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Anesthesiology and Pain Medicine

Title

Propofol Induction is Associated with Changes in Diastolic Function

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Data Availability

The data associated with this publication are not available for this reason: NA



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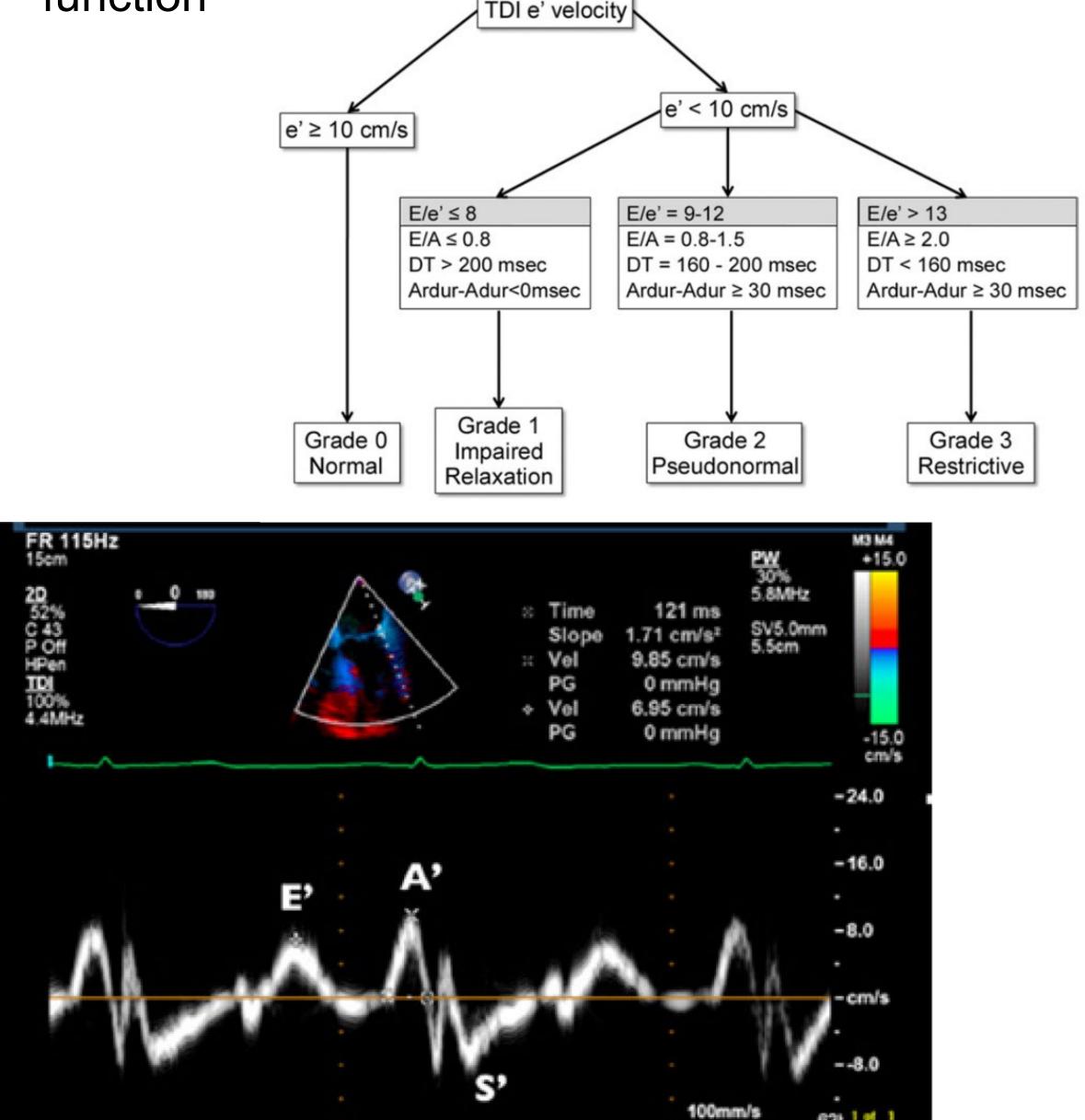
MEDICINE

Introduction

- Diastolic dysfunction associated with peri- and post-operative complications
- Propofol and cardiovascular depression
- Some studies report that propofol worsens diastolic function, others report improvement
- Hypothesis: Diastolic function will be unaffected by propofol administration

