

UCLA

Presentations

Title

Big Data, Little Data, or No Data? Systematic Reviews in an Age of Open Data

Permalink

<https://escholarship.org/uc/item/9wh1n7jn>

Authors

Borgman, Christine L.
Pasquetto, Irene V.

Publication Date

2018-09-15

Copyright Information

This work is made available under the terms of a Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivatives License, available at <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/>

Big Data, Little Data, or No Data? Systematic Reviews in an Age of Open Data

Christine L. Borgman, PhD

Distinguished Research Professor
Center for Knowledge Infrastructures
University of California, Los Angeles

<http://christineborgman.info>

<https://knowledgeinfrastructures.gseis.ucla.edu>

@scitechprof

Irene V. Pasquetto, PhD

UCLA Center for Knowledge Infrastructures

Keynote Presentation, Menti 353774

Cochrane Colloquium

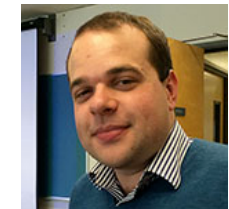
Edinburgh, 15 September 2018



Christine Borgman



Bernie Boscoe



Peter Darch



Milena Golshan



Irene Pasquetto



Michael Scroggins



Cheryl Thompson



Morgan Wofford



Trusted evidence.
Informed decisions.
Better health.

UCLA Center for
Knowledge Infrastructures



Data sharing policies



- Research Councils of the UK
- European Union
- U.S. Federal research policy
- Australian Research Council
- Individual countries, funding agencies, journals, universities



Supported by
wellcometrust



Australian Government
National Health and Medical Research Council



National Science Foundation
WHERE DISCOVERIES BEGIN



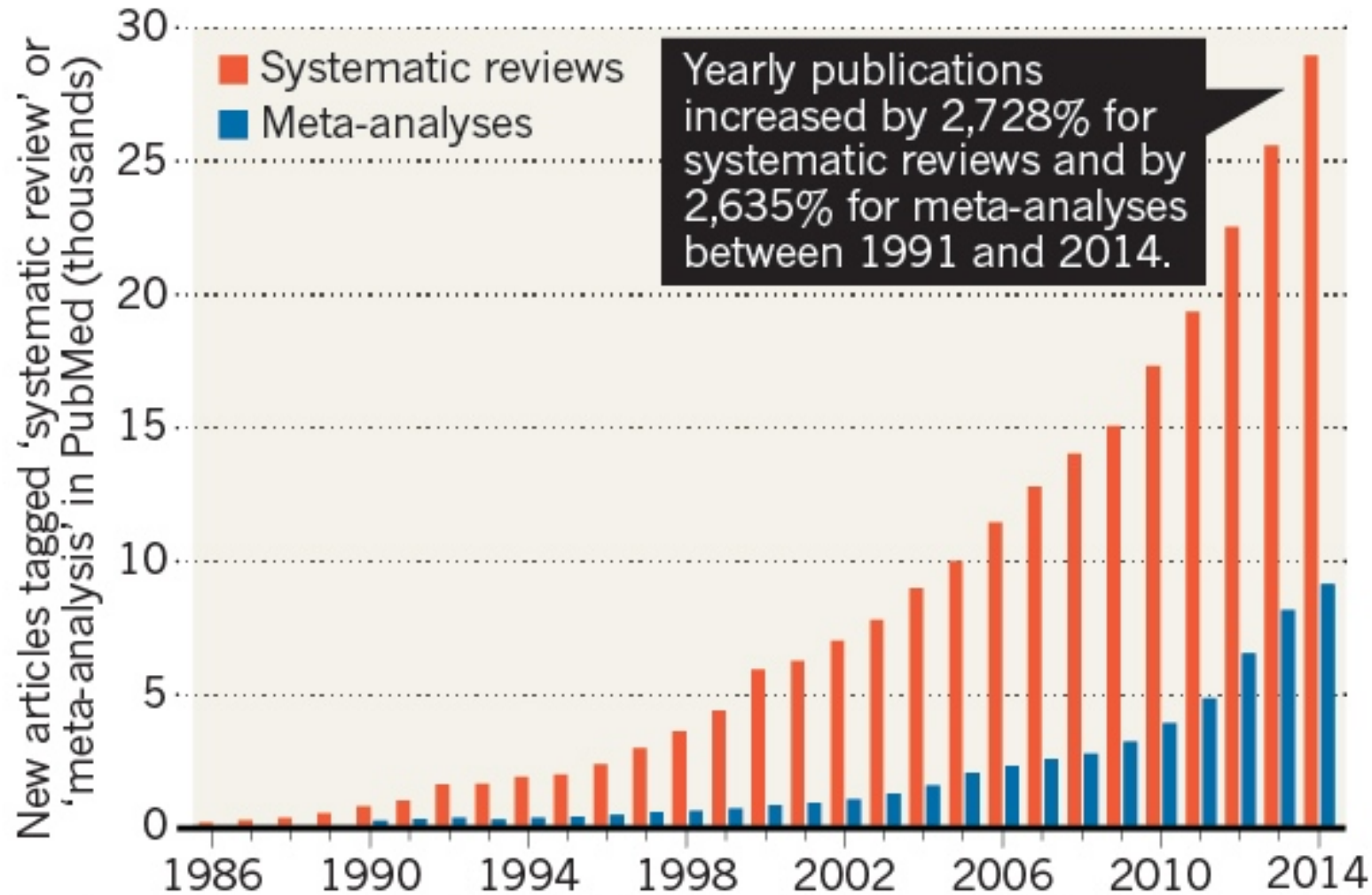
Policy RECommendations for Open Access to Research Data in Europe



