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#### Title

Psychosocial Support for Pediatric Victims of Gun Violence

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The data associated with this publication are not available for this reason: NA



### Department of Orthopaedic Surgery

### Introduction

- Psychosocial support is an important piece of the recovery for pediatric gunshot victims.
- We wanted to see how many of our pediatric patients who are victims of gun violence have had psychosocial issues and how many received psychosocial support.



Figure 1: diagram illustrating the different support offered

## **Design/Sample**

- This is retrospective chart review of patients 18 years and younger who presented to the tertiary level one pediatric trauma center with a gunshot injury and were seen by orthopedic surgery between 2004 and January 2023.
- Outcomes included psychosocial support, new behavioral issues, anxiety, or depression.



# Psychosocial Support for Pediatric Victims of Gun Violence

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# Results

- 102 children identified who met the inclusion criteria
- 32% never returned for follow-up.
- 83% of all patients had a social work assessment (SWA).
- A larger percentage of those with a SWA returned for care compared to those with no SWA(68% vs 65% respectively).
- Out of the patients who returned 30% had behavioral issues, anxiety, or depression documented, this number only slightly decreased if utilizing psychosocial support 28%.
- Out of those who received psychosocial support 74% returned.

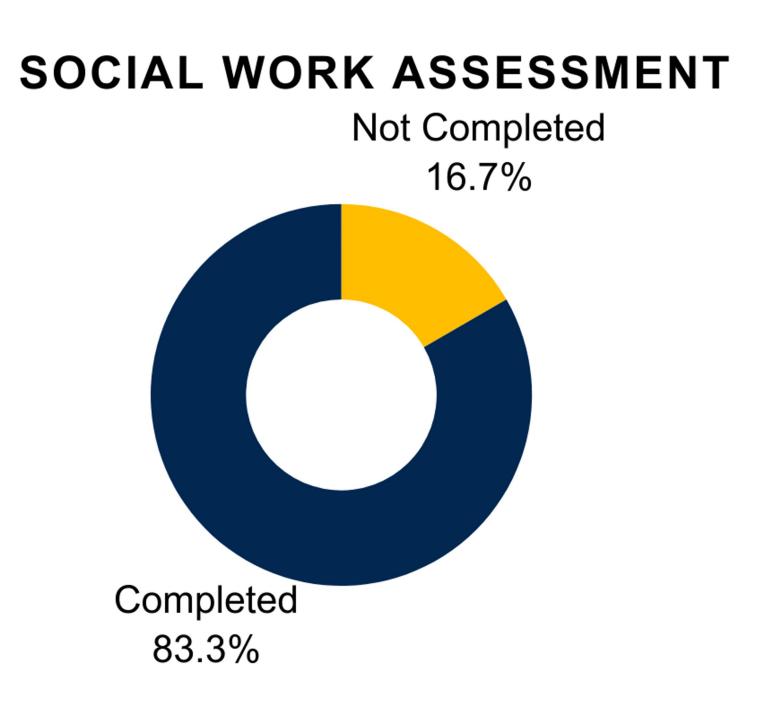


Chart 1: Social Work Assessment completion

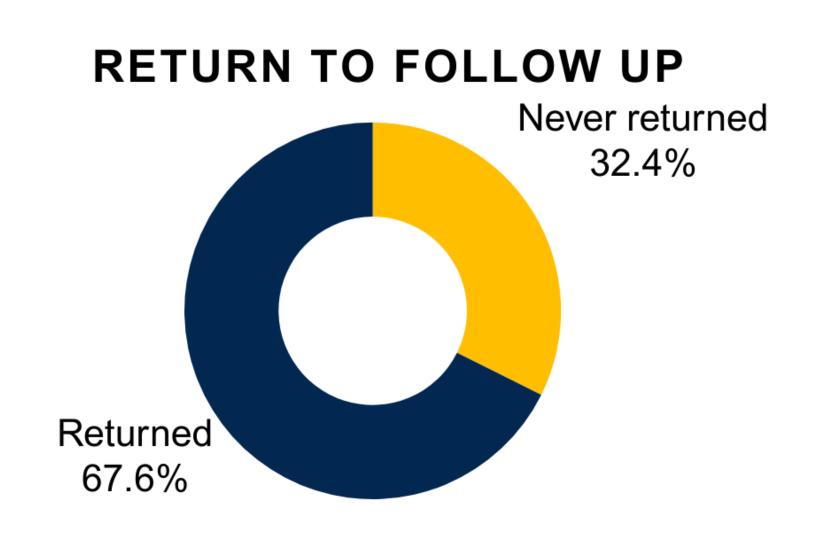


Chart 2: Follow up rate

| Characteristics | <b>Percent with</b> |
|-----------------|---------------------|
|                 | Characteristic%     |
| Gender          |                     |
| Male            | 85                  |
| Female          | 15                  |
| Race            |                     |
| Hispanic        | 34                  |
| Black           | 32                  |
| White           | 13                  |
| Mixed           | 12                  |
| Age at injury   |                     |
| (years)         |                     |
| 0-5             | 23                  |
| 6-12            | 18                  |
| 13-16           | 58                  |

 Table 1: Demographics Table

### **Conclusions/Further Study**

- Based on the majority demographic being males of color it is important that psychosocial support options cater to this demographic.
- The difference in return rate suggests the social work assessments may be useful for helping patients return for care. Receiving psychosocial support showed decreased loss to follow up.
- Continuing to find tools that improve return rates and address psychosocial needs can improve care for these patients.

### Acknowledgements

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