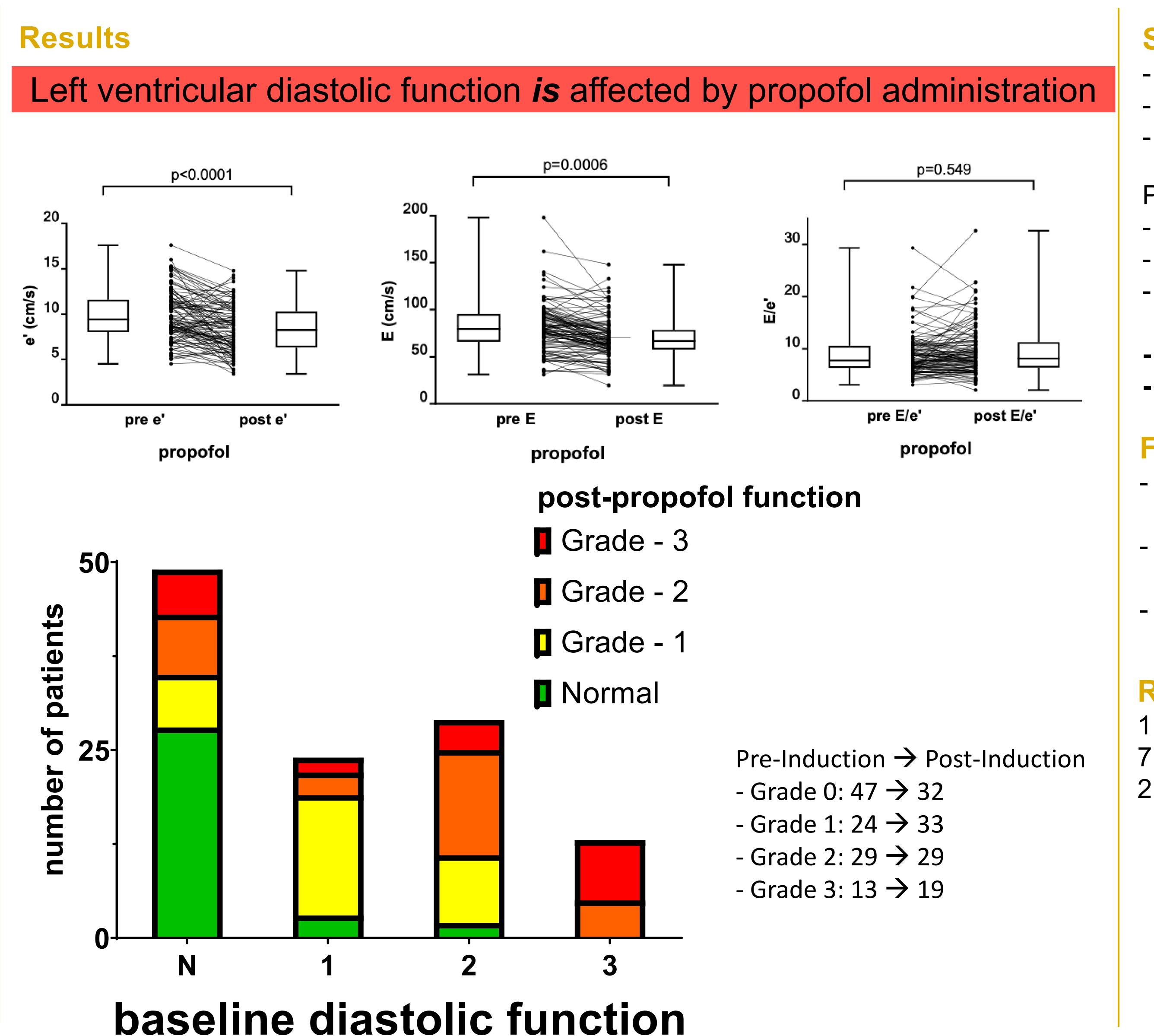
Study Design

- Transthoracic echocardiogram (TTE) to assess left ventricular diastolic function pre- and post-induction
- Measurements
 - Lateral mitral annular tissue doppler velocity (e')
 - Peak early mitral flow velocity (E)
 - Peak late mitral flow velocity (A)
- Based on the TTE measurements, patients categorized into one of four grades of diastolic function



Propofol Induction is Associated with Changes in Diastolic Function Department of Anesthesiology and Pain Medicine





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Summary

- 113 patients included in the study - Average age 69.5 years - 30.8% Female, 69.2% Male

Pre-op \rightarrow post-op diastolic function grades:

- 64 (56.6%) patients had **same** grade
- 29 (25.6%) patients had worse grade
- 20 (17.8%) patients had **improved** grade

- Significant differences in e' and E - No significant difference in E/e'

Further Study

- Does the magnitude of the effect of propofol have an impact on postoperative outcomes? - For how long after induction does propofol affect diastolic function?
- Do results change between demographics?

References

1. Ammar et al., Anaesthesia 2016; 71(11):1308-1316 2. Kato et al., Masui 2004; 53(7):761-6

QR code with a link to our poster for further review \rightarrow

