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Title

Murmurations

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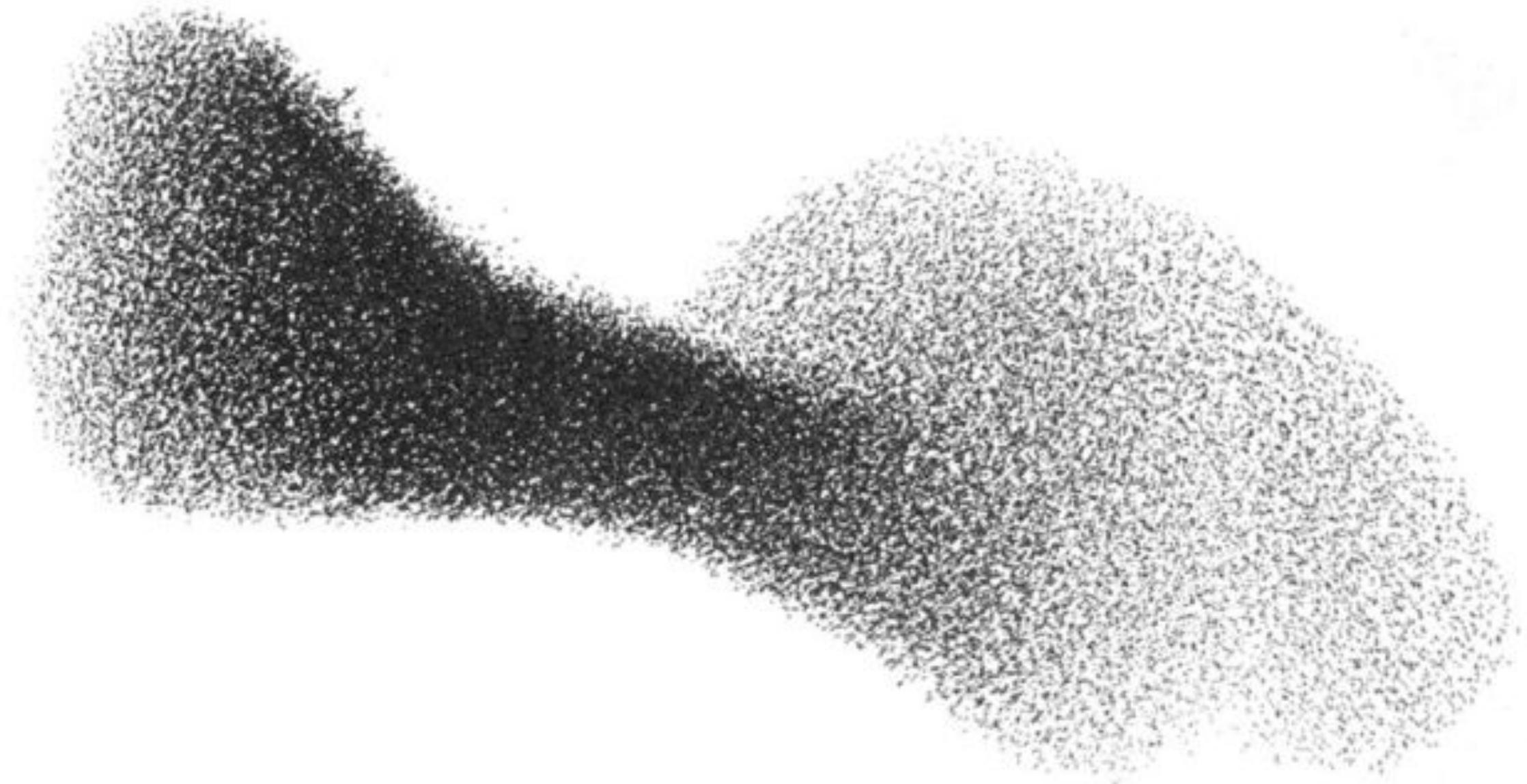
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Murmurations

In Three Movements

By: Sam Bland



(Source: Jonathan Webb, 2014)

Key of terms and symbols

sp. = Sul Ponticello

 = Quartetone Flat

st. = Sul Tasto

 = Three-quartetone Flat

molto sp. = Play as close to the fingerboard as possible,
create an airy sound.