Evidence-based medicine

META MASS PRODUCTION

The number of systematic reviews and meta-analyses published each year has proliferated since 1986.



A systematic review analyses and compiles all papers, and sometimes unpublished work, on a topic. A meta-analysis is a systematic review that combines data from multiple papers.

Original Investigation

The Mass Production of Redundant, Misleading, and Conflicted Systematic Reviews and Meta-analyses

JOHN P.A. IOANNIDIS ✉

First published: 13 September 2016 | <https://doi.org/10.1111/1468-0009.12210>

| Cited by: 80

Publications

1989 Eluned Jones
1996 Gwyneth

Degradation ER mRNA...

Estrogen Receptors in Human Nontarget Tissues: Biological and Clinical Implications*

DANIEL R. BOGGA AND LAURA M. VARGAS BOIG

Laboratory of Reproduction and Lactation, Regional Center for Scientific and Technological Research, 6500 Mercedes, Argentina

1. Introduction
2. Estrogen Receptors in Human Nontarget Tissues: Biological and Clinical Implications*

proper because there were methodological problems that could give false positive for ER, such as those reported in performance (1). However, at that time ER could not distinguish between ER-positive and ER-negative tissues. The present study was designed to evaluate the presence of ER in human nontarget tissues by immunohistochemical (IHC) and in situ hybridization (ISH) techniques. The results of IHC and ISH are presented in this paper.

132.1

Effects of Low Dose Oral Contraceptives on Very and Low Density Lipoprotein Metabolism

Alan W. Walsh* and Frank M. Sacks*

*Channing Laboratory, Department of Medicine, Harvard Medical School, Boston, Brigham and Women's Hospital and Harvard Medical School, Boston

Abstract

Oral contraceptive (OC) pills place estrogenic and androgenic effects on the metabolism of very low density lipoprotein (VLDL) and low density lipoprotein (LDL) particles, which may be of concern, since some conditions are associated with elevated triglyceride levels. To identify the responsible mechanism, we studied the effects of low dose oral contraceptives (OC) on the metabolism of VLDL and LDL in healthy postmenopausal women, 5 of whom were taking 0.02 mg ethinyl estradiol, and 5 of whom were taking 0.02 mg ethinyl estradiol and 0.02 mg norgestrel. These women were followed for 12 weeks. The results of VLDL and LDL metabolism are presented in this paper.

132.5

The Estradiol-stimulated Lipoprotein Receptor of Rat Liver: A BINDING SITE THAT MEDIATES THE UPTAKE OF RAY LIPOPROTEINS CONTAINING APOLIPOPROTEIN B

Richard E. T. Wootton, Peter T. Kovanen, Yu-Sheng Chen, Michael R. Brown, Richard J. Havel, and Joseph L. Goldstein

From the Northwestern Research Institute and Department of Medicine, University of Colorado Health Sciences Center, Denver, Colorado, and the Department of Molecular Genetics and Internal Medicine, University of Texas Health Science Center at Dallas, Dallas, Texas, 75235

Hepatic metabolism of lipoproteins containing apolipoprotein B (apoB) is enhanced in rats treated with estradiol. The increased number of low density lipoprotein (LDL) receptors on the surface of liver cells is the primary mechanism for the increased clearance of LDL from the circulation. To identify the responsible mechanism, we studied the effects of estradiol on the metabolism of VLDL and LDL in healthy postmenopausal women, 5 of whom were taking 0.02 mg ethinyl estradiol, and 5 of whom were taking 0.02 mg ethinyl estradiol and 0.02 mg norgestrel. These women were followed for 12 weeks. The results of VLDL and LDL metabolism are presented in this paper.

Effects of Exogenous Estrogen on the Metabolism of Very and Low Density Lipoprotein

Abstract

Oral contraceptive (OC) pills place estrogenic and androgenic effects on the metabolism of very low density lipoprotein (VLDL) and low density lipoprotein (LDL) particles, which may be of concern, since some conditions are associated with elevated triglyceride levels. To identify the responsible mechanism, we studied the effects of low dose oral contraceptives (OC) on the metabolism of VLDL and LDL in healthy postmenopausal women, 5 of whom were taking 0.02 mg ethinyl estradiol, and 5 of whom were taking 0.02 mg ethinyl estradiol and 0.02 mg norgestrel. These women were followed for 12 weeks. The results of VLDL and LDL metabolism are presented in this paper.

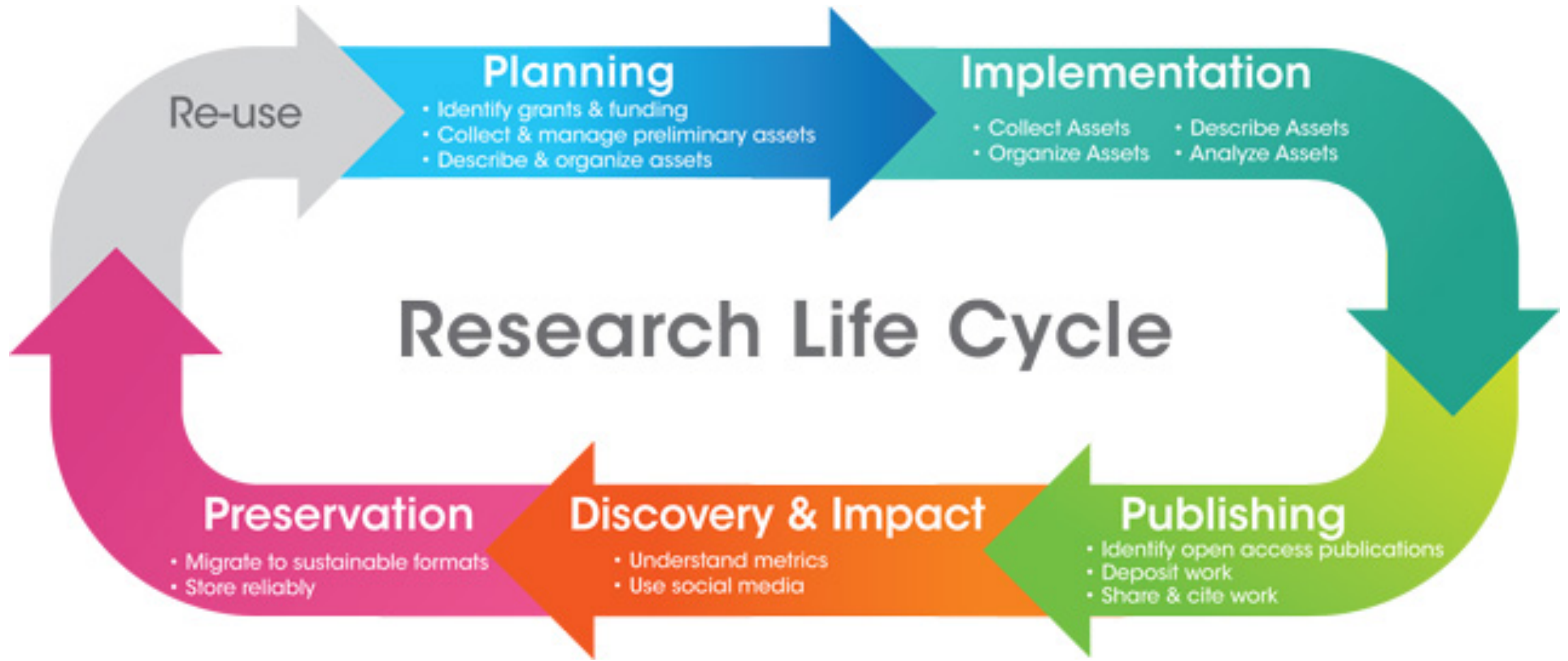
Abstract

Oral contraceptive (OC) pills place estrogenic and androgenic effects on the metabolism of very low density lipoprotein (VLDL) and low density lipoprotein (LDL) particles, which may be of concern, since some conditions are associated with elevated triglyceride levels. To identify the responsible mechanism, we studied the effects of low dose oral contraceptives (OC) on the metabolism of VLDL and LDL in healthy postmenopausal women, 5 of whom were taking 0.02 mg ethinyl estradiol, and 5 of whom were taking 0.02 mg ethinyl estradiol and 0.02 mg norgestrel. These women were followed for 12 weeks. The results of VLDL and LDL metabolism are presented in this paper.



Data

Data creation and reuse: The Ideal



<http://www.lib.uci.edu/dss/images/lifecycle.jpg>

Publications \leftrightarrow Data: Role

Publications are arguments made by authors, and data are the evidence used to support the arguments.

C.L. Borgman (2015). *Big Data, Little Data, No Data: Scholarship in the Networked World*. MIT Press

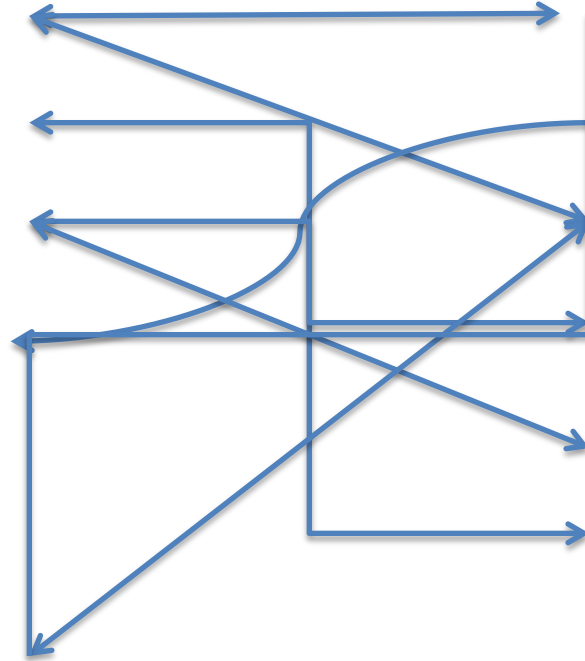
Menti 353774



Publications \leftrightarrow Data: Mapping

- Article 1
- Article 2
- Article 3
- Article 4

- Article n



- Dataset time 1
- Dataset time 2
- Observation time 1
- Visualization time 3
- Community collection 1
- Repository 1

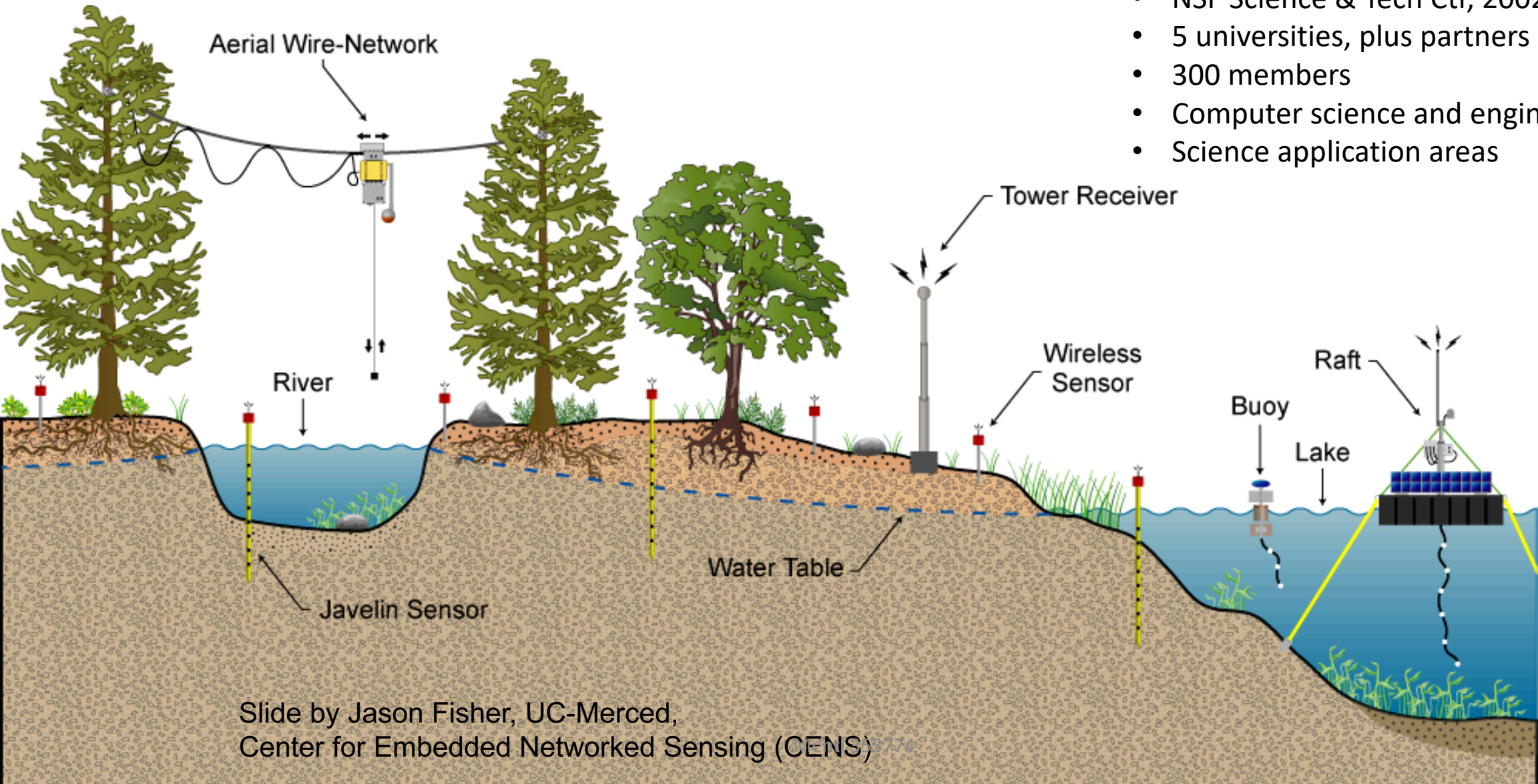


Data are representations of observations, objects, or other entities used as evidence of phenomena for the purposes of research or scholarship.

C.L. Borgman (2015). *Big Data, Little Data, No Data: Scholarship in the Networked World*. MIT Press

Center for Embedded Networked Sensing

- NSF Science & Tech Ctr, 2002-2012
- 5 universities, plus partners
- 300 members
- Computer science and engineering
- Science application areas

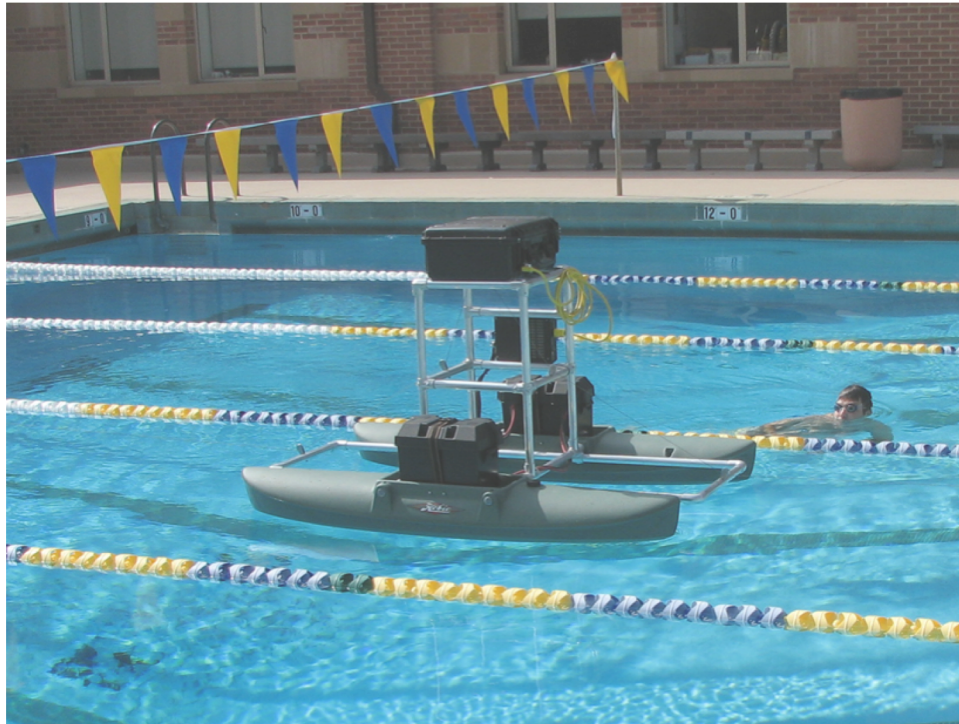


Slide by Jason Fisher, UC-Merced,
Center for Embedded Networked Sensing (CENS) 3774

Science \leftrightarrow Data

Engineering researcher:

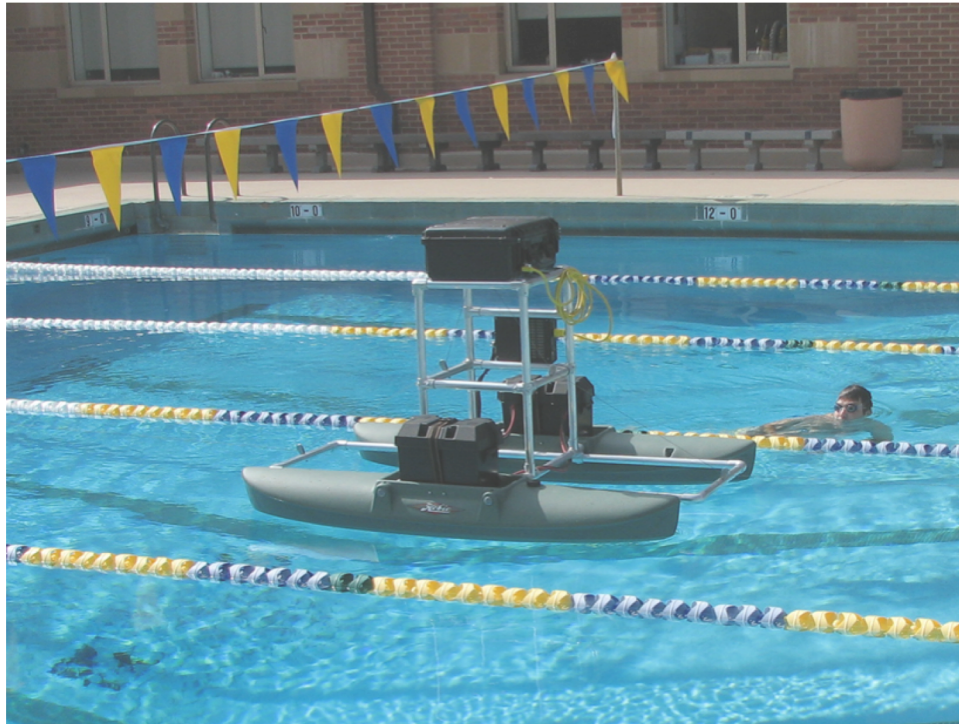
“Temperature is temperature.”



CENS Robotics team

Science \leftrightarrow Data

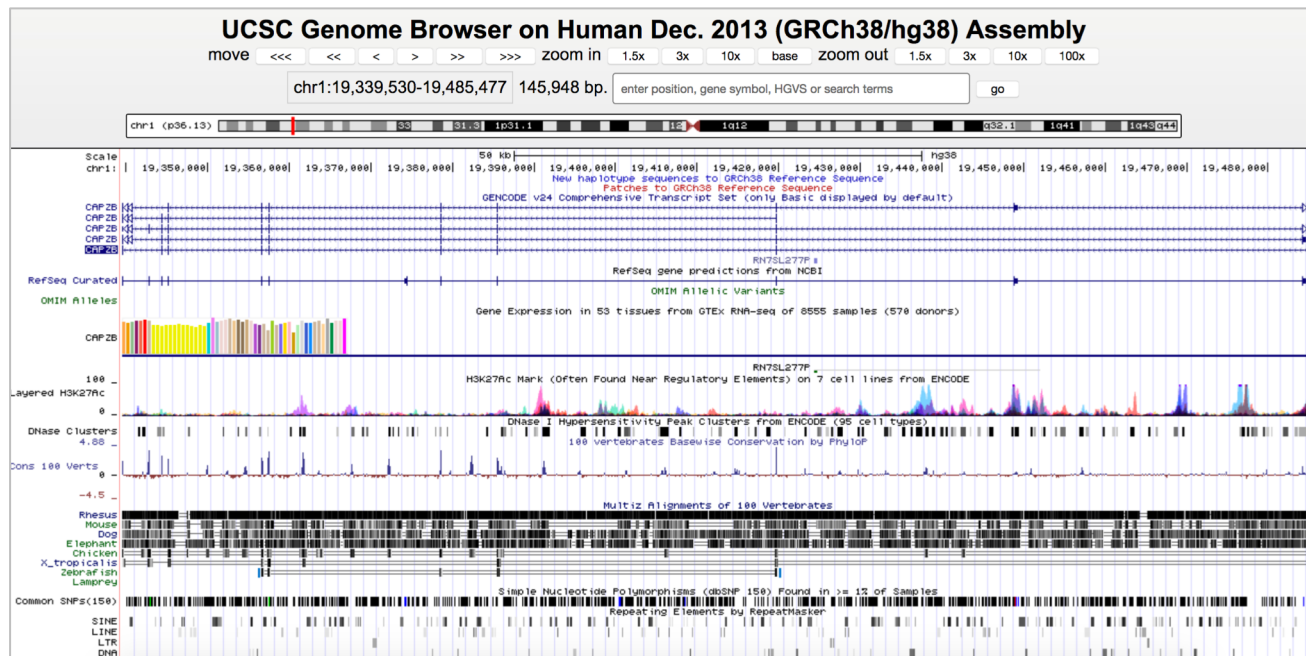
Engineering researcher:
“Temperature is temperature.”



