Reo. * Reo. * Reo. *

62

Vln.

mf

poco a poco cresc.

Vc.

mf

poco a poco cresc.

66

Pno.

Vln.

Vc.

66

trem. gliss.

bartok pizz.

arco

E

Tempo giusto
♩=ca.120

69 gliss. at strings hit at strings with your fist (lower register) ca. 6"

Pno.

Vln.

Vc.

69 bartok pizz. arco

damp the string simile

ca. 6"

ca. 6"

ca. 6"

E

Tempo giusto
♩=ca.120

ALIVE

Pno. {

Vln.

Vc.

Pno. {

Vln.

Vc.

79

Pno.

Vln. ord. pizz

Vc. ord. pizz

81

Pno.

Vln. arco ricochet → c.l.b. → ricochet → pizz.

Vc. arco ricochet

Detailed description: The musical score consists of two systems of music. The first system (measures 79-80) features the piano (Pno.) in the treble and bass staves, and strings (Vln., Vc.) in the treble and bass staves. The piano part includes dynamic markings **p**, **sff**, and **(8va)**. The strings play eighth-note patterns with dynamics **sf** and **sf**. Measure 81 begins with a piano section where the piano plays eighth-note patterns with dynamics **p**, **sff**, and **(8va)**. The strings then enter with dynamic **p**, followed by **arco ricochet**, **c.l.b.**, **ricochet**, and **pizz.** The piano concludes with **sffz** and **p**. The strings end with **arco ricochet**.

83

Pno.

83

Vln.

Vc.

86

Pno.

86

Vln.

Vc.

This page contains two staves of musical notation for piano and strings. The top staff (measures 83-85) features the piano (Pno.) in treble and bass staves, and the strings (Vln. and Vc.) in treble and bass staves. The piano part includes dynamic markings like *p*, *sff*, *fp*, and various slurs and grace notes. The strings play eighth-note patterns with dynamics such as *arco ricochet*, *c.l.b.*, *pizz.*, and *simile*. Measure 86 continues with the piano's eighth-note patterns and the strings' rhythmic complexity, including a glissando, a sul ponticello dynamic, and a tremolo section.

90

Pno.

90 Sul G

Vln.

Vc.

gradually get faster

94

Pno.

sffz *Rwd.*

Vln.

continue getting faster while gradually speed up the tremolo

Vc.

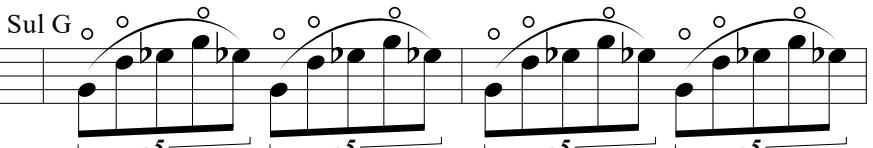
ALIVE

F **Tranquillo**
♩=ca.92

Pno. {  **sfp** **sfsfzp** < **sf** **sffz** **f** pluck the string l.v.

* ♩. *

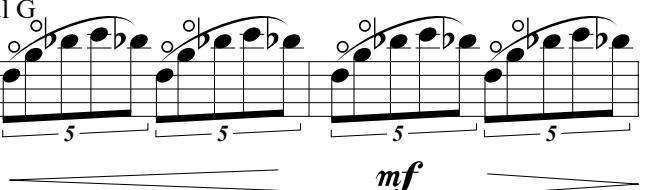
Vln. 98 **p** **ff** **pp** **mf** **s.t.** **ord.**

Sul G 

Vc. **ff** **pp** **s.p.** **harmonic tremolo** **s.t.**

Pno. { **f** **l.v.** **f** **l.v.** **simile** **l.v.**

* ♩. * *

Vln. 102 **pp** **harmonic tremolo** **Sul G** 

Vc. **Sul D** **mf** **ord.** **5 5 5 5** **harmonic tremolo** **pp**

106

Pno. *f* l.v. **rall.** -----

Vln. *Reo.* gradually slow down the tremolo → s.p. → ord. harmonic tremolo *f* *p*

Vc. Sul C Sul G *s.p.* → ord. *f* *p* gradually slow down the pattern

Meno mosso $\text{♩} = \text{ca.} 84$ 8^{va}

Pno. *ord.* *p* espress. e dolce *Reo.* *simile*

Vln. *III* → s.t.

Vc. *III* → s.t.

(8^{va})

115 Pno. *mp*

Vln.

Vc.

115

Pno. *mf*

Sul A seagull effect

Vln. *mf* *p* *mf*

Sul A seagull effect

Vc. s.p. *ff* *mf* *p*

Pno. {

123

Sul D seagull effect

Vln.

123

p f

Sul A seagull effect

Vc.

123

mf p

rit.

Pno. {

126

p

Reo. *Reo. * Reo. Sul A seagull effect *

Vln.

126

p mf

Sul A seagull effect

Vc.

126

f p

γραμμες notation

G**Senza Tempo**

ca. 10'

Pno. {

Vln.

Vc.

pizz.

f

ca. 6'

ca. 5'

Pno. {

Vln. {

Vc. {

ca. 6" ----- ca. 6"

Pno. {
 f p mf
 }
 Vln. {
 ♫ harmonic trill
 f p
 }
 Vc. {
 sffp mp p
 }

gradually slow down

= = = = = = = = = =

ca. 6" ----- ca. 7"

Pno. {
 pp mf pluck the string
 }
 Vln. {
 ♫ harmonic tremolo Sul A harmonic pizz.
 f mp
 }
 Vc. {
 slowly and continuously vary overtones by altering position and pressure of bow harmonic gliss.
 f pp mf p
 }