 = Quartetone Sharp

molto st. = Play as close to your left hand on the bridge as possible,
create an ominous sound.

(wv.) = Wide vibrato, (play narrow vibrato otherwise when symbol states).



Increase/ Decrease Vibrato by
responding to shape of the
symbol (play non vibrato
otherwise)



Increase/ decrease bow pressure

Piece is in three movements.

Movement I should be repeated at the end.

Should be played non-vibrato, unless stated.

Players play from full score.

Create a single swell of sound, imagine you're a starling part of a murmuration.

Murmurations

I

=34

Violin I

Violin II

Viola

Violoncello

ord. → sp. → st.
pp mp
mf
ord. st.
mf
gradually begin to trem.

gradually begin to trem.

6

ord. → sp. → ord.
f
mp f
ff
st. → sp.
ff f
ord. → sp.
ff
sp.
f
gradually begin to trem.
ff f

gradually begin to trem.

2 All harmonics should be open harmonics when there is a glissandi

II

Concentrate on how the high partials blend in the room, listen to the reverb, notice how sound changes over time.

10 =46

(wv.)
molto
sp.
pp
ord.
pp
ord. → sp. → ord.
sfz sfz → mp f → mp < mf sf sf → mp < mf → mp → ff → pp

molto
st.
pp
mp
ord.
pp mp p
ord. → sp. → ord. → molto
sp. → ord. → molto
sp. → ord. → molto
sp.

ord.
pp mp p
mf
p

ord. → sp. → ord. → molto
sp. → ord. → molto
sp. → ord. → molto
sp.

16

st. → sp. → molto
st.
f
(wv.)
molto
sp.
ord. → sp. → ord. → ff → pp
mf
molto
sp. → ff → pp
ord. → ff → pp
sp.
ff → pp

Imagine your a china plate,
create a delicate shimmering

23

ord.
f → *p*
f → *pp*
ff → *pp*
ff → *pp*
sp.
p
f → *pp*
ff → *pp*
wv.
wv.
molto sp. → *ord.*
f → *pp*
ff → *pp*
ord. → *sp.* → *ord.*
ff → *pp*

30

ord. → *sp.* → *st.*
ff → *pp*
ff > *p*
ff > *pp*
ff
ff → *p*
ff → *pp*
sp.
ff → *pp*
ff
ff → *pp*
ff → *pp*
ff → *st.*
ff → *ord.*
ff
ff → *p* → *st.*
wv. → *st.* → *ord.*
wv. → *ord.*
ff

Listen to the close connections in pitch, imagine your liquid metal slowly turning harder.

III

4

d=34

38 ord.

st. → sp.

sp. → ord.

(wv.)

ord.

ord.

ord.

ord. → sp. → st.

→ ord.

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 48, system 1. The score consists of five staves. The top staff (treble clef) starts with a wavy line and dynamic *pp*. The second staff (treble clef) has dynamics *molto st.*, *pp*, *p*, *mp*, *p*, *pp*, *p*, *mf*, *sforzando* (*sf*) followed by *pp*, and ends with a wavy line. The third staff (bass clef) has dynamics *st.*, *pp*, *p*, *pp*, *p*, *st.*, *p*, *mf*, *sf* followed by *pp*, and ends with a wavy line. The fourth staff (bass clef) has dynamics *pp*, *p*, *sp.*, *ord.*, *st.*, *ord.*, *sp.*, *ord.*, *st.*, *sp.*, and ends with a wavy line. The bottom staff (bass clef) has dynamics *pp*, *<mp>*, *p*, *pp*, *ord.*, *sp.*, *ord.*, *st.*, *sp.*, and ends with a wavy line.