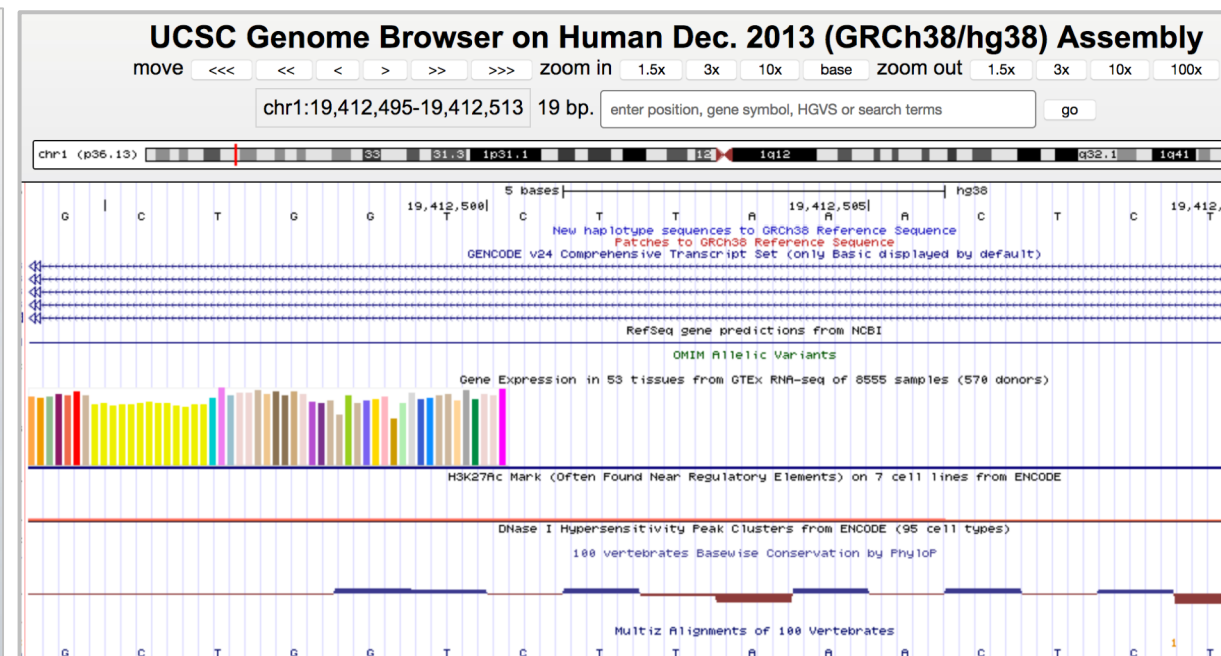
CENS Robotics team

Biologist: ***“There are hundreds of ways to measure temperature.***
‘The temperature is 98’ is low-value compared to, ‘the temperature of the surface, measured by the infrared thermopile, model number XYZ, is 98.’ That means it is measuring a proxy for a temperature, rather than being in contact with a probe, and it is measuring from a distance. The accuracy is plus or minus .05 of a degree. I [also] want to know that it was taken outside versus inside a controlled environment, how long it had been in place, and the last time it was calibrated, which might tell me whether it has drifted..”

Background Reuse in Biomedicine: Comparison, control, verification



UCSC Genome Browser – Search example
(CAPZB gene)



UCSC Genome Browser – Zoom IN

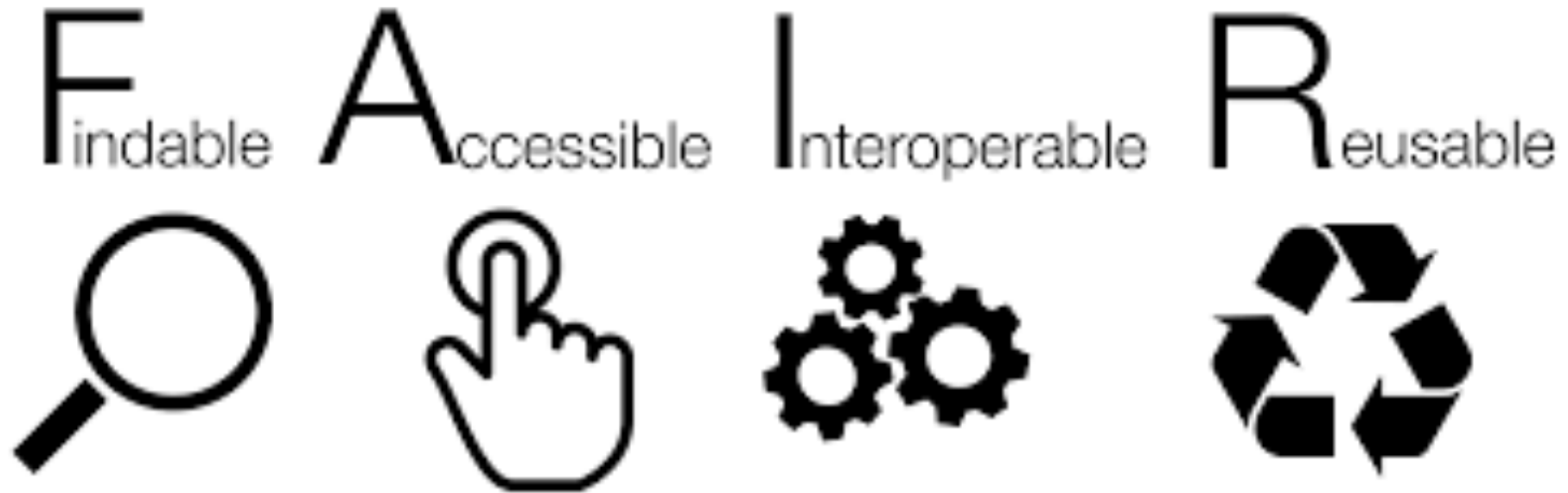
	BACKGROUND Reuse of Data	FOREGROUND Reuse of Data
Goal of reuse	“Ground truthing:” calibrate, compare, confirm	Analysis: identify patterns, correlations, causal relationships
Example of reuse	Instrument calibration, sequence annotation, review summary-level data	Meta-analyses, novel statistical analyses
Frequency of reuse	Frequent, routine practice	Rare, emergent practice

	BACKGROUND Reuse of Data	FOREGROUND Reuse of Data
Goal of reuse	“Ground truthing:” calibrate, compare, confirm	Analyses: identify patterns, correlations, causal relationships
Example of reuse	Instrumentation, sequencing, microscopy, primary-level data	Meta-analyses
Frequency of reuse	Frequent - routine practice	Rare - emergent practice

INDEPENDENT REUSE OF DATA

COLLABORATIVE REUSE WITH DATA CREATORS

Data Stewardship: The Ideal



Wilkinson, et al. (2016). The FAIR Guiding Principles for scientific data management and stewardship. *Scientific Data*, 3, <http://dx.doi.org/10.1038/sdata.2016.18>

Data Stewardship: The Reality



We just need to migrate the data from these systems to fit into that hole over there.



<http://www.datamartist.com/data-migration-part-1-introduction-to-the-data-migration-delema>



Menti 353774

Graduate students



Post-doctoral fellows ¹⁹

Implications for Cochrane

- What are the opportunities in open data reviews?
 - Background reuse for broader surveys
 - Foreground reuse for new knowledge production
- What are the threats in data integration?
 - Interpretation, provenance, data cleaning, statistical error, ...
 - Investment in skills and resources
 - Data stewardship commitments
- How can Cochrane collaborate with data creators to improve systematic reviews and meta-analyses?

Acknowledgements



Christine Borgman



Bernie Boscoe



Peter Darch



Milena Golshan



Irene Pasquetto



Michael Scroggins



Cheryl Thompson



Morgan Wofford