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Telephone Screening for Dementia Using the Blessed IMC Test

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Objective. To evaluate the sensitivity and specificity of the Blessed Information-Memory-Concentration (IMC) test administered over the phone as a screening instrument for the detection of dementia.

Background. Dementia ascertainment in large epidemiological studies can be problematic. In an effort to efficiently evaluate geographically wide-spread subjects lost to follow-up, we investigated the use of the Blessed IMC as a telephone screening instrument.

Design/Methods. Inactive participants from the Baltimore Longitudinal Study on Aging (no contact for 3 or more years) were surveyed utilizing the Blessed IMC over the telephone. All subjects who had scores greater than 2 errors and an age-stratified random sample (15%) of subjects with error scores of 0-2 received neuropsychological and neurological examinations, generally conducted in the subject's home.

Results. The Blessed IMC effectively identified subjects requiring further evaluation for probable dementia. Using a cut-off of 5 or more errors, 100% sensitivity was achieved with >70% specificity. Sensitivity and specificity for the range of IMC scores will be presented.

Conclusion. The Blessed IMC test can be efficiently used as a telephone screening instrument to identify potential cases of dementia in epidemiological studies.